

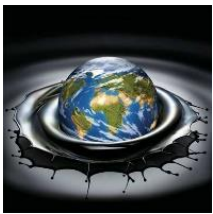


THE ROLE OF GC×GC IN MINERAL OIL ANALYSIS. APPLICATION OF A COMPLETE LC-GC×GC-FID/TOFMS PLATFORM

Giorgia Purcaro, Grégory Bauwens, Aleksandra Gorska

Gembloux Agro Bio-Tech, University of Liège, Belgium

gpurcaro@uliege.be



MINERAL OIL HYDROCARBONS (MOH): DEFINITION*

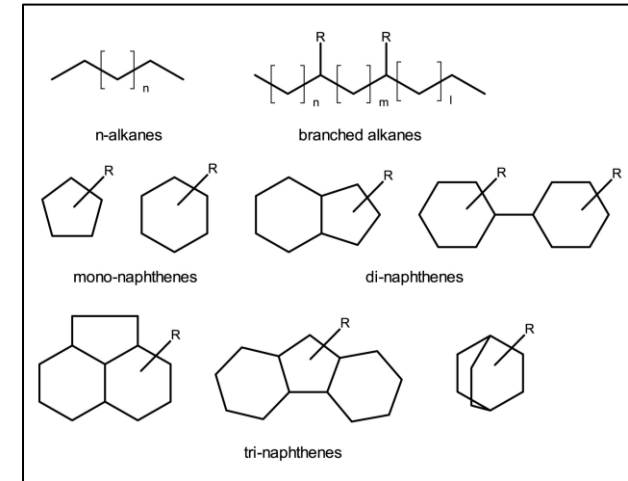
a wide range of products deriving from petroleum distillation fractions

Containing mainly:

MOSH

Mineral oil saturated hydrocarbons

- n-alkane
- isoalkane
- cycloalkane

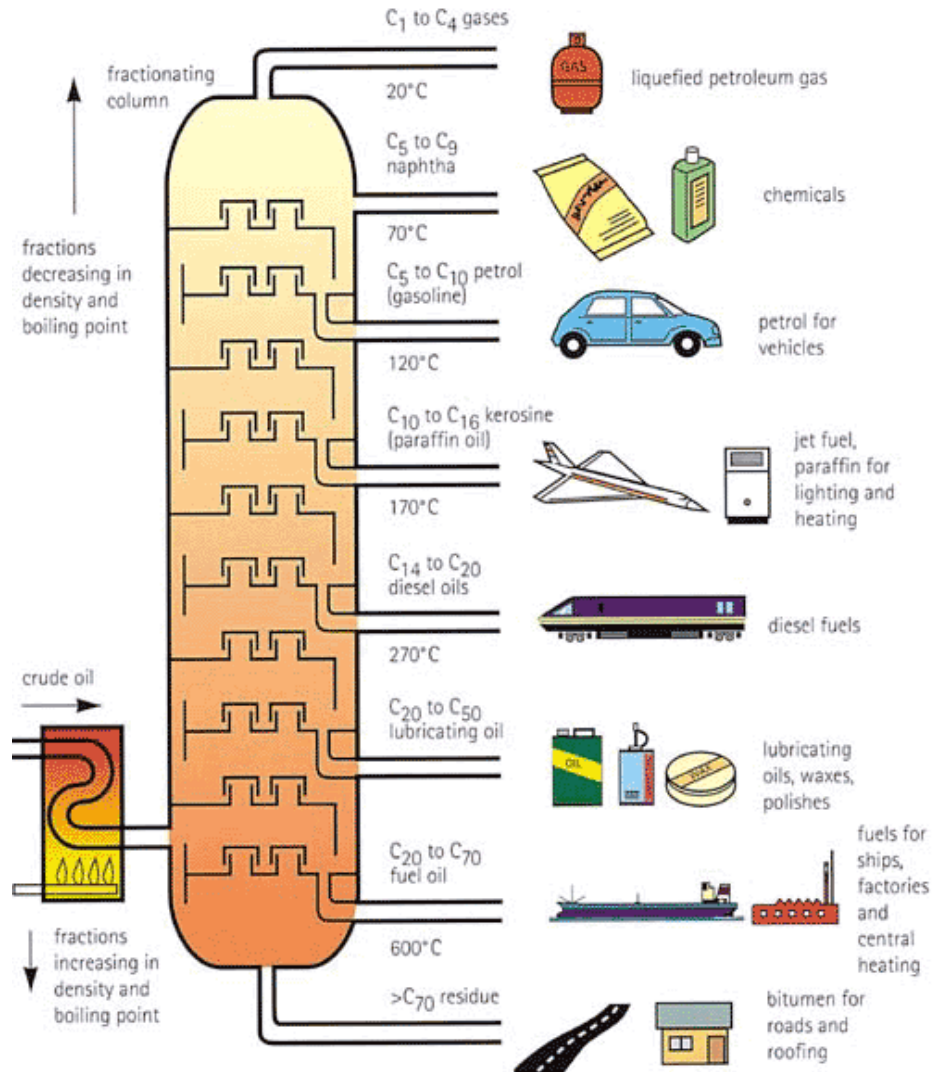
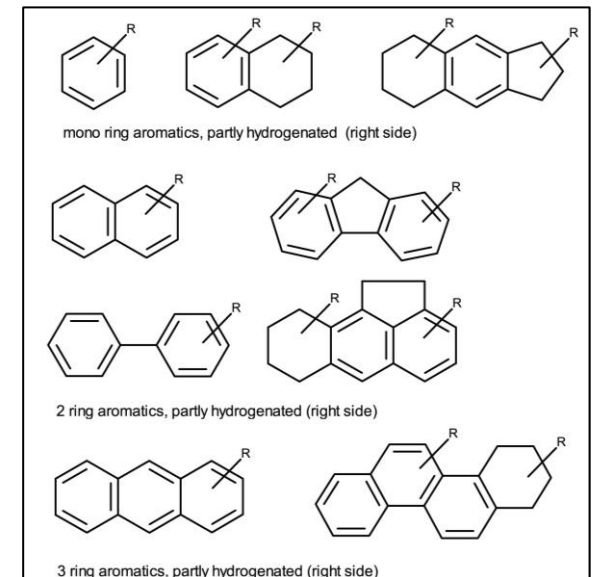


MOAH

Mineral oil aromatic hydrocarbons

May contains also:

- Aromatic hydrocarbons, mainly alkylated



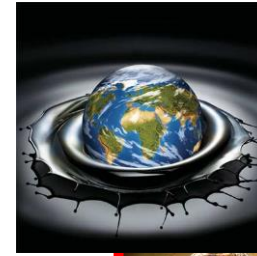
*Biedermann M, Fiselier K, Grob K Aromatic hydrocarbons of mineral oil origin in foods: Method for determining the total concentration and first result. J Agric Food Chem. 2009;57:8711- 21.

Brief overview on the mineral oil analysis

Partially Concurrent Eluent Evaporation with an Early Vapor Exit; Detection of Food Irradiation through Coupled LC-GC Analysis of the Fat

J High Resol Chromatogr. 1989 12:591-598.

Maurus Biedermann, Konrad Grob*, and Werner Meier
Kantonales Labor, P. O. Box, CH-8030 Zürich, Switzerland



1989

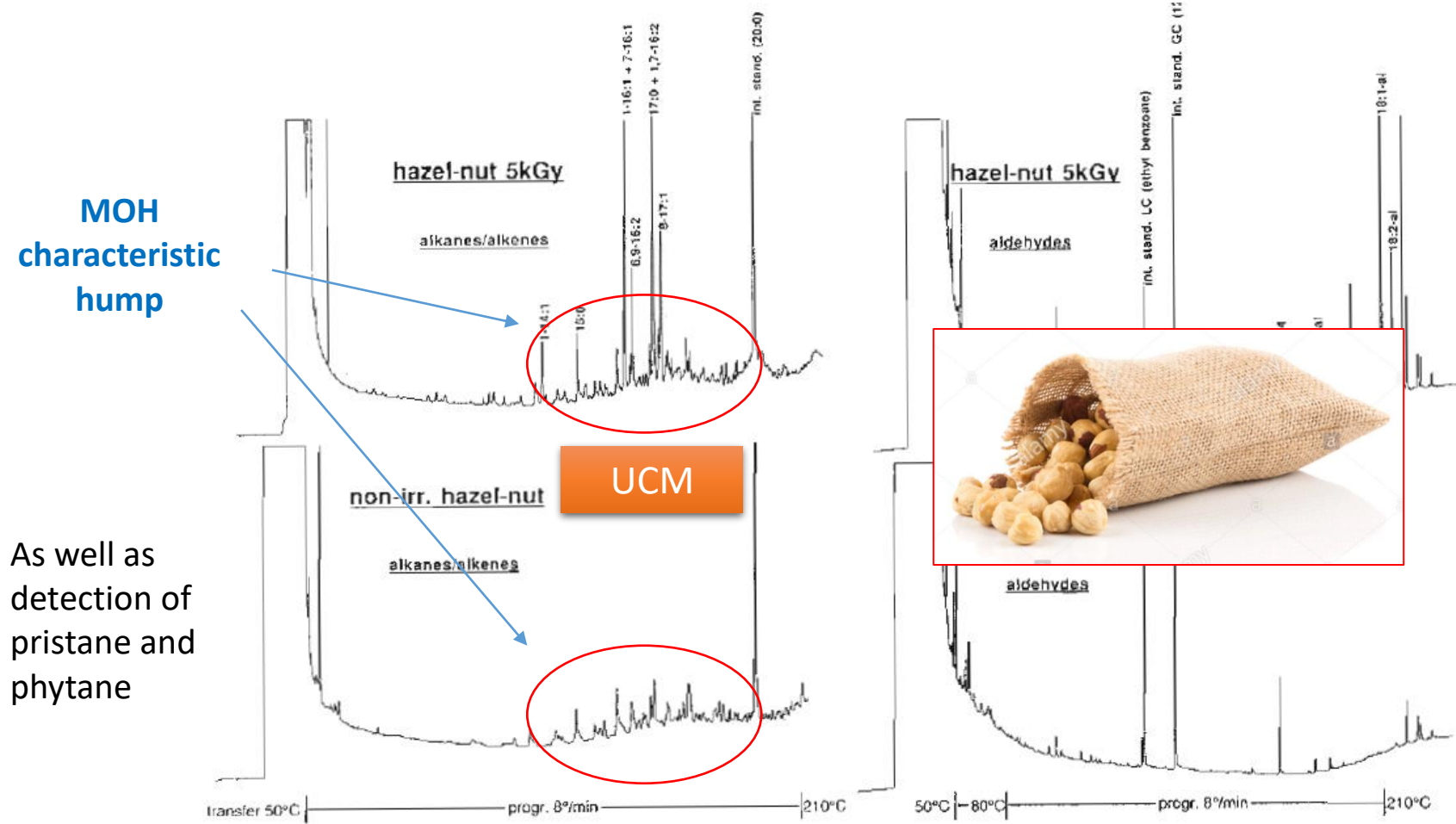


Figure 6

Alkane/alkene and aldehyde fractions of irradiated and non-irradiated hazelnuts. The poorly resolved alkanes in the matrix of the alkane/alkene fraction probably indicate a contamination of the nuts with mineral oil.




European Food Safety Authority

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[Home](#) / [Newsroom](#) / [Sunflower oil: contamination with mineral oil from Ukraine...](#)

Sunflower oil: contamination with mineral oil from Ukraine - Update

Published: 28 April 2008



Migration of mineral oil from packaging materials to foodstuffs

BfR Opinion No. 008/2010, 09 December 2009

1989

2008/2009

Original Research Papers

Partially Concurrent Eluent Evaporation with an Early Vapor Exit; Detection of Food Irradiation through Coupled LC-GC Analysis of the Fat

Maurus Biedermann, Konrad Grob*, and Werner Meier
Kantonales Labor, P. O. Box, CH-8030 Zürich, Switzerland

LC-GC&MOH

PUBLIC OPINION

2009

foodwatch

Test 2015

NEWS | 24.10.2019

foodwatch Laboratory Tests: Suspected Carcinogenic Mineral Oil Residues in Baby Milk

MINERAL OIL IN FOODS

2019



NEWS

Aromatic Mineral Oil Residues from Advertisements

A German Consumer Protection Agency Suspects that Recycled Paper and Cardboard Contaminated with Aromatic Mineral Oil Residues

© November 26, 2012 Charlotte W.

The German Consumer Protection Agency Stiftung Warentest has tested 9 advent calendars. Some calendars contained chocolate with mineral oil residues. The agency suspects the recycled carton is the culprit. Recycled paper often contains residues of aromatic mineral oil. Printed Christmas motives may be partially responsible for the contamination. The other types of mineral oils are not suspected to be carcinogenic. The liver in animal studies showed inflammation. In the liver in animal studies, only a single one of the 24 advent calendars tested contained mineral oil residues.

Read more



NEWS

Mineral oils in food

Foodwatch study shows contamination of food packaging and introduction of functional...

Home News Resources Food Packaging & Health Events About Us

Mineral oils in food packaging; online petition launched to call for EU-wide testing of 120 dry food products and with a long shelf-life (e.g. cereals, biscuits, nuts, oils, fats, etc.)

RELATED ARTICLES

EFSA publishes opinion on mineral oil residues in paper or board with mineral oils; online petition launched to call for EU-wide testing of 120 dry food products and with a long shelf-life (e.g. cereals, biscuits, nuts, oils, fats, etc.)

EFSA publishes opinion on mineral oil residues in paper or board with mineral oils; online petition launched to call for EU-wide testing of 120 dry food products and with a long shelf-life (e.g. cereals, biscuits, nuts, oils, fats, etc.)



High number of calendars made out of virgin fibre board




efsa
European Food Safety Authority

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Home [Newsroom](#) [Sunflower oil: contamination with mineral oil from Ukraine](#)

Sunflower oil: contamination with mineral oil

Published: 28 April 2008



Migration of mineral oil
BfR Opinion No. 008/2010



European Food Safety Authority

EFSA Journal 2012;10(6):2704

SCIENTIFIC OPINION

Scientific Opinion on Mineral Oil Hydrocarbons in Food¹

EFSA Panel on Contaminants in the Food Chain (CONTAM)^{2,3}

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), Parma, Italy

This scientific output, published on 28 August 2013, replaces the earlier version published on 6 June 2012*.

