



Multi-sensor devices to monitor urban air quality as a support for the official network: development, selection and calibration

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Objectives

- ▶ Development of low-cost sensor systems (LCSS) for air quality monitoring
- ▶ Calibration campaign collocated with an official monitoring station
- ▶ Evaluation of different calibration approaches



Campaign Herstal – Belgium

- ▶ Official air quality monitoring station (Urban background station)
- ▶ Continuous measurement
 - ▶ NO – APNA 370 HORIBA ® (chemiluminescence)
 - ▶ NO₂ - APNA 370 HORIBA ® (chemiluminescence)
 - ▶ O₃ – APOA 370 HORIBA ® (UV absorption)
 - ▶ PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} – EDM180 GRIMM ® (light scattering)

▶ Campaign

- ▶ Calibration period: from 26-03-2024 to 31-05-2024 (47d)
- ▶ Validation period: from 01-06-2024 to 30-06-2024 (30d)
- ▶ The ranges of the calibrations cover the ranges of the validation (except temperature and O₃)
- ▶ Data: average on 30 minutes (based on 6-s/10-s measurement)

	Period	Min	q0.25	q0.5	Mean	q0.75	Max	NA's
Relative humidity - (%)	Cal.	28	61	84	77.9	98	98	458
	Val.	26	53	81	74.1	98	98	211
Temperature - (°C)	Cal.	-0.5	9	12.7	12.6	15.7	27.5	458
	Val.	7.8	13.6	16.1	16.8	19.3	30	211
Precipitation - (mm)	Cal.	0	0	0	0.1	0	21.4	10
	Val.	0	0	0	0.1	0	9.6	1
NO - (ppb)	Cal.	0	0.8	0.8	2.1	2.4	43.3	83
	Val.	0	0.8	0.8	2.1	2	32.1	78
NO ₂ - (ppb)	Cal.	0.5	3.7	5.8	6.8	8.9	33.4	83
	Val.	0.5	3.1	5.2	6.6	8.9	33.4	78
O ₃ - (ppb)	Cal.	0	21.5	30.6	29.3	37.6	66.1	84
	Val.	1.5	19.5	28.6	30.2	39.6	78.1	76
PM _{2.5} - (µg/m ³)	Cal.	0	0	2.7	5.3	6.5	60.7	13
	Val.	0	2.7	6.5	7.3	11.4	31.7	4
PM ₁₀ - (µg/m ³)	Cal.	0	4	8	12.8	18	258	13
	Val.	0	9	17	19.3	25	157	4

Campaign LCSS

Electrochemical sensors: Alphasense ® for NO, NO₂, O₃

Optical sensors: Sensirion ® SPS30 for PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀

Probe: temperature and humidity

Data acquisition: 1 minute on SD-card and on cloud (Grafana)

No pump: natural air flow

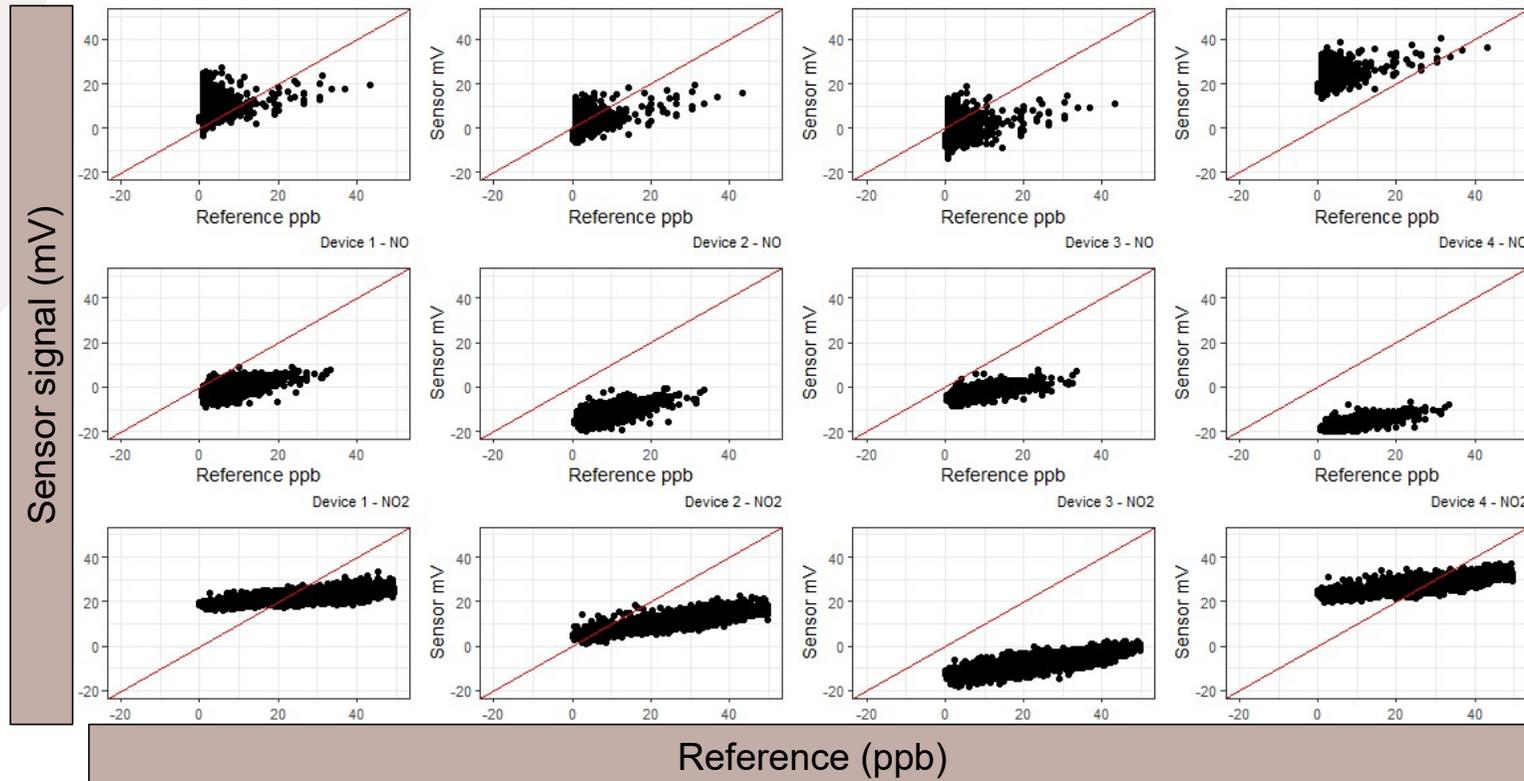


	ECT	Saïga
Number of LCSS	4	1
EC sensors series	B4	A4
EC sensor	WE and AE	WE signal (voltage difference b the working and the counter electrode)
Communication	Wifi / LTE (4G)	LTE (4G)
Power supply	12V	Photovoltaic panel (12-18V)



Gas sensors Results – ECT

Raw data

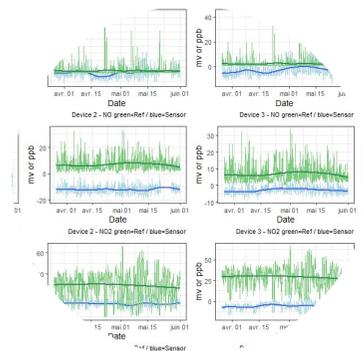


Verification

- Sensors drift
- Effect of temperature and humidity

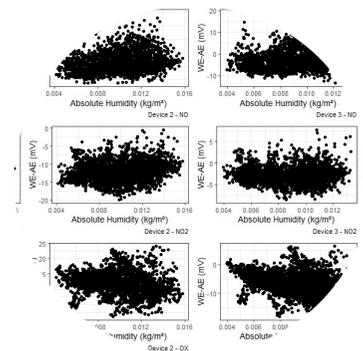
Gas sensors Results – ECT Influence

During this short period
(2 months)



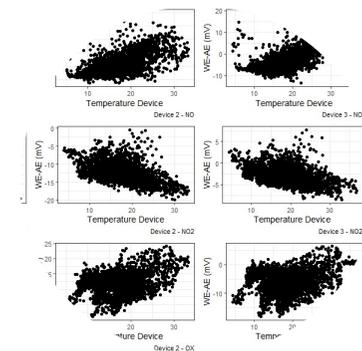
Drift

NO



Absolute Humidity

NO

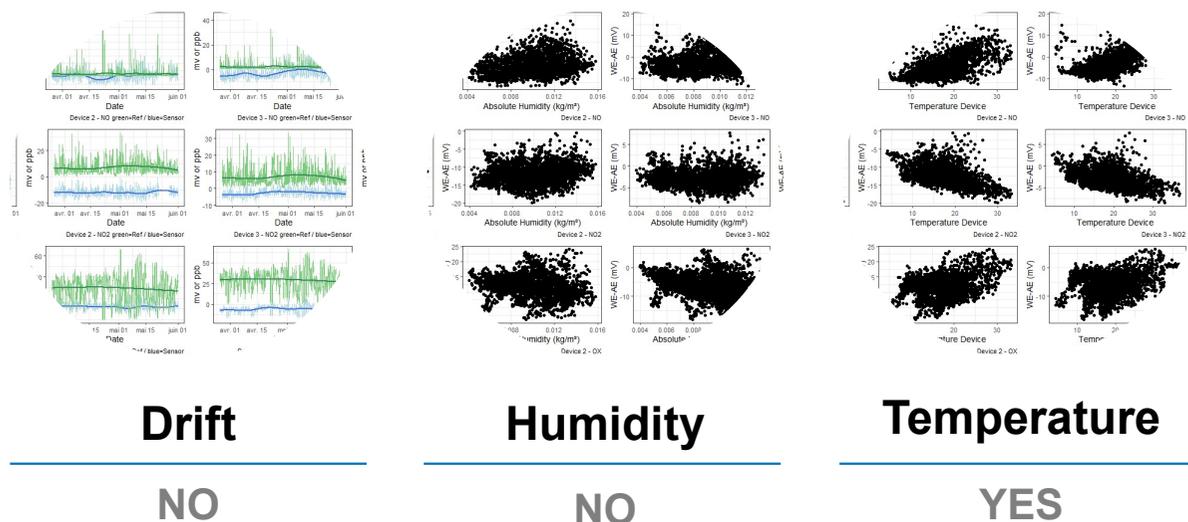


Temperature

YES

Gas sensors Results – ECT Influence

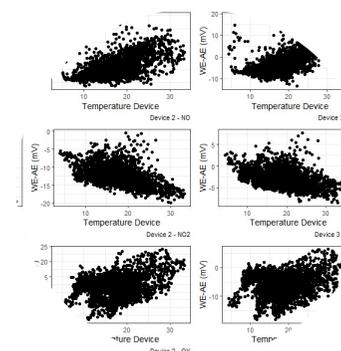
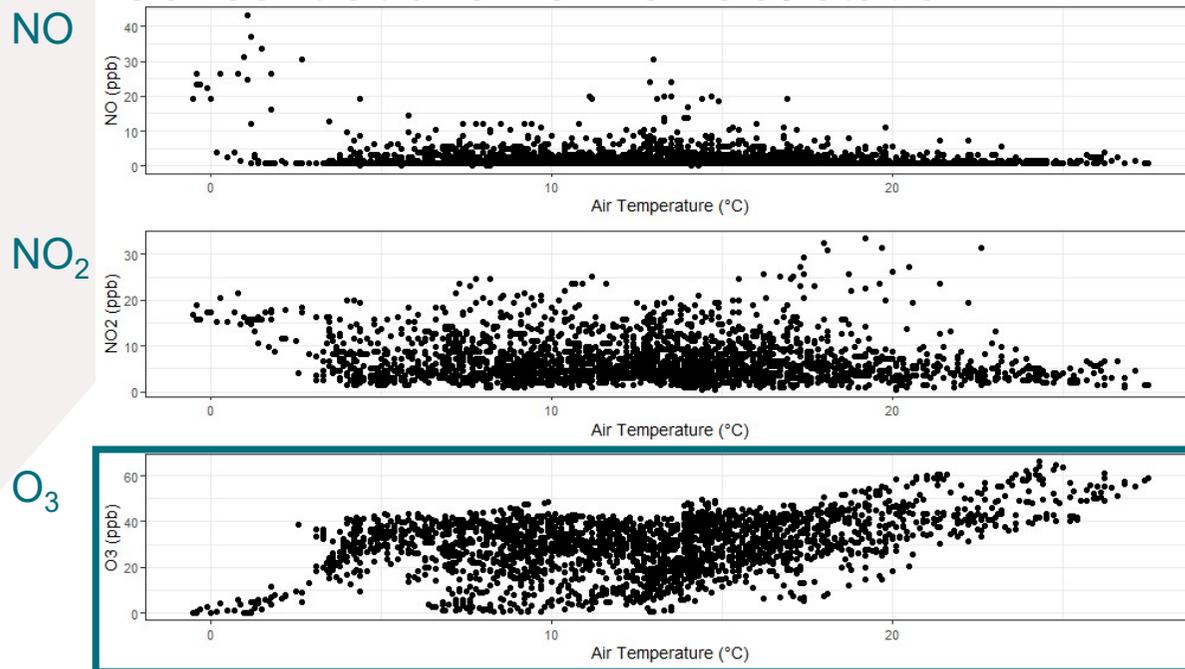
During this short period
(2 months)



Is the sensor or the pollutant influenced
by the temperature?

Gas sensors Results – ECT Influence

Concentrations from official station



Temperature

YES

NO and NO₂ concentrations no affected by temperature.

↳ Sensor influenced by temperature

O₃ affected by temperature

Gas sensors Results - ECT Calibration models

Individual calibration dataset

Model 1

Linear model (LM)

$$y = ax + b$$

$x = \text{pollutant concentration}$

$y = \text{sensor signal}$

$$O_3 = O_x - NO_{2 (raw)}$$

Model 2

Linear model (LM)

$$y = ax_t + b$$

$x_t = \text{temperature}$

$y = \text{sensor signal}$

$$y' = ax_{ref} + b$$

$x_{ref} = \text{pollutant concentration}$

$y' = \text{sensor signal corrected}$

$$O_3 = O_x - NO_{2 (T corrected)}$$

Model 3

Multi-Linear model

$$y = ax_t + bx_{ref} + c$$

$x_t = \text{temperature}$

$x_{ref} = \text{pollutant concentration}$

$y = \text{sensor signal}$

$$O_3 = O_x - NO_{2 (raw)}$$

Data

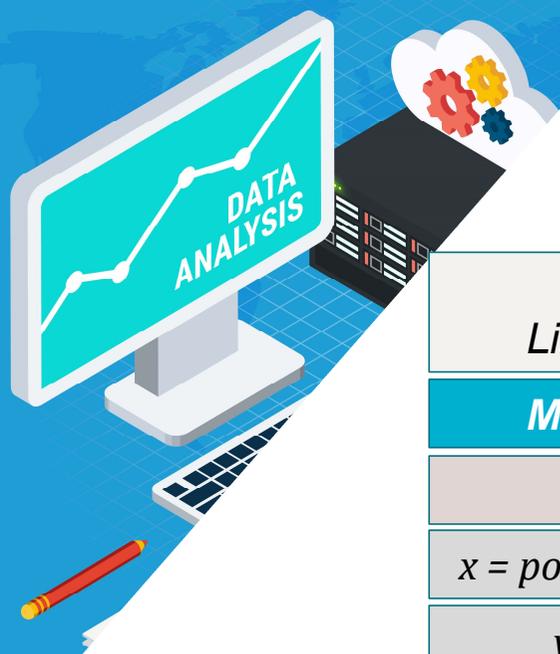
- 4 sensors for each pollutant
- Sensor values WE and AE (mV)
- Reference values expressed (ppb)
- Temperature (°C)

