

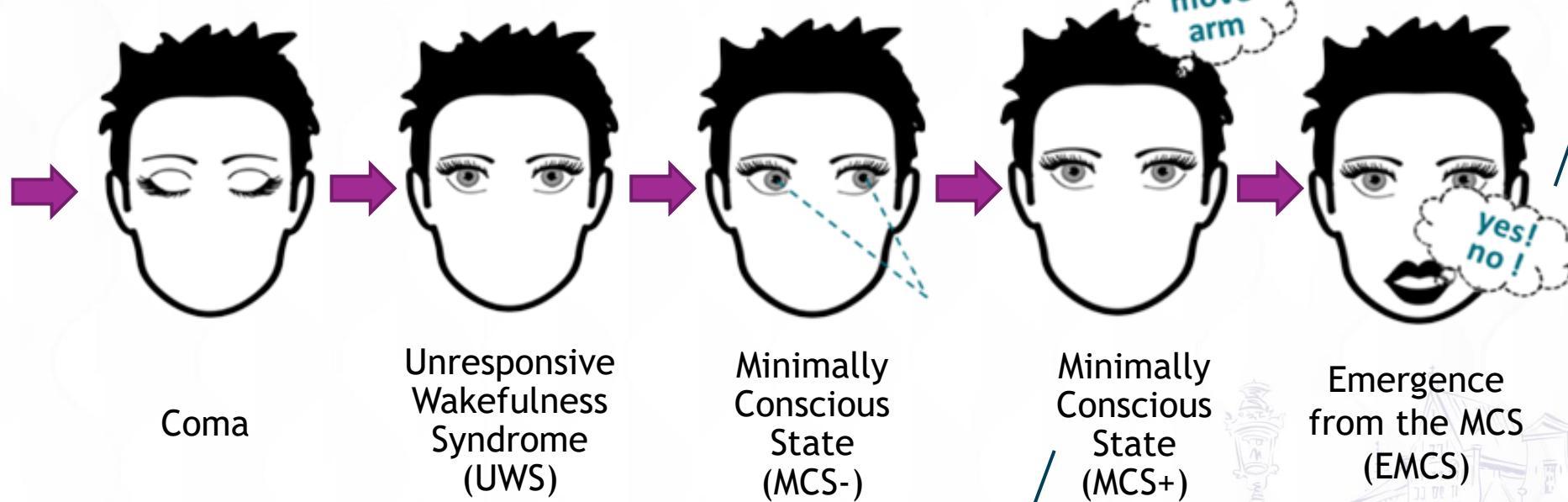
# The Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia (BERA) tool to assess language comprehension in post-comatose patients

Aubinet, C., Regnier, A., Fritz, P., Pauls, M.,  
Cardone, P., Gosseries, O. & Majerus, S.



# Language recovery after coma

Trauma  
Anoxia  
Hemorrhage  
Metabolic  
Infection  
Inflammation



Functional communication and/or object use

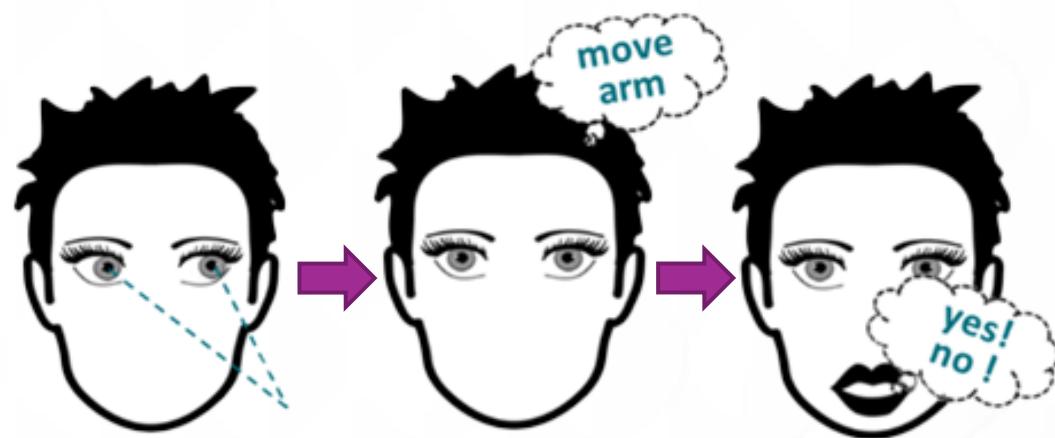
Command-following  
Intelligible verbalization  
Intentional communication

# 30-40% risk of consciousness misdiagnosis

Deafness  
Blindness  
Motor impairment  
Aphasia  
...

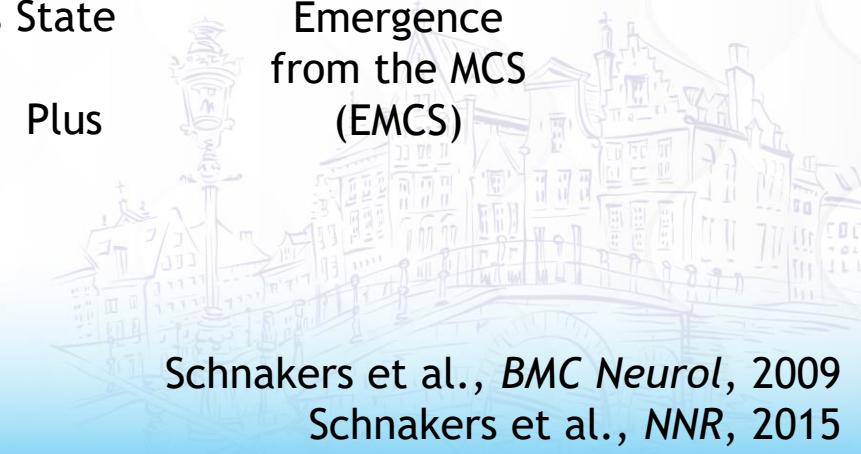


## Underestimated consciousness!!!



Minimally Conscious State  
(MCS)  
Minus

Plus  
Emergence  
from the MCS  
(EMCS)