1989

2008/2009

2012

Original Research Papers

Partially Concurrent Eluent Evaporation with an Early Vapor Exit; Detection of Food Irradiation through Coupled LC-GC Analysis of the Fat

Maurus Biedermann, Konrad Grob*, and Werner Meier
Kantonales Labor, P. O. Box, CH-8030 Zürich, Switzerland

LC-GC&MOH



European Food Safety Authority

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Sunflower oil: contamination with mineral oil

Published: 28 April 2008

Migration of mineral oil

BfR Opinion No. 008/2010

European Food Safety Authority

EFSA Journal 2012;10(6):2704

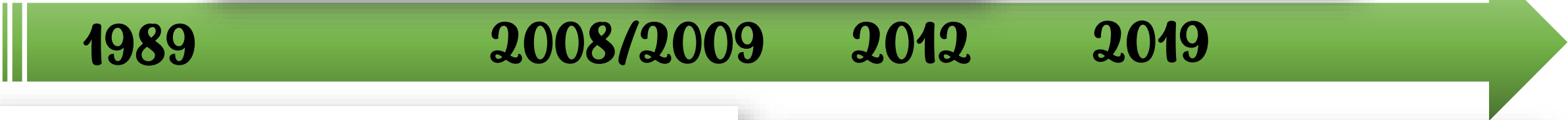
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LC-GC&MOH

TECHNICAL REPORT

APPROVED: 15 November 2019
doi:10.2903/sp.efsa.2019.EN-1741

NEWS | 24.10.2019
foodwatch Laboratory Tests: Suspected Carcinogenic Mineral Oil Residues in Baby Milk

MINERAL OIL IN FOODS

European Food Safety Authority
Supporting Publications

Rapid risk assessment on the possible risk for public health due to the contamination of infant formula and follow-on formula by mineral oil aromatic hydrocarbons (MOAH)



efsa
European Food Safety Authority

ABOUT ▾ NEWSROOM ▾ TOPICS ▾ RESOURCES ▾

Home [Newsroom](#) [Sunflower oil: contamination with mineral oil from Ukraine](#)

Sunflower oil: contamination with mineral oil

Published: 28 April 2008

Migration of mineral oil
BfR Opinion No. 008/2010

efsa
European Food Safety Authority

Scientific Opinion

EFSA Panel on Contaminants

This scientific output, published in 2012*.

Public Consultation
PC-0400

Title
Draft scientific opinion on the update of the risk assessment of mineral oil hydrocarbons in food

Full Name
Public Consultation on the draft scientific opinion on the update of the risk assessment of mineral oil hydrocarbons in food

Public Consultation Number
PC-0400

Public Consultation Details

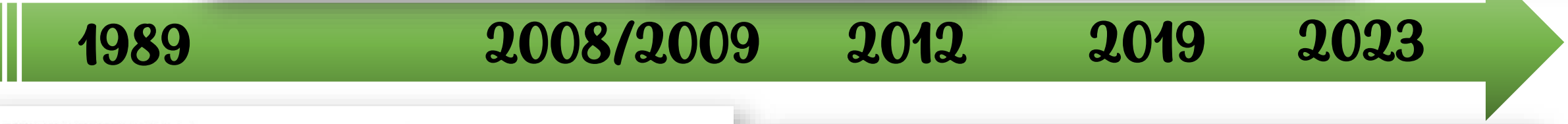
Food Domain
Contaminants

Status
Open

Link To Document

Start Date
15/03/2023

End Date
30/04/2023



Original Research Papers

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LC-GC&MOH

TECHNICAL REPORT

APPROVED: 15 November 2019
doi:10.2903/sp.efsa.2019.EN-1741

Rapid risk assessment on the possible risk for public health due to the contamination of infant formula and follow-on formula by mineral oil aromatic hydrocarbons (MOAH)

efsa
European Food Safety Authority
Supporting Publications

OUTCOMES OF THE EFSA OPINION 2023

Generation of further data for the refinement of the risk assessment was recommended:

MOSH

MOSH can accumulate in human body, but seems to be not of concern

- More data on human MOSH tissue concentrations or development and use of biomarkers of exposure are needed, particularly from individuals born after 1995.
- The **contribution from the environment** needs further investigation

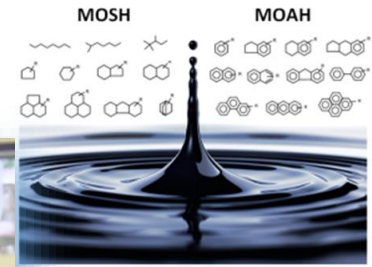
MOAH

MOAH potentially genotoxic and cancerogenic, particularly the 3 and + aromatic rings

- More data on MOAH composition **by aromatic ring number in food** are needed, in particular with respect to the levels of 3- or more ring MOAH
- Sources of food contamination should be investigated when MOAH are detected. To this end, **more selective and sensitive analytical methods** should be implemented.

➤ Improvement of analytical methodology

for better characterisation of MOSH&MOAH and consistency in reporting



Mineral oil



LC-GC

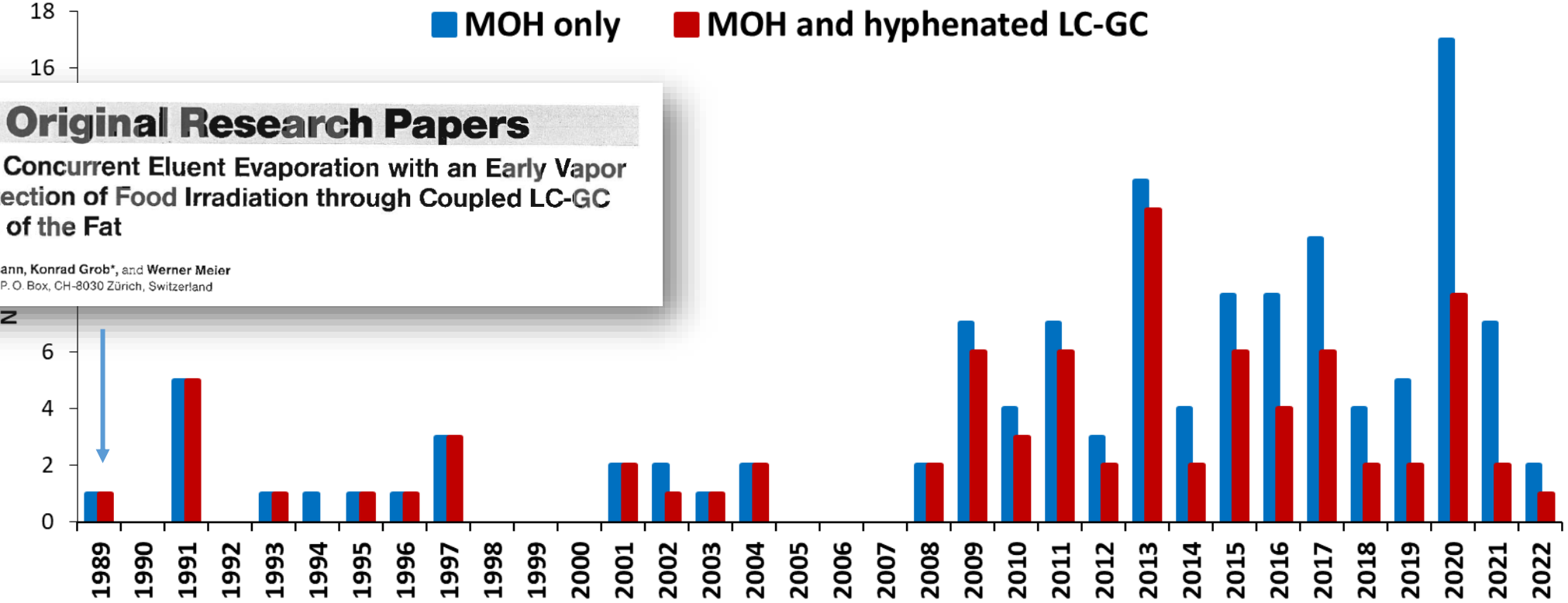


Received: 19 August 2020 | Revised: 4 October 2020 | Accepted: 26 October 2020
DOI: 10.1002/jssc.202000901

REVIEW ARTICLE JOURNAL OF SEPARATION SCIENCE

Evolution of hyphenated techniques for mineral oil analysis in food

Nicola Sdrigotti¹



Original Research Papers

Partially Concurrent Eluent Evaporation with an Early Vapor Exit; Detection of Food Irradiation through Coupled LC-GC Analysis of the Fat

Maurus Biedermann, Konrad Grob*, and Werner Meier
Kantonales Labor, P. O. Box, CH-8030 Zürich, Switzerland

OGRAPHY

34 295:55-61

RETENTION GAP

Gas-liquid Partition Chromatography: the Separation and Micro-estimation of Volatile Fatty Acids from Formic Acid to Dodecanoic Acid

By A. T. JAMES AND A. J. P. MARTIN
National Institute for Medical Research, Mill Hill, London, N.W. 7

(Received 5 June 1951)

Journal of Chromatographic Science, Vol. 18, October 1980

Multidimensional HPLC and Gas-Liquid Chromatography

Ronald E. Majors
Varian Instrument Group, 2700 Mitchell

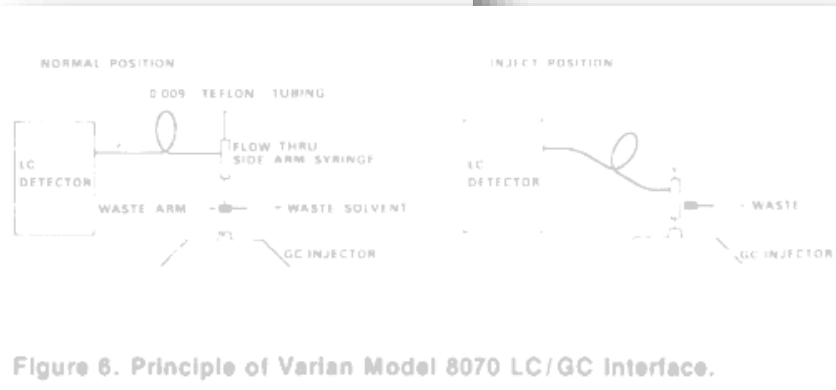


Figure 6. Principle of Varian Model 8070 LC/GC Interface.



K. Grob

GC
1951

GC-GC
1958

LC-GC

1991

1906

1980 1984 1989

2009

1941

1978

LC-GC&MOH

JOURNAL OF
**AGRICULTURAL AND
FOOD CHEMISTRY**
ARTICLE

J. Agric. Food Chem. 2009, 57, 8711-8721 8711
DOI:10.1021/jf901375e

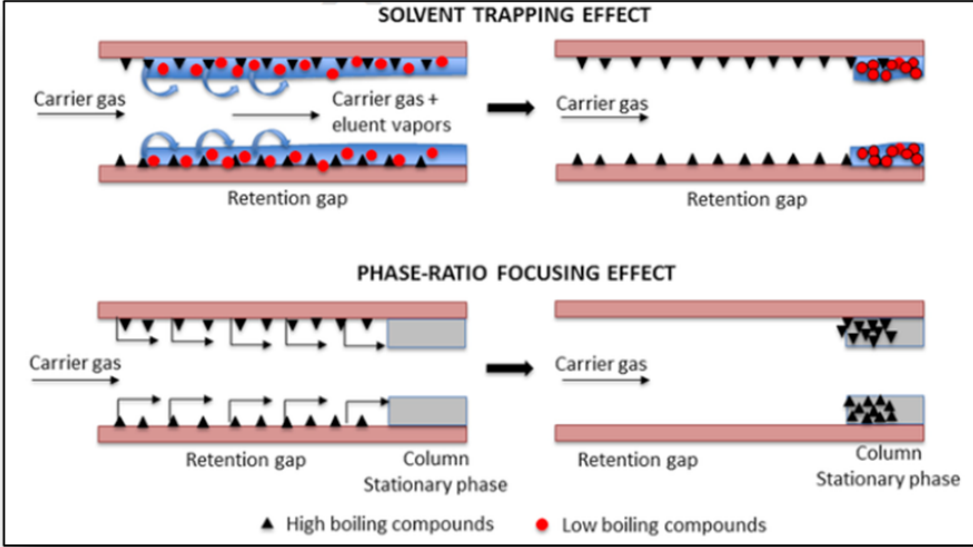
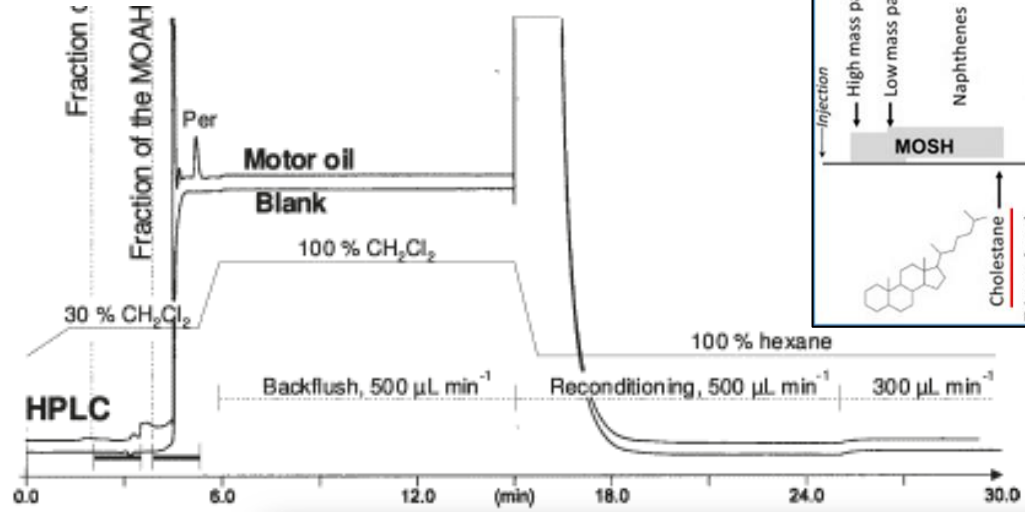
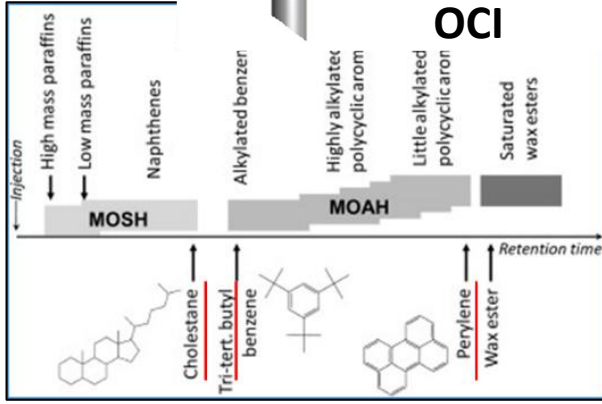
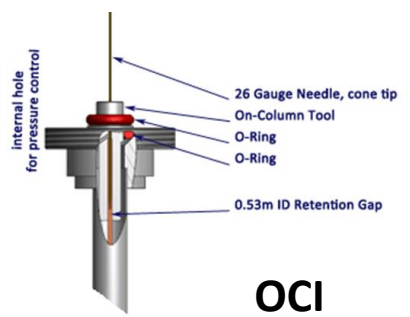
Aromatic Hydrocarbons of Mineral Oil Origin in Foods: Method for Determining the Total Concentration and First Results

MAURUS BIEDERMANN, KATELL FISELIER, AND KONI GROB*

Kantonales Labor (Official Food Control Authority of the Canton of Zurich), Fehrenstrasse 15,
CH-8032 Zurich, Switzerland

