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Abstracts Book

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// PRESSE/RP/ÉVÉNEMENTS //

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O52 - Boosting Proteomics at Single-Cell Level: Enhancing Peptide Recovery, Automation, Chromatographic Robustness and Performance

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Selected Keynote Lecture

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Abstract

Advances in mass spectrometry have enabled single-cell proteomics, yet peptide loss due to surface adsorption remains a key bottleneck. Using HeLa tryptic digests, we showed that adsorption follows a Langmuir model, with substantial signal loss at very low concentrations. To mitigate this, we optimized a one-pot sample preparation protocol using polymer-based vials (PMMA or PET) and nonionic detergents (PEO or DDM), resulting in up to 16-fold improvement in peptide recovery.

Building on this, we developed WellOmics, a microfluidic chip in a 384-well plate format, operated solely by centrifugation. This consumable automates the entire process, from single-cell FACS collection to LC-MS injection, while reducing manual handling and minimizing working volumes to the sub-microliter scale.

To further improve analytical performance, we developed the Trap-Refocusing-Elute (TRE) nanoLC mode, a robust approach that combines the sharp peak shapes of direct injection with the added benefits of online desalting and flexible injection volumes (1–10 μ L). TRE allows for complete sample transfer and enables rapid 25-minute analysis cycles on standard UPLC platforms.

Finally, we created a high-coverage spectral library for DIA using sequential digestion and peptide fractionation, identifying 282,008 peptides and 9,588 proteins.

Together, these innovations improve peptide recovery, data quality, and scalability—marking a major step forward in high-throughput single-cell proteomics.



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