

Intelligent Transportation Systems: Application, Challenges and Perspectives

Nourhan Bachir

Data Analysis and GIS for Impact, Economics and Business (DAGEIB) Laboratory

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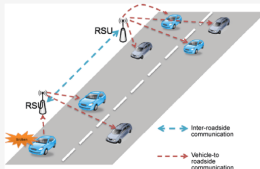


- ① Vehicular Ad Hoc Networks
- ② Literature Review
- ③ Data Sets
- ④ References

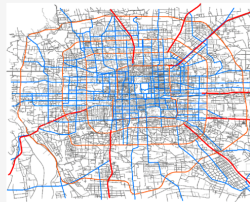
Section 0

Road-map

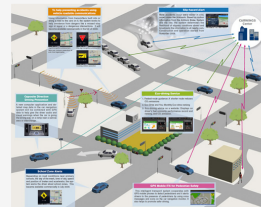
We believe in our research we will have to go through three different stages of studies:



- 1** Data Acquisition and Management in Vehicular Ad-Hoc Networks (VANs)



- 2** Diagnosis of the Road Network Characteristics using GIS and Geomatics disciplines



- 3** Data Analysis and Decision-Making

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Section 1

Vehicular Ad Hoc Networks

Section 1

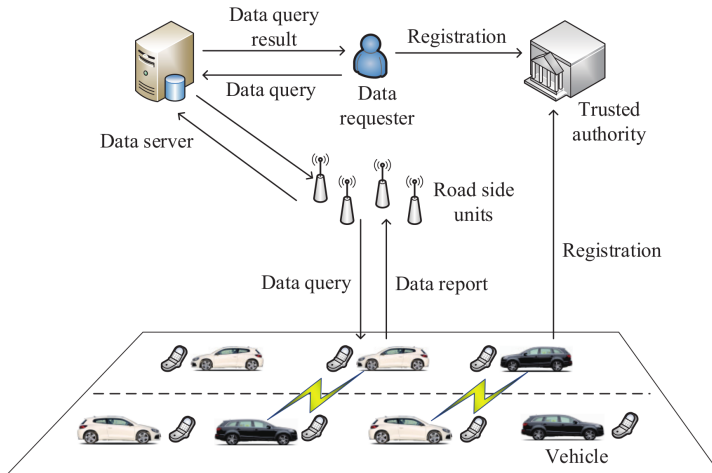
Vehicular Ad Hoc Networks

- What is VANET?
- Characteristics of VANETs
- Challenges of VANETs
- Data Collection in VANETs
- VANET Architecture
- VANET Simulators

What is VANET?

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- hard delay constraints. [PN19]

Challenges of VANETs

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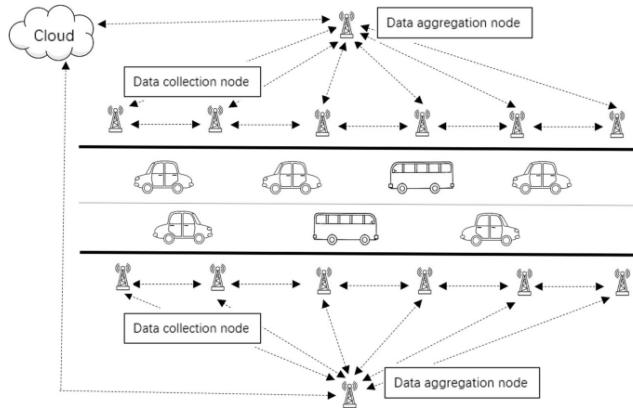
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- most VANET applications are designed with real-time requirements; **timeliness** of data is very important.
- communications in the VANET are affected by traffic conditions; data collection methods should be **consistent** with traffic conditions.
- amount of data to be transmitted by the vehicle could be huge; data collection method should consider the network communication **overhead**.