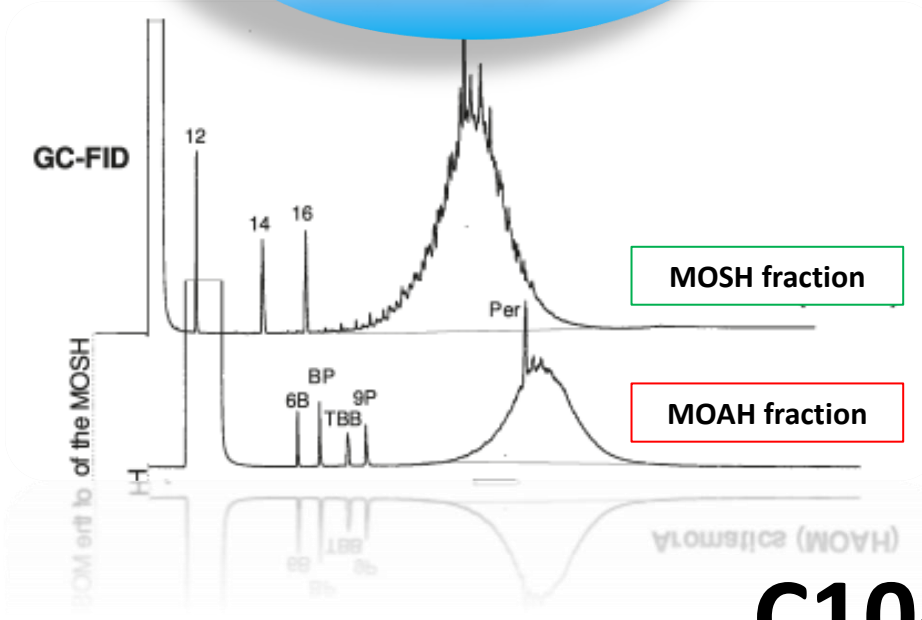
MOH AND MULTIDIMENSIONAL TECHNIQUES

MOH



LC-GC

ROUTINE METHOD



C10-C50

Gas-liquid Partition Chromatography: the Separation and Micro-estimation of Volatile Fatty Acids from Formic Acid to Dodecanoic Acid

BY A. T. JAMES AND A. J. P. MARTIN
National Institute for Medical Research, Mill Hill, London, N.W. 7

(Received 5 June 1951)

Journal of Chromatographic Science, Vol. 18, October 1980

3726

J. Sep. Sci. 2009, 32, 3726–3737

**Maurus Biedermann
Koni Grob**

Official Food Control Authority of
the Canton of Zurich, Zurich,
Switzerland

Received May 23, 2009
Revised August 3, 2009

Research Article

Comprehensive two-dimensional GC after HPLC prepreparation for the characterization of aromatic hydrocarbons of mineral oil origin in contaminated sunflower oil

GC×GC&MOH

6. Principle of Varian Model 8070 LC/GC Interface.

1991

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1978

LC-GC&MOH

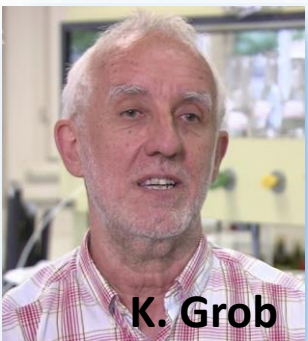
JOURNAL OF
**AGRICULTURAL AND
FOOD CHEMISTRY**
ARTICLE

J. Agric. Food Chem. 2009, 57, 8711–8721 8711
DOI:10.1021/jf901375e

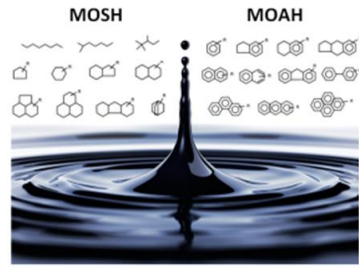
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K. Grob



➤ MOSH and MOAH characterization

3726

J. Sep. Sci. 2009, 32, 3726–3737

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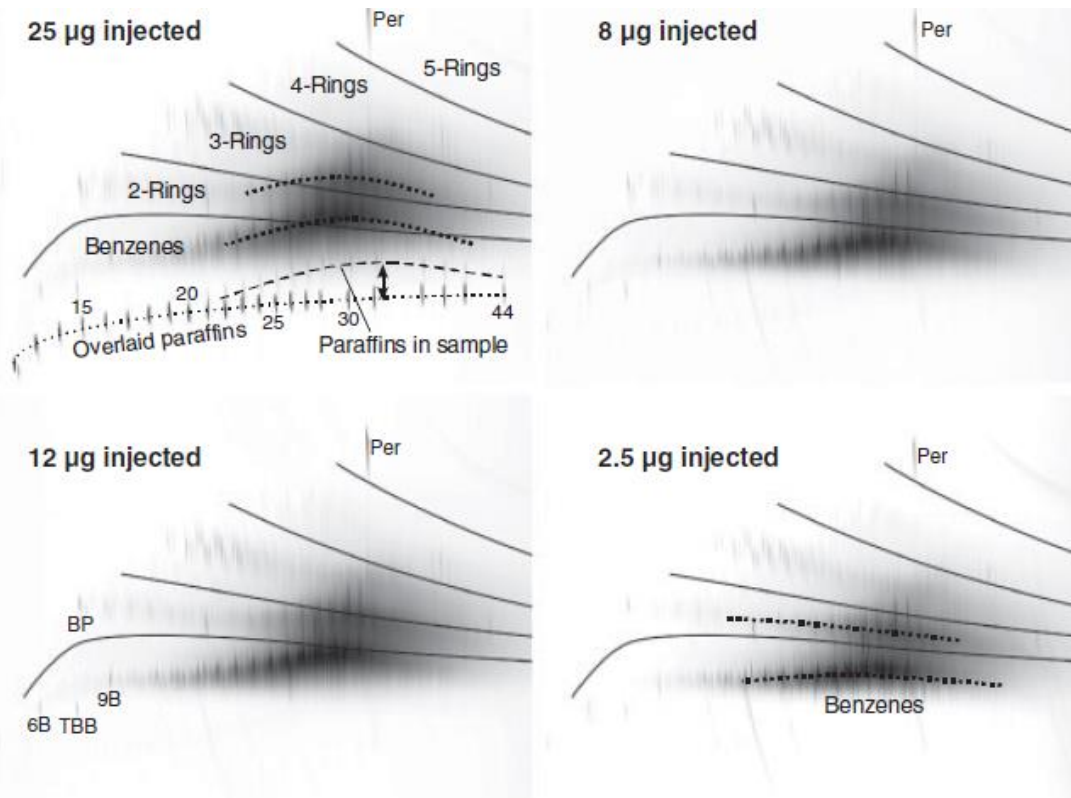
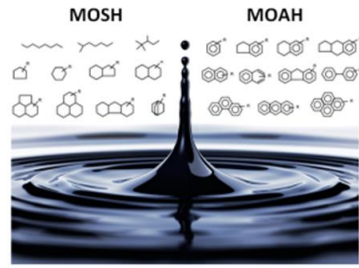


Figure 6. Overloading of the 2nd dimension GC: GC × GC-FID plots of a sunflower oil contaminated with 20 000 mg/kg MOAH. Upper left: overlay of 25 µg MOAH with a mixture of *n*-alkanes (interconnected by dotted line at bottom). In the heavily loaded zone, the *n*-alkanes added to the MOAH show increased retention (arc with dashed line), as do the benzenes and 2-ring components (bold dotted lines). For adequate grouping of the components by ring number, overloading must be avoided (bottom right; 2.5 µg MOAH). Per, 6B, TBB, 9B and BP, internal standards for quantitation and verification of the cuts of the HPLC prepreparation [4], as well as for the control of the retention times in the GC × GC plots.

MOH AND MULTIDIMENSIONAL TECHNIQUES



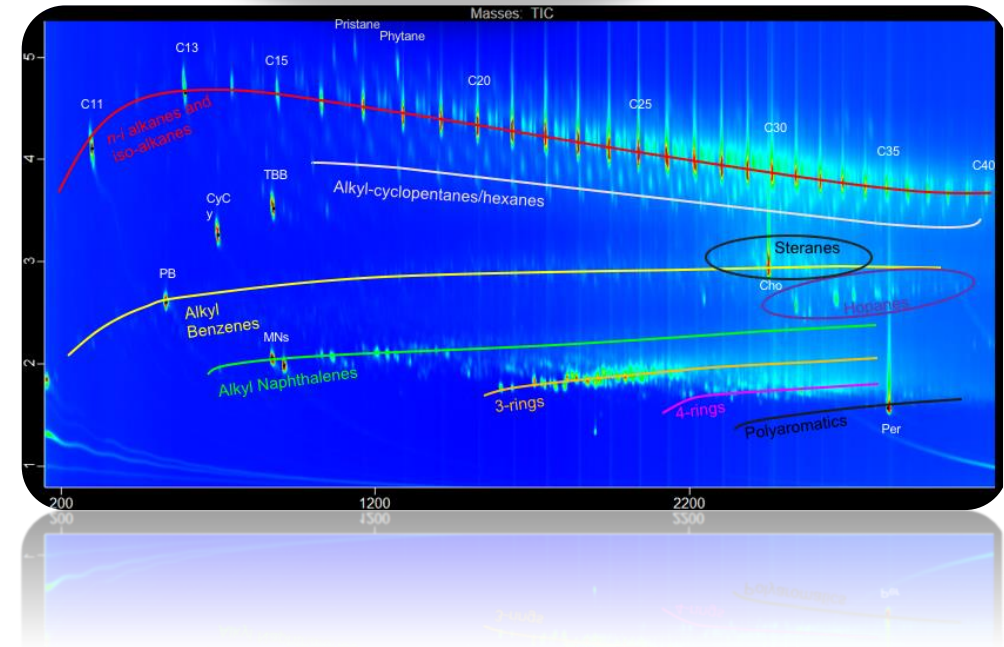
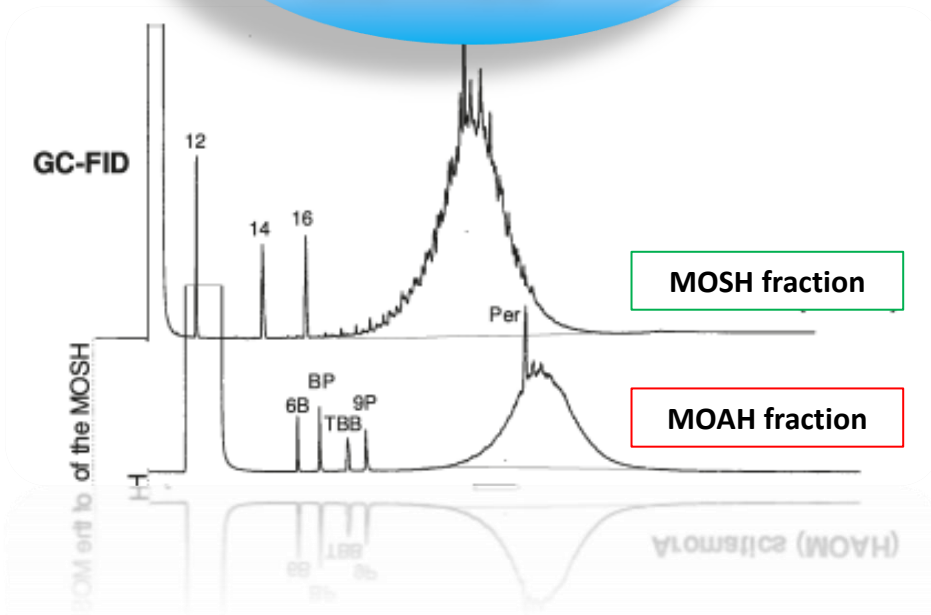
MOH

LC-GC

ROUTINE
METHOD

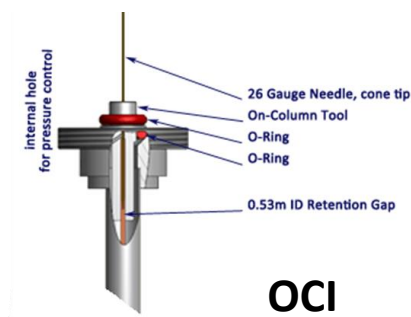
GC×GC-MS

CONFIRMATORY
METHOD



2021

MOH AND MULTIDIMENSIONAL TECHNIQUES



MOH

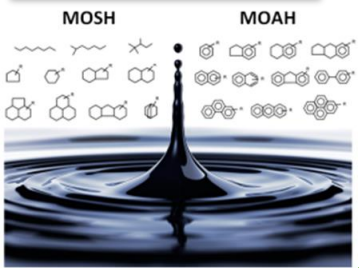
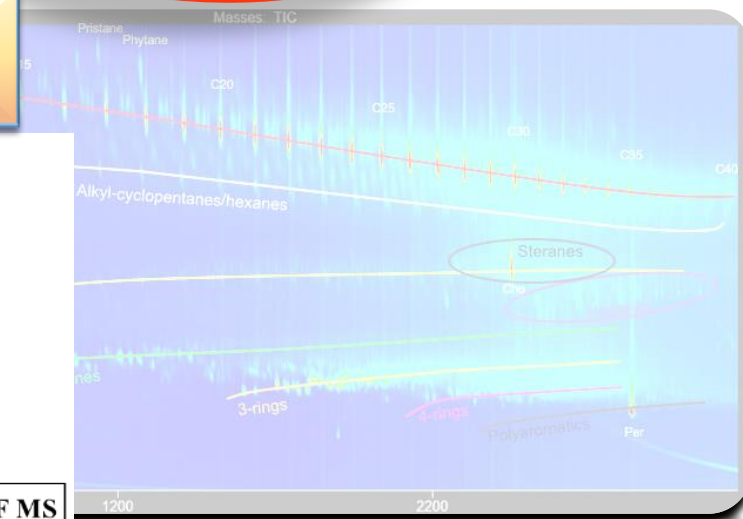
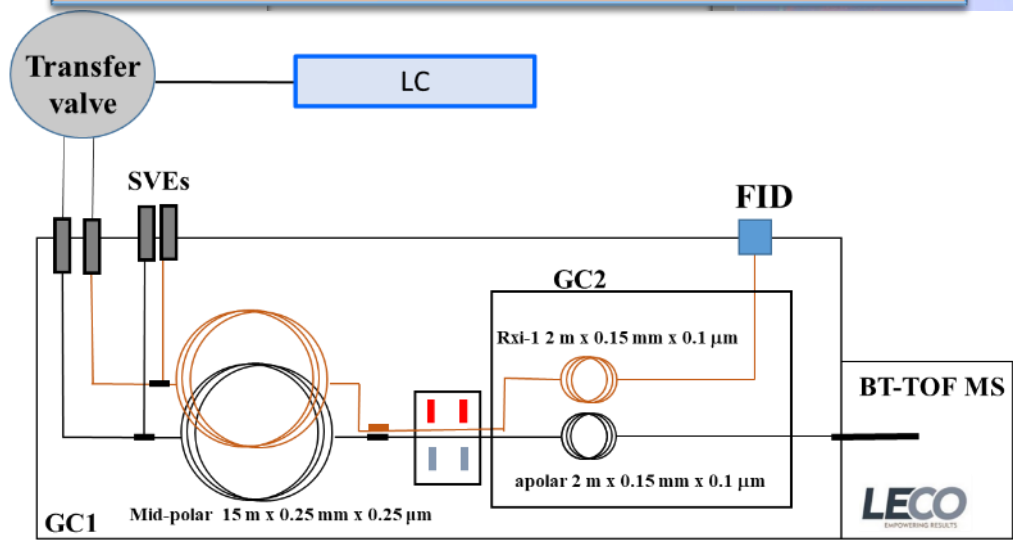
LC-GC

