Teaching chemistry using a chemical reactions in petri dishes and modelling processes Hamad Karous ha.karous@gmail.com **Focusing Practial work on "Misconceptions**



Applications : Modelling observations Context of some reactions Four conceptual levels in chemistry (Kermen & Méheut, 2008) model level H_2O, CI_2 Second part of the empirical level macroscopi The transition from one level to another occurs thanks to the models' functions: Simplify reality HCC p Predictive Human creation NHE 115 A model's different functions Evolutionary Descriptive m2 0 - MM - 0 m2 Explanatory XSM Oscillateur équivalent J-\\\\\-€ µ PV = nRT

Application in secundary education

It is imperative that students develop their own models thanks to an education that is centered on modeling.













D X Sm



O: CP A Fert × No GO OH-Fe (OH)





Conclusions

□ Teaching through scientific modