







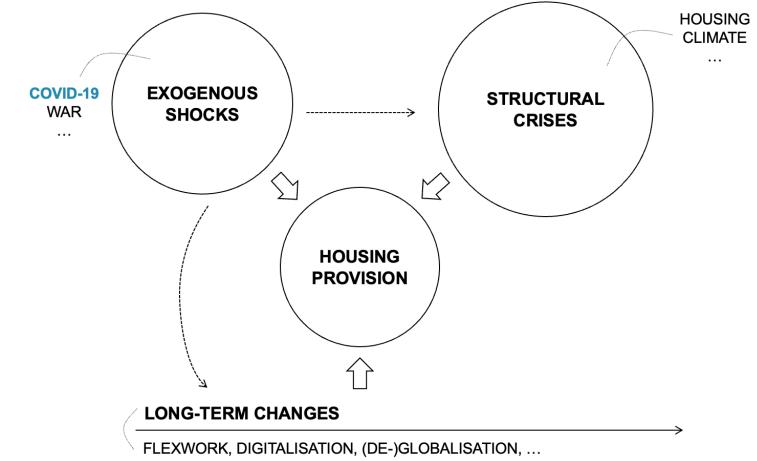
Good Living in Brussels Post-Pandemic



[ISQOLS 2023] 23.08.2023 / CONSTANCE UYTTEBROUCK & CAROLINE NEWTON

COVID-19 AS A PATH-CLEARING EVENT

- Covid-19 as driving and legitimating policy reform
- Path-clearing event accelerating policy change



BRUSSELS AS CASE-STUDY

- Brussels' regional planning regulations (GSV) revision
- GSV (1999) revised in 2006 but new proposal in 2019
- 2020: Scientific housing committee providing advice for the GSV revision (a.o.)
- 2021: Expert commission giving orientations for the revision (Good Living)
- 2022: GSV revision approved in first lecture > unfavorable advice during the public inquiry (2023)
- (Documents analysed: Good Living; Environmental impact report; GSV proposal)



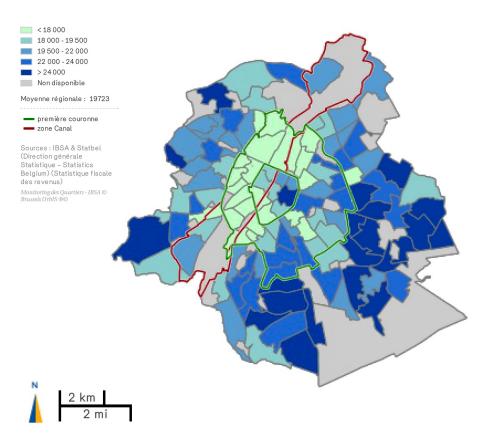
RESEARCH GOALS

- Quality of Life (QOL) justifying the GSV flexibilization from hard rules to vision (// planning flexibilization and relaxation in other contexts)
- Goal: Reflect on the Covid-19 role in increasing awareness to housing and public space quality and facilitating the policy relaxation process
- Empirical material: 19 interviews + policy and planning documents' analysis



BRUSSELS' URBAN REDEVELOPMENT

- Fragmented and segregated city-region
- Institutional complexity and conflicting power levels
- Socio-spatial inequalities > variegated quality in housing and public space

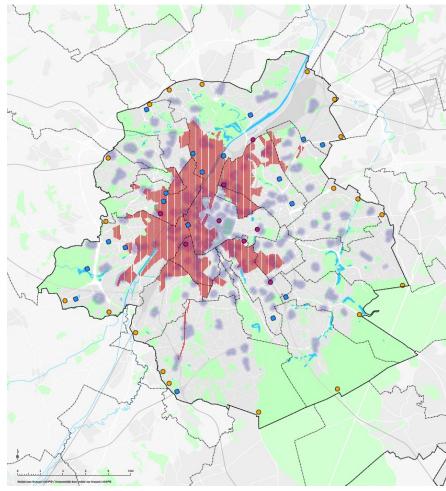


BRUSSELS' STRATEGIC PLANNING AND QUALITY OF LIFE

Brussels' regional development plan (GPDO – 2018) contributing to QOL by defining,

e.g., new public and green space

- GPDO defining priority sites > polycentric, mixed-use development strategy
- GPDO setting QOL improvement as goal for the revised GSV



(Brussels Capital Region, 2018)

BRUSSELS PLANNING FLEXIBILITY

- No planning framework until 1962 leaving much room for the private sector
- Private sector current pressure to make housing supply and urban planning more flexible
- Planning flexibilization and transition housing forms accelerated under Covid-19



(Credit: Cohabs)

PLANNING POLICY CHANGE UNDER COVID-19

- Renewed attention for housing and public space
- Covid-19 as an exogenous shock and path-clearing event accelerating policy change (Hogan et al., 2022)
- Environmental impact report: direct links between the pandemic and the need for outdoor space, spatial quality, high living standards and public infrastructure