GC×GC

ROUTINE METHOD

CONFIRMATORY METHOD

LC-2GC×GC-FID/MS



MOH AND MULTIDIMENSIONAL TECHNIQUES



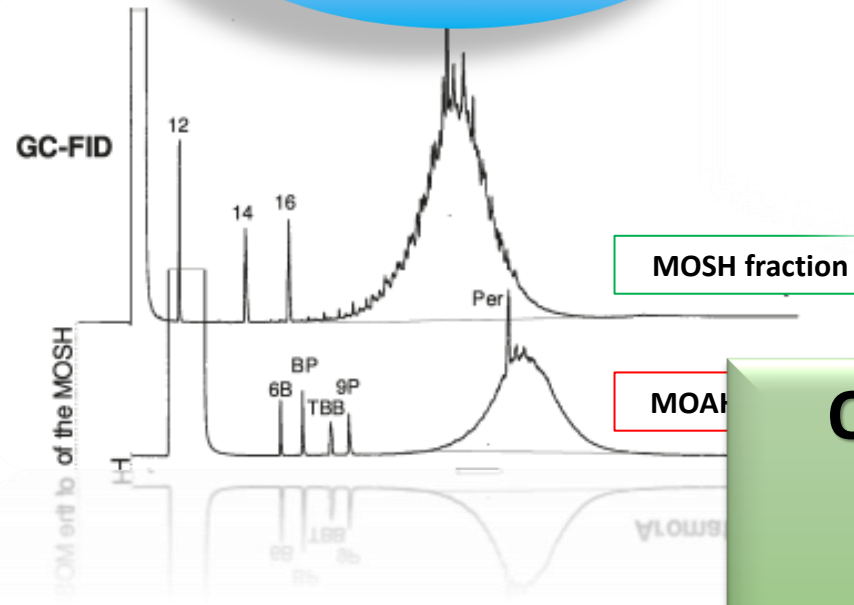
MOH

LC-GC

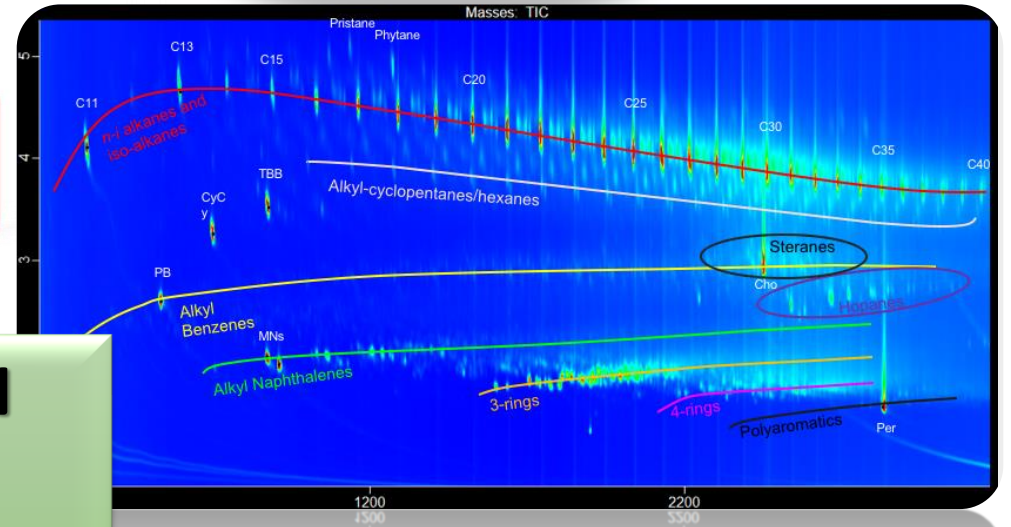
GCxGC

ROUTINE
METHOD

CONFIRMATORY
METHOD



QUANTIFICATION
in
GCxGC





JRC TECHNICAL REPORT

Mineral oil in infant formulas
- guidelines for integrating chromatograms

*JRC IF 2021-04: a virtual
inter-laboratory comparison*

Robouch P., Bratinova S., Goncalves C., Karasek L.,
Beldi G., Senaldi C., Valzacchi S. and Hoekstra E.

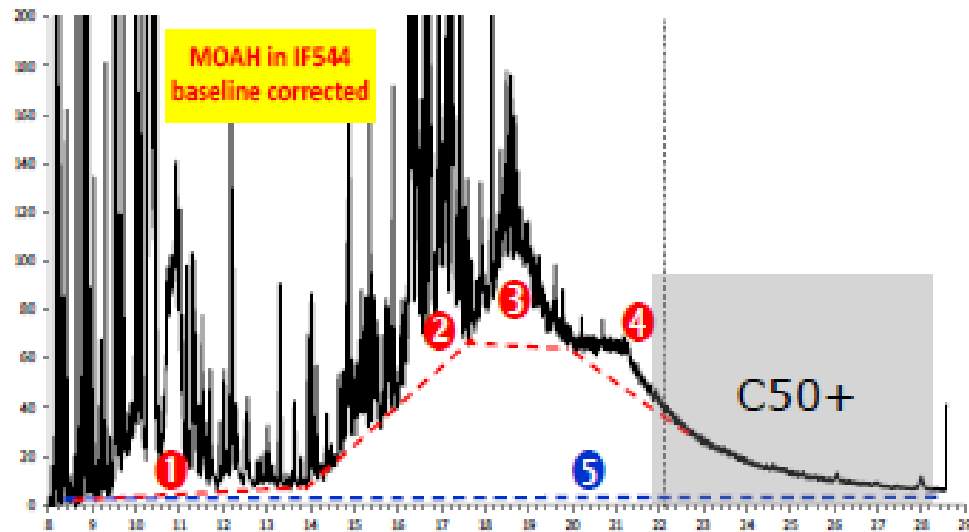
2022

Integration:

- 5 pay attention to baseline correction
- 1, 2, 3, 4 should not be considered

Baseline subtraction

Trimming/smoothing
of the riding peaks



Data
Interpretation

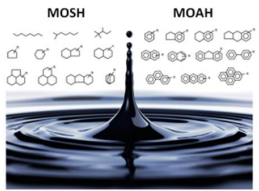
+

Data
Integration


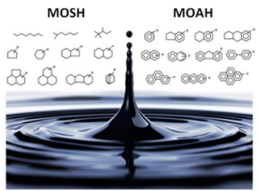


20 % of the total variability

LC-GC×GC-FID VALIDATION



LC-GC×GC-FID VALIDATION



European Commission

JRC TECHNICAL REPORT

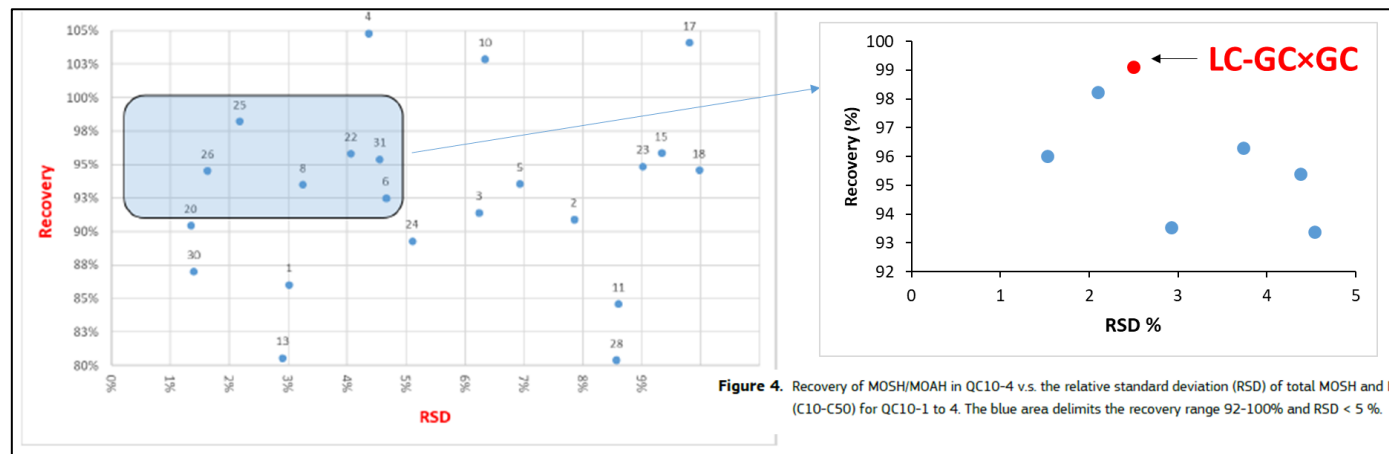
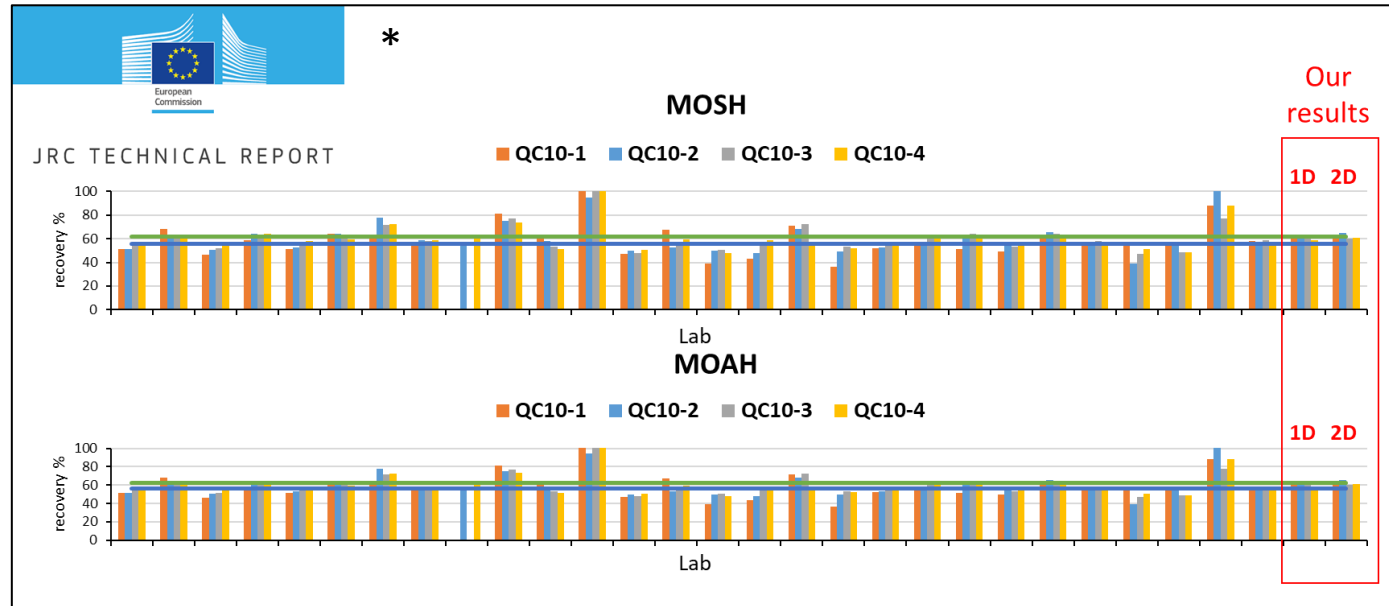
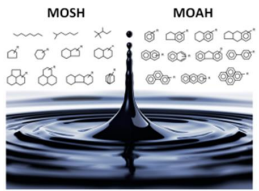
Determination of MOSH/MOAH in Shell SN500* mineral oil

JRC IF 2021-03 - The third interlaboratory comparison

Bratinova S., Robouch P., Goncalves C.,
Karasek L., Beldi G., Senaldi C., Valzacchi S.,
Hoekstra E.



LC-GC×GC-FID Quantification



✓ **Less integration variability**

* C. Goncalves, L. Karasek, S. Bratinova, P. Robouch, G. Beldi, C. Senaldi, S. Valzacchi, E. Hoekstra, Determination of MOSH/MOAH in Shell SN500 mineral oil. JRC IF 2021-03: the third interlaboratory comparison., 2022.

EXISTING STANDARD METHODS

➤ **ISO 17780:2015** - only for MOSH (GC-FID)

➤ **EN 16995:2017** - for MOSH/MOAH (on-line HPLC-GC/FID)

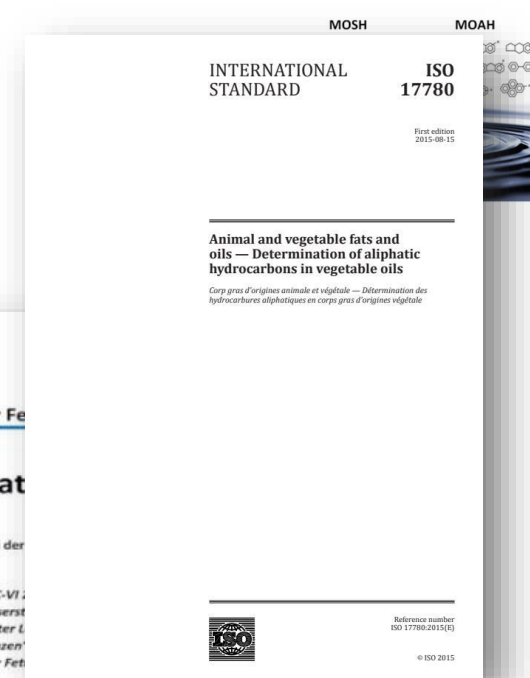
❖ working range starting from 10 mg/kg –

❖ currently reduce to 3mg/kg MOSH and 2 mg/kg MOAH (**EN 16995 rev**)