Cross validation

K fold = 10



ANALYSIS BIG DATA



Gas sensors Results - ECT Calibration models

Model 1.A
Linear model (LM)

Merge all dataset

$$y = ax + b$$

$x =$ pollutant concentration

$y =$ sensor signal

$$O_3 = OX - NO_2 (raw)$$

Model 2.A
Linear model (LM)

Individual dataset

$$y = ax_t + b$$

$x_t =$ temperature

$y =$ sensor signal

Merge all dataset

$$y' = ax_{ref} + b$$

$x_{ref} =$ pollutant concentration

$y' =$ sensor signal corrected

$$O_3 = OX - NO_2 (T corrected)$$

Model 3.A
Multi-Linear model

Merge all dataset

$$y = ax_t + bx_{ref} + c$$

$x_t =$ temperature

$x_{ref} =$ pollutant concentration

$y =$ sensor signal

$$O_3 = OX - NO_2 (raw) + b$$

Data

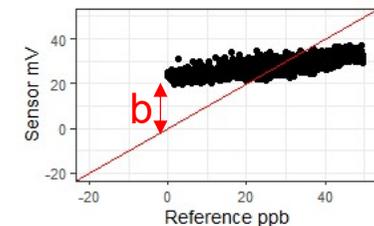
- 4 sensors for each pollutant
- Sensor values WE and AE (mV)
- Reference values expressed (ppb)
- Temperature (°C)

Cross validation

K fold = 10

Alternative

All dataset by pollutant merge in one



Gas sensors Results - ECT

Validation period – best models

NO - Model 2 (T correction – IDS)*

Reference / Sensor

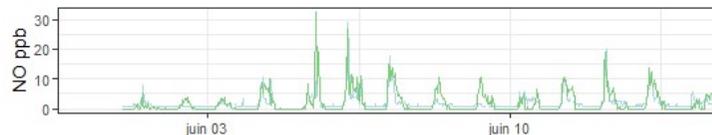
Sensor 1

R² 0.36
LIN 0.51
MAE 2.3
RMSE 4.28



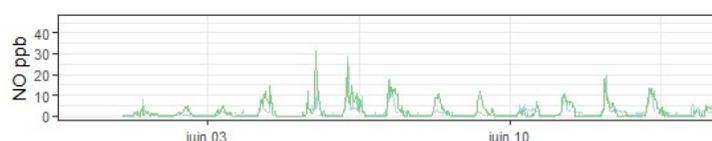
Sensor 2

R² 0.41
LIN 0.61
MAE 1.83
RMSE 2.96



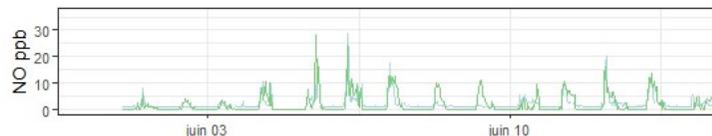
Sensor 3

R² 0.42
LIN 0.59
MAE 2.03
RMSE 3.48



Sensor 4

R² 0.45
LIN 0.64
MAE 1.9
RMSE 3.12



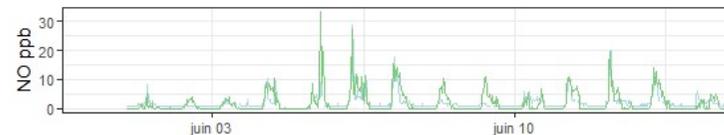
NO - Model 2.A (T correction – ADS*)

