

Extreme coronagraphy with an adaptive hologram

Simulations of exo-planet imaging



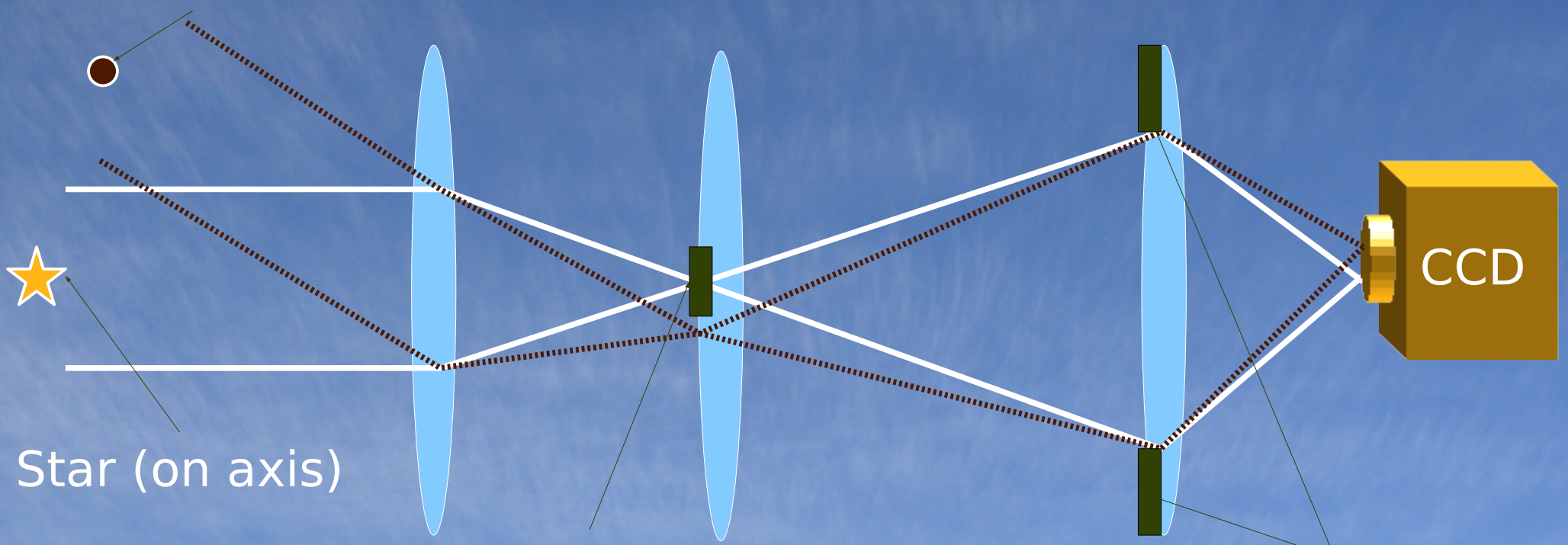
Summary

- Traditional coronagraphy: the Lyot Coronagraph
- The idea: combining the coronagraph with an hologram
- Software simulations
- Results



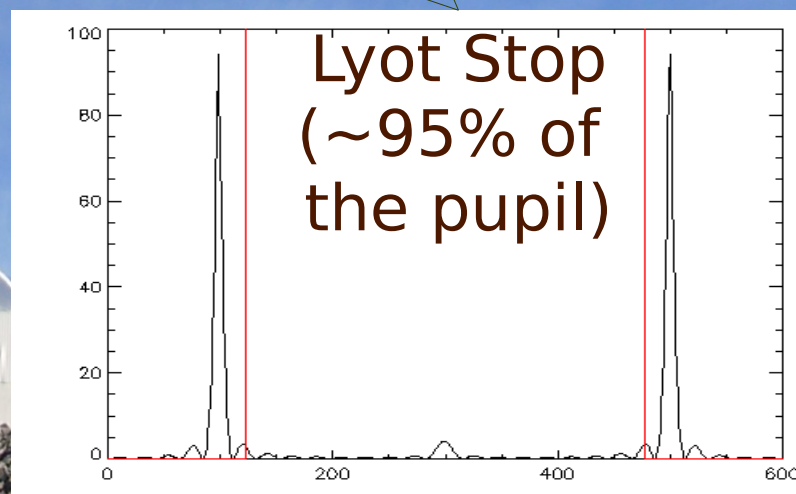
The classical Lyot Coronagraph

Planet (off axis)