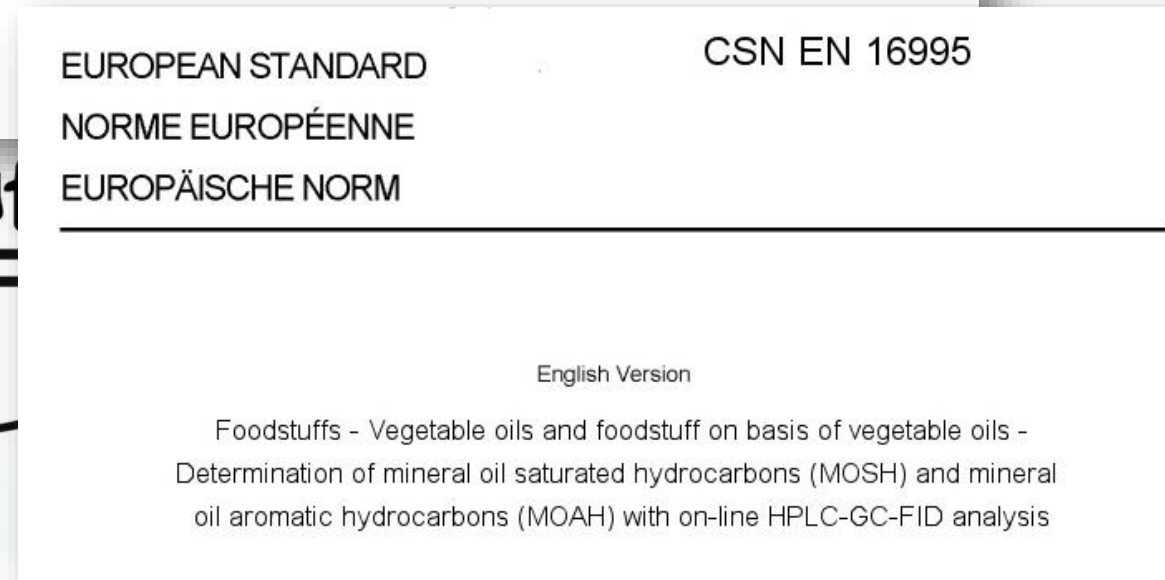
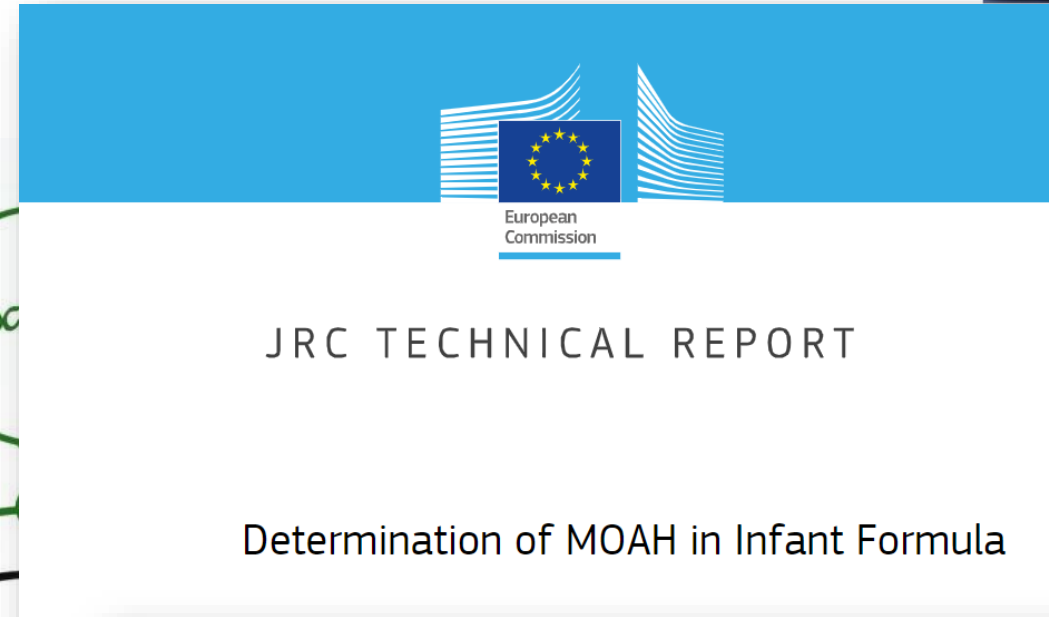
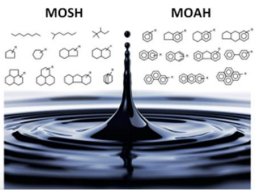
➤ **EN 17517:2021** – MOSH/MOAH in feed (on-line HPLCGC/FID) > 10 mg/kg

➤ **JRC eILC on integration in 2021**

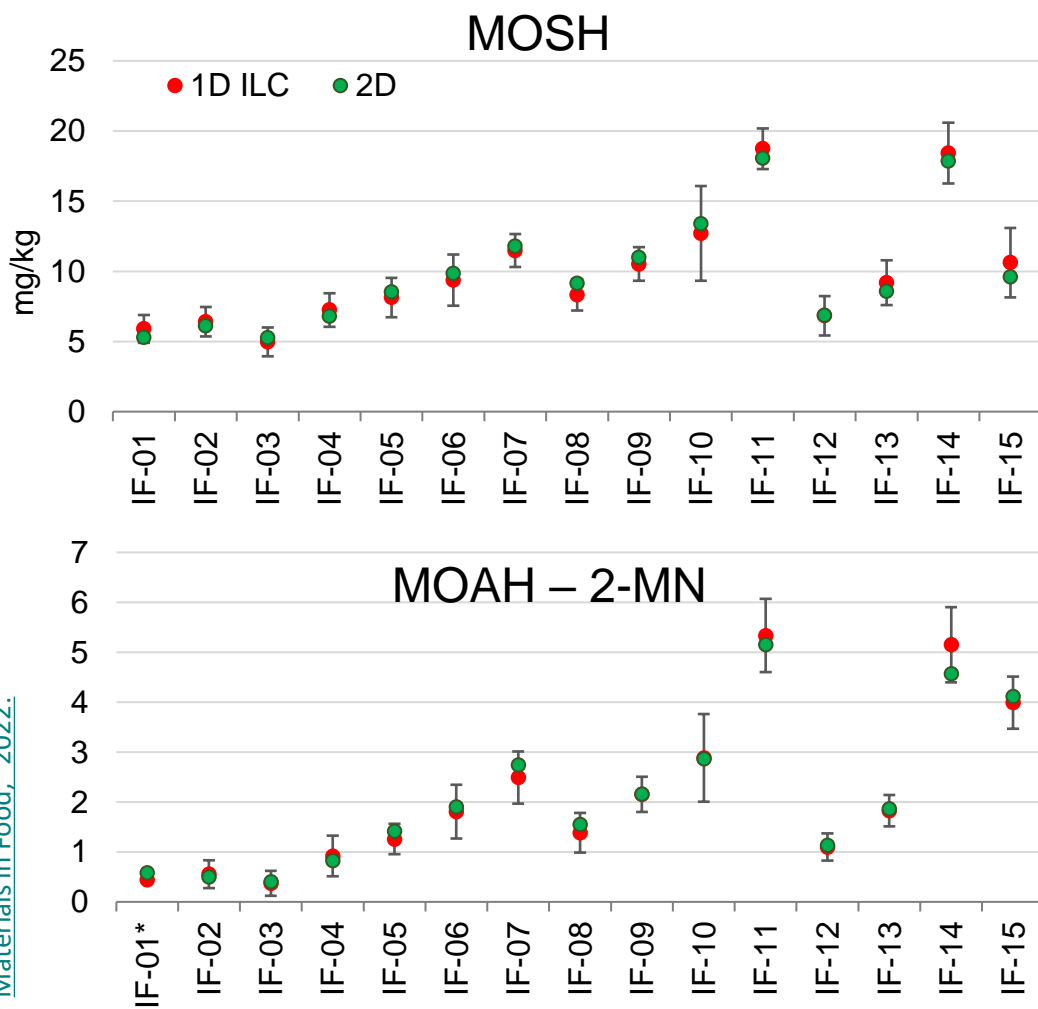
➤ **JRC SOP** for Infant formula



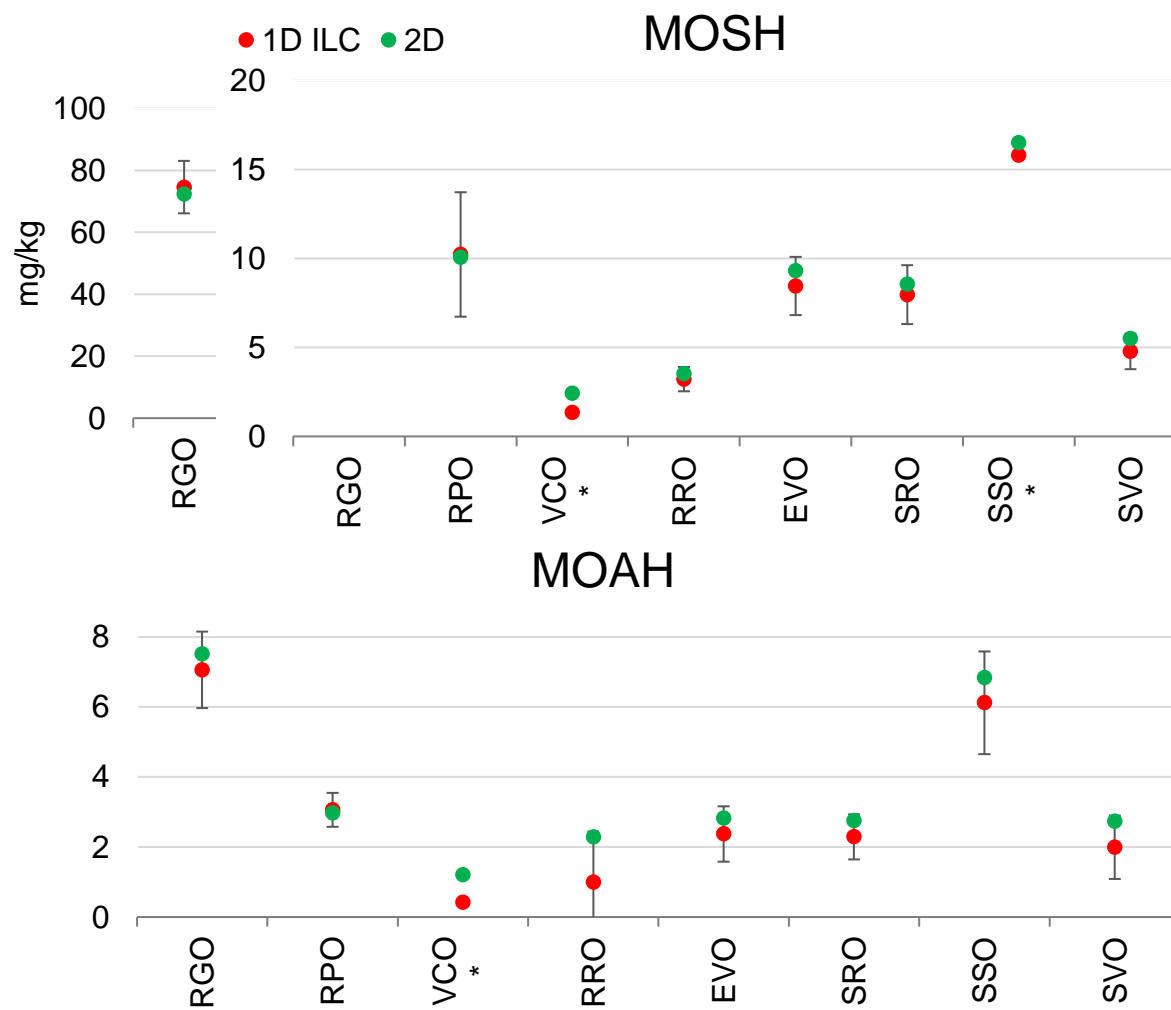
LC-GC×GC-FID VALIDATION



MOAH in infant formula (IF) "JRC-IF-2022/05"



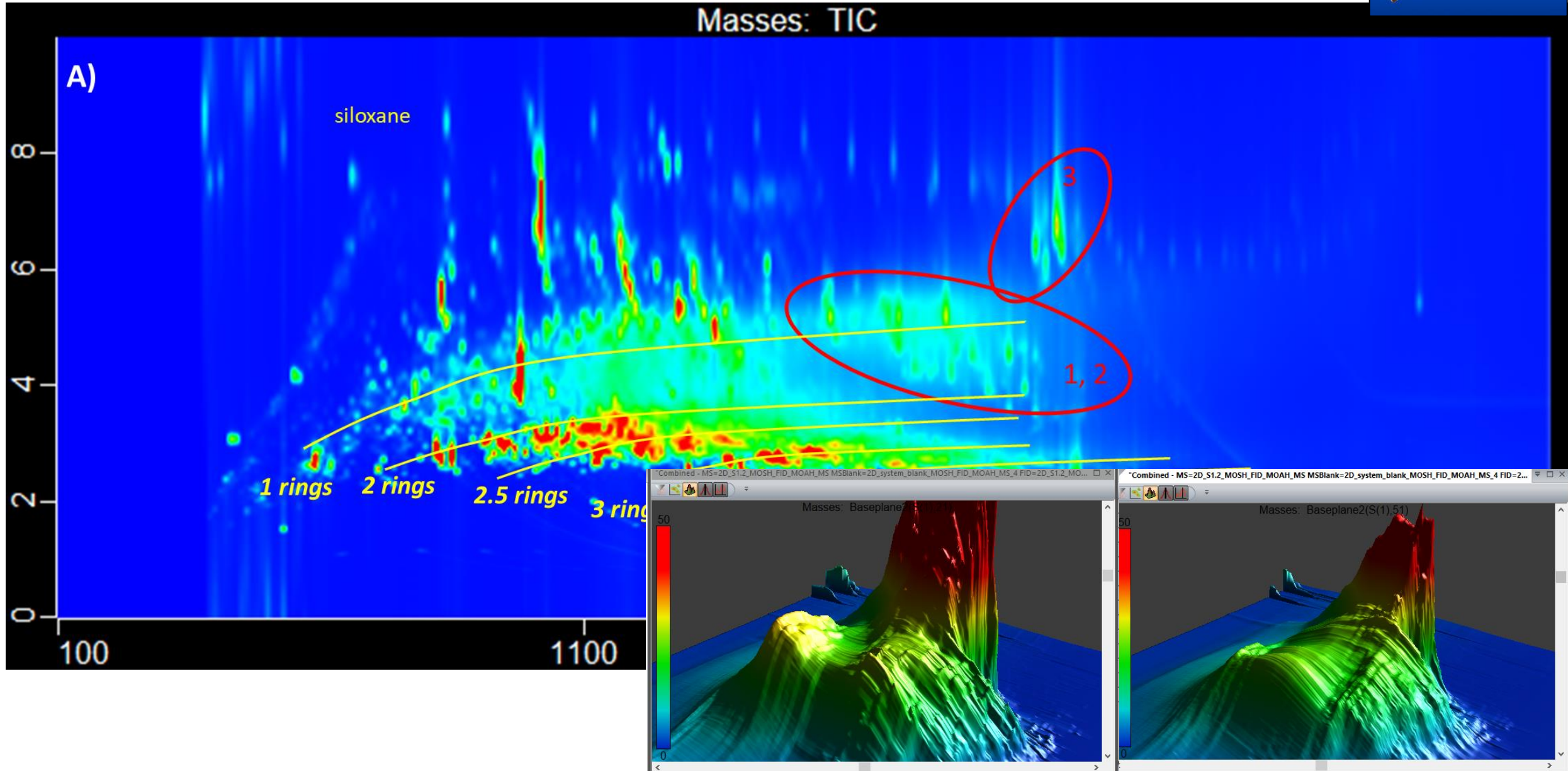
revision of DGF-EN 16995:2017



Vegetable oils - Determination of mineral oil saturated hydrocarbons (MOSH) and aromatic hydrocarbons (MOAH) with online coupled HPLC-GC-FID analysis - Method for low limit of quantification. Draft version for updating EN-16995:2017, October 2022-V5.

