

# Gas Chromatography-Trapped Ion Mobility Mass Spectrometry: A Highly Specific and Ultra-Sensitive Platform for Quantifying Sub-ppt Levels of Dioxins and PCBs in Food



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## Introduction

Ion mobility spectrometry (IMS) separates ions by their transport properties and, when coupled to mass spectrometry (IM-MS), has recently gained attention for environmental contaminant analysis. IM-MS offers higher peak capacity, cleaner spectra, and more confident annotations through collision cross section (CCS) values, but most applications have been qualitative, with few targeted quantitative studies on pollutants such as PFAS, pesticides, and hydroxylated PCBs.

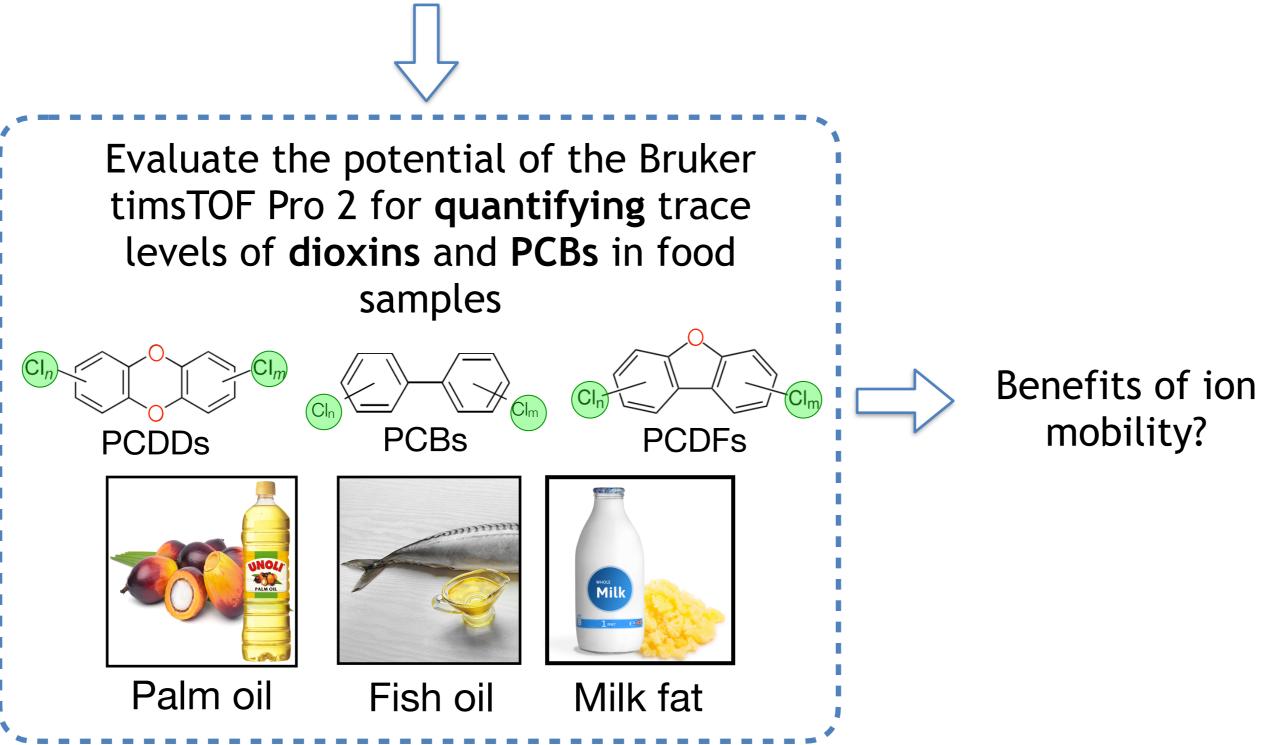
## Objectives

While promising, these studies remain preliminary and lack systematic validation, especially for trace contaminants analysis.