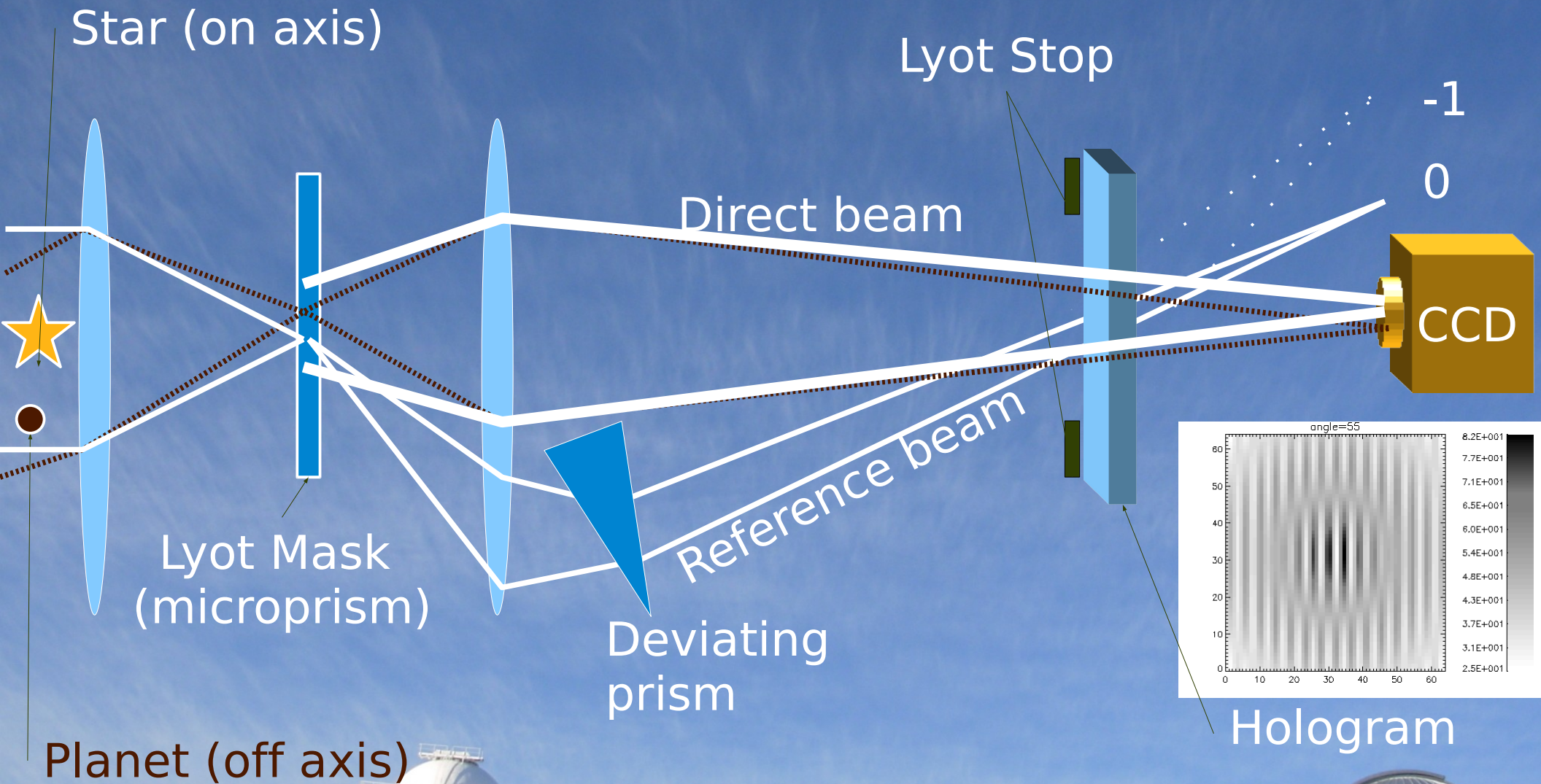


Star (on axis)

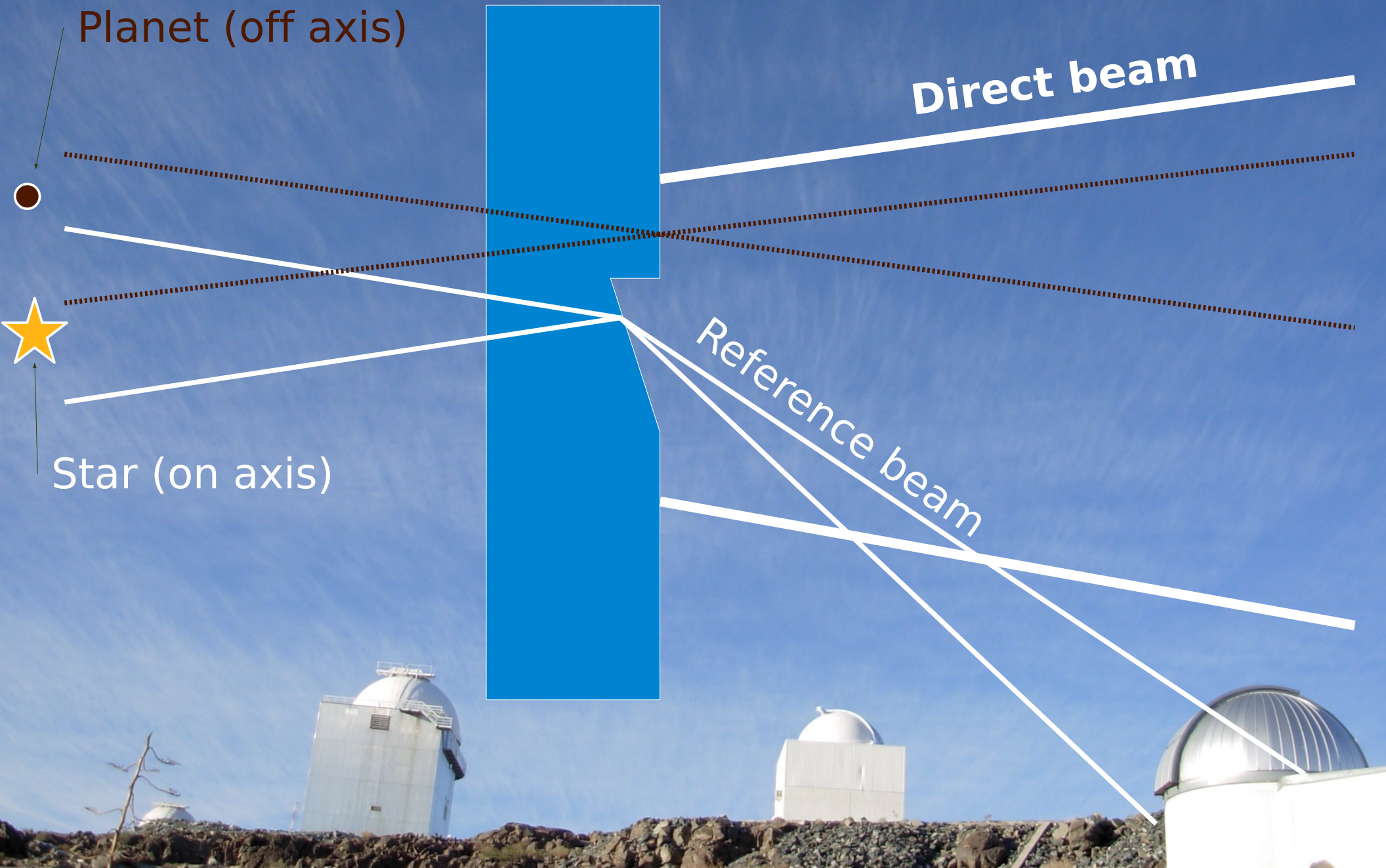
Lyot Mask
(2-3 rings)

