

Multi-scale spatial variability of amphipod assemblages from the foliar stratum of the *Posidonia oceanica* (L.) Delile meadow

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Context of the Study

- **Ecological communities are patchy**
- **Several spatial and temporal scales**
- **Studying spatial patterns is of ecological importance**
 - **understand the causes of the distribution and abundance of organisms**
 - **provide valuable basis for management and conservation**

Context of the Study

- *Posidonia oceanica*

- endemic species of seagrass
- forms large meadows
- important habitat for
mobile invertebrates



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- **Amphipods**

- large number of species
- considerable abundance/biomass
- important trophic resource



Peter Bryant

Amphipods

Vertical spatial variability of amphipods is better
known in *P. oceanica* meadows

Horizontal spatial variability ?

At different spatial scales ?

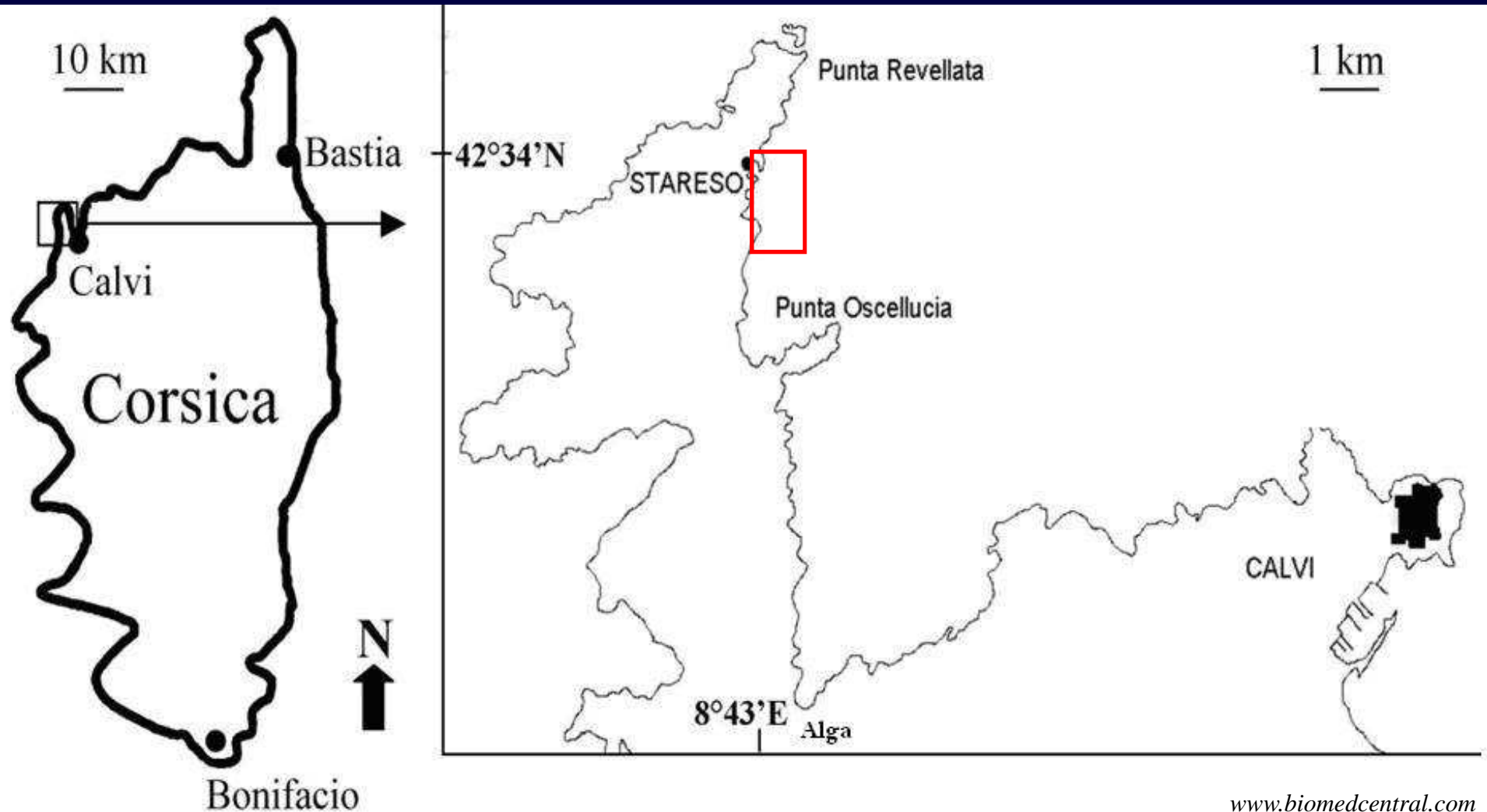
Objective

Assess the spatial variability, at different scales, of amphipods living in the *P. oceanica* meadows