S. Bratinova, Outcome from the collaborative trial for method validation "MOAH in IF," in: S. Bratinova (Ed.), 11th International Akademie Fresenius Conference "Residues of Food Contact Materials in Food," 2022.

Advantage of GC×GC-ToFMS

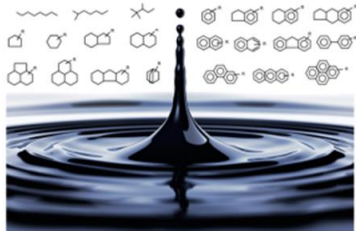


2021

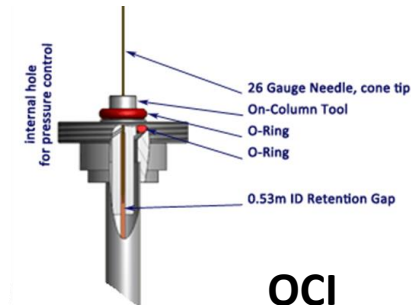
MOH AND MULTIDIMENSIONAL TECHNIQUES

MOSH

MOAH



MOH



LC-GC

GC×GC

ROUTINE METHOD

CONFIRMATORY METHOD

LC-2GC×GC-FID/MS

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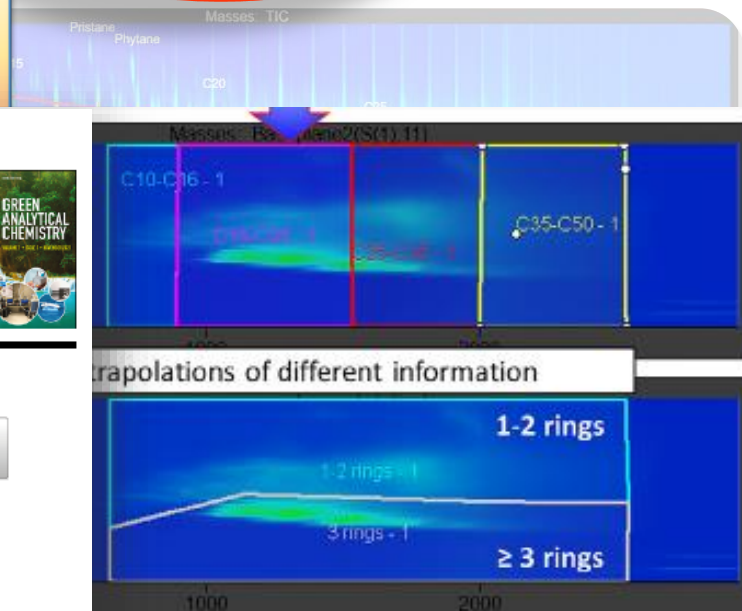
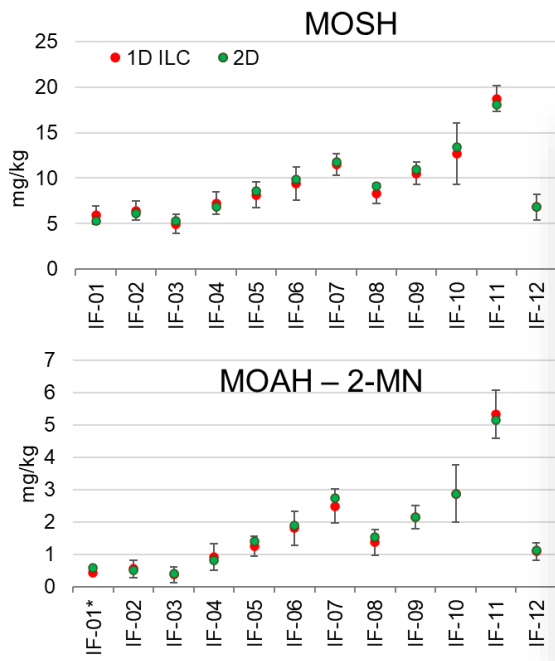


Validation of the liquid chromatography-comprehensive multidimensional gas chromatography-time-of-flight mass spectrometer/flame ionization detector platform for mineral oil analysis exploiting interlaboratory comparison data

Grégory Bauwens^a, Laura Barp^{b,*}, Giorgia Purcaro^{a,*}

^aAnalytical Chemistry Lab, Gembloux Agro-Bio Tech, University of Liège, Gembloux, 5030, Belgium

^bDepartment of Agri-Food, Environmental and Animal Science, University of Udine, via delle Scienze 206, Udine 33100, Italy



➤ Outline of the Analytical approach

Sample Preparation

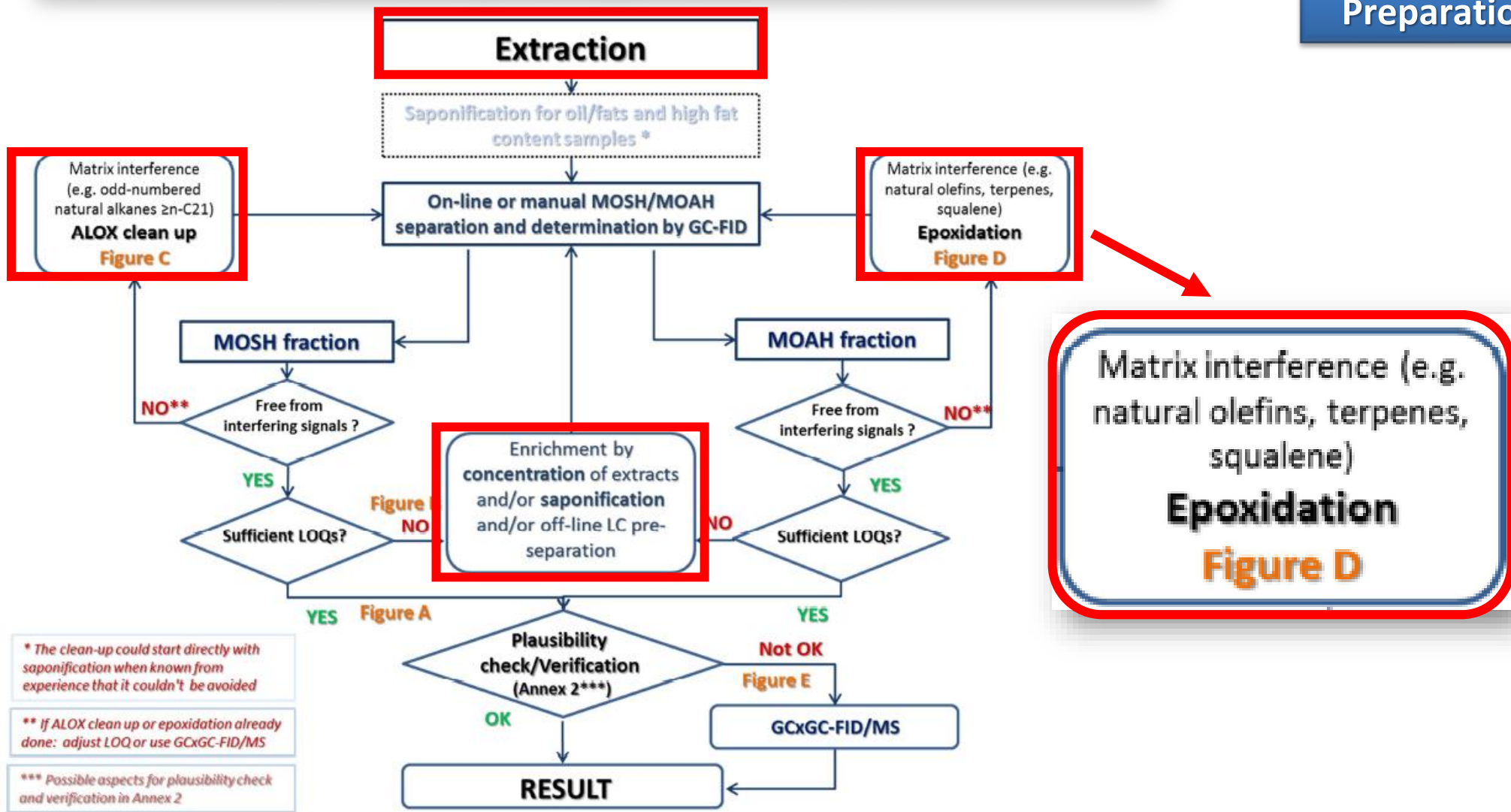
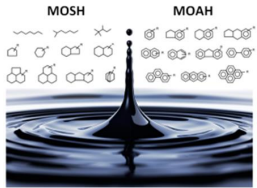


Figure 1 Decision tree on the use of auxiliary methods. Figures A-E can be found in Annex I. ALOX is aluminium oxide.

✓ Need for matrix-tailored sample prep protocols



Aromatic Hydrocarbons of Mineral Oil Origin in Foods: Method for Determining the Total Concentration and First Results

MAURUS BIEDERMANN, KATELL FISELIER, AND KONI GROB*

Kantonales Labor (Official Food Control Authority of the Canton of Zurich), Fehrenstrasse 15, CH-8032 Zurich, Switzerland

About 20% of MOAH losses

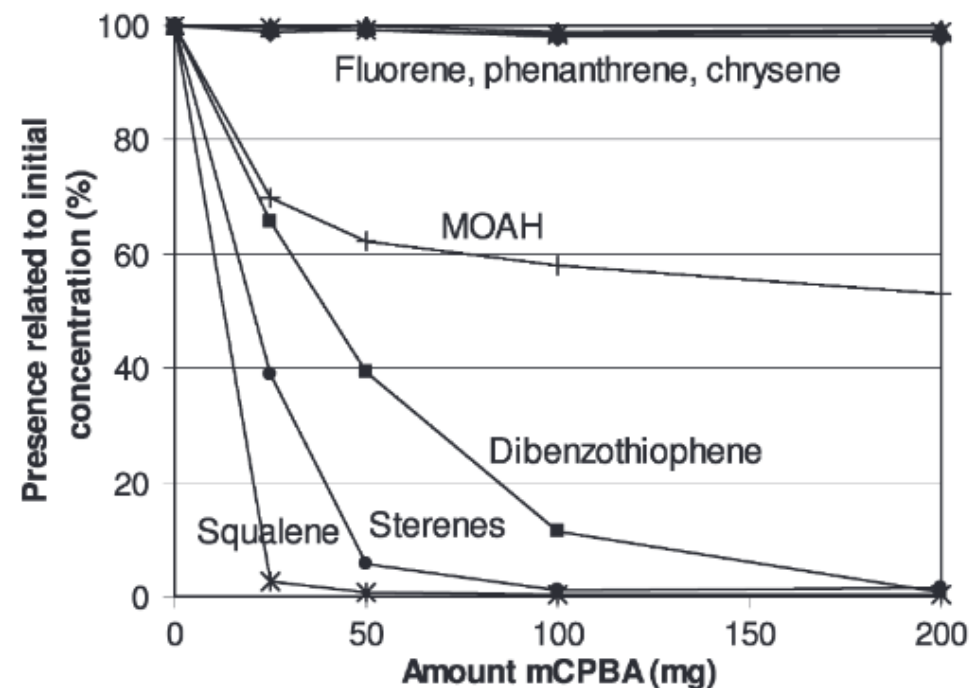
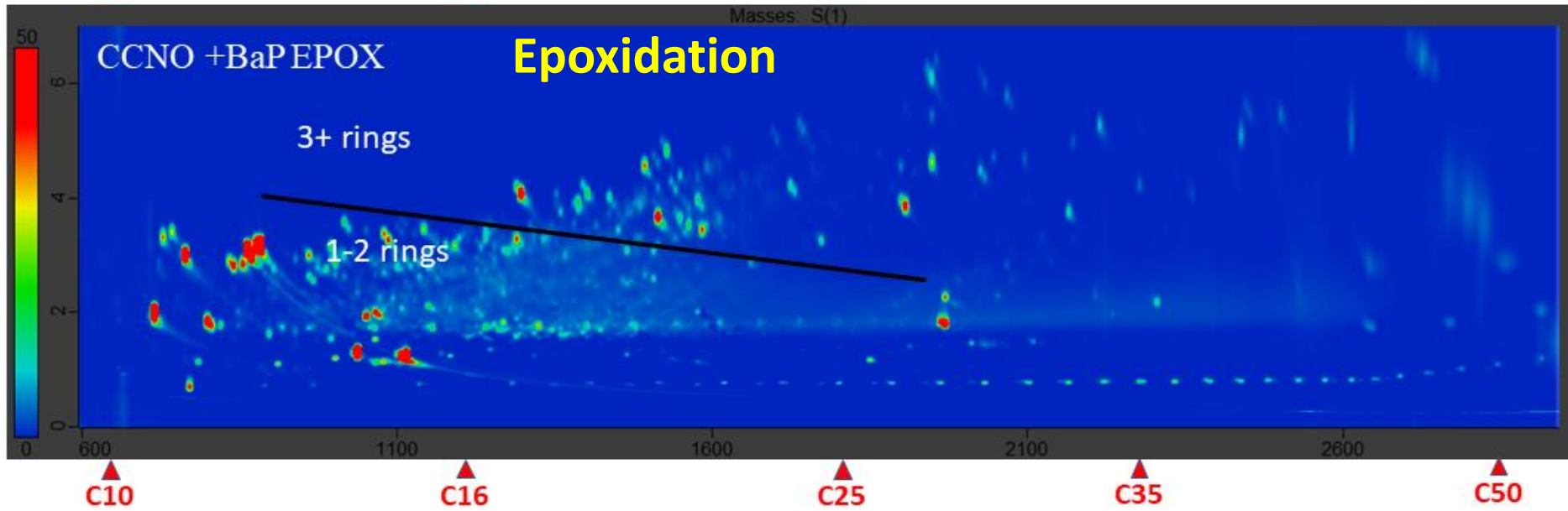
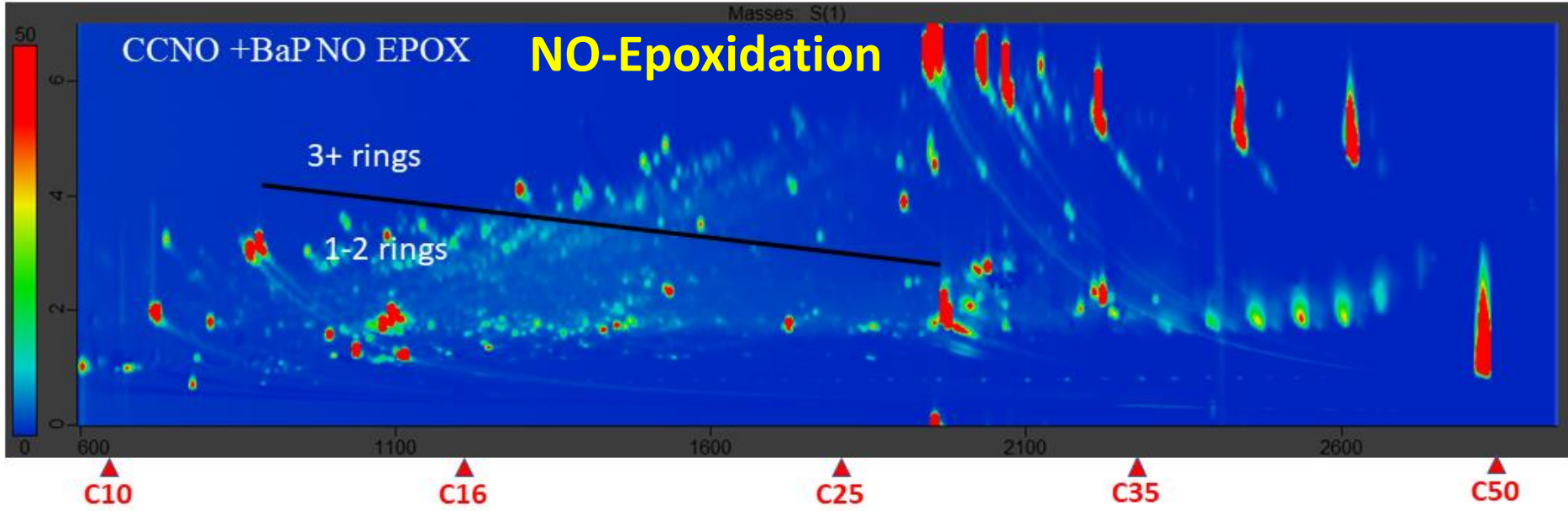
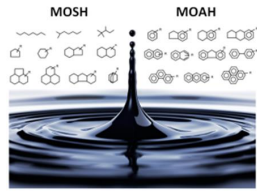


Figure 3. Epoxidation with different amounts of peracid. More peracid better removes squalene and the sterenes, but also the loss of certain aromatics increases.