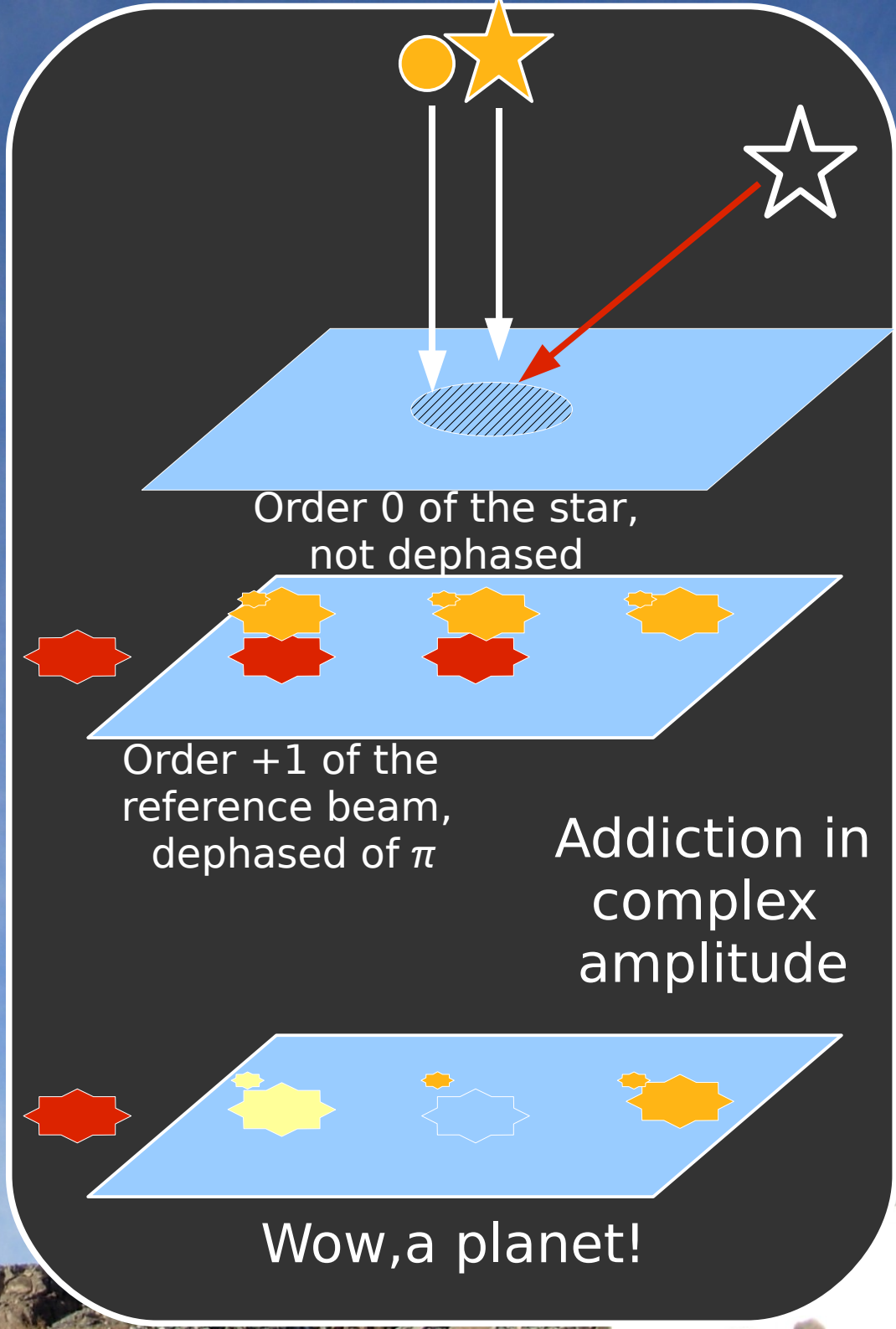
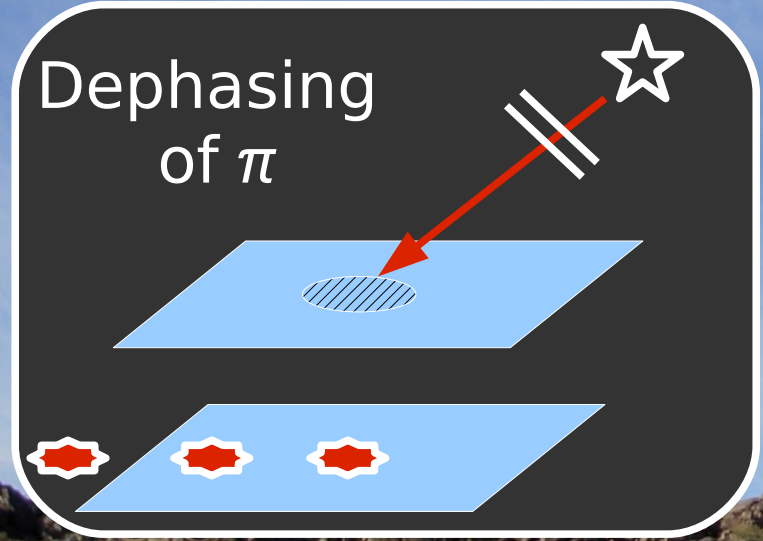
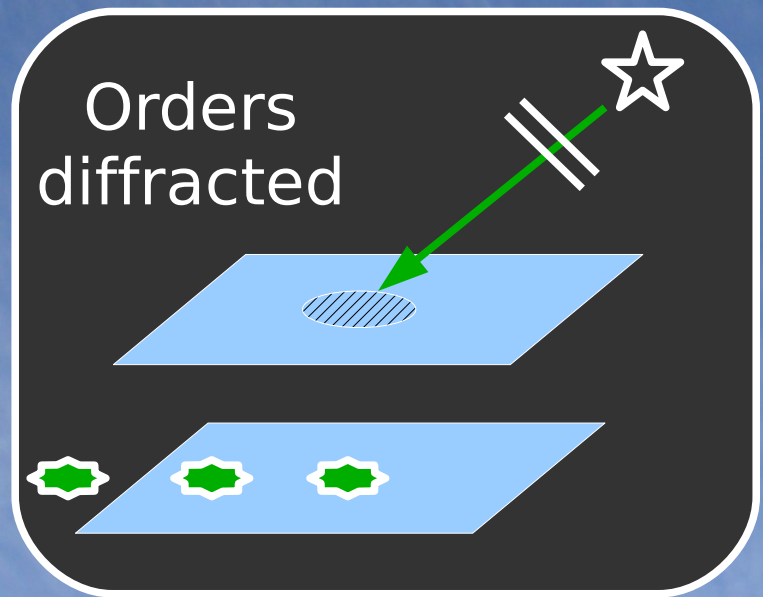
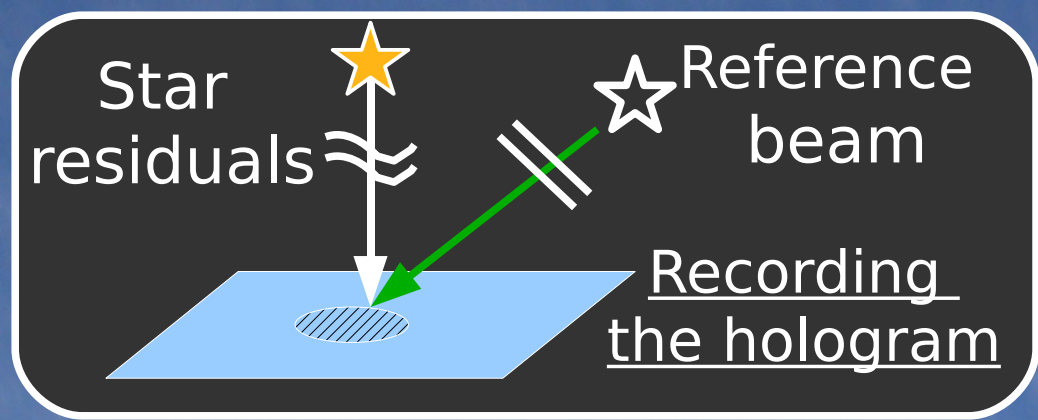