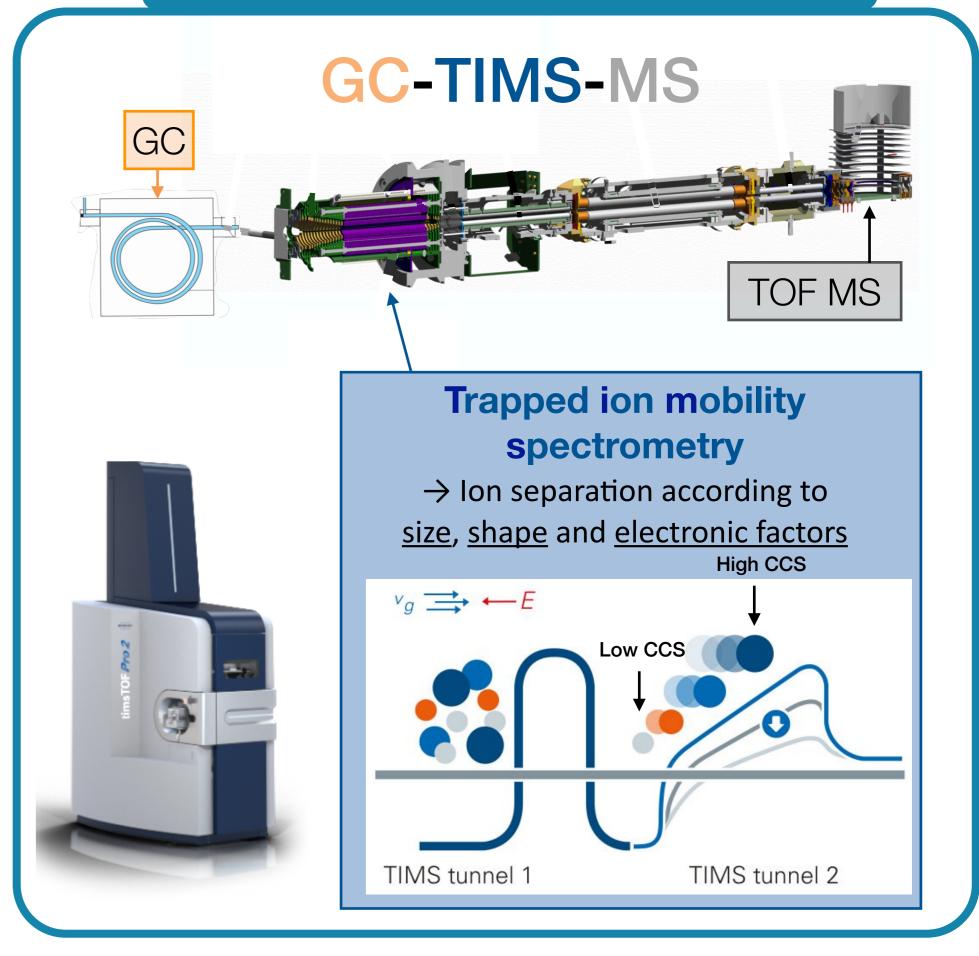
assessment (EU 2017/644)

Performance

Comparison reference method (GC-EI-sector HRMS)