Schnakers et al., *BMC Neurol*, 2009  
Schnakers et al., *NNR*, 2015

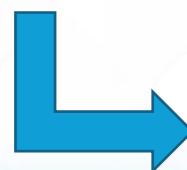
# Behavioral scales include command-following

Diagnosis of consciousness levels

BUT no language assessment...

- Language components?
- Psycholinguistic variables?

Towards a language-specific assessment



Elaboration of the  
*Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia*  
(BERA)



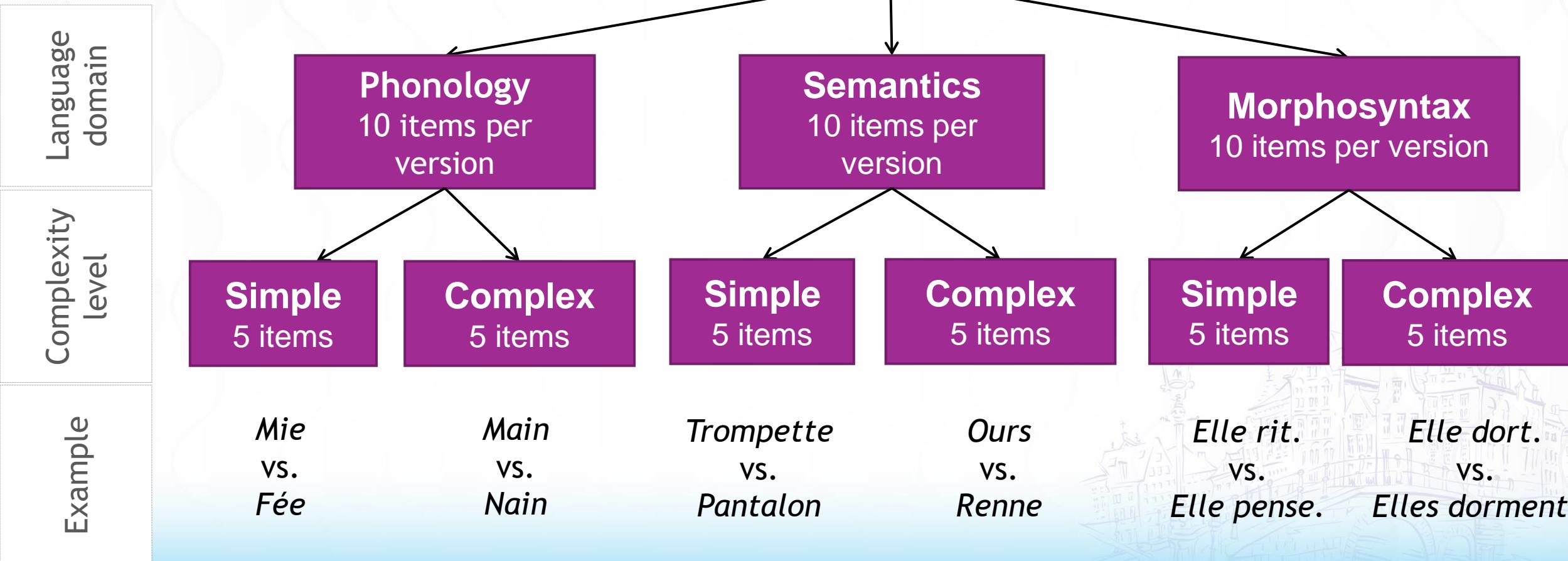
Aubinet et al. (2021), *Brain Inj.*

Aubinet et al. (in prep)

# Elaboration of the BERA

## Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia (BERA)

2 versions of 30 items



# Elaboration of the BERA

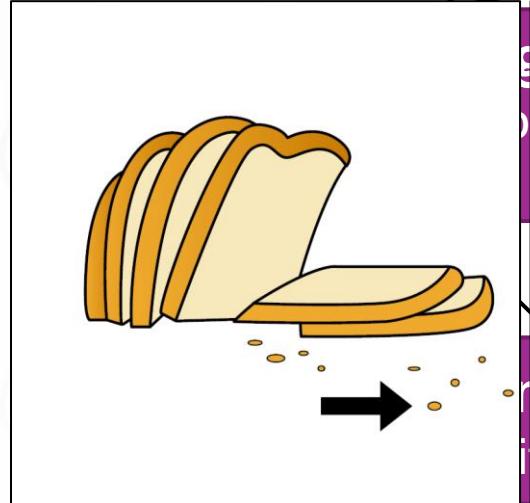
## Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia (BERA)