Lyot Coronagraph + hologram



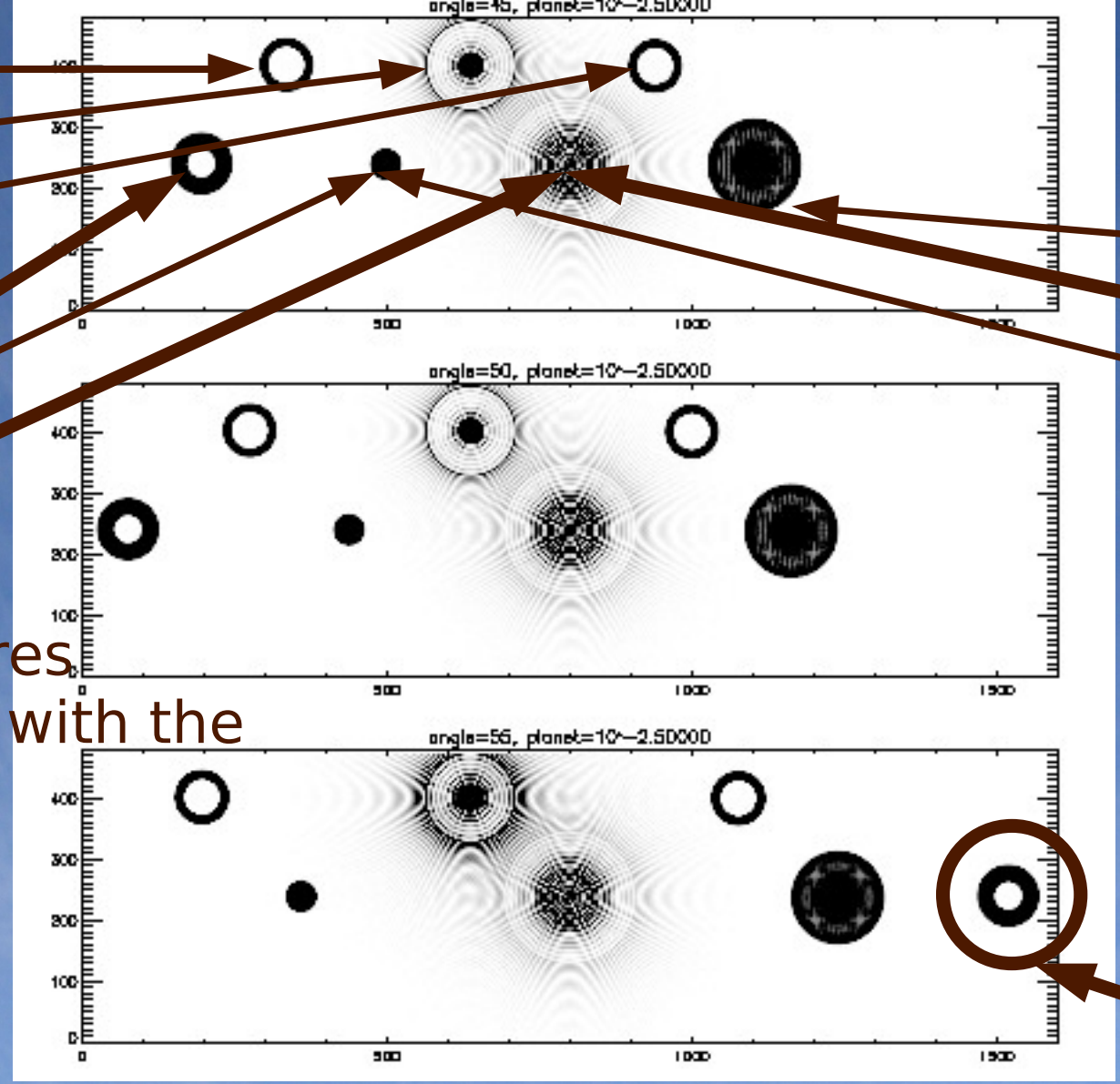
Detail of the microprism





Planet {
 -1
 0
 +1
 Ref. beam {
 -1
 0
 +1

-1 }
 0 } Star
 +1 }

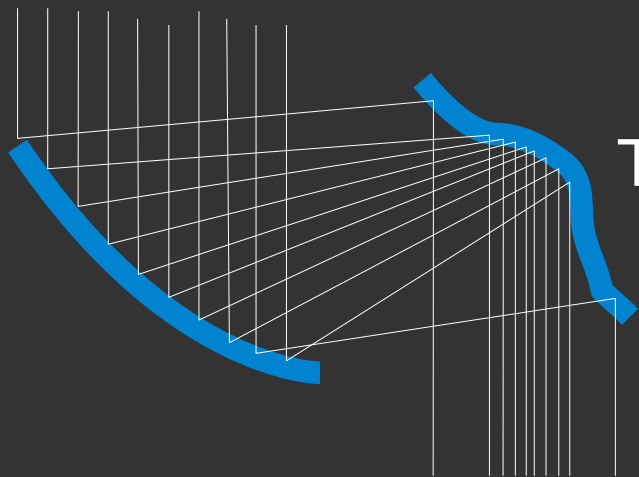
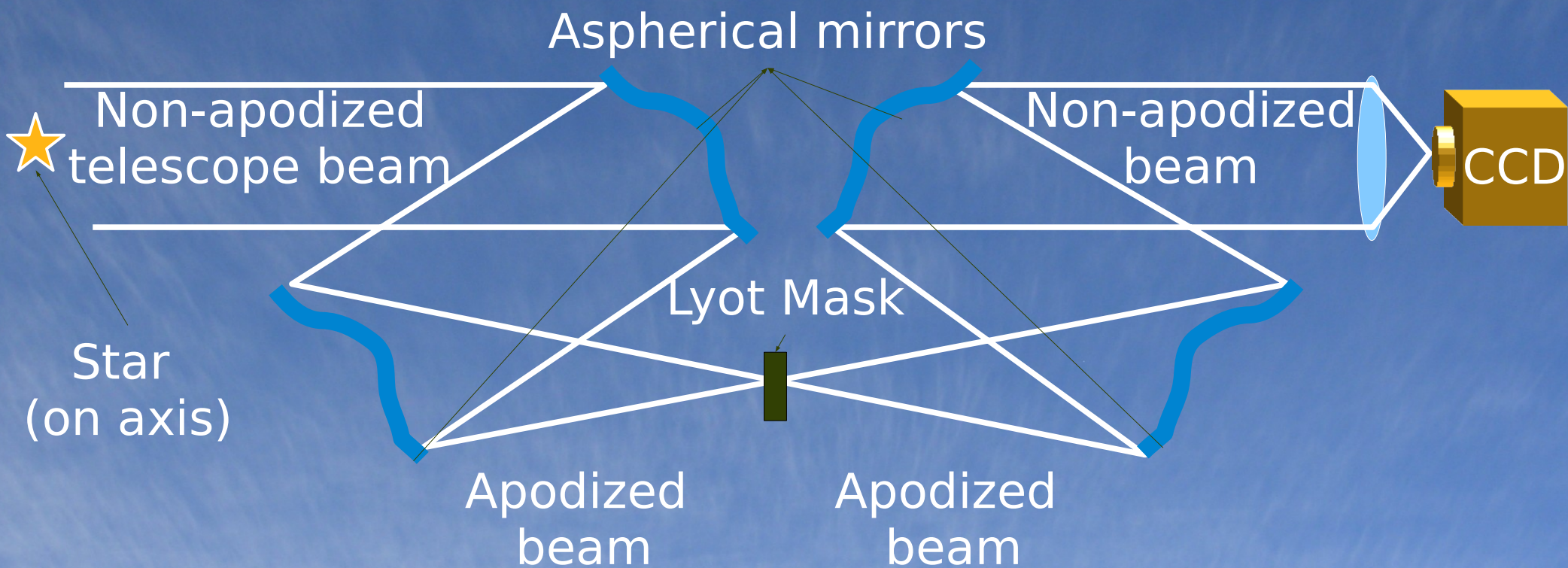


The order **+1** of the ref. beam interferes destructively with the order **0** of the star
 The order **-1** of the ref. beam is said the "twin wave"

Aliasing effect (numerical, can be analytically subtracted) twin wave appears on the other side



Using an apodized pupil