Explore the relationship between the amphipod assemblages and habitat structure

Material & Methods

Study site : Revellata Bay (NW of Corsica)



Material & Methods

➤ Hierarchical spatial sampling design

Zone

Z1

Sites

(~ 100 m)

S1

S2

Frames

(~ 10 m)

F1

F2

F3

F4

Samples

(~ 1 m)

X

X

X

X

X

X

X

X

X

X

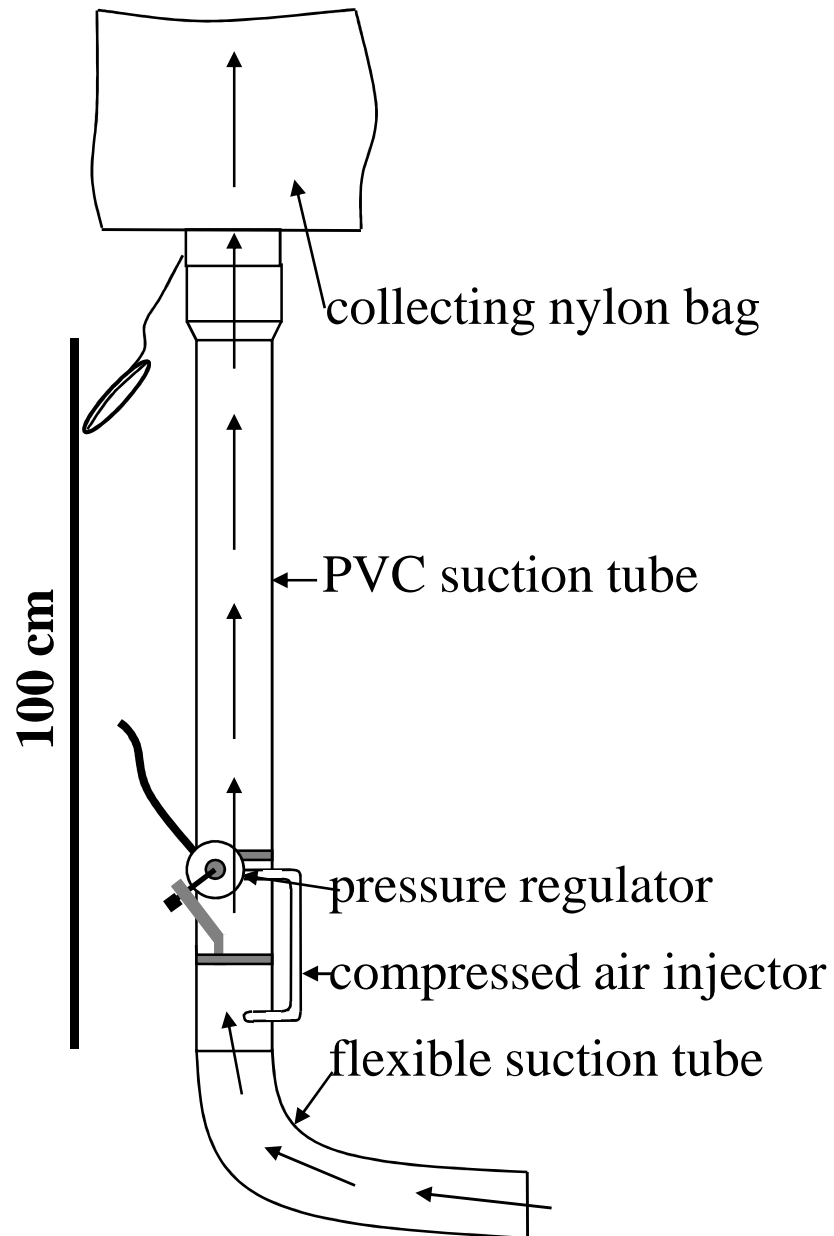
X

X

Constant depth: 12-13 m



Material & Methods

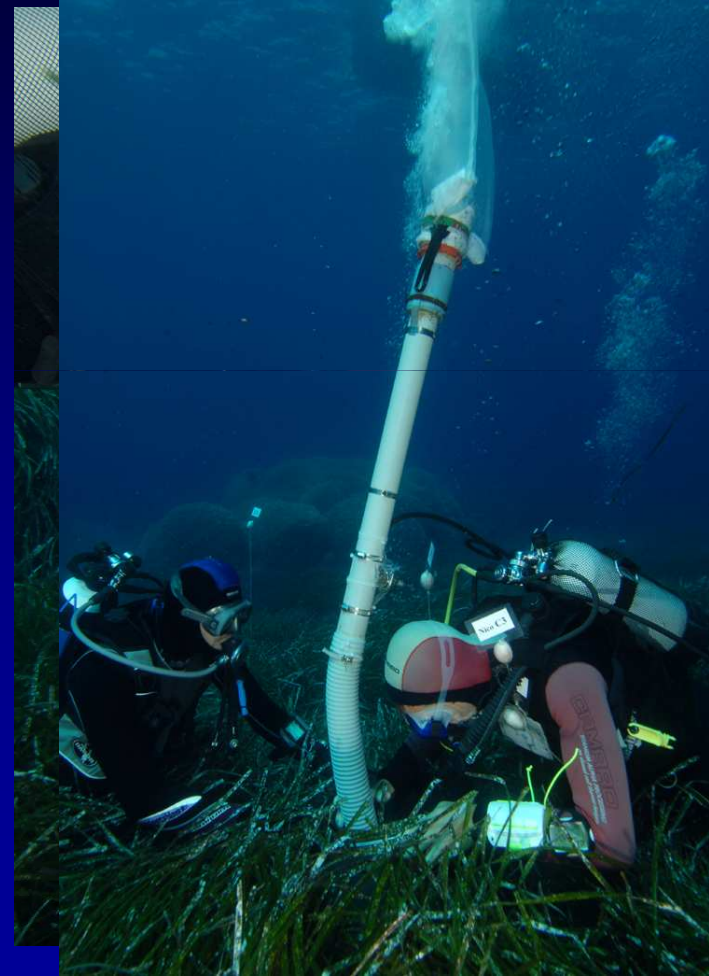


Air-Lift

- non destructive method
- quantitative estimation
- capture samples at small spatial scale ~ 1 m

Material & Methods

- **Sampling area of the meadow is previously delimited by a PVC cylinder (0,129 m²)**
- **Aspiration of the leaves included in the cylinder, with the vagile fauna (2 min)**
- **Sampling was realized between 10h30 am and 3h00 pm (March 2007)**



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Results and Discussion

Community Structure

General Characteristics

- Abundance : 727 amphipods
- Sample richness : 30 species
- Variable diversity : low to medium (H' : 0,45 - 1,88)
- Dominant species :

Apherusa chiereghinii
(46,1 %)

Aora spinicornis
(18,4 %)

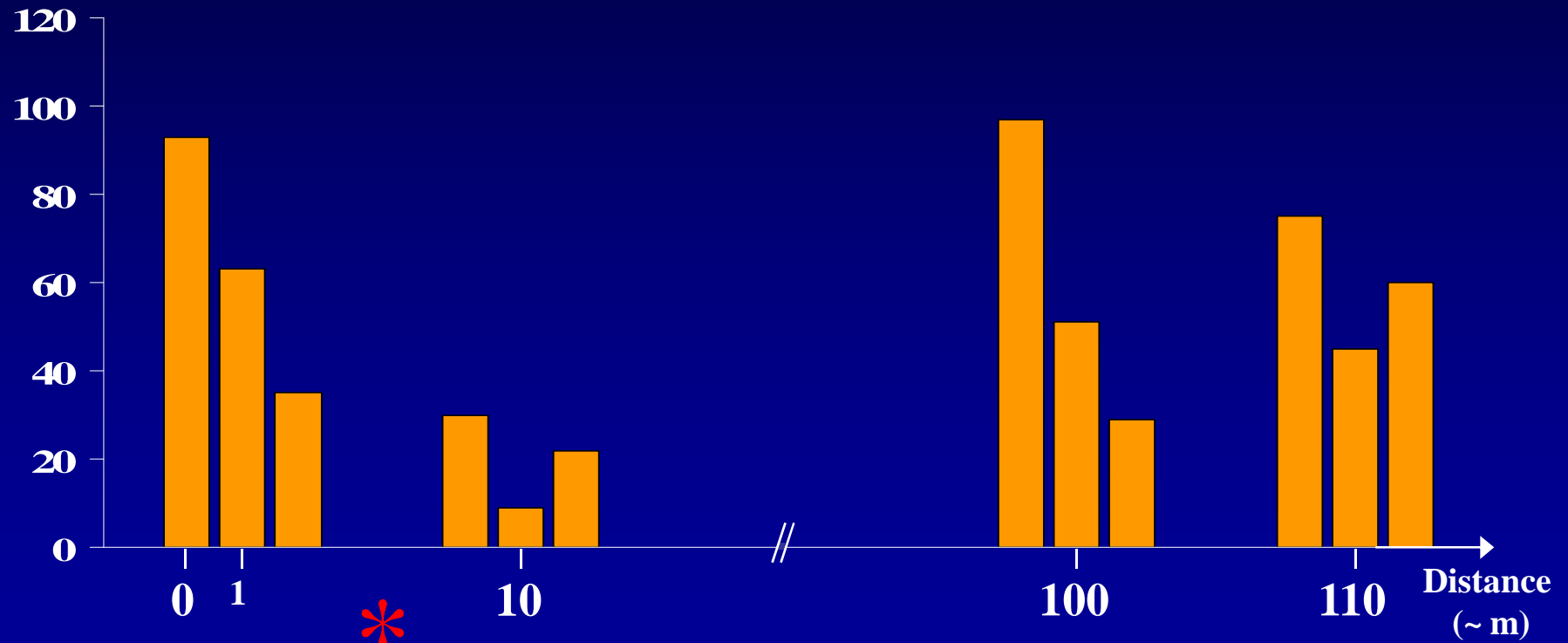
Amphilocheus neapolitanus
(5,3%)



1 mm

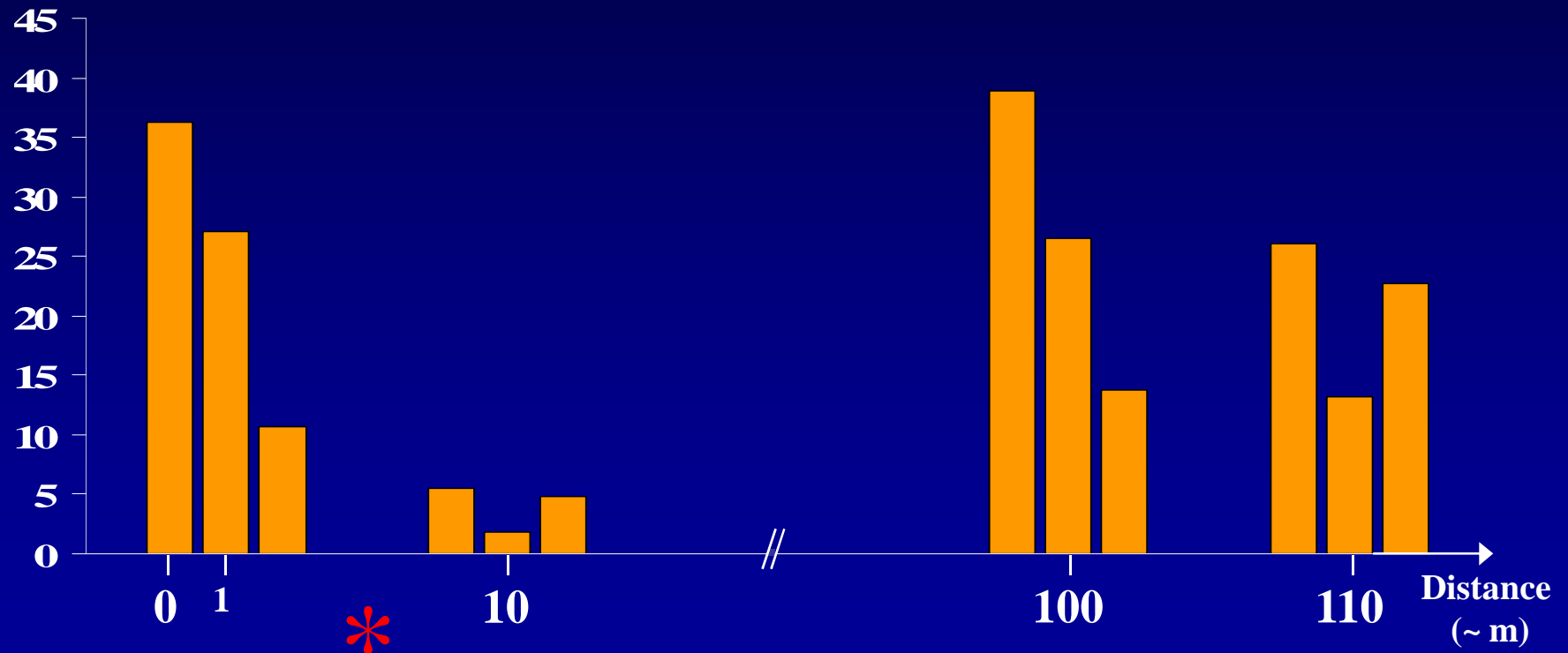
Variations at different spatial scales

Abundance
(number of individuals per sample)



Variations at different spatial scales

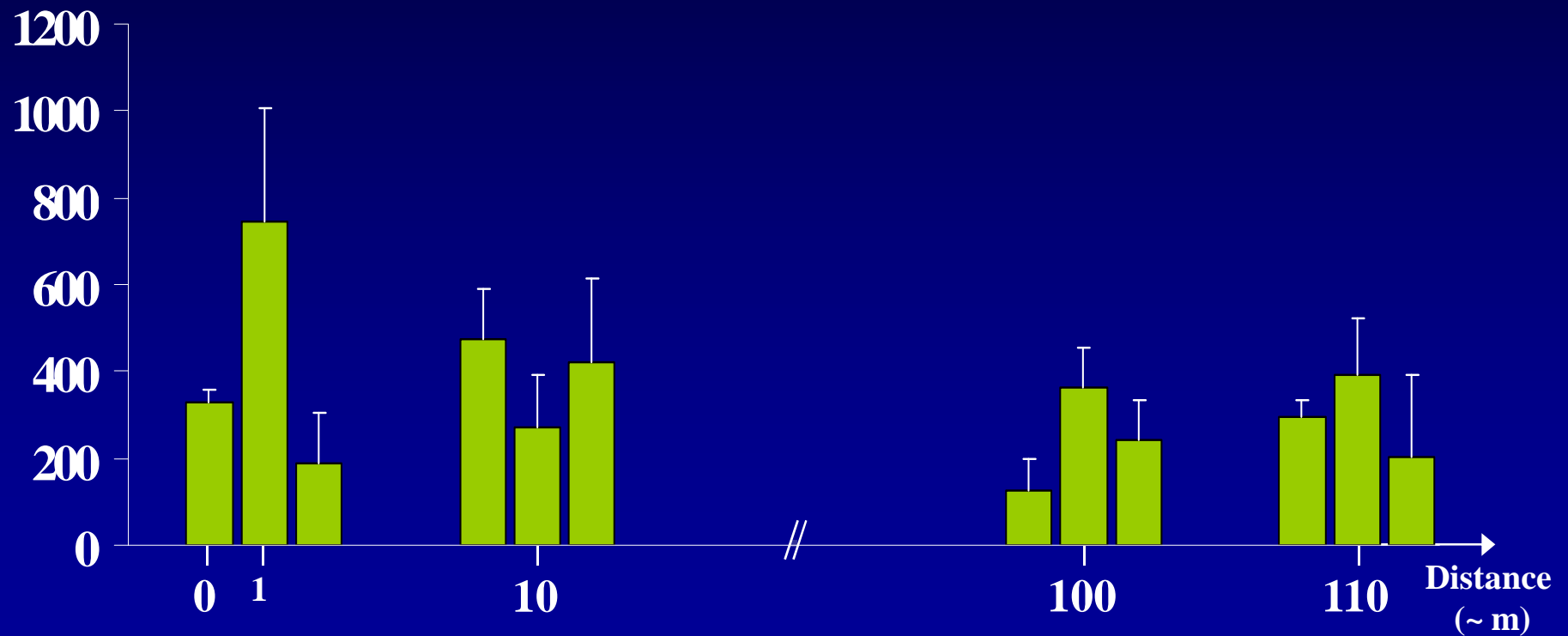
Biomass
(in mg AFDW per m² of the meadow)