Reference / Sensor

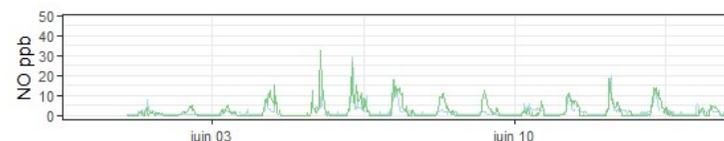
R² 0.37
LIN 0.54
MAE 2.12
RMSE 3.82



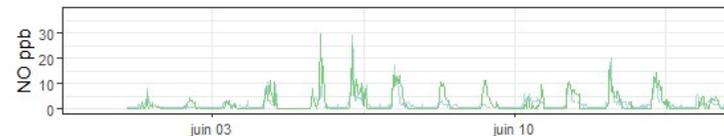
R² 0.41
LIN 0.6
MAE 1.87
RMSE 3.03



R² 0.42
LIN 0.58
MAE 2.08
RMSE 3.61



R² 0.45
LIN 0.63
MAE 1.96
RMSE 3.24

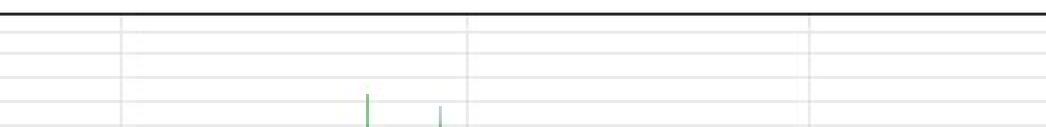
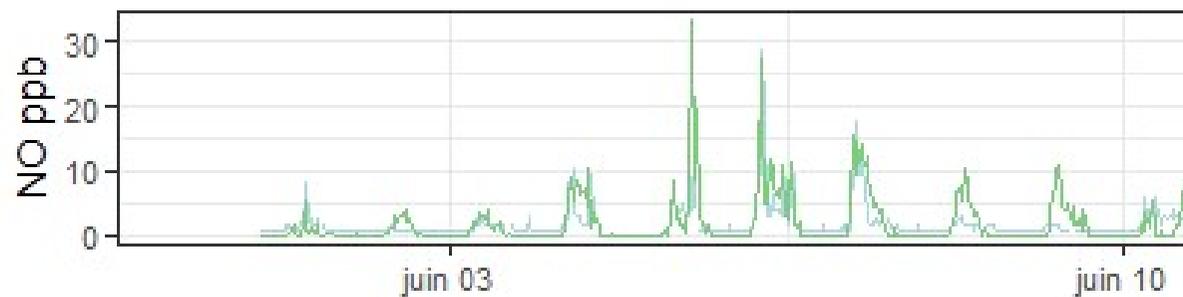
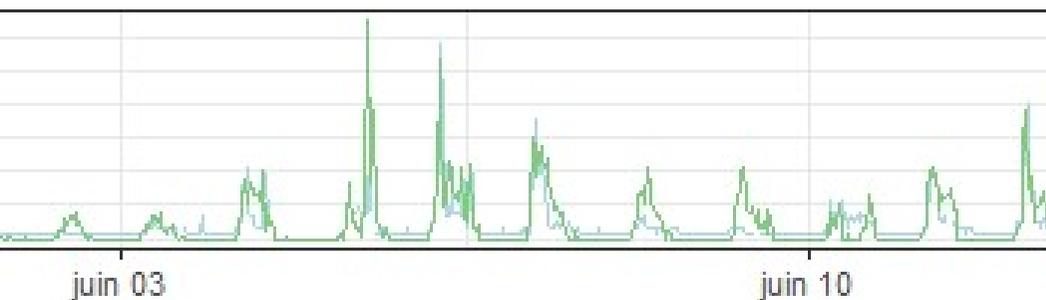
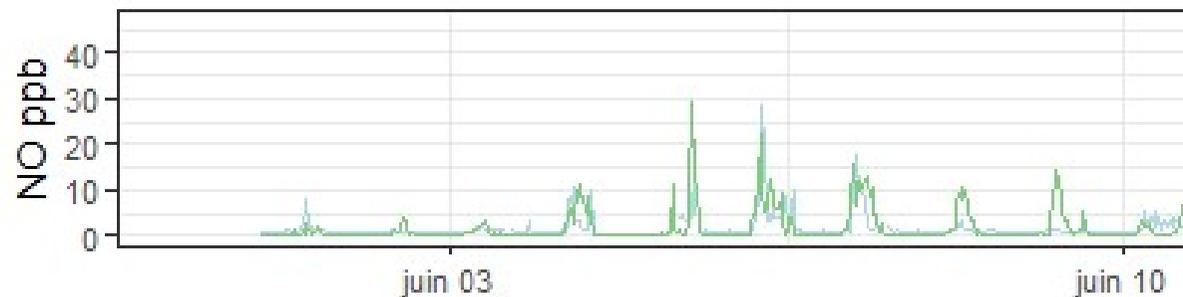
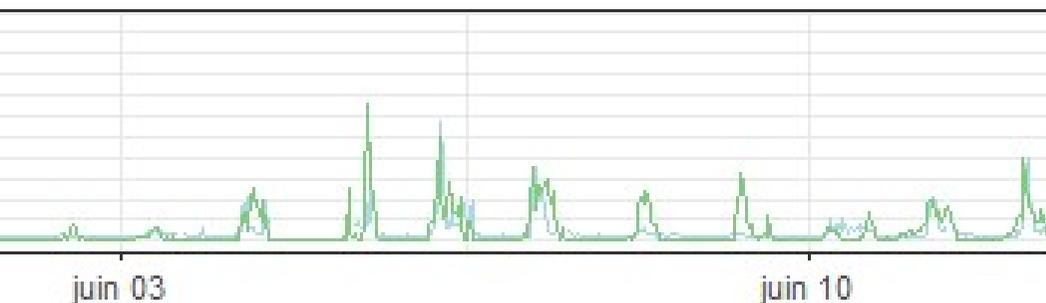