2 versions of 30 items

Language domain

Complexity level

Example



*Mie*  
vs.  
*Fée*



*Main*  
vs.  
*Nain*

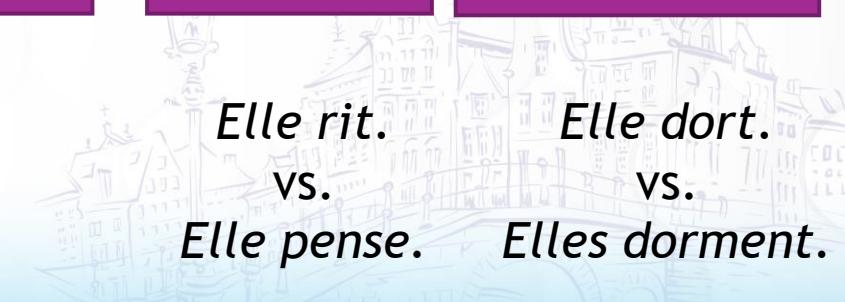
Semantics  
10 items per version

Complex  
5 items

Morphosyntax  
10 items per version

Simple  
5 items

Complex  
5 items



*Trompette*  
vs.  
*Pantalon*

*Ours*  
vs.  
*Renne*

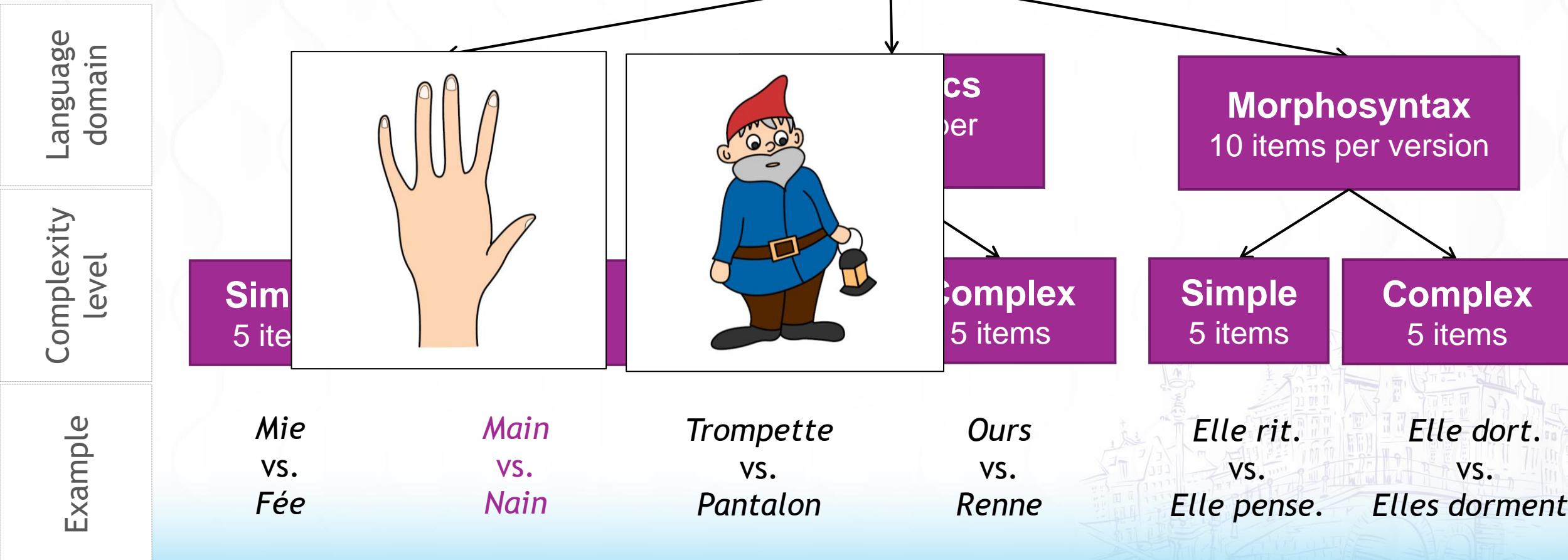
*Elle rit.*  
vs.  
*Elle pense.*

*Elle dort.*  
vs.  
*Elles dorment.*

# Elaboration of the BERA

## Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia (BERA)

