

Inflammatory aortic wall development after EVAR: case report

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Disclosure of Interest

Disclosure

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✓ I do not have any potential conflict of interest



Introduction (1)

 Peri-aortitis associated with inflammatory abdominal aortic aneurysm is a well known condition, usually treated by open or endovascular technique.

• Peri-aortic inflammation after **e**ndo**v**ascular **a**neurysm **r**epair (EVAR) is on the other hand a quite rare condition.



Introduction (2)

• Post implantation syndrome (PIS) after EVAR is an inflammatory response usually happening the first days after the procedure.

An universally accepted definition is missing.



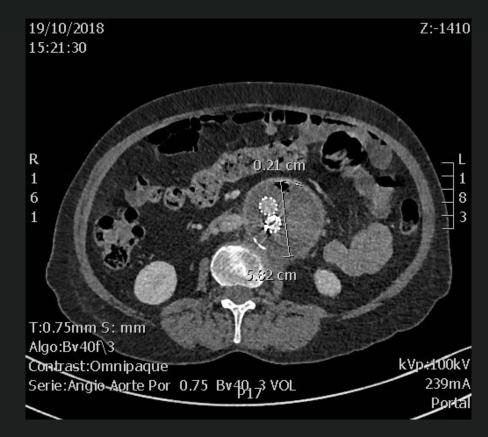
Case Report (1)

- 72 years old female
- Followed since 2015 for subrenal aortic aneurysm
- Diameters: 2015: 3,6cm 2016: 4,7cm 2018: 5,5cm
- November 2018: EVAR without per or post op complication
- Lab test D+3: CRP 158,7 mg/L, WBC 11650/mm3
- Post EVAR CT Scan showed no evidence of endoleak or periaortitis



Case Report (2)





Intra-operative

Post EVAR CT scan

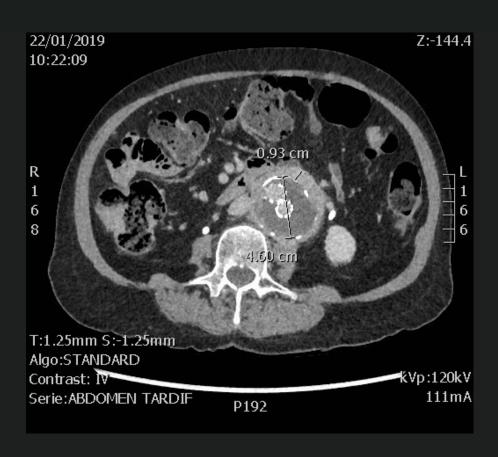
Case Report (3)

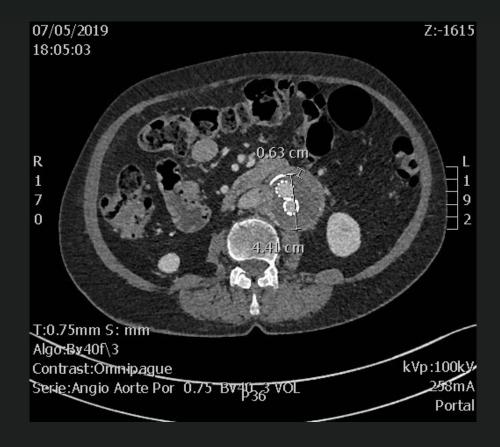


- 3 months post EVAR:
 - Elevated CRP (22mg/L) with a normal count of WBC (6620/mm3)
 - CT scan: absence of endoleak, regression of the size of the aneurysm
 - Inflammatory peri-aneurysmal shell
- 6 months post EVAR:
 - Elevated CRP (33mg/L) with normal count of WBC (7820/mm3)
 - CT scan: absence of endoleak, regression of the size of the aneurysm
 - Regression of the size of the inflammatory shell



Case Report (4)





3 months post EVAR

6 months post EVAR



Discussion (1)

 Peri-aortic inflammation after EVAR is a rare but already described condition. (1,2,3,4)

 Inflammatory aortic wall development after EVAR could belong to the Post Implantation Syndrome (PIS). (5,6)

• PIS is defined by elevated WBC and CRP, associated with fever in an early phase after EVAR.

Discussion (2)



- A recent study by Arnaoutoglou showed a correlation between PIS and cardiovascular or other adverse event during the first year after EVAR. (5,6)
- The inflammatory response in PIS is attenuated after the first month, but the risk of cardiovascular and other adverse event is still higher during the first year. (6)
- Wether it should be treated or not is not well defined yet.
- We need further studies to determinate if a treatment is necessary, in order to lower this adverse event risk.





- 1) Andreas Frech et al., « Periarortitis as a rare complication after endovascular aneurysm repair », Circulation. 2015;131:1459-1461
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- 3) Wassim Mansour et al., « Early onset of periaortic inflammation after EVAR with inferior vena cava involvement:a case report », Annals of vascular surgery 2015; 29: 127.e1-127.e4
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- 5) Eleni Arnaoutoglou et al., « Prospective evaluation of post implantation inflammatory response after EVAR for AAA: influence on patients' 30 day outcome », Eur J Endovasc Surg 2015; 49, 175-183
- 6) Eleni Arnaoutoglou et al., « Prospective evaluation of post implantation syndrome evolution on patient outcomes after endovascular aneurysm repair for abdominal aortic aneurysm », Journal of vascular surgery 2016; 5, 1248-1255



Thank u for your attention