*IDS=Individual dataset ; ADS=All dataset



Gas sensors Results - ECT

Validation period – best models



Gas sensors Results - ECT

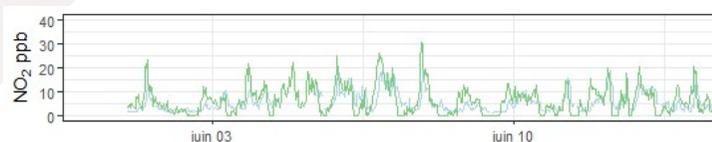
Validation period – best models

NO₂ - Model 2 (T correction – IDS)*

Reference / Sensor

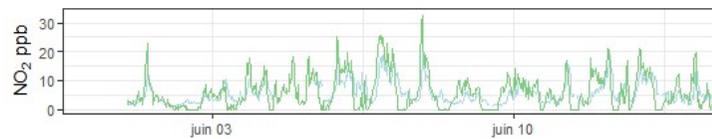
Sensor 1

R² 0.38
LIN 0.54
MAE 4.5
RMSE 6.04



Sensor 2

R² 0.45
LIN 0.6
MAE 3.58
RMSE 4.89



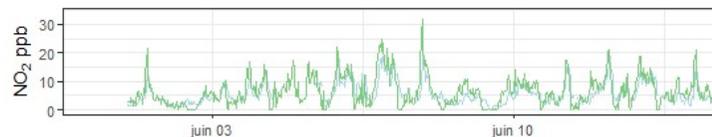
Sensor 3

R² 0.43
LIN 0.59
MAE 3.92
RMSE 5.41



Sensor 4

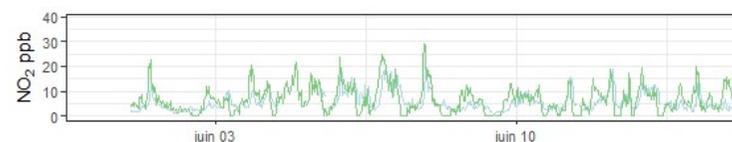
R² 0.57
LIN 0.71
MAE 3.08
RMSE 4.21



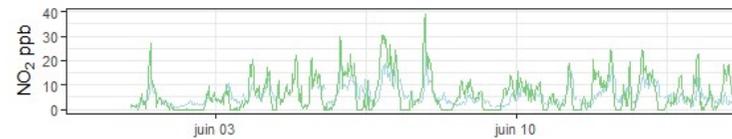
NO₂ – Model 2.A (T correction – ADS)*

Reference / Sensor

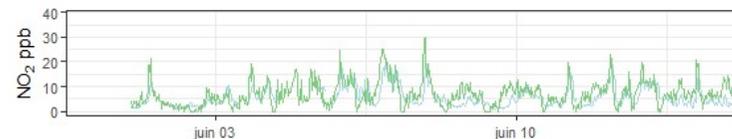
R² 0.38
LIN 0.55
MAE 4.3
RMSE 5.77



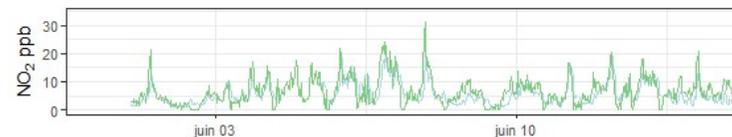
R² 0.45
LIN 0.53
MAE 4.35
RMSE 6.1



R² 0.43
LIN 0.6
MAE 3.71
RMSE 5.08



R² 0.58
LIN 0.71
MAE 3.07
RMSE 4.2

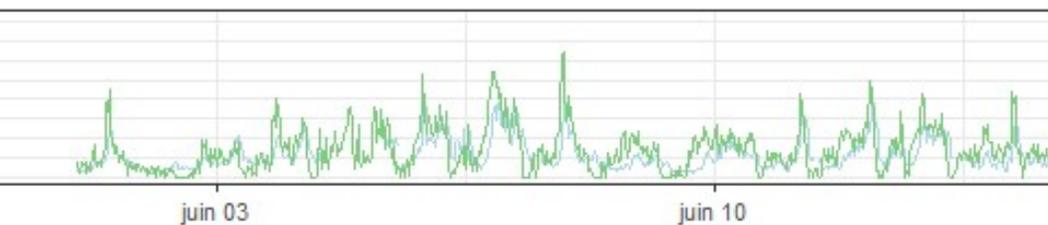
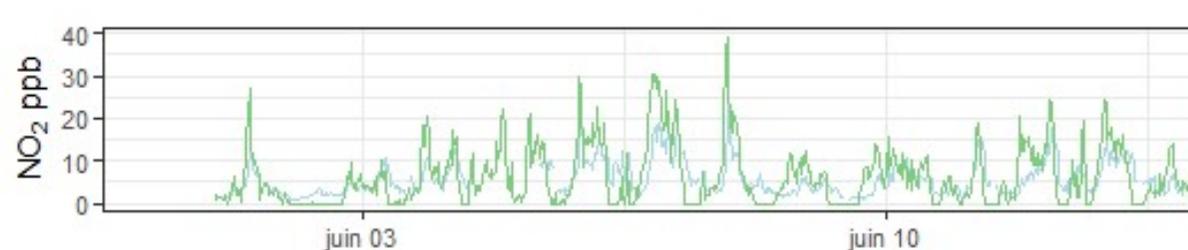
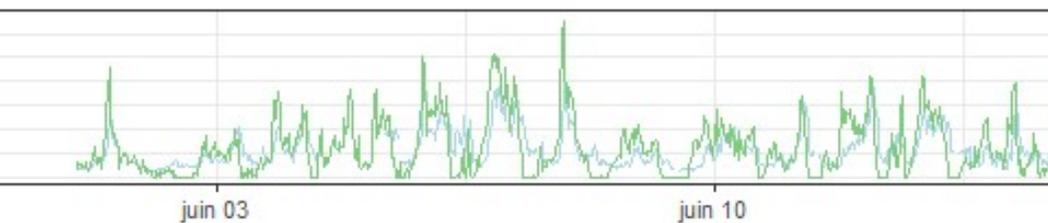
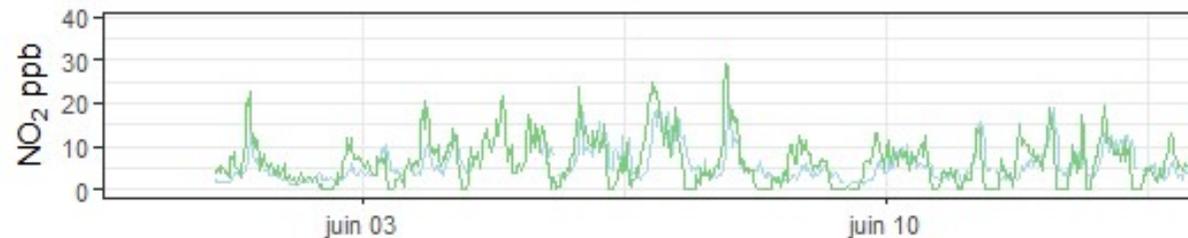
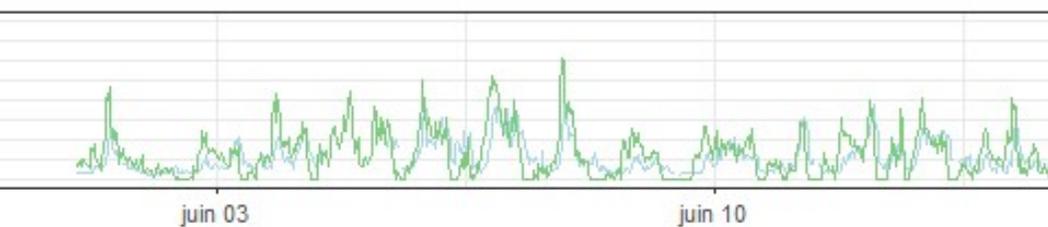


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Gas sensors Results - ECT

Validation period – best models



Gas sensors Results - ECT

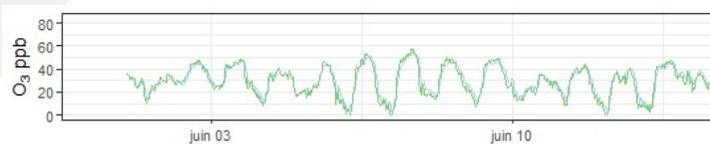
Validation period – best models

O₃ - Model 3 (T in the model – IDS*)

Reference / Sensor

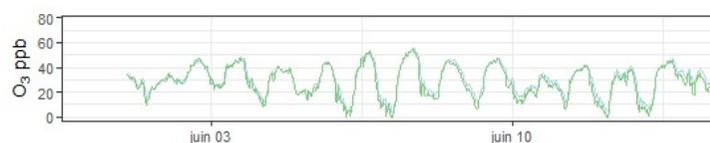
Sensor 1

R² 0.92
LIN 0.95
MAE 3.89
RMSE 5.13



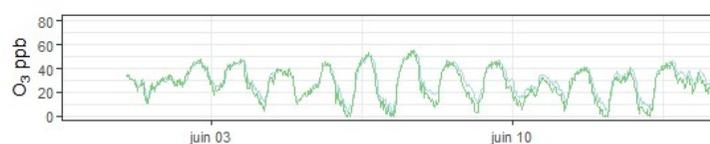
Sensor 2

R² 0.94
LIN 0.96
MAE 3.07
RMSE 4



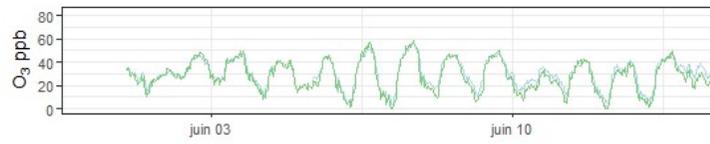
Sensor 3

R² 0.93
LIN 0.94
MAE 4.43
RMSE 5.57



Sensor 4

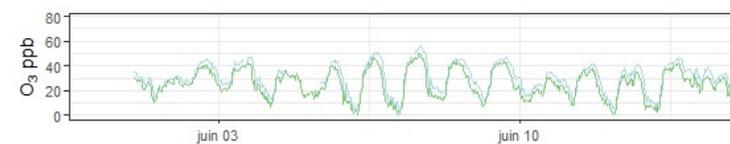
R² 0.95
LIN 0.96
MAE 3.69
RMSE 4.6



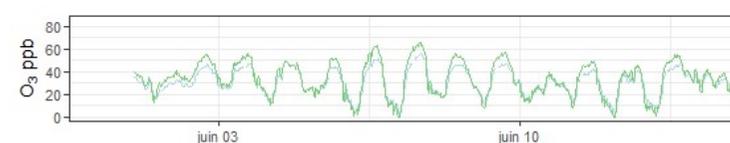
O₃ - Model 3.A (T in the model – ADS*)