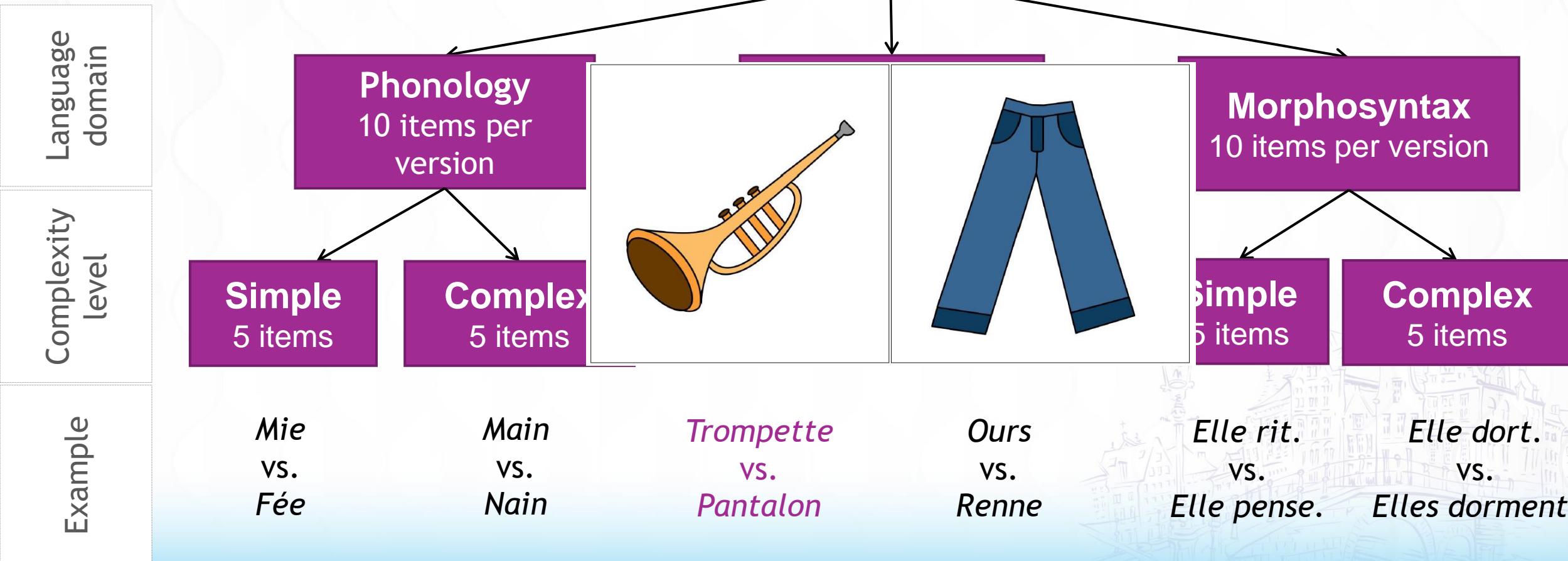
2 versions of 30 items



# Elaboration of the BERA

## Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia (BERA)

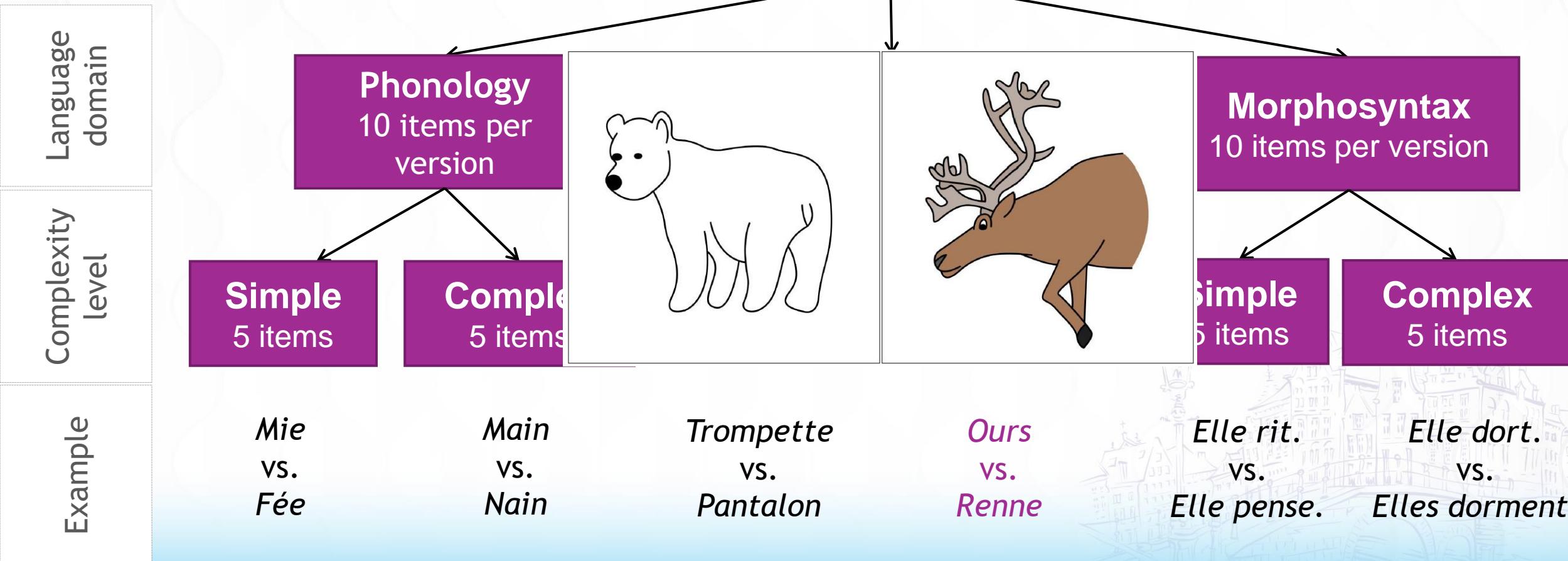
2 versions of 30 items



# Elaboration of the BERA

## Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia (BERA)