➤ High heterogeneity of the meadow

Variations at different spatial scales

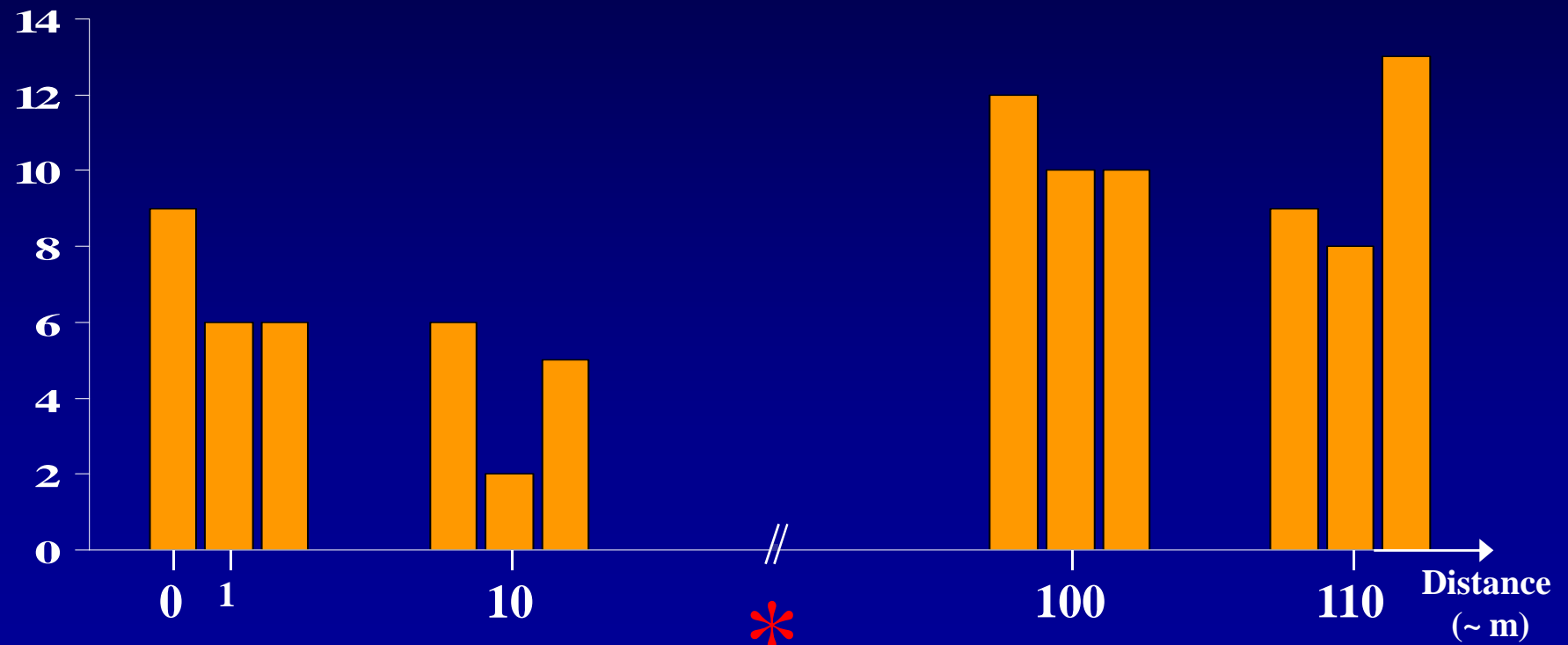
Density of the meadow
(number of shoots per m²)