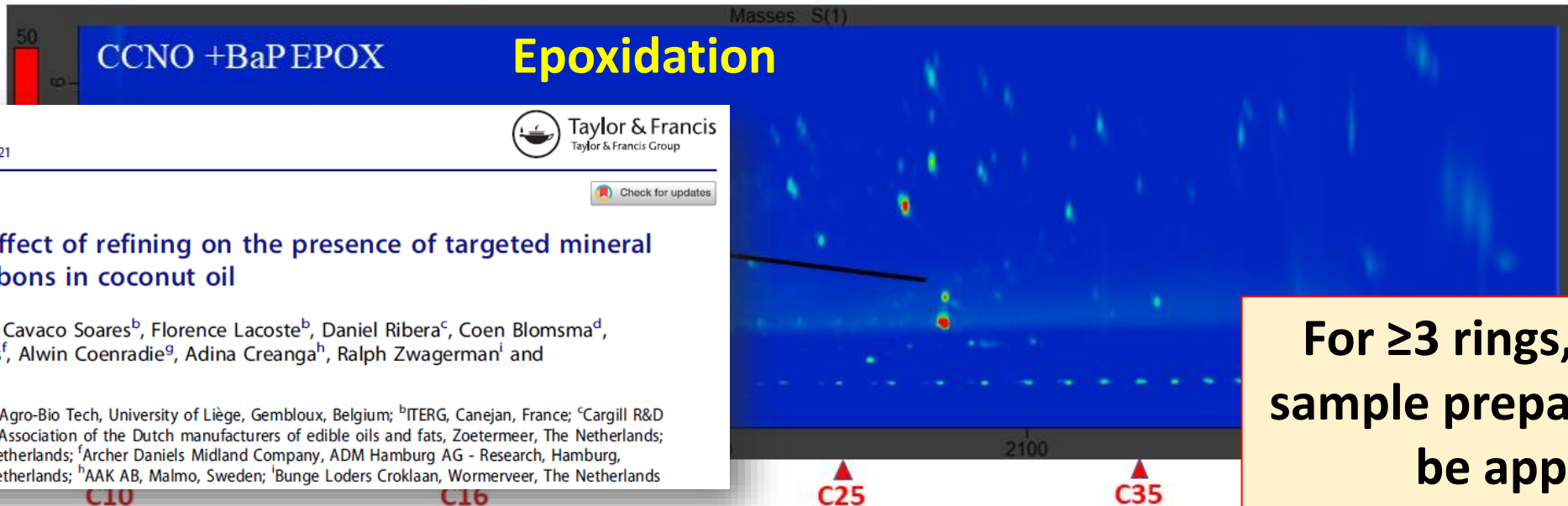
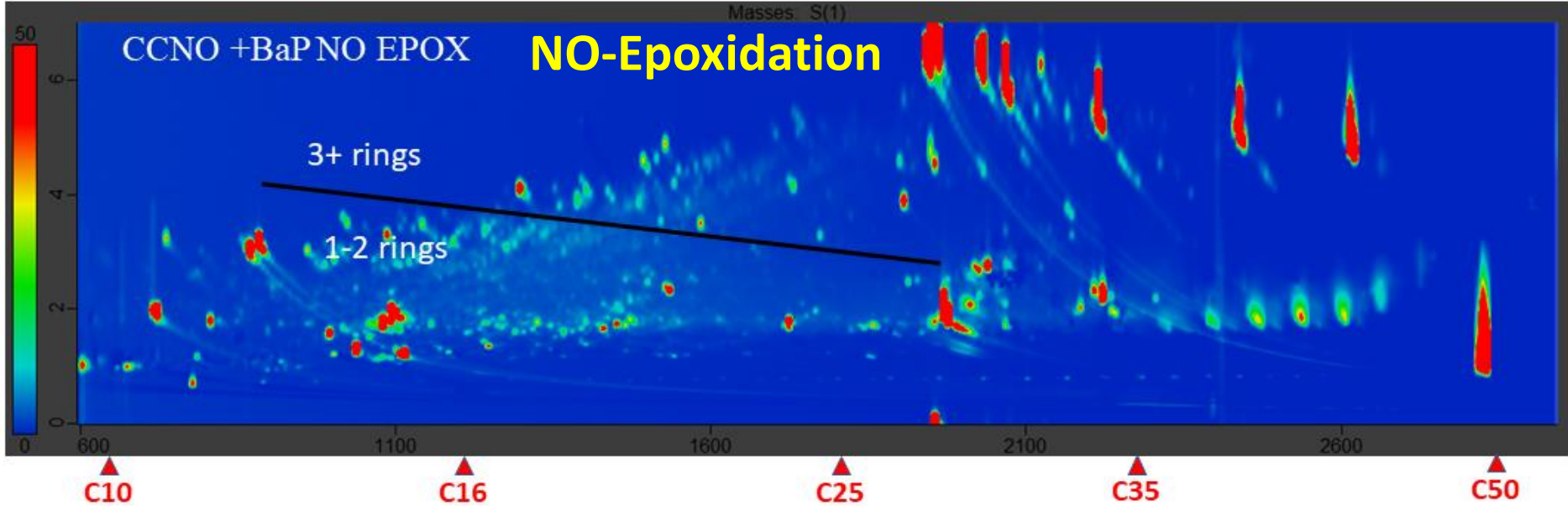
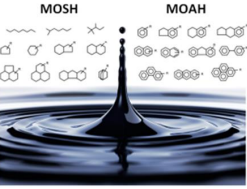
LC-GC×GC-FID/MS & EPOXIDATION

Sample
Preparation



LC-GC×GC-FID/MS & EPOXIDATION

Sample Preparation



FOOD ADDITIVES & CONTAMINANTS: PART A
<https://doi.org/10.1080/19440049.2022.2164621>



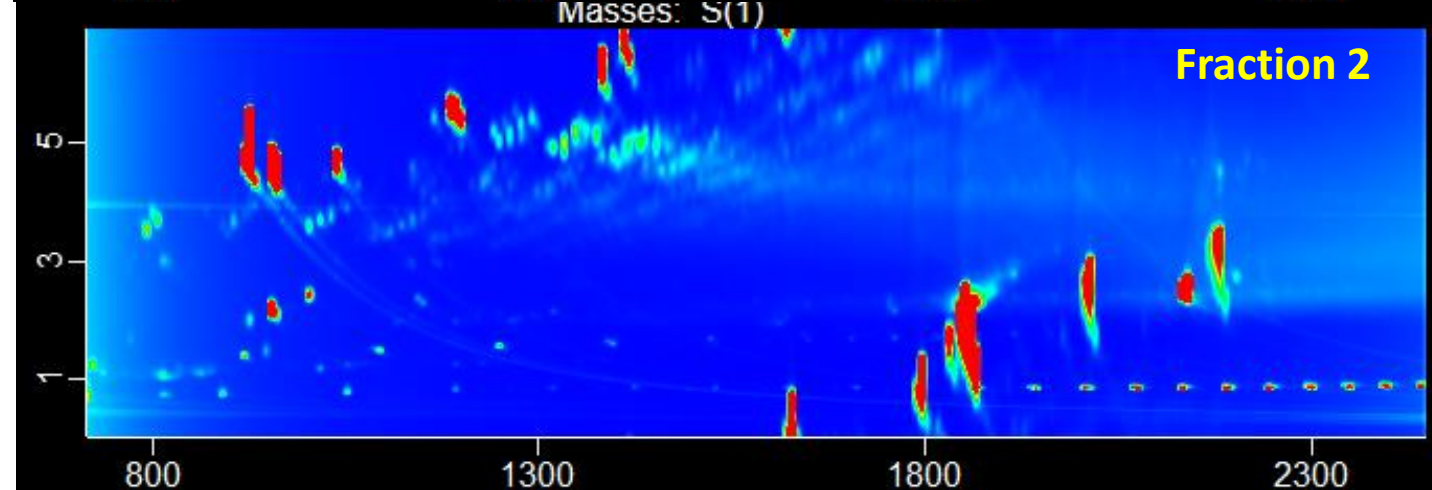
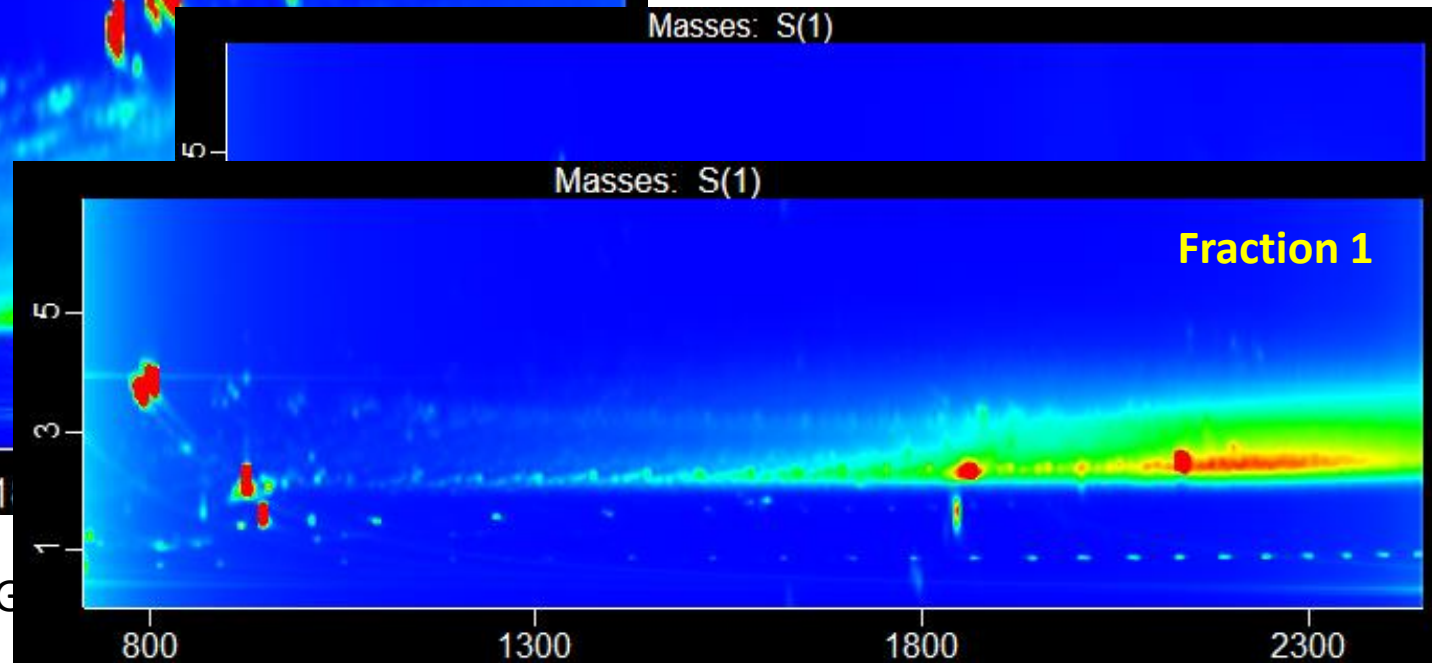
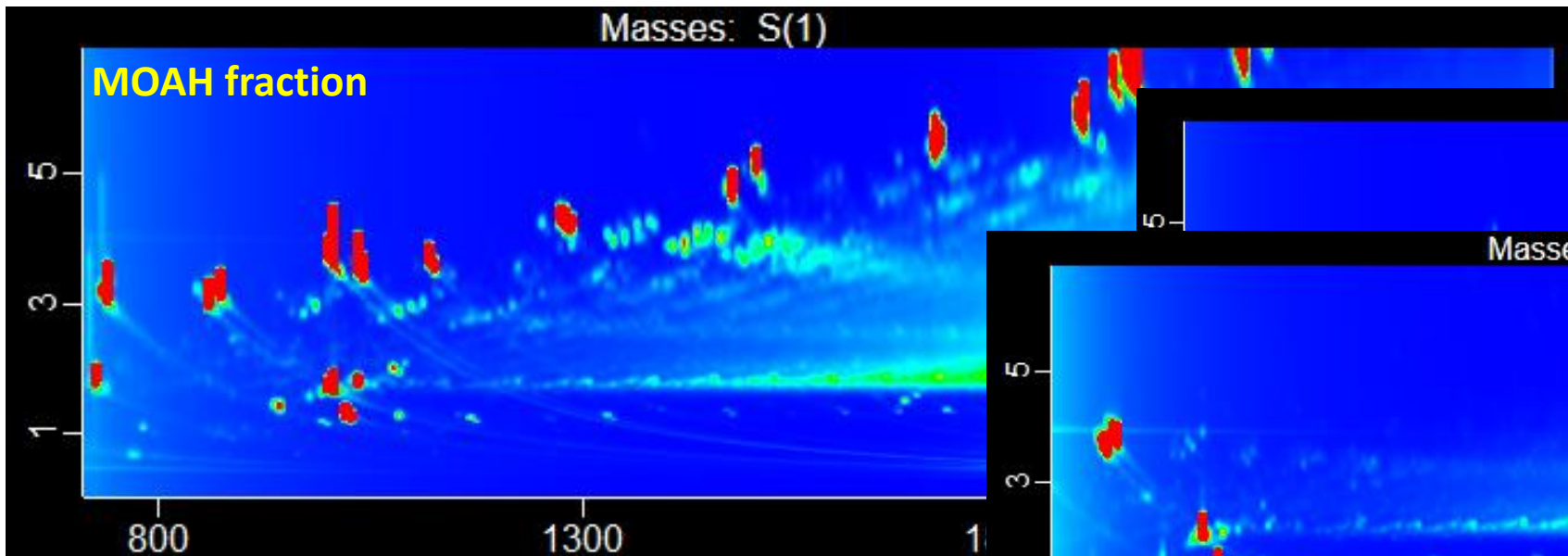
Check for updates