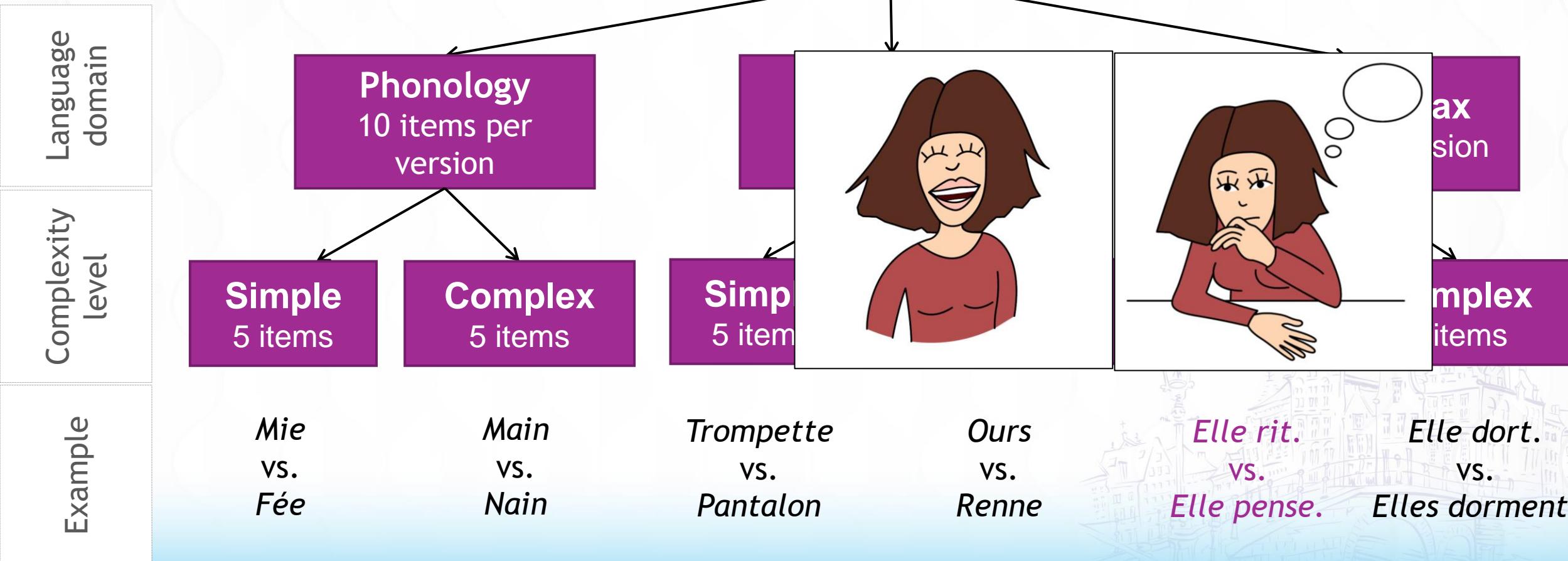
2 versions of 30 items



# Elaboration of the BERA

## Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia (BERA)

2 versions of 30 items



# Elaboration of the BERA

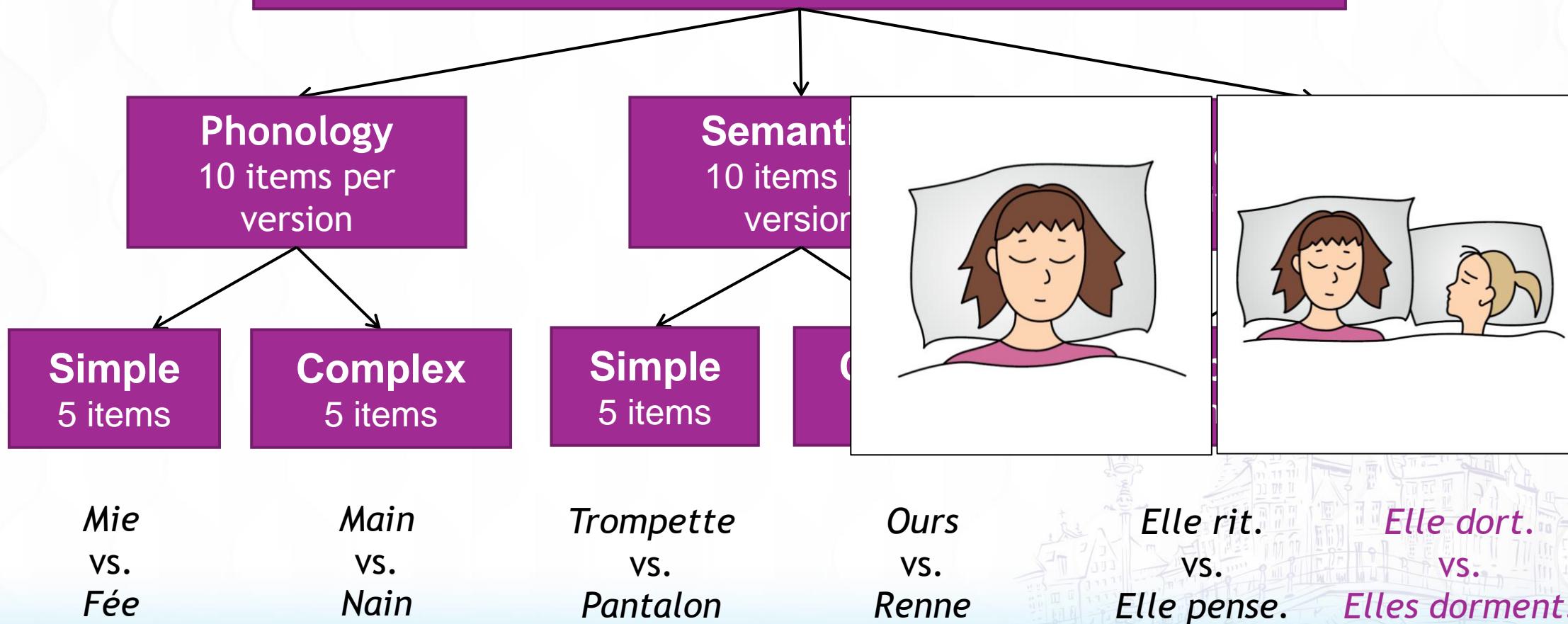
## Brief Evaluation of Receptive Aphasia (BERA)