Data Collection in VANETs

An efficient method for data collection must consider different parameters: data aggregation, latency, packet delivery ratio, packet loss, scalability, security, transmission overhead, and vehicle density as the performance parameters. [PN19]

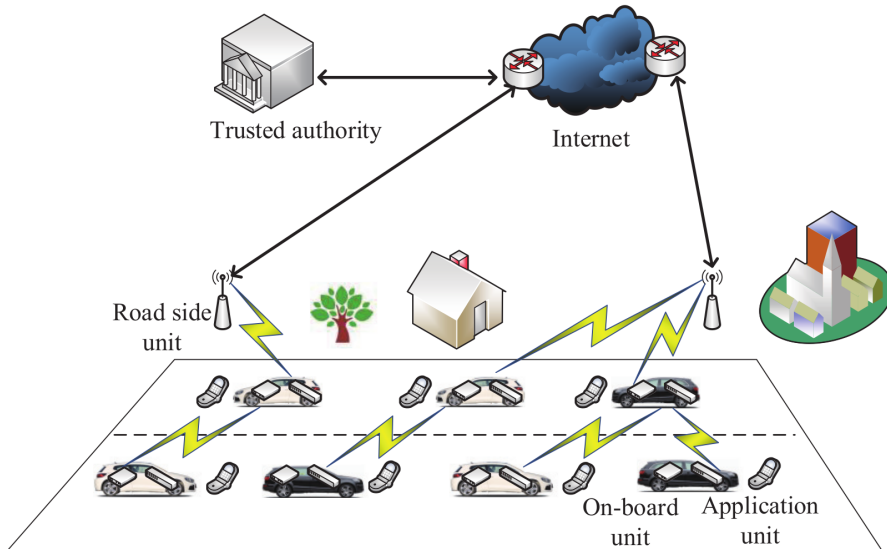
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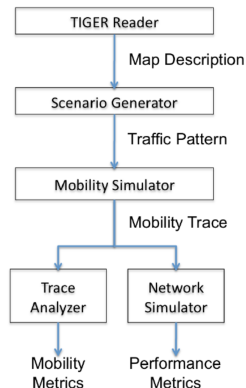
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Category	Tool	Release ¹
Integrated framework	TraNS [26]	2007
	MobiREAL [19]	2006
	Veins [28]	2006
Network Simulator	NCTUns [31]	2007
	ns-3 [14]	2008
	OMNET++ [30]	2006
	GrooveNet [20]	2006
Mobility Generator	SUMO [4]	2006
	VanetMobiSim [13]	2006
	MOVE [15]	2007
	CityMob [21]	2008
Scenario Generator	VERGILIUS [10]	2010

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Section 2

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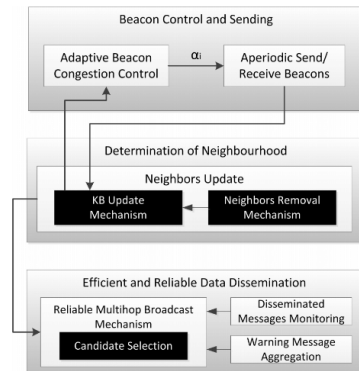
TABLE 9 An overview of the discussed data collection mechanisms and their comparison based on main metrics

Category	Author Name	Data Aggregation	Latency	Packet Delivery Ratio (PDR)	Packet Loss	Scalability	Security	Transmission Overhead	Vehicle Density
Topology-based	Pacheco-Paramo et al ⁸⁴	X	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓
	Drira et al ⁸¹	✓	✓	X	X	X	X	✓	X
	Jiao et al ⁸²	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	✓
	Qin et al ⁸³	X	✓	✓	✓	✓	X	X	✓
	Turcanu et al ¹⁶	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓
	Malik and Pandey ⁸⁰	X	✓	✓	X	X	✓	X	X
He and Zhang ²⁰	X	✓	✓	X	✓	X	X	✓	
Cluster-based	Liu et al ⁸⁷	✓	X	X	X	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Bouali et al ⁸⁶	X	X	X	X	✓	✓	X	✓
	d'Orey et al ⁸⁵	X	✓	X	X	✓	X	✓	X
	Brik et al ¹¹	✓	✓	X	✓	✓	X	✓	✓
	Brik et al ⁸⁴	✓	X	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓
Geocast-based	Lee et al ⁸⁸	X	X	✓	X	X	X	✓	✓
	Delot et al ⁸⁹	X	X	✓	X	✓	X	X	X
	Zarmehri and Aguiar ⁸⁰	X	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓	✓
Fog-based	Lai et al ⁹¹	X	✓	X	X	✓	X	✓	✓
	Lai et al ⁹²	X	✓	X	X	✓	X	✓	✓