Reference / Sensor

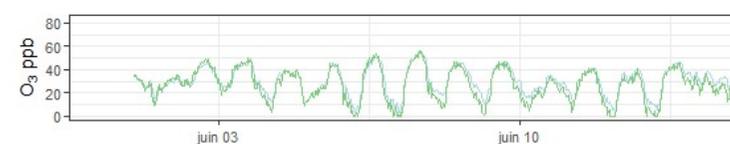
R² 0.92
LIN 0.95
MAE 3.89
RMSE 5.13



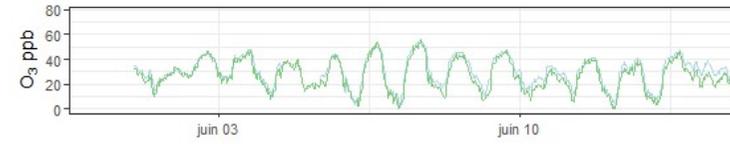
R² 0.94
LIN 0.96
MAE 3.07
RMSE 4



R² 0.93
LIN 0.94
MAE 4.43
RMSE 5.57



R² 0.95
LIN 0.96
MAE 3.69
RMSE 4.6

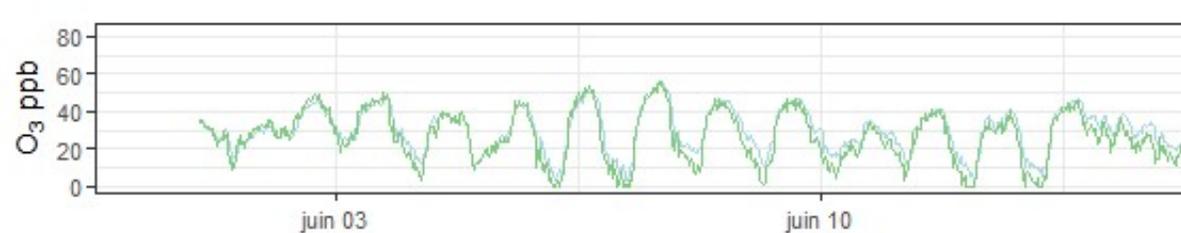
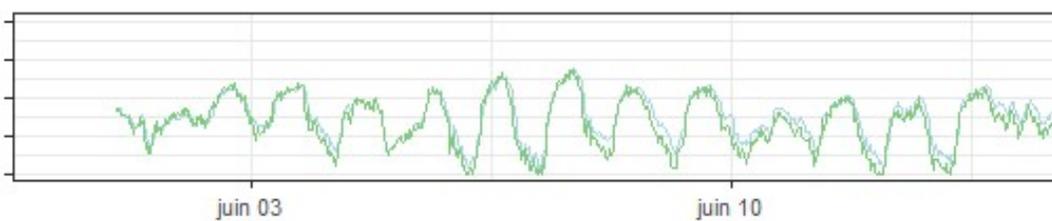
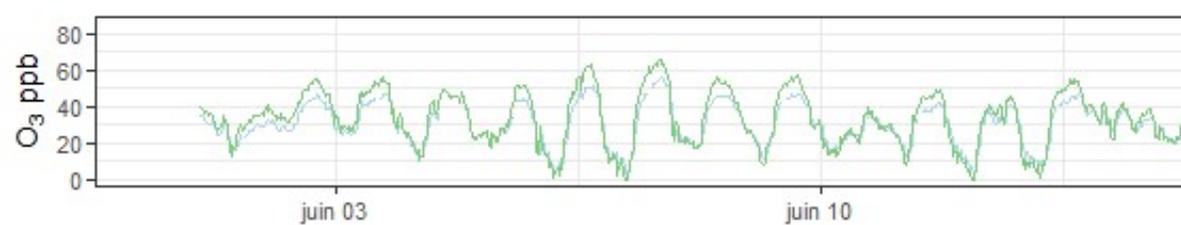
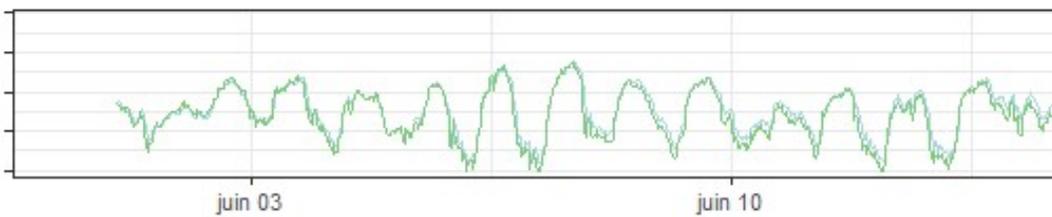
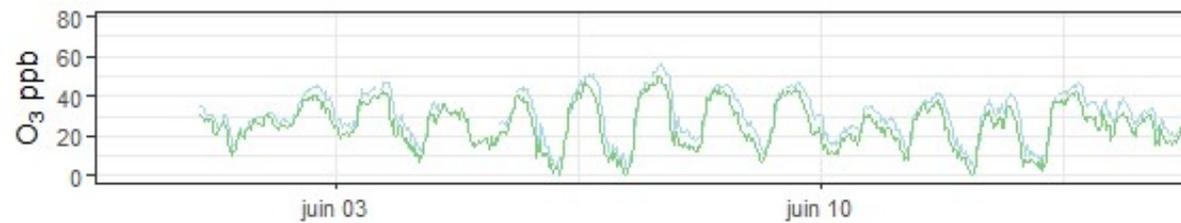
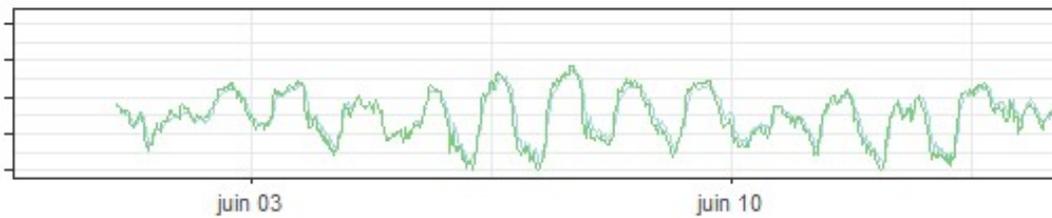


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Gas sensors Results - ECT

Validation period – best models



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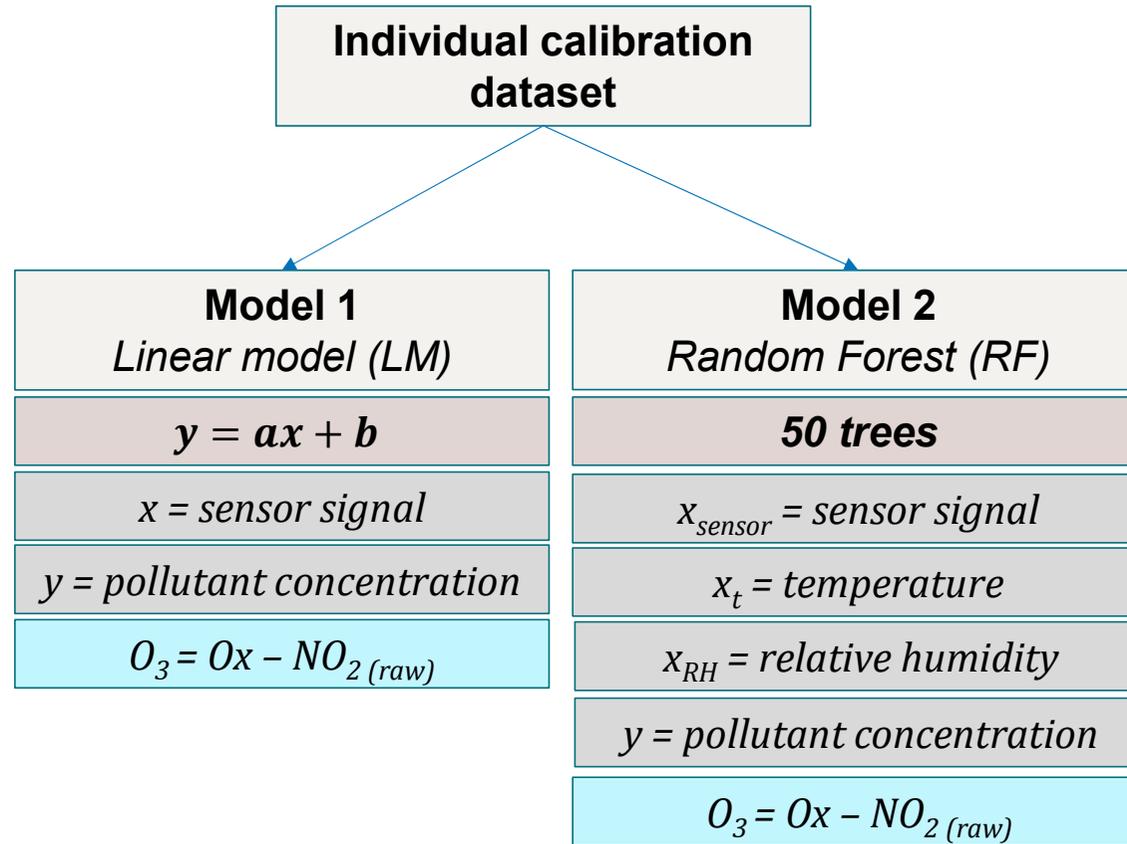