2 versions of 30 items

Language domain

Complexity level

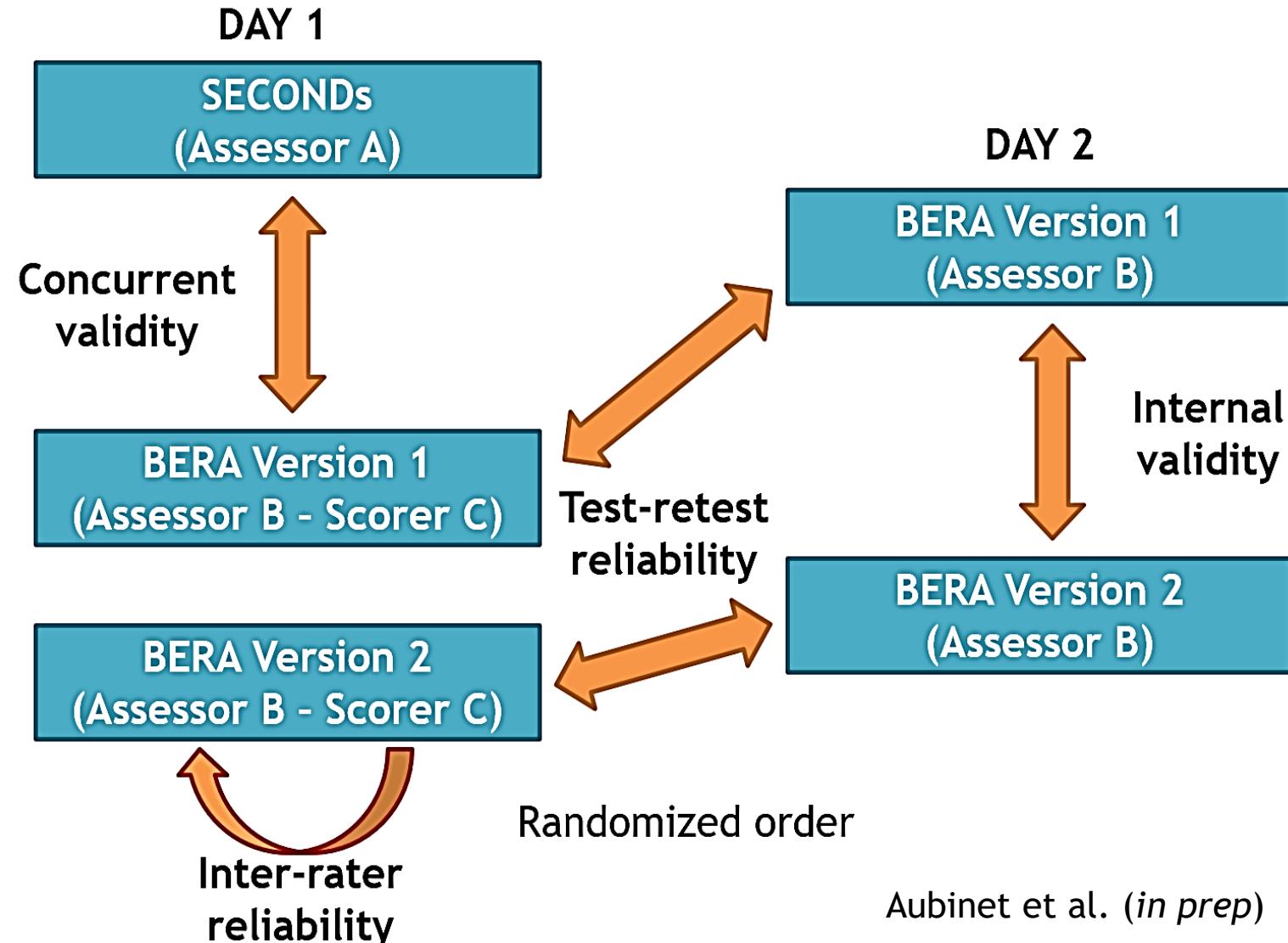
Example



# Inclusion criteria and validation procedure

n = 48 patients

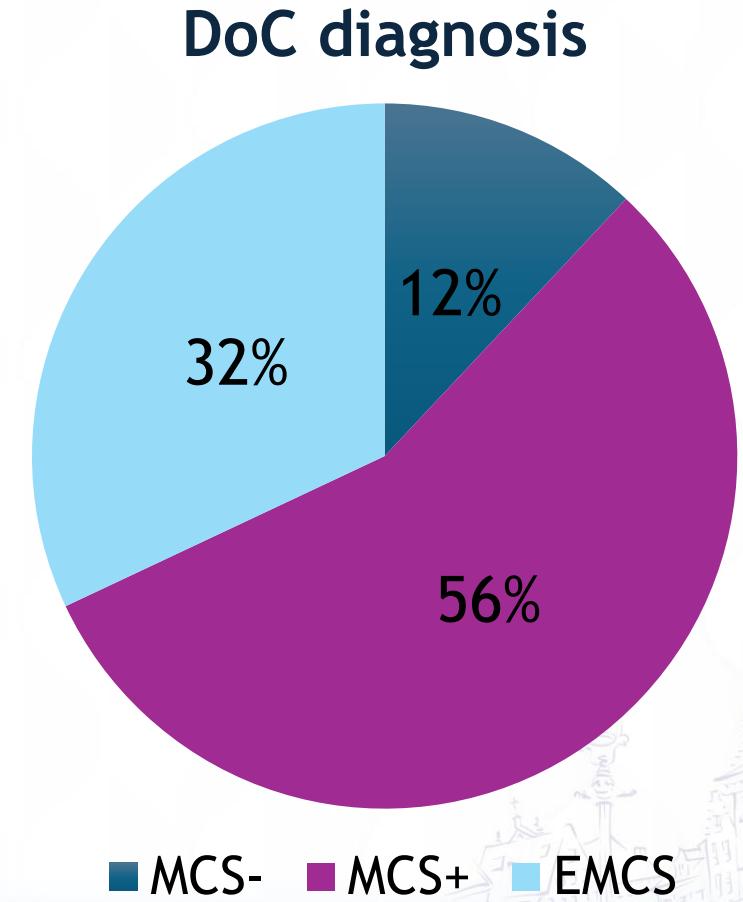
- Coma following severe brain injury
- > 28 days post-onset
- Age: 18-80 y.o.
- French-speakers
- Preserved visual fixation or pursuit