Reliable Data Dissemination Protocol for VANET Traffic Safety Applications [OMBW17]

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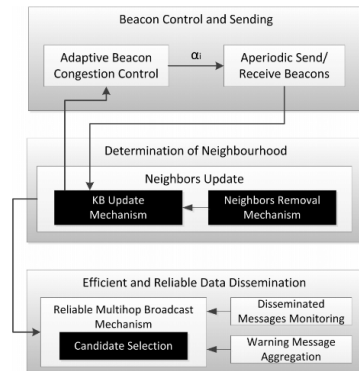
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- *broadcast storm* scenario, in a dense network,
- *frequent disconnection* scenario, in a sparse network, and
- wireless communication problems (*hidden node* scenario).

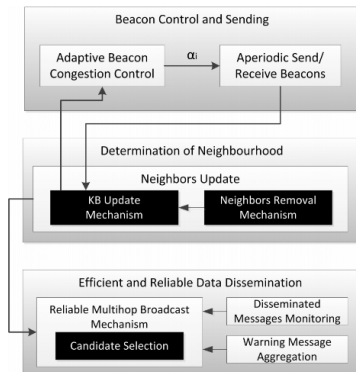


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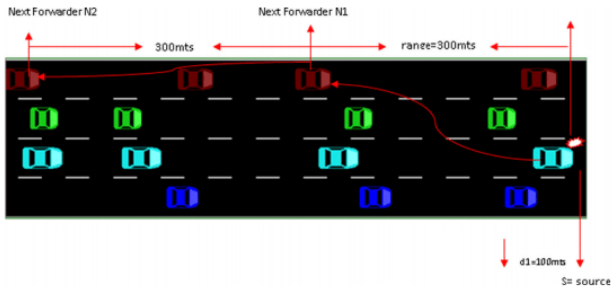
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While also considering the delay sensitivity of safety message broadcasting; should be delivered in shortest time possible.



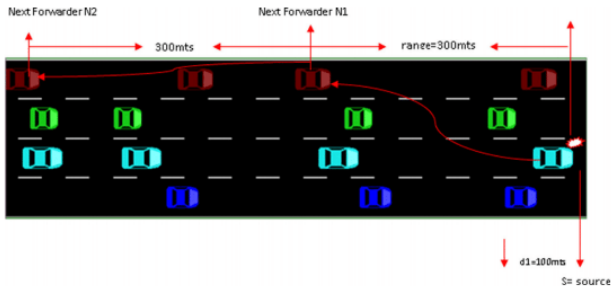
Fuzzy Logic-Based Forwarder Selection for Efficient Data Dissemination [BS21]

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- The authors propose a fuzzy-based forwarding technique where distance, movement, and link quality are the three parameters used for node selection.
- Fuzzy logic has three basic steps: fuzzification, set and combination of if/then rules, and defuzzification.

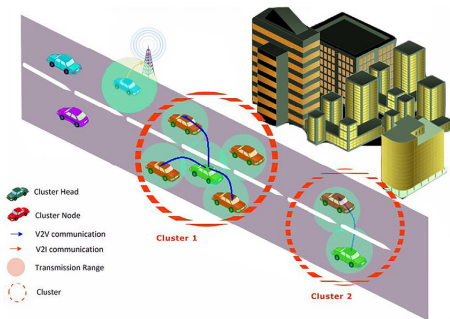
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- Fuzzy logic has three basic steps: fuzzification, set and combination of if/then rules, and defuzzification.
- The performance is evaluated in a freeway scenario, and the results were compared with Non-Fuzzy-based system as (Greedy forwarding protocol (GFP), Most forward within Radius (MFR), Multipoint Relay (MPR), Flooding, etc.) in terms of efficiency.