### Instrumentation



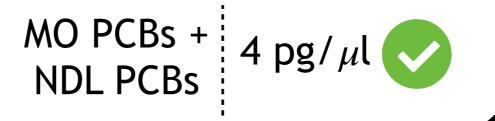
## Results & discussions

## Performance assessment :

### Instrumental LOQ

100 to 500 PCDD/Fs + NO PCBs  $fg/\mu l$ 

NDL PCBs



# Intermediate reproducibility

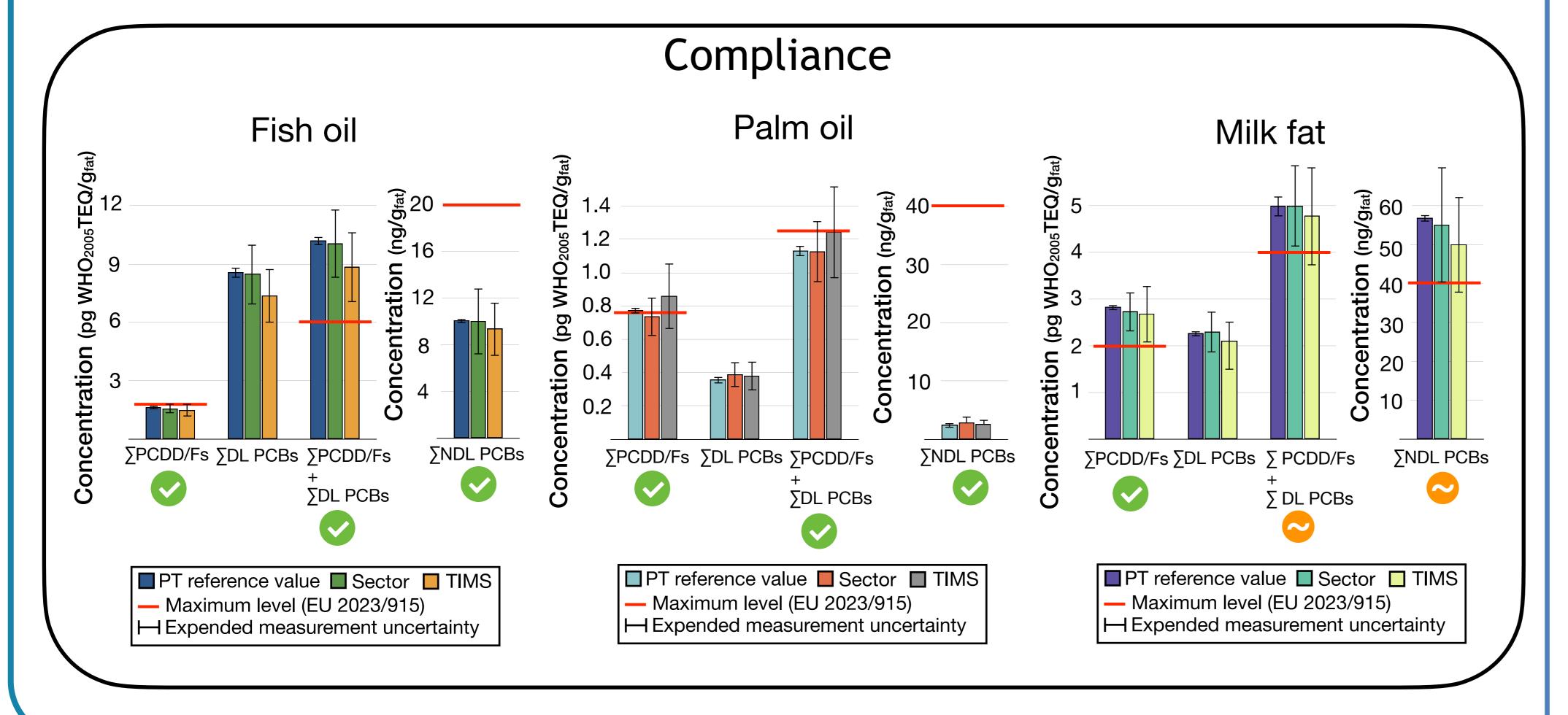
[Mean RSD<sub>R</sub> (%compliance with EU regulation)]

	PCDD/Fs + NO PCBs	MO PCBs	NDL PCBs
TIMS	8.9% (96%)	4.8% (96%)	5.0% (100%)
Sector	6.1% (100%)	5.4% (100%)	8.1% (100%)

#### Trueness

[Mean absolute bias (%compliance with EU regulation)]