# Validation of the BERA tool in post-comatose patients

25 post-comatose patients

- Duration mean for one version:  $11,4 \pm 4,6$  min

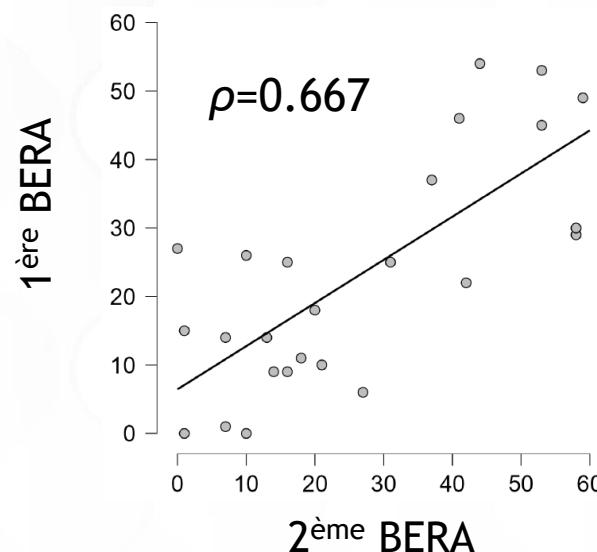




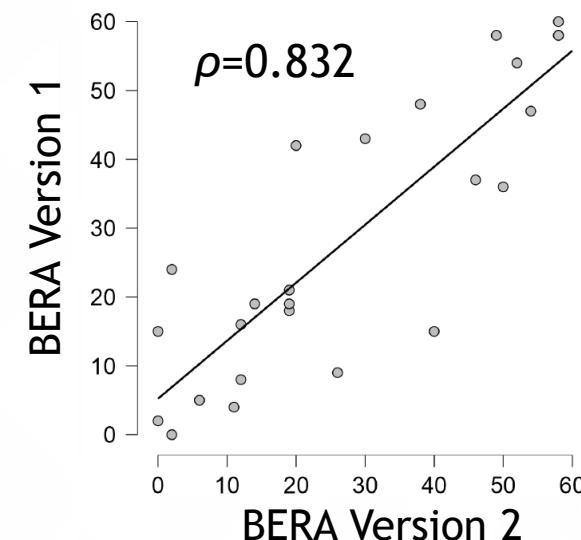
# Validation of the BERA tool in post-comatose patients

Psychometric preliminary data ( $n = 25$ )

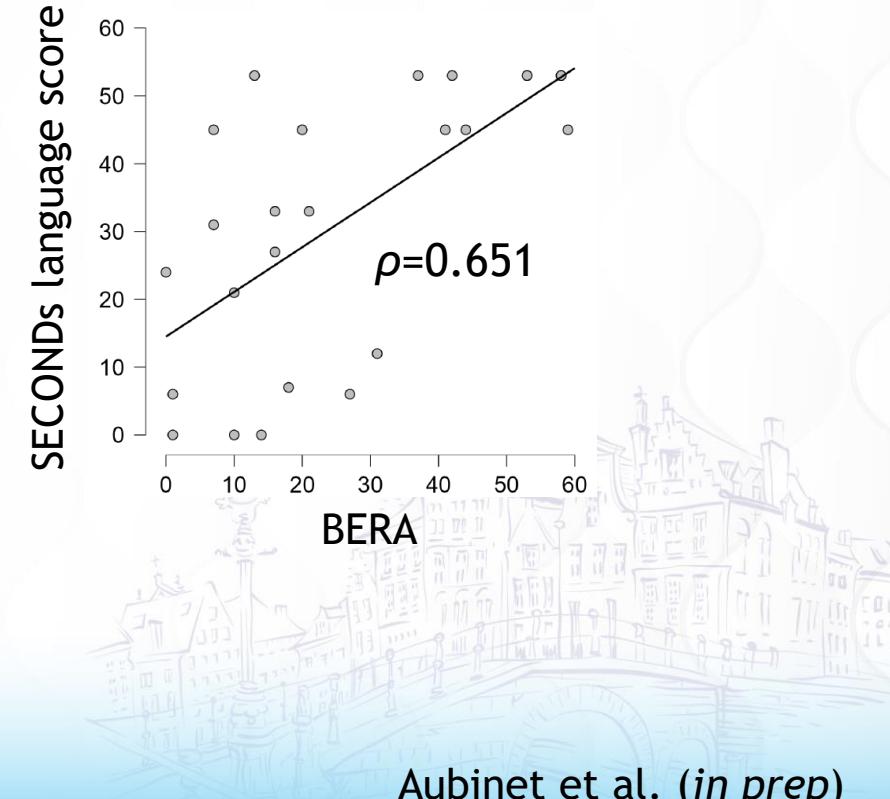
Test-retest reliability



Internal validity



Concurrent validity



Inter-rater reliability: ICC = 0.961

Aubinet et al. (in prep)