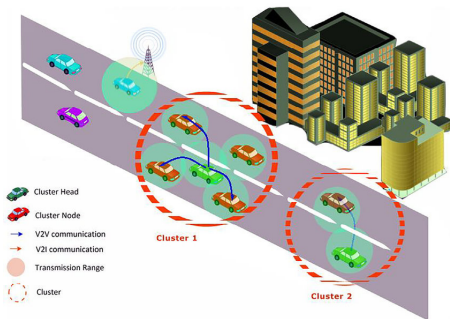
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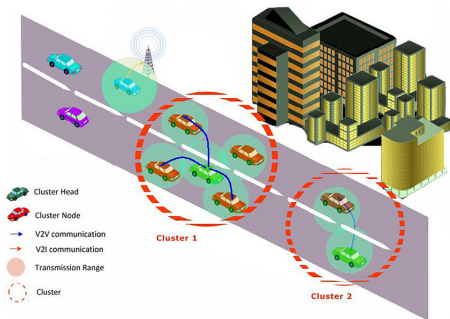
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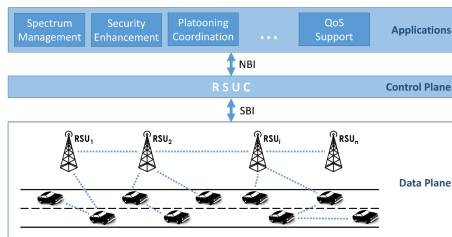


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- Comparatively, the approach is *more effective, maintains the stability of the cluster and reduces the network congestion.*

A comprehensive survey: Benefits, Services, Recent works, Challenges, Security and Use cases for SDN-VANET [SAHZI⁺20]

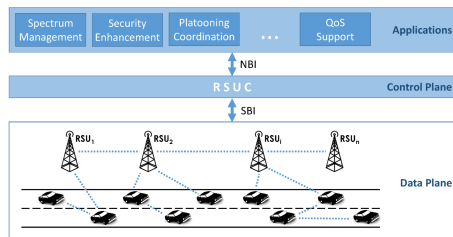
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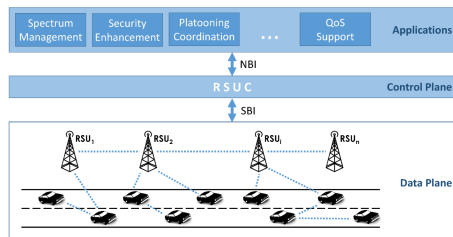
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- **SDN** can be defined as the partition between the system (control plane) and the sending capacities (data plane).
- The use of separation between the control and data planes in VANET allows the network intelligence and state to be in the center.



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Architecture of Conducting Big Data Analytics in ITS