The flux is concentrated within the peak, increasing the effect of the Lyot mask

Testing the performances of...

- Classical Lyot coronagraph
- Apodized Lyot coronagraph
- Apodized Lyot coronagraph + adaptive hologram
- Apodized Lyot coronagraph + adaptive hologram and after the subtraction of the twin wave
 - Perfect conditions
 - $\lambda/20$ and $\lambda/100$ mirror imperfections
 - $\lambda/20$ and $\lambda/100$ imperfections + photon noise

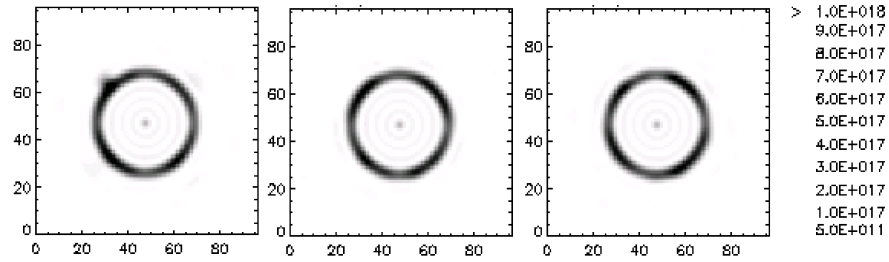
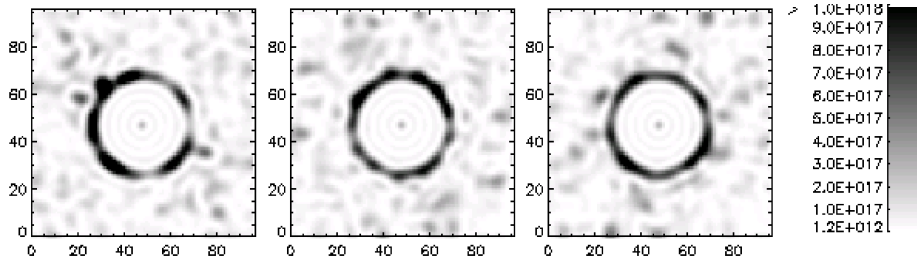