Investigation of the effect of refining on the presence of targeted mineral oil aromatic hydrocarbons in coconut oil

Grégory Bauwens^a, Alexandre Cavaco Soares^b, Florence Lacoste^b, Daniel Ribera^c, Coen Blomsma^d, Iekje Berg^e, Fernando Campos^f, Alwin Coenradie^g, Adina Creanga^h, Ralph Zwagermanⁱ and Giorgia Purcaro^a

^aAnalytical Chemistry Lab, Gembloux Agro-Bio Tech, University of Liège, Gembloux, Belgium; ^bITERG, Canejan, France; ^cCargill R&D Center, Vervoerde, Belgium; ^dVERNOF, Association of the Dutch manufacturers of edible oils and fats, Zoetermeer, The Netherlands; ^eSime Darby Oils, Zwijndrecht, The Netherlands; ^fArcher Daniels Midland Company, ADM Hamburg AG - Research, Hamburg, Germany; ^gOlenex, Rotterdam, The Netherlands; ^hAAK AB, Malmo, Sweden; ⁱBunge Loders Croklaan, Wormerveer, The Netherlands

For ≥ 3 rings, simplify sample preparation can be applied



MOSH&MOAH IS+ EPA PAHs + Coronene + QC10 +HVC

Interferences

squalene, lycopene, β -carotene, trans β -carotene, β -caryophyllene

Recovery of Fr1+Fr2

104±4%



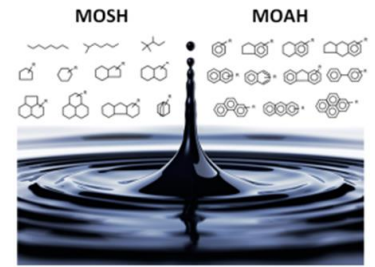


CONCLUSION

OPEN QUESTIONS AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS

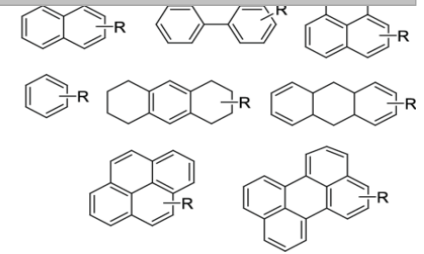
MOSH

MOAH



MOAH

➤ In depth characterization and further studies highly needed for a full toxicological characterization



TECHNICAL REPORT

2019



APPROVED: 15 November 2019

doi:10.2903/sp.efsa.2019.EN-1741

Rapid risk assessment on the possible risk for public health due to the contamination of infant formula and follow-on formula by mineral oil aromatic hydrocarbons (MOAH)

Recommendations

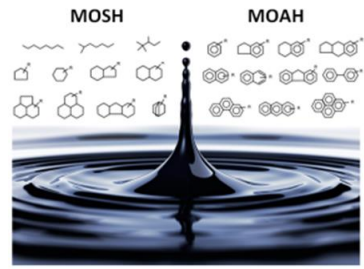
- Analytical methods to **identify 3-7 PAC** should be routinely applied when MOAH are detected in food.

CONCLUSION

LC-GCxGC-FID/TOFMS

MOSH

MOAH



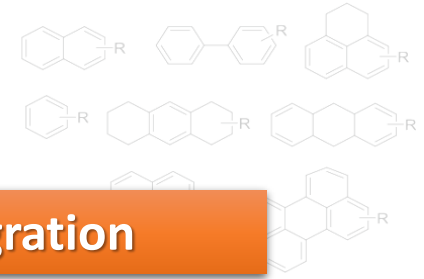
➤ In depth characterization and further studies highly needed for a full toxicological characterization

➤ Reduction of data uncertainty

Sample Preparation

Data Interpretation

Data Integration

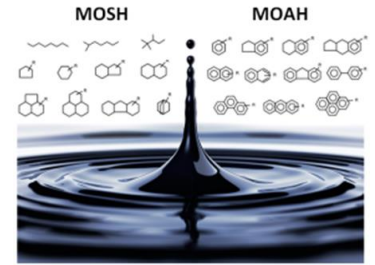




CONCLUSION LC-GC×GC-FID/TOFMS

MOSH

MOAH



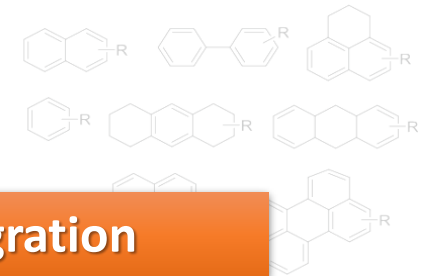
➤ In depth characterization and further studies highly needed for a full toxicological characterization

➤ Reduction of data uncertainty

Sample Preparation

Data Interpretation

Data Integration



LIÈGE université
Gembloux
Agro-Bio Tech

LC-GC×GC-FID/MS

AOCS
Your Global Fats and Oils Connection



JRC TECHNICAL REPORT

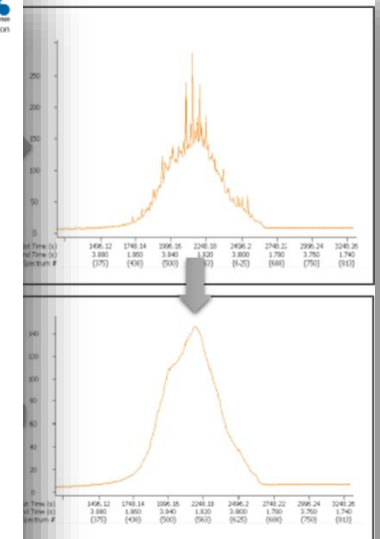
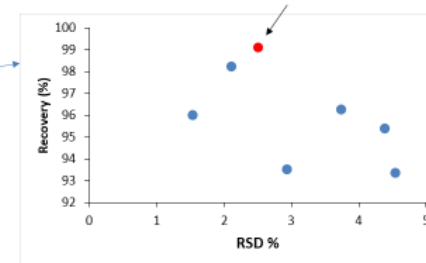
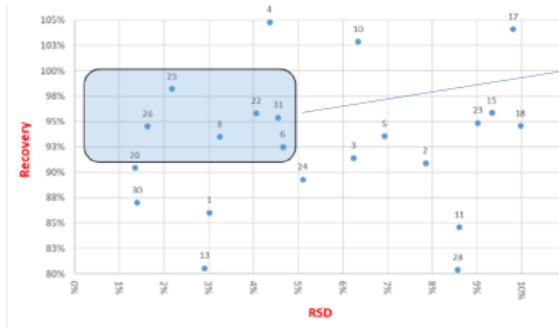
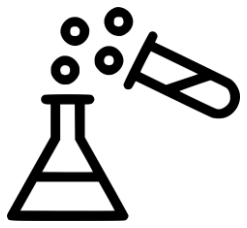


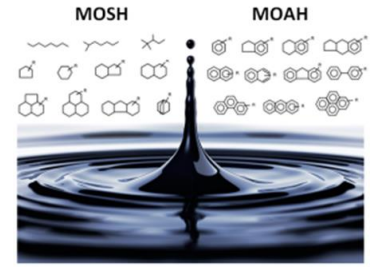
Figure 4. Recovery of MOSH/MOAH in QC10-4 v.s. the relative standard deviation (RSD) of total MOSH and MOAH (C10-C50) for QC10-1 to 4. The blue area delimits the recovery range 92-100% and RSD < 5 %.



CONCLUSION LC-GCxGC-FID/TOFMS

MOSH

MOAH



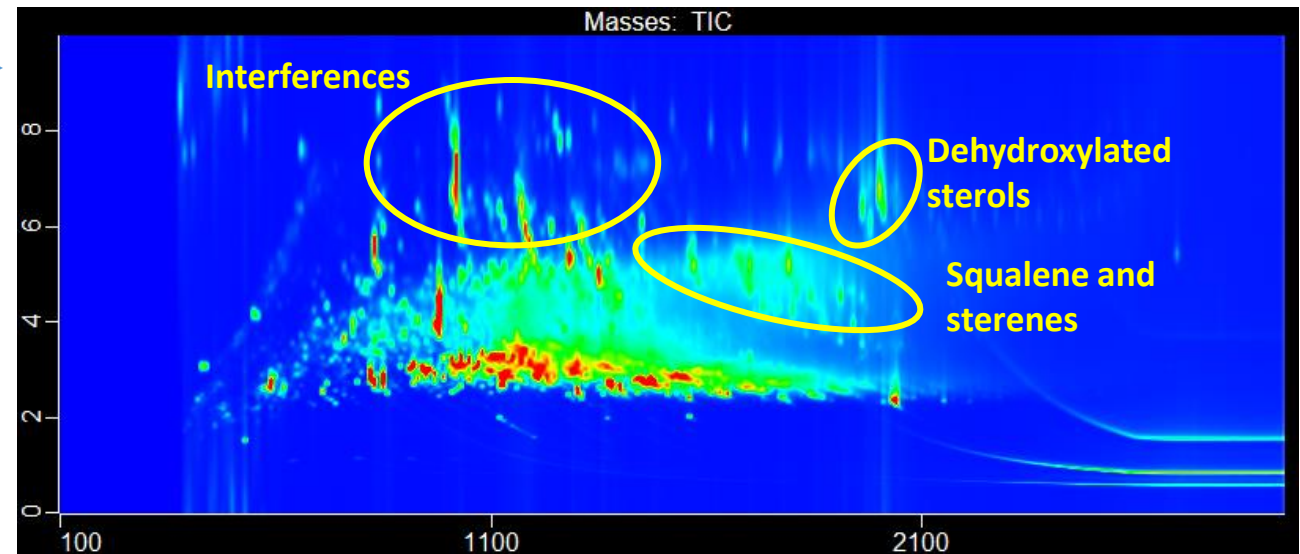
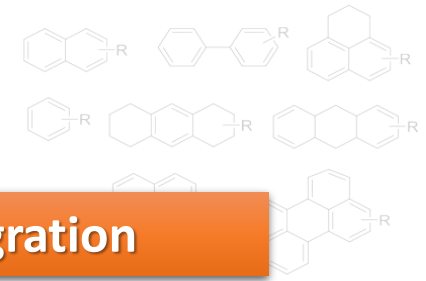
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Sample Preparation

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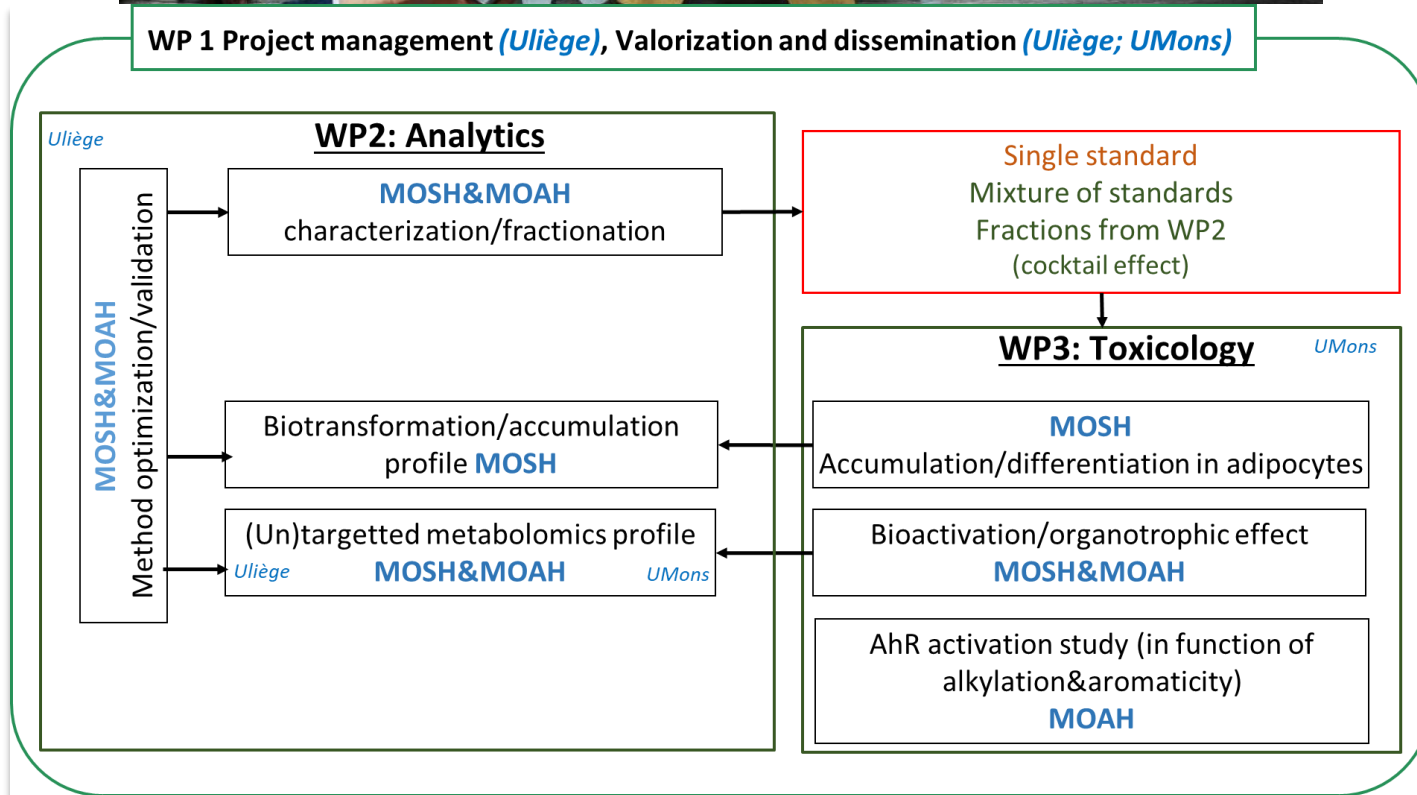
WHERE ARE WE GOING?



TOXICOLOGY

ANALYTICS

WP 1 Project management (Uliège), Valorization and dissemination (Uliège; UMons)



FRS-FNRS-Research Project 2022 (T.0187.23)

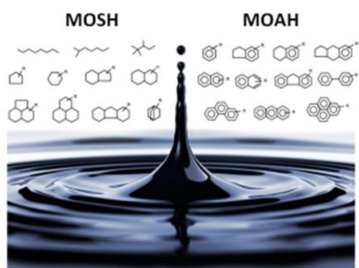
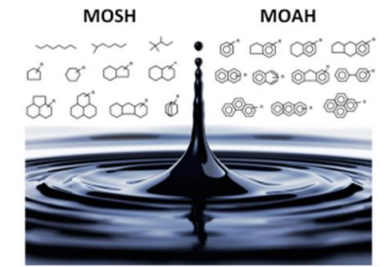
Title: “Multidisciplinary approach to enhance MOSH and MOAH understanding (ToxAnaMOH)”

My research group:

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- Alex Glinieur
- Steven Mascrez
- Grégory Bauwens**
- Damien Eggermont
- Donatella Ferrara
- Aleksandra Gorska**

Visiting students:

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