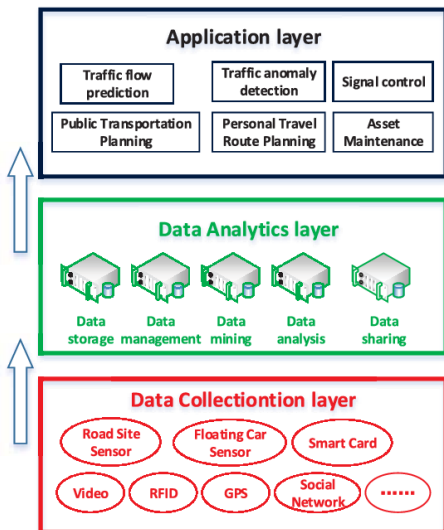
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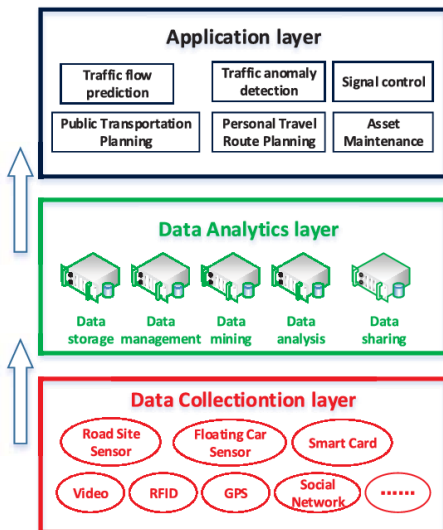
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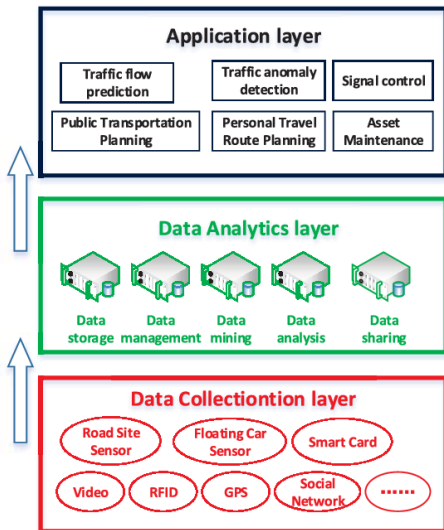
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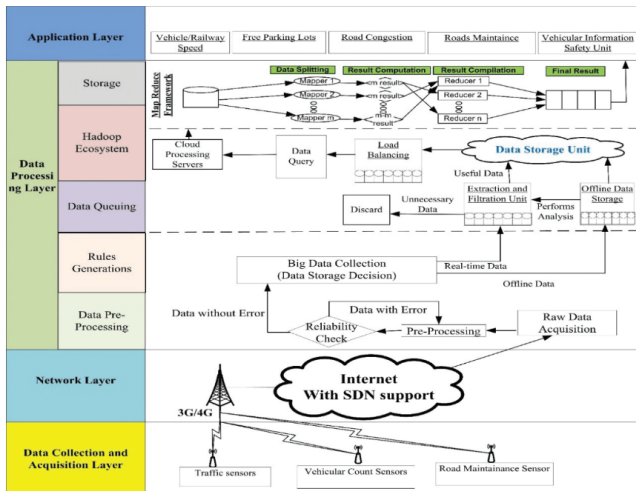
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- 3 **Application Layer:** this layer is where all the results of the previous layer is applied in the different transportation circumstances.



Applications: Designing a Smart Transportation System: An Internet of Things and Big Data Approach [JFK⁺19]

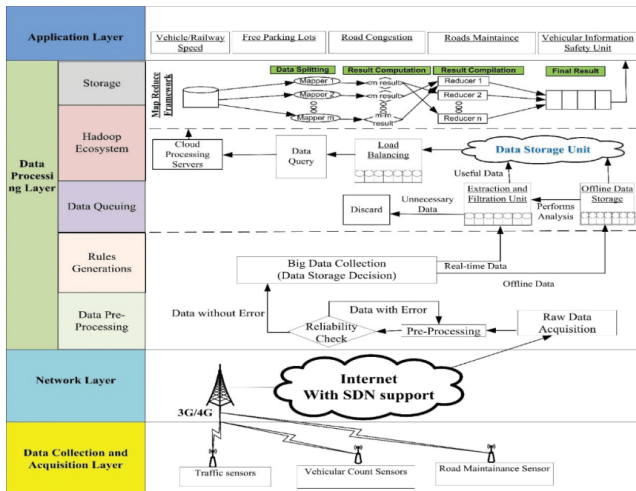
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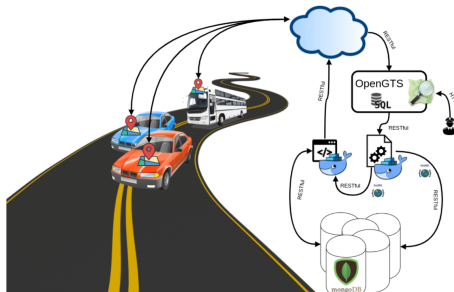
- Model for analyzing transportation data with **Hadoop** and **Spark** to handle real-time transportation data
- The system is divided into four layers: data collection and acquisition, network, data processing, and application