➤ High heterogeneity of the meadow

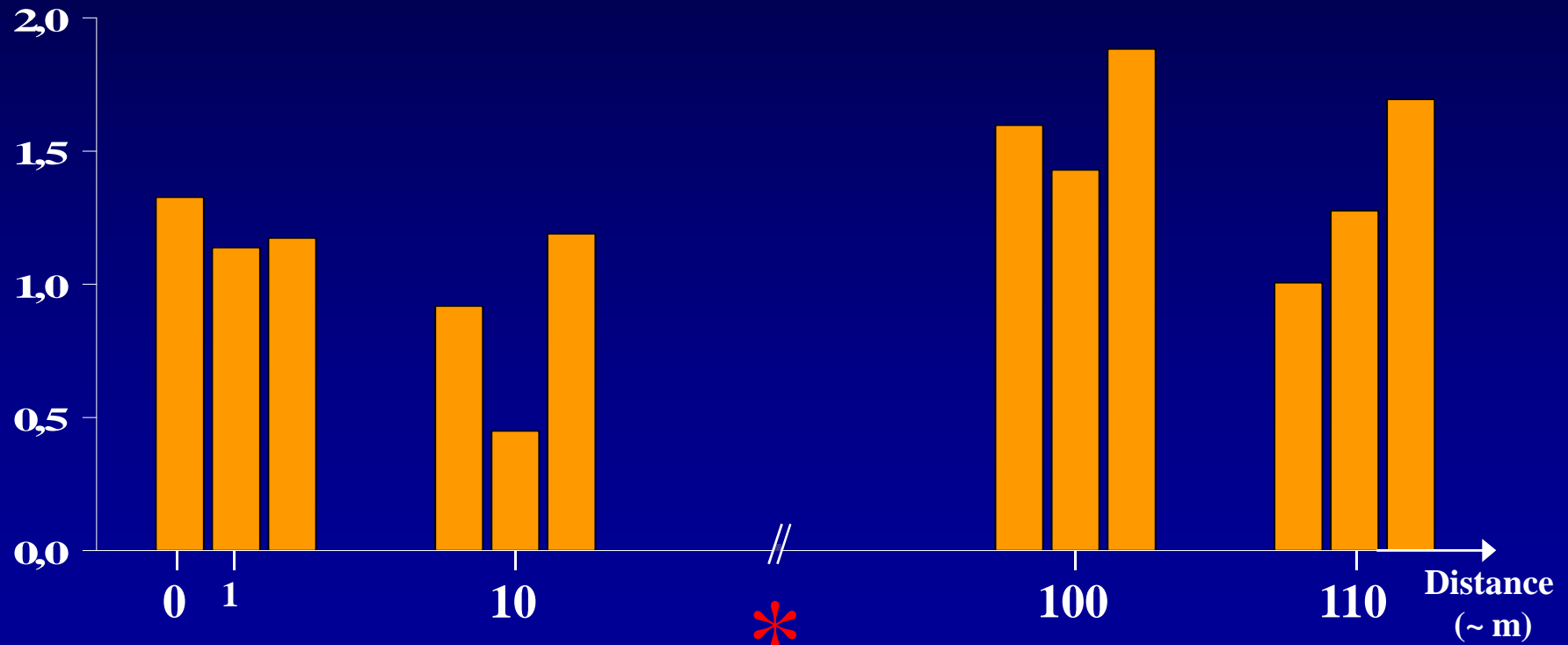
Variations at different spatial scales

Species richness
(number of species)