ONTWERP VAN NIEUWE GEWESTELIJKE STEDENBOUWKUNDIGE VERORDENING (GSV)

Milieueffectenrapport (MER) van het ontwerp van herziening van de GSV

REFERENTIE VAN HET DOSSIER: C1298

12 OKTOBER 2022

STRATEC | URBAN BRUSSELS C1298 | MER - GEWESTELIJKE STEDENBOUWKUNDIGE VERORDENING

Contactpersoon: Pierre-Yves ANCION Studiedirecteur Tel. +32 (0)2 738 78 73 py.ancion@stratec.be

12 OKTOBER 2022

INCREASED VALUE FOR OPEN AND OUTDOOR SPACE

- Actors seeing Covid-19 as an 'awareness accelerator' making, e.g., the work of the government architect 'easier' because his ideas are better 'accepted'
- Private outdoor space receiving more attention in housing design and development and used as 'compensation' for smaller dwellings
- GSV making access to outdoor space mandatory in new developments to improve inhabitants' well-being



HOUSING QUALITY THROUGH HEALTH AND FLEXIBILITY

- Balance between housing quality, dwelling size and affordability: no consensus among the actors
- Flexibility as a way to integrate WFH in smaller dwellings
- New housing typologies developed as 'smart', flexible (yet smaller) alternatives > supported in the new GSV
- Flexibility part of the 'post-pandemic' and 'pandemicresilient' housing discourse > what about QOL, housing affordability and accessibility?



15'-CITY PRINCIPLES

- Good living supporting (de-)densification and mixed-use development in specific neighbourhoods,
- No explicit support for the 15'-city in the GSV but well in the political discourse and in most recent detailed plans (e.g., for the EU district)
- Access to amenities currently very unequally distributed
- GSV setting criteria for density, mixed-use, green space...that relate to the 15'- city principles
- 15' city controversial in BE as internationally

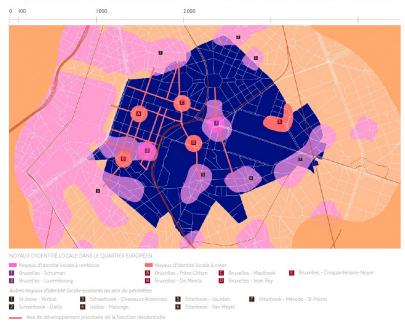
LA VILLE " À 10 MINUTES À PIED "

- → développer un quartier vivant et agréable pour tous ses habitants et usagers
- permettre à tous de bénéficier des services de proximité essentiels à la vie quotidienne

L'introduction de fonctions actives - en particulier des fonctions dites "sociales" (équipements, support à l'habitat) - doit venir renforcer le maillage des Noyaux d'identité Locale. L'ambition est d'offrir à tous les habitants la possibilité de bénéficier de ces fonctions à proximité de chez sol, tout en renforçant les identités de quartier créatrices d'un sentiment affectif vis à vis de son milieu de vie. La vision propose dans un premier temps de renforcer les NIL existants au sein du quartier, en particulier :

 <u>NIL Schuman</u>: au cœur du quartier européen, c'est un des lieux les plus emblématiques du périmètre (UE, Cinquantenaire), déjà dynamique mais principalement pendant les horaires de bureaux. Le développement de logements sur les rues Archimède et Froissard (axes de développement prioritaire de la fonction résidentielle) va contribuer à diversifier les usagers de cette zone. L'implantation de davantage de services de proximité et d'équipements doit permettre de renforcer ce noyau d'identité locale pour en faire un pôle de vie dont les dynamiques ne sont plus uniquement rythmées par les horaires de bureau. Ce NIL ne doit en revanche pas perdre sa dimension européenne, et l'activation du quartier poura se faire au moyen de programmes faisant davantage de llens entre les institutions et les habitants et autres usagers, s'inscrivant également comme un pôle majeur du circuit touristique.

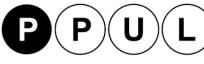
 NIL Luxembourg : ce NIL est aujourd'hui principalement lié à la place du Luxembourg qui accueille plusieurs Horeca et un marché hebdomadaire, ainsi qu'à la rue du Luxembourg dans la partie ouest, reliant la place à Trône. Avec la présence



QOL OPPORTUNITY V. GOVERNANCE CHALLENGES

- Brussels' historical segregation and fragmentation impacting QOL
- Crisis as opportunity to set QOL improvement on top of the agenda again
- Covid-19 and related socio-spatial and health inequalities accelerating planning regulations' revision and flexibilization after lasting private sector's advocacy (for better & for worse)
- Covid-19 legitimating existing planning discourses: good-quality housing now presented as 'lockdown-compatible' housing
- Revised GSV implementation in the current institutional context?
- Quality of the existing housing stock?
- ...Still many challenges to improve QOL in housing and public space in Brussels









Paper on Covid-19 and **Brussels**' planning :



Conference paper on **Covid-19** conceptualization:



Paper on **path dependency** and housing and planning regimes:



Thank you



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