Data

- 1 sensor for each pollutant but the PM_x that provides both $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10}
- Sensor raw values (WE-CE)
- No use of the AE
- Reference values expressed in $\mu g/m^3$
- Temperature expressed in $^{\circ}C$
- Relative humidity expressed in %

Gas sensors Results – Saïga (ISSeP)

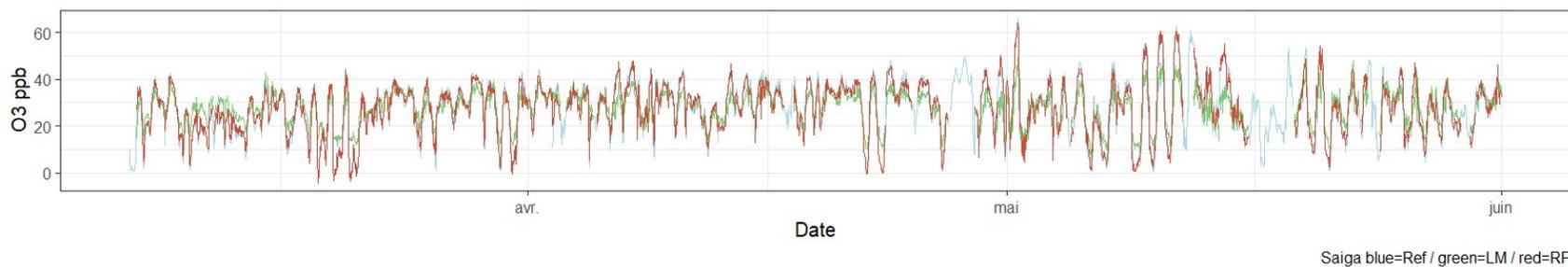
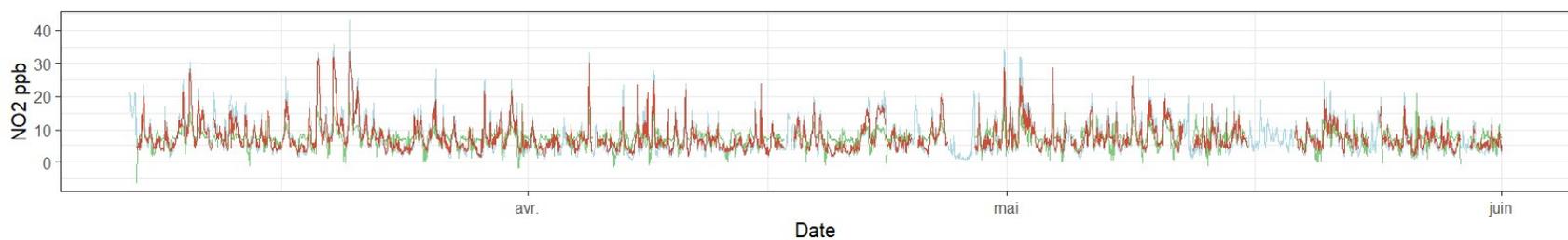
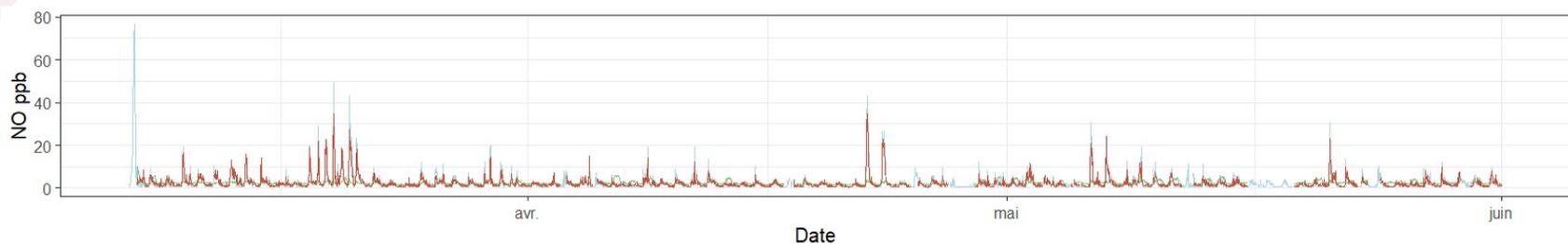
Calibration models



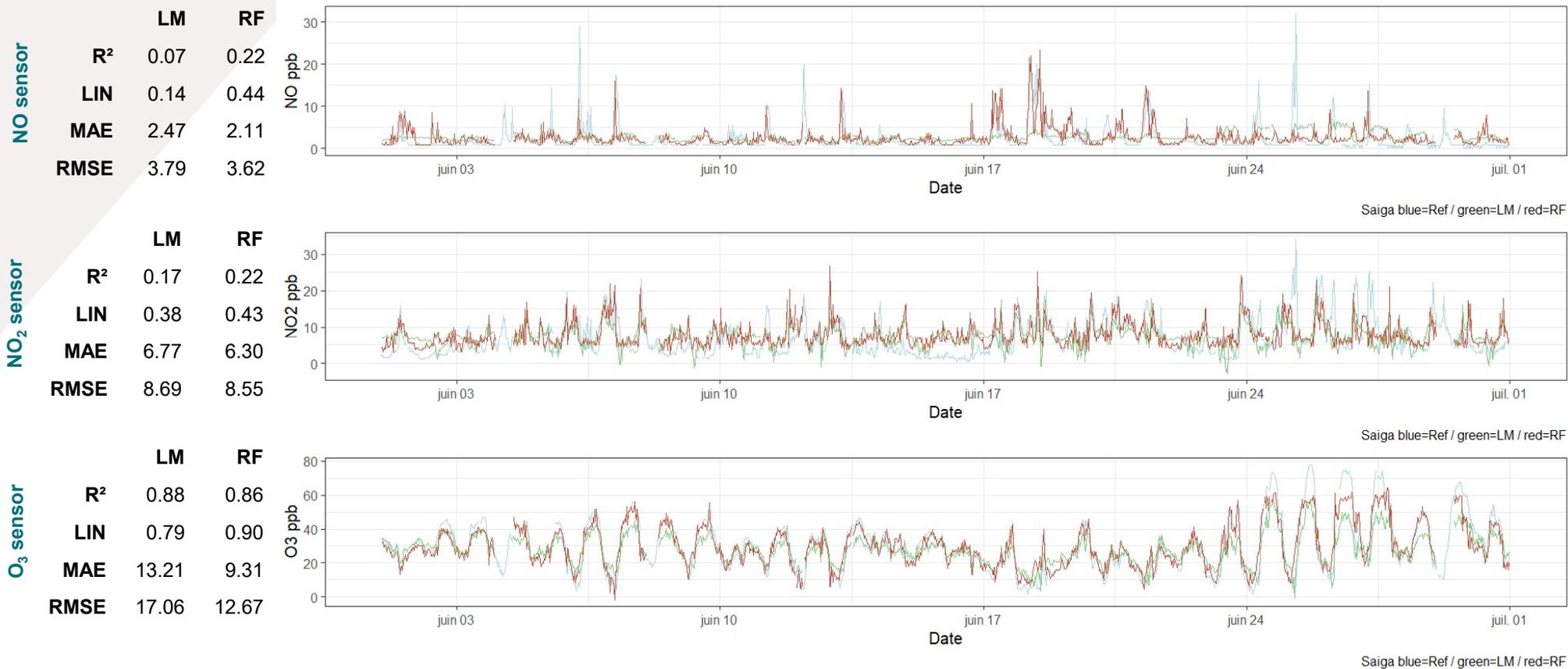
Gas sensors Results – Saiga (ISSeP)