Performances with wavefront bumpiness

$\lambda/20$

$\lambda/100$

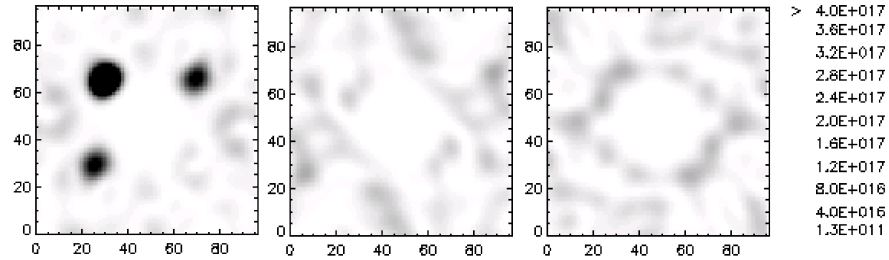
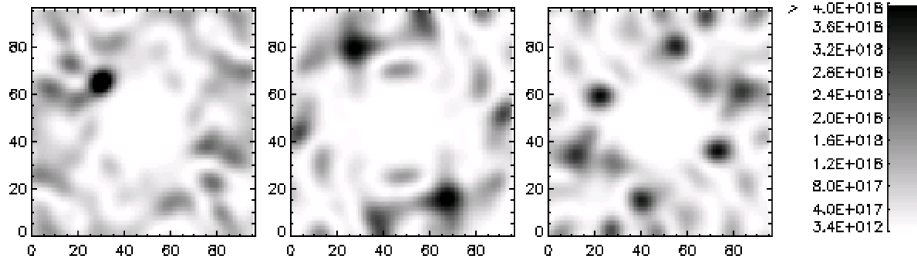
cla



B) Apodized Lyot coronagraph

B) Apodized Lyot coronagraph

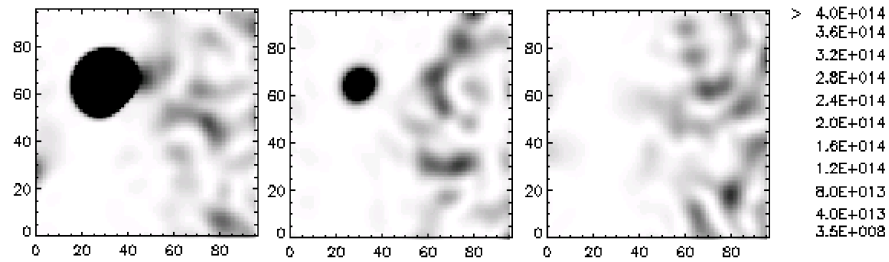
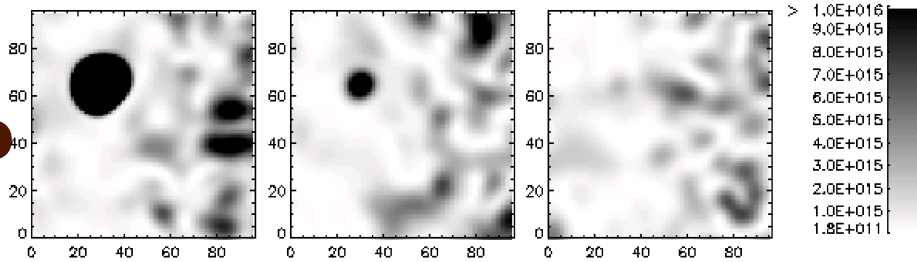
apo



C) Apodized coronagraph with hologram, apodized reference beam

C) Apodized coronagraph with hologram, apodized reference beam

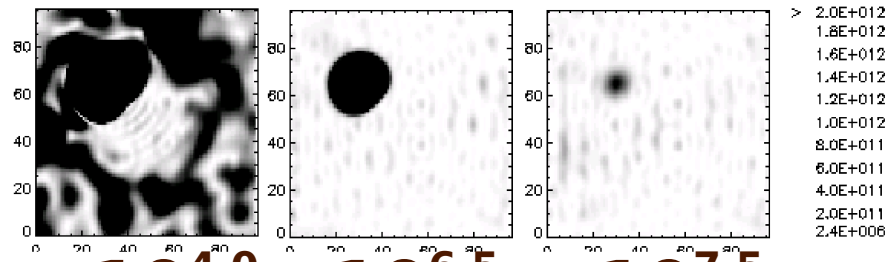
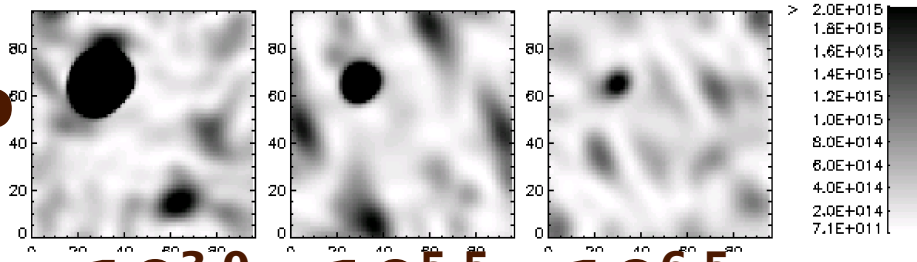
apo + holo



