

IMP-MARL: a Suite of Environments for Large-scale Infrastructure Management Planning via MARL

moratodpg/imp marl

arXiv 2306.11551

Pascal Leroy, Pablo G. Morato, Jonathan Pisane, Athanasios Kolios, Damien Ernst

IMP-MARL is a novel open-source suite with real-world environments. Infrastructure management planning (IMP) coordinates inspections and repairs, minimising system failure risks and maintenance costs. We benchmark SOTA cooperative multi-agent RL (MARL) methods with up to 100 agents! They perform better than IMP baselines but important challenges must still be resolved: Are cooperative MARL methods scalable?



- Inspect or repair based on components' damage probability.
- System failure risk depends on the components' failure probability.
- Goal: Minimise maintenance costs and avoid system failure.
- **Challenge**: Joint action space exponentially growing with *n*.
- Damage probabilities d and deterioration rate τ evolve over time:

$$p(d_{t+1}) = \sum_{\tau_{t+1}} \sum_{d_t} p(d_{t+1}|d_t, \tau_{t+1}) p(d_t) p(\tau_{t+1})$$

Inspections i_d update damage probabilities:

$$p\left(d_{t+1}|i_{d_{t+1}}\right) \propto p\left(i_{d_{t+1}}|d_{t+1}\right) p(d_{t+1})$$

• Repairs reset damage to its initial condition: d_0, τ_0 .

IMP as a Decentralised-POMDP

- Component = agent.
- Observation = damage probability.
- State = all damage probabilities and environment's info.
- Actions = inspect or repair or do-nothing.
- Common reward = $R_f + \sum_{a=1}^n \left(R_{\mathrm{ins}}^a + R_{\mathrm{rep}}^a\right) + R_{\mathrm{camp}}$
- Finite time horizon.



Benchmark: MARL vs IMP heuristic

- Centralised training with decentralised execution (CTDE): QMIX, QVMIX, QPLEX, COMA, FACMAC.
- Decentralised: IQL (DQN for each agent).
- Centralised: DQN.
- Baseline: inspection and maintenance planning heuristic.

IMP-MARL environments



Generic category: System fails if more than n-k components fail.

Realistic category: 3 representative components per wind turbine.

Challenging scenarios: inspecting a component provides information to uninspected ones.

Practical scenarios: Campaign costs can be activated in all IMP-MARL environments.

Conclusions and future work

0

iQ! 🗞

- CTDE methods generally outperform heuristics.
- Centralised RL methods do not scale well with the number of agents.
- IMP demands cooperation among agents: CTDE >> decentralised.
- Remaining challenges: Correlation and group campaign costs.

⊗!&

O!

What we have:

X

Compatibility with CleanRL, MARLLib, BenchMARL, Epymarl,...

What we need:

- New IMP environments and additional challenges.
- Contribute to the repository!