Calibration models

Random forest
fit very well on
the calibration
dataset



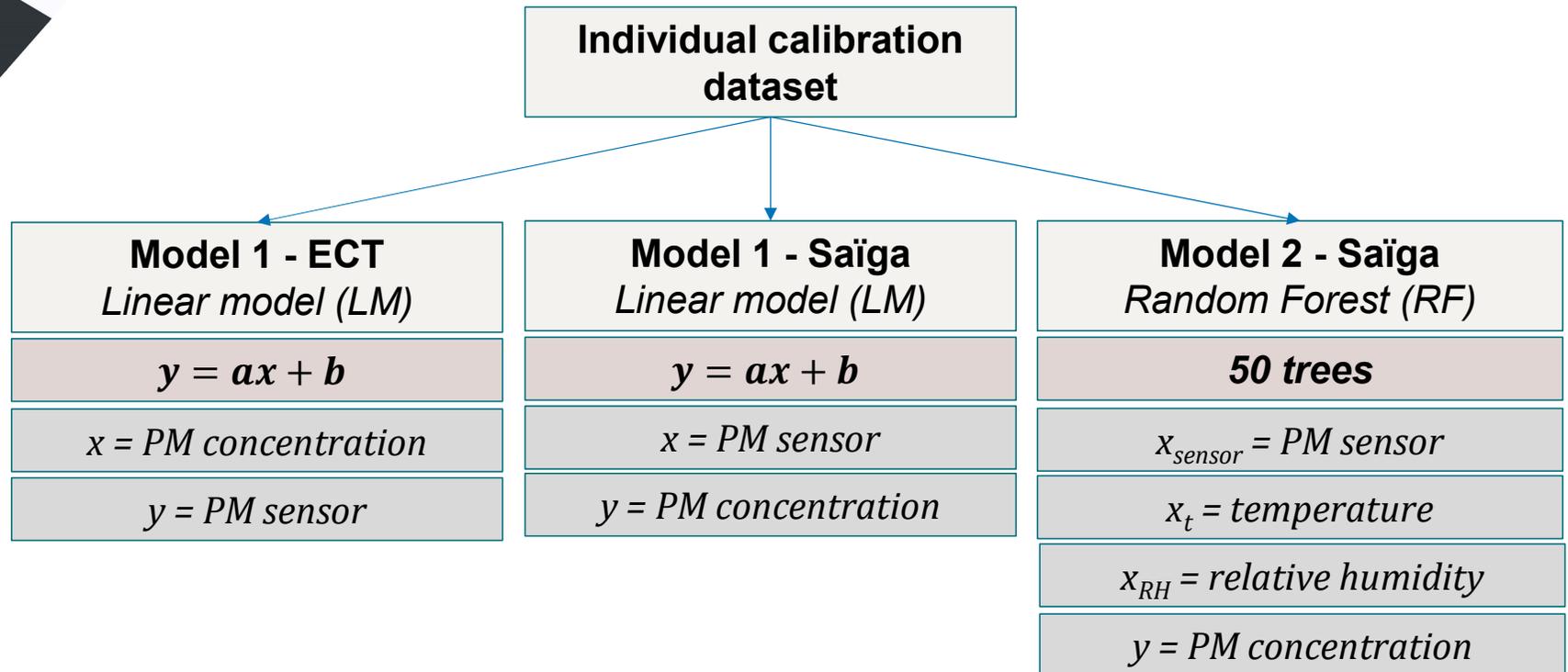
Gas sensors Results – Saïga (ISSeP) Validation period – best models



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Optical sensors Results ECT & Saïga Calibration models



ANALYSIS BIG DATA



Optical sensors Results ECT & Saïga Validation

PM_{2.5}

Saïga		
	LM	RF
R ²	0.76	0.82
LIN	0.82	0.90
MAE	2.19	1.78
RMSE	3.28	2.65

ECT									
		+1		+2		+3		+4	
		Device 2		Device 4		Device 3		Device 1	
	LM	LM	LM	LM	LM	LM	LM	LM	LM
R ²	0.8	R ²	0.79	R ²	0.78	R ²	0.75	R ²	0.75
LIN	0.82	LIN	0.8	LIN	0.81	LIN	0.8	LIN	0.8
MAE	2.27	MAE	2.37	MAE	2.34	MAE	2.5	MAE	2.5
RMSE	3.34	RMSE	3.51	RMSE	3.48	RMSE	3.63	RMSE	3.63

PM₁₀

	LM	RF
R ²	0.13	0.32
LIN	0.18	0.48
MAE	9.70	7.66
RMSE	17.05	14.30

	LM	LM	LM	LM	LM
R ²	0.18	R ²	0.19	R ²	0.18
LIN	0.23	LIN	0.14	LIN	0.14
MAE	10.28	MAE	14.49	MAE	13.7
RMSE	16.29	RMSE	20.61	RMSE	80.05
					RMSE
					20.98



Air flow

Conclusions

Gas sensors

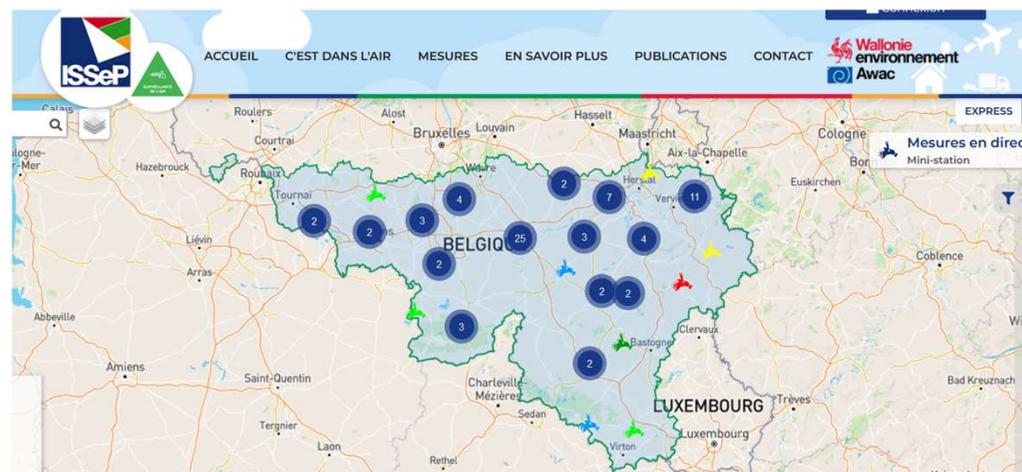
- ▶ Temperature:
 - ▶ Correction is mandatory
 - ▶ T is a variable of the model for O_3
- ▶ A single equation for all LCSS seems promising
- ▶ RF seems promising during the calibration period but not for generalization (other conditions)
- ▶ A4 series sensors perform not as well as the B4 series

Optical sensors

- ▶ Better results for $PM_{2.5}$ than for PM_{10} ,
- ▶ SPS30 is adequate for the monitoring of $PM_{2.5}$ in suburban environments.
- ▶ Particles measurement is a function of height.

On-going

- ▶ Evaluation of the robustness of the calibration models over various environments
 - locations, station types, seasons
- ▶ On going data treatment from other LCSS (Winsense ®, metal oxide sensors SGX)
- ▶ On-going on-site installation in Walloon region (ISSeP)



<https://wallonair.be>

Thank you for your attention Questions ?

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