Applications: An IoT Cloud System for Traffic Monitoring and Vehicular Accidents Prevention Based on Mobile Sensor Data Processing [CGC⁺17]

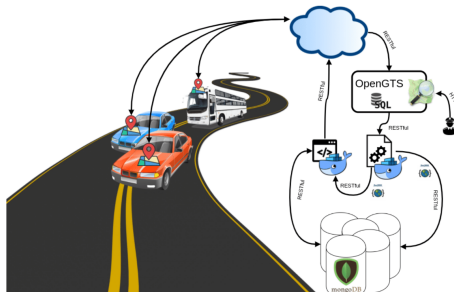
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- Deal with accidents caused by sudden slowdown especially in fast scrolling roads and highways characterised by scarce visibility.
- Experiments showed that this system provides acceptable response times that allows drivers to receive alert messages in useful time so as to avoid the risk of possible accidents.



Summary of works

<https://www.dropbox.com/scl/fi/1991qfy54nr8yigoclnkg/Summary.docx?dl=0&rlkey=6v8n6s56bx53u7rfugwkhrn4>

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Section 3

Data Sets

Provided Data: OSM Data

Bruxelles_OSM_Transportation — Features Total: 61967, Filtered: 61967, Selected: 0

	osm_id	code	fclass	name	ref	oneway	maxspeed	layer	bridge	tunnel
1	1880377	5115	tertiary	Place Saint-Pier...	NULL	B	30	0	F	F
2	3516009	5115	tertiary	Avenue Jean So...	NULL	F	30	0	F	F
3	3516010	5115	tertiary	Boulevard du C...	NULL	F	30	0	F	F
4	3516012	5115	tertiary	Boulevard du C...	NULL	F	30	0	F	F
5	3517093	5113	primary	Quai de Willebr...	N201	F	50	0	F	F
6	3517145	5114	secondary	Avenue du Parc...	N277	B	50	0	F	F
7	3517238	5115	tertiary	Avenue des Eb...	NULL	F	30	0	F	F
8	3517239	5115	tertiary	Avenue des Ro...	NULL	B	30	0	F	F
9	3517342	5114	secondary	Place Royale - ...	NULL	F	30	0	F	F
10	3517547	5114	secondary	Rue Royale - Ko...	NULL	F	30	0	F	F
11	3517548	5114	secondary	Rue de la Loi - ...	NULL	F	30	0	F	F
12	3517549	5123	living_street	Rue de la Press...	NULL	F	20	0	F	F
13	3517550	5115	tertiary	Place des Palais...	NULL	B	30	0	F	F
14	3517630	5123	living_street	Place Saint-GÃ...	NULL	F	20	0	F	F
15	3517746	5123	living_street	Rue des Chartre...	NULL	F	20	0	F	F
16	3517840	5123	living_street	Rue de la Verdu...	NULL	F	20	0	F	F
17	3517864	5115	tertiary	Boulevard Mau...	NULL	B	30	0	F	F
18	3517865	5124	pedestrian	Rue de Bon Sec...	NULL	B	0	0	F	F
19	3517866	5124	pedestrian	Rue des Grands...	NULL	F	0	0	F	F
20	3517898	5124	pedestrian	Grand-Place - ...	NULL	B	0	0	F	F
21	3517919	5124	pedestrian	Rue de l'Ã%stu...	NULL	F	0	0	F	F
22	4016268	5131	motorway_link	NULL	NULL	F	120	0	F	F
23	4306773	5113	primary	Rond-Point de L...	NULL	F	50	0	F	F
24	4306783	5113	primary	Avenue Frankli...	NULL	F	50	0	F	F