Variations at different spatial scales

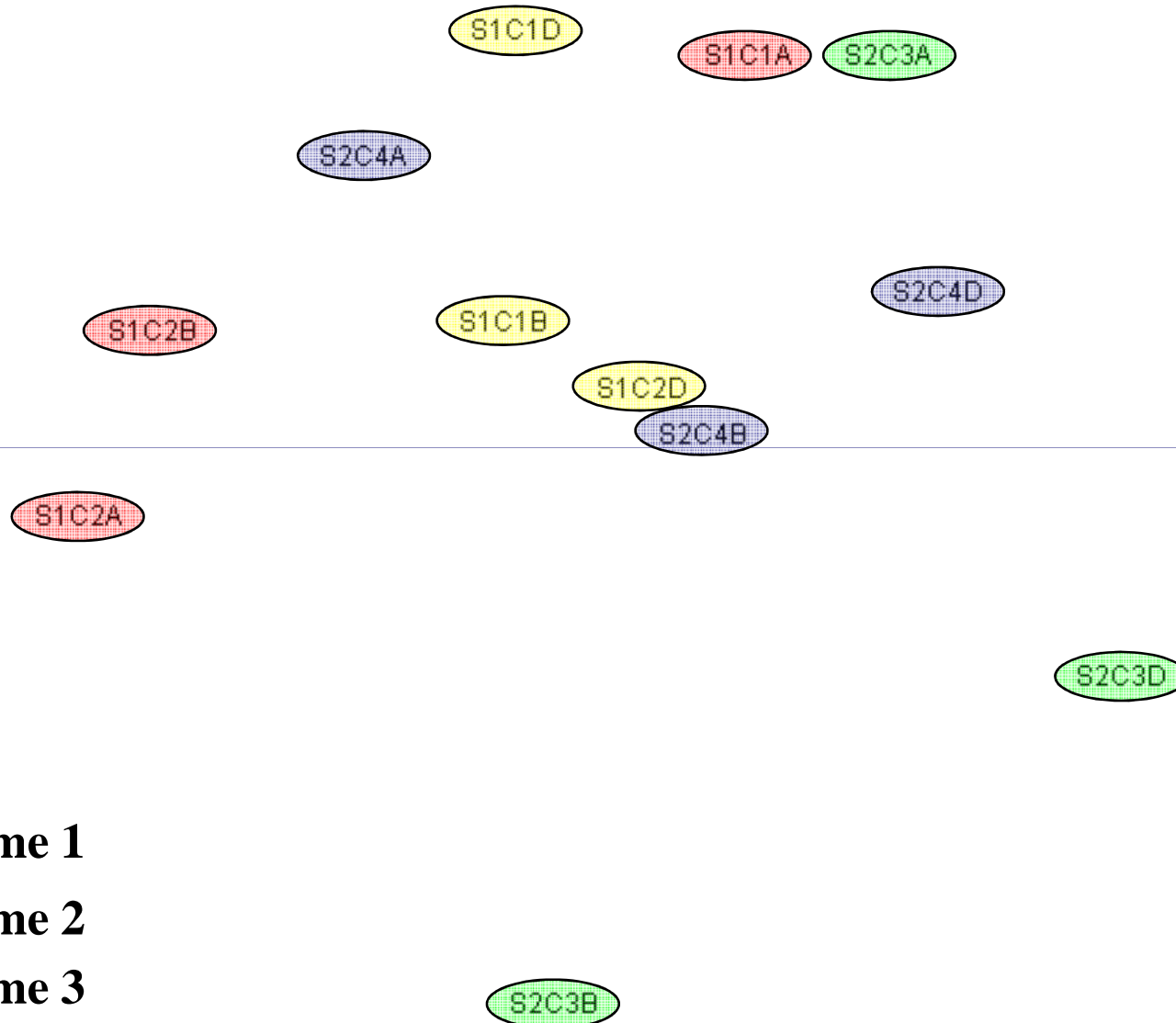
Diversity
(Shannon-Wiener index, H')

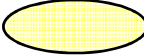





➤ **Habitat complexity...lower density of the meadow
and litter accumulations**

Non-metric Multidimensional scaling

Stress : 0,13



-  **Frame 1**
-  **Frame 2**
-  **Frame 3**
-  **Frame 4**

Summary

	Scales		
	~ 1 m	~ 10 m	~ 100 m
Abundance	Influence	Influence	No Influence
Biomass	Influence	Influence	No Influence
Species richness	No Influence	No Influence	Influence
Diversity	No Influence	No Influence	Influence
Specific composition	No clear pattern		

Conclusions

Our results showed

- Amphipod community associated with the *P.oceanica* meadow : abundant, rich in species, moderately diversify
- Community dominated by a few species
- Important spatial variability at different scales

Conclusions

Our results showed

- **Some scales influenced the characteristics of the community more than others**
 - **Small spatial scale >> abundance and biomass**
 - **Medium scale >> species richness and diversity**

Thank you for your attention

Egidio Traimito, AMP Tavolara-Punta Coda Cavallo



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