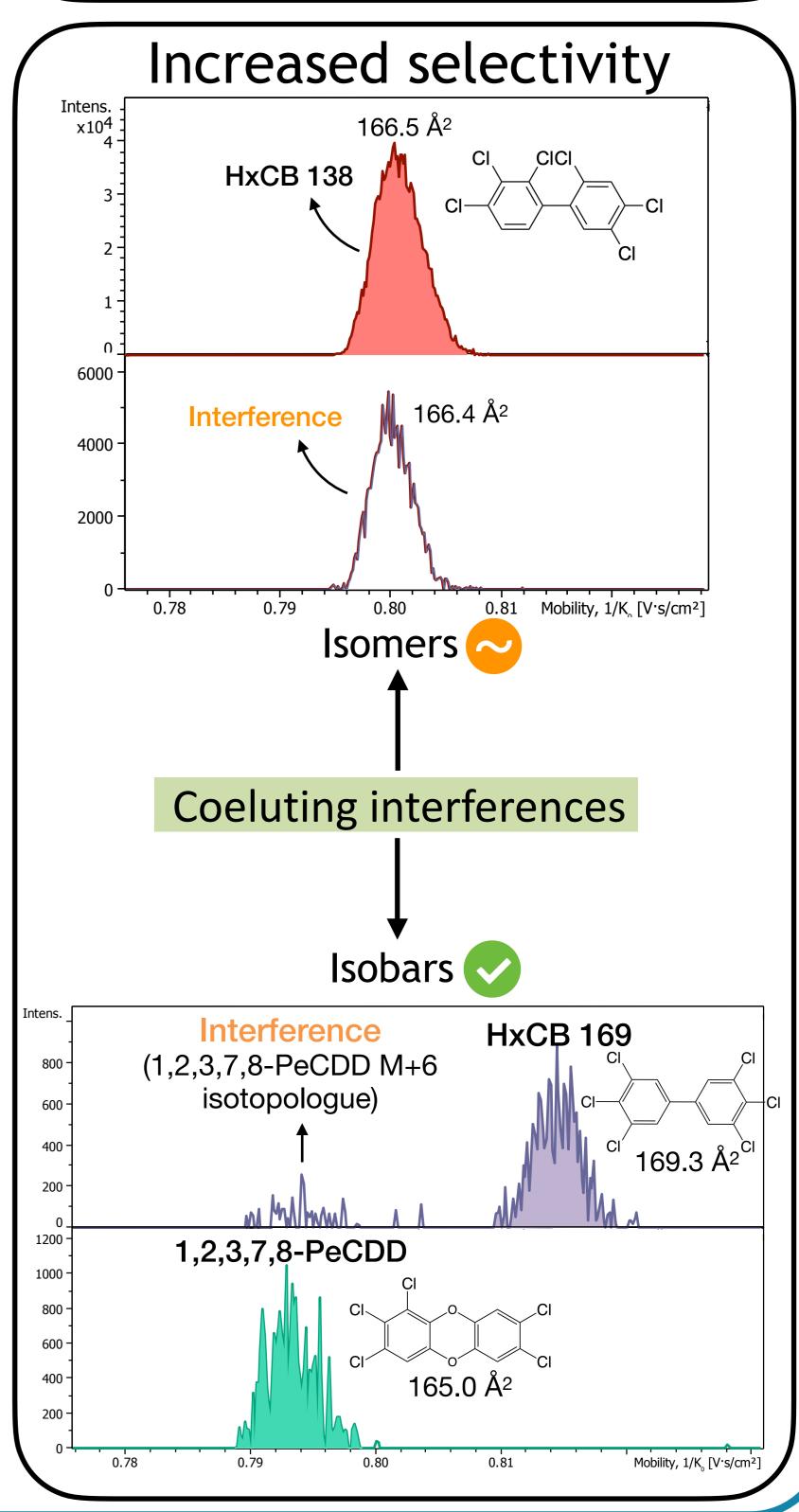
	PCDD/Fs + NO PCBs	MO PCBs	NDL PCBs
TIMS	13.1% (80%)	8.9% (87%)	9.8% (93%)
Sector	7.3% (99%)	7.1% (95%)	10.3% (95%)



# (IM benefits)

### Analyte confirmation

ΔCCS between analyte and corresponding isotopically labelled internal standard <0.5%



### Conclusions

#### Performances evaluation

- The GC-APCI-TIMS-TOF method broadly meets the performance requirements of EU Regulation 2017/644
- Compared to the reference GC-sector HRMS method, performances are similar or slightly lower for PCBs, and slightly to significantly lower for most PCDD/Fs

#### **IM** benefits

- Analyte confirmation: CCS values can also serve as an additional identification point in targeted analysis
- Selectivity: separation of some partially coeluting isomers & isobars