



# Endovascular treatment for visceral arteries occlusive disease

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### Disclosure

Speaker name:

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I have the following potential conflicts of interest to report:

- ☐ Consulting
- ☐ Employment in industry
- ☐ Stockholder of a healthcare company
- Owner of a healthcare company
- ☐ Other(s)
- I do not have any potential conflict of interest



## Introduction

- Acute and chronic mesenteric ischemia (MI) are more commonly diagnosed due to the increased used of computed tomography.
- It is a rare condition (± 2% of the population) with high morbidity and mortality.
- We report our experience about endovascular approach for coeliac trunk and superior mesenteric artery occlusive disease.

## Material & methods

 Between August 2018 and October 2021, 43 patients had endovascular treatment for visceral arteries occlusive disease in our university hospital.

They were reviewed retrospectively.



# Results (1)

Men	15
Women	28
Mean age	71 years old
Smokers	36
Diabetes	9
AHT	24
Cardiac diseases	22
RI	12
Stroke	2
PAD	19



## Results (2)

29 chronic MI (65 %)

- All atherosclerosis
- All stenosis
- All treated by percutaneous ponction

14 acute MI

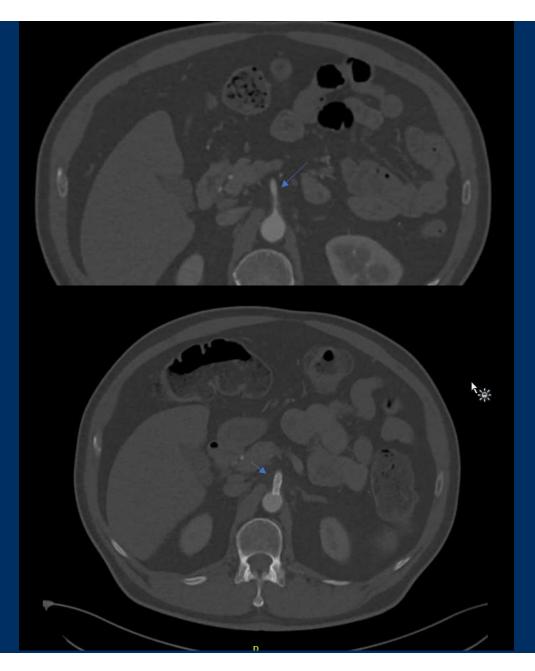
- All atherosclerosis
- 2 occlusions
- 1 dissection
- 1 embolization
- 4 ROMS (retrograde open mesenteric stenting)

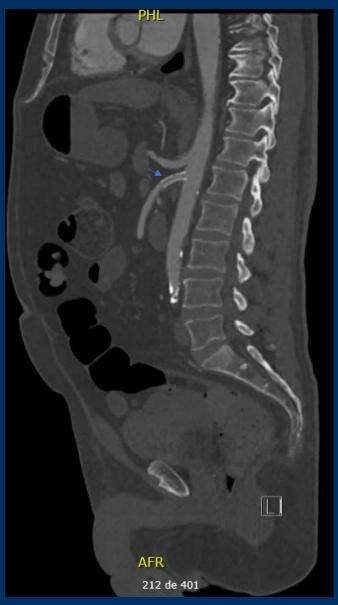














# Results (3)

#### **Target vessel**

- 33 SMA
- 8 CT
- 2 SMA + CT

#### **Puncture**

- 33 left humeral
- 1 radial
- 5 femoral
- 4 ROMS

#### Stent

- 40 bare metal stents
- 3 covered stents
- All balloon mounted stents



# Results (4)

- Complications:
  - 7 hematoma
  - 2 false aneurysm
  - 1 humeral artery thombosis
- All after left humeral puncture



# Results (5)

- Mean follow up was 5 months
- 8 patients were lost of follow-up
- 13 deaths:
  - 2 early deaths (from AMI)
  - 11 deaths not related to MI
- 100% primary patency rate



## Conclusions

- Endovascular therapy is the favorite approach for visceral arteries occlusive disease.
- Primary patency rate is high.
- Humeral artery puncture has to be avoided because it has more complications than others puncture sites.