D) Apodized coronagraph with hologram, without twin wave

D) Apodized coronagraph with hologram, without twin wave

apo + holo - twin



$10^{3.0}$

$10^{5.5}$

$10^{6.5}$

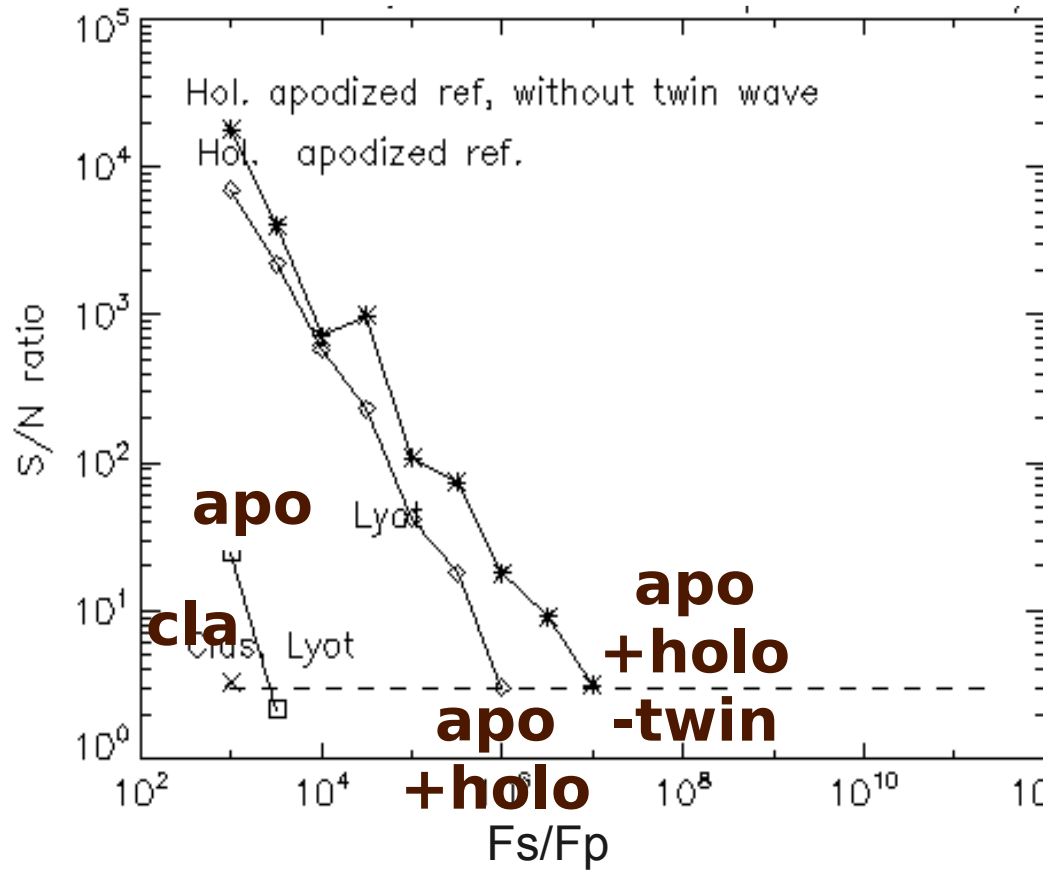
$10^{4.0}$

$10^{6.5}$

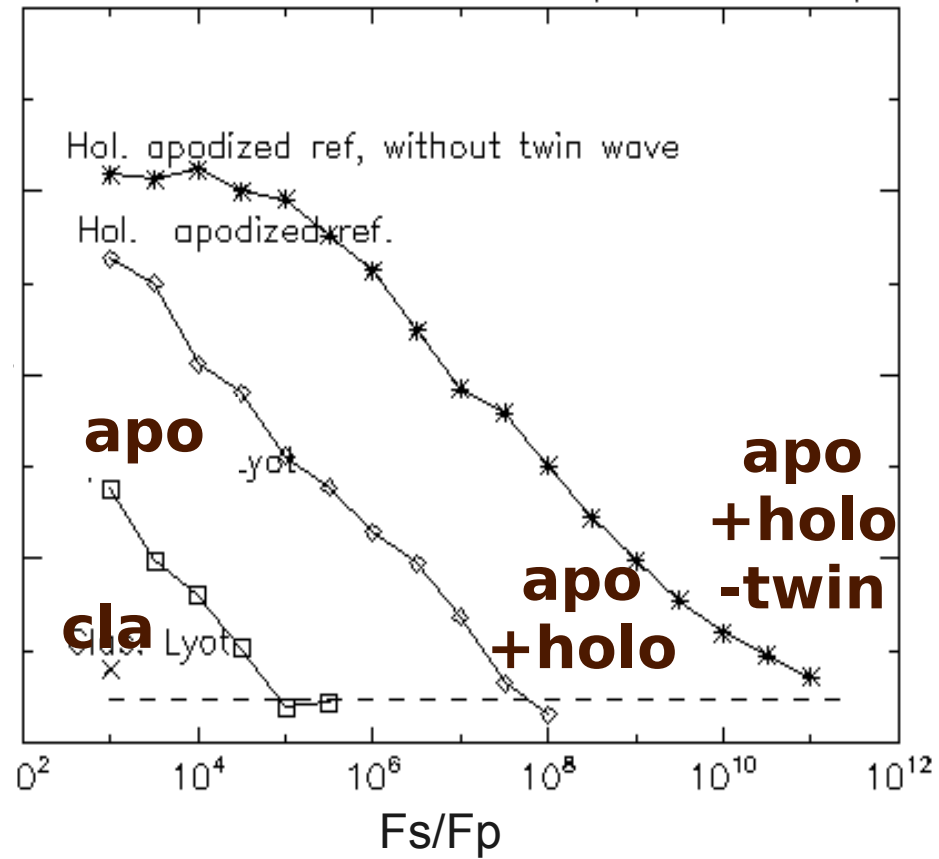
$10^{7.5}$

Performances with wavefront bumpiness

$\lambda/20$

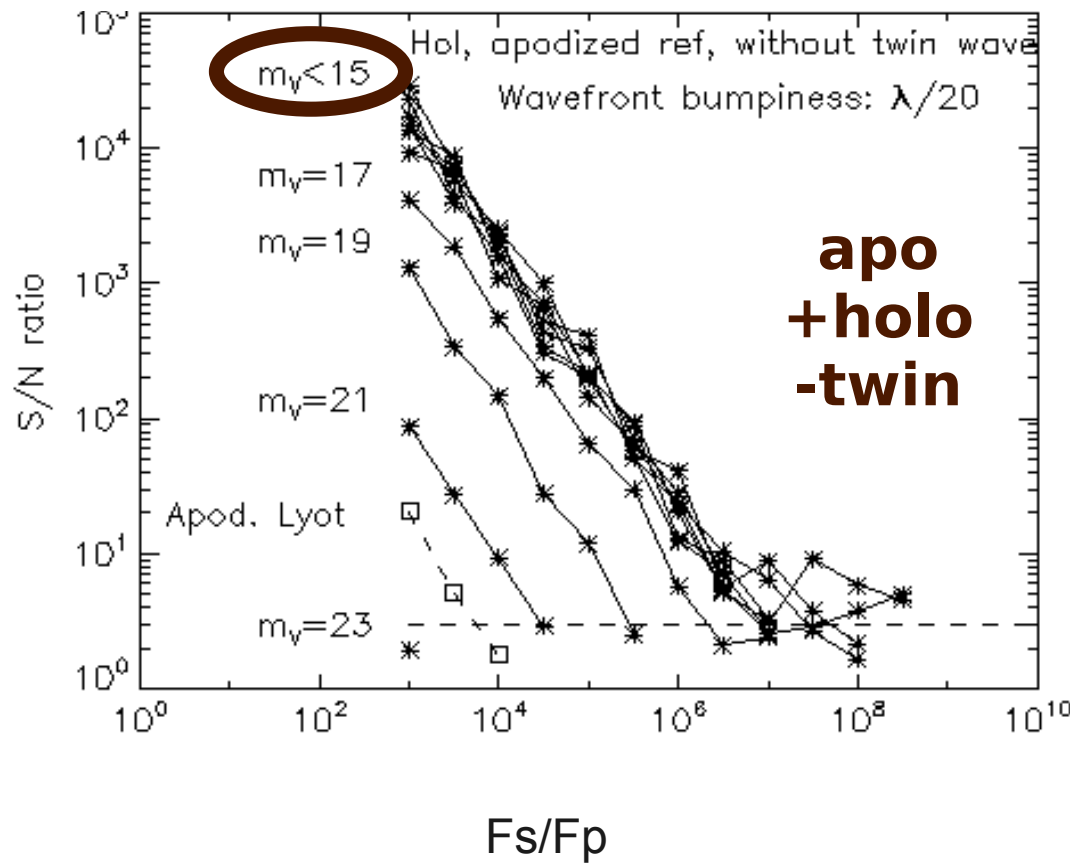


$\lambda/100$

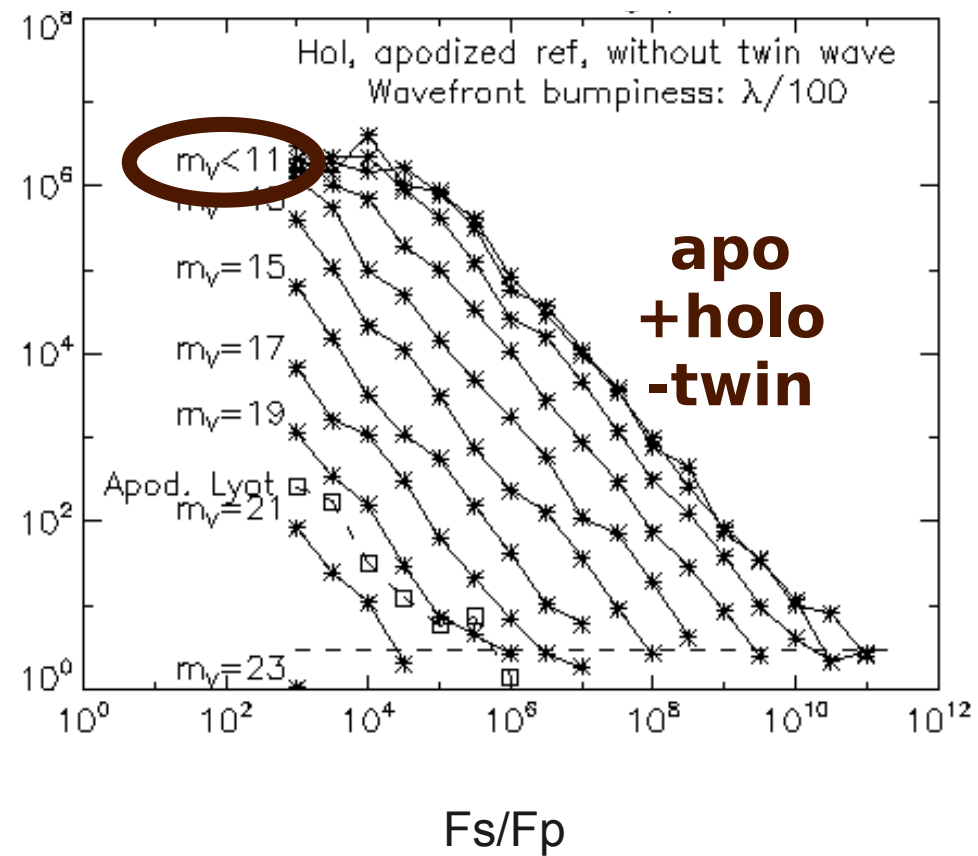


Performances with wavefront bumpiness and photon noise

$\lambda/20$



$\lambda/100$



Results

	Ideal	$\lambda/100$	$\lambda/20$
• Classical coronagraph:	$10^{3.2}$	$10^{3.2}$	$10^{3.1}$
• Apodized coronagraph:	$10^{9.5}$	$10^{5.0}$	$10^{3.4}$
• Apodized coron. + hologram:	$10^{10.0}$	$10^{7.8}$	$10^{6.0}$
• Apodized coron. + hologram – twin wave:	$10^{11.0}$	$10^{11.0}$	$10^{7.0}$



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...submitted...