Provided Data: Urbis Data

Bruxelles_Urbis_Transportation — Features Total: 22845, Filtered: 22845, Selected: 0

	gml_id	beginLifes	SHAPE_Leng
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8	BE.BRUSSELS.BRIC.ADM.SA.90	2015-10-05T00:00:00	0.00032031291556
9	BE.BRUSSELS.BRIC.ADM.SA.91	2015-10-05T00:00:00	0.00019878989782
10	BE.BRUSSELS.BRIC.ADM.SA.92	2015-10-05T00:00:00	0.00076784644395
11	BE.BRUSSELS.BRIC.ADM.SA.93	2015-10-05T00:00:00	0.00024966187476
12	BE.BRUSSELS.BRIC.ADM.SA.94	2015-10-05T00:00:00	0.00250980533358
13	BE.BRUSSELS.BRIC.ADM.SA.95	2015-10-05T00:00:00	0.000762084163
14	BE.BRUSSELS.BRIC.ADM.SA.96	2015-10-05T00:00:00	0.00079311385754
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22	BE.BRUSSELS.BRIC.ADM.SA.104	2015-10-05T00:00:00	0.0015453303751

Section 3

Data Sets

Next Step

Next Step

- Reliable Data Dissemination Protocol for VANET Traffic Safety Applications [OMBW17]
- Fuzzy Logic-Based Forwarder Selection for Efficient Data Dissemination [BS21]

Next Step

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Reasons:

Next Step

- Reliable Data Dissemination Protocol for VANET Traffic Safety Applications [OMBW17]
- Fuzzy Logic-Based Forwarder Selection for Efficient Data Dissemination [BS21]

Reasons:

- 1 Published in highly important journals

Next Step

- Reliable Data Dissemination Protocol for VANET Traffic Safety Applications [OMBW17]
- Fuzzy Logic-Based Forwarder Selection for Efficient Data Dissemination [BS21]

Reasons:

- 1 Published in highly important journals
- 2 Recent

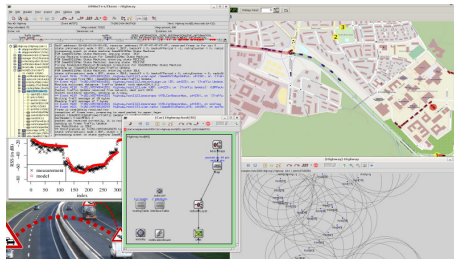
Next Step

- Reliable Data Dissemination Protocol for VANET Traffic Safety Applications [OMBW17]
- Fuzzy Logic-Based Forwarder Selection for Efficient Data Dissemination [BS21]

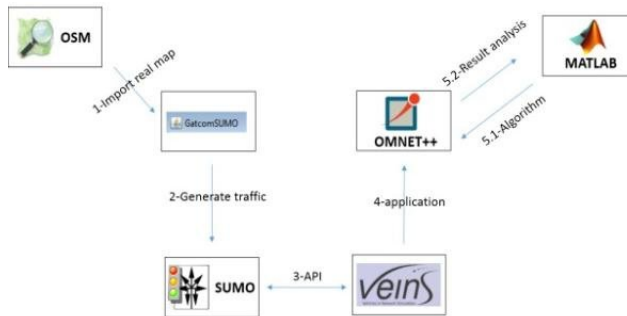
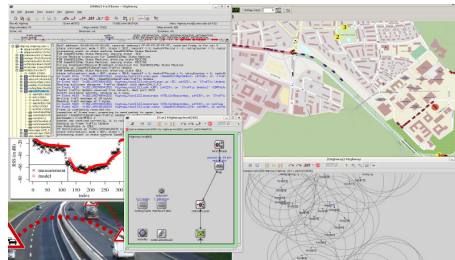
Reasons:

- 1 Published in highly important journals
- 2 Recent
- 3 Deals with similar topic

Next Step



Next Step



- ① Vehicular Ad Hoc Networks
- ② Literature Review
- ③ Data Sets
- ④ References

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Thanks!