# Conclusion & Perspectives

- The BERA may complement the CRS-R or SECONDS scales for assessing and diagnosing post-comatose patients
  - Reduce consciousness misdiagnosis in aphasic patients
- BERA scores also indicate selective receptive difficulties for phonological, semantic and morpho-syntactic abilities
  - Orient speech-language therapies
- Currently adapted in Italian, Spanish, Polish and German
- Development of a computerized BERA with eye-tracking





# Thank you!

**Open-access material :**

<https://www.coma.uliege.be/severe-brain-injury/#dc-diagnosis>

*We need your help!*





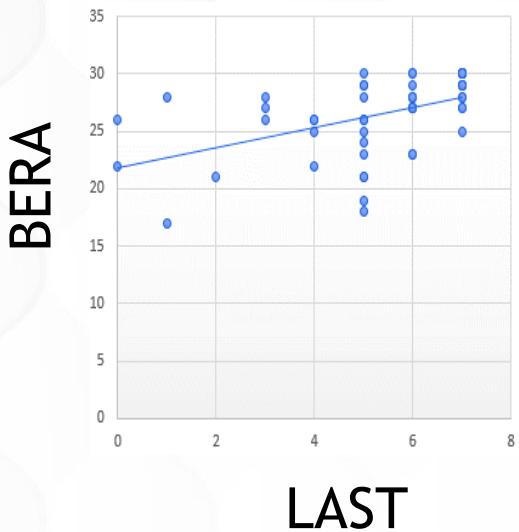
# Administration and scoring

- Word comprehension (= phonology and semantics) then sentence comprehension if the patient succeeds at least for half of word targets
- For each item, indicate whether the fixation was:
  - Correct (**C**)
  - Incorrect (**E**) = towards the distractor
  - Hesitant (**H**) = from one image to the other one
  - Random (**A**) = elsewhere, anywhere
- Words /20 + Sentences /10
  - Subscales /10 → simple /5 vs. complex /5
  - + Semantics: /10 → frequent /5 vs. non-frequent /5
  - Left /10 or /15 vs. right /10 or /15
- Stop criterion : no visual fixation (either correct or incorrect) for 5 consecutive items



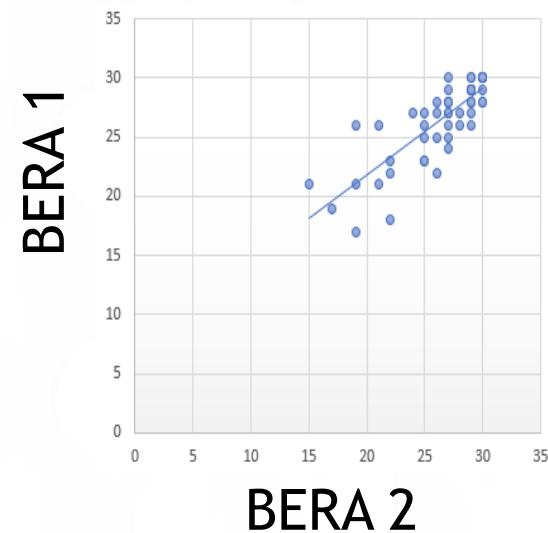
## Validation in 52 aphasic conscious patients

Concurrent validity



Inter-rater reliability:  $\alpha=0,919^*$

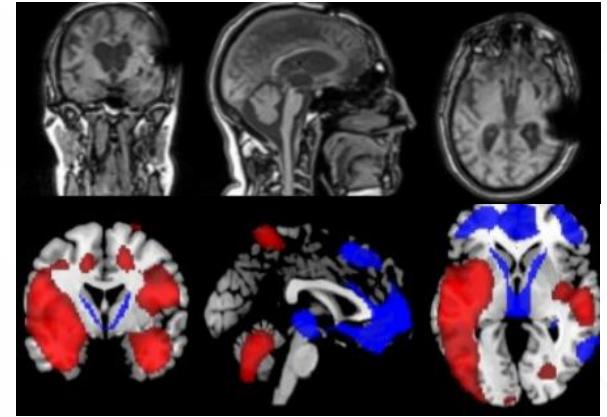
Intra-rater reliability



## Feasibility in post-comatose patients

EMCS

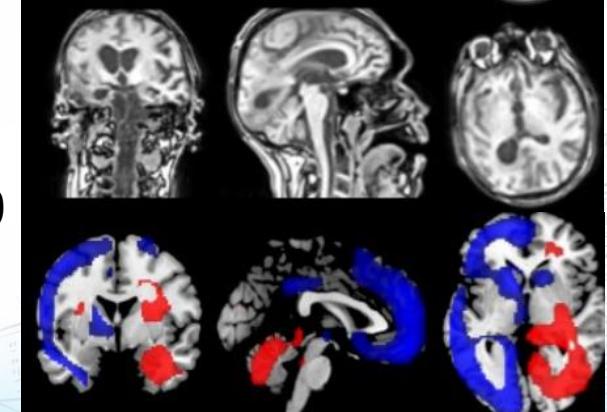
BERA: 22/30  
Phonology: 7/10  
Semantics: 8/10  
Morphosyntax: 7/10



CRS-R: 23/23

MCS-

BERA: 16/30  
Phonology: 7/10  
Semantics: 6/10  
Morphosyntax: 3/10



CRS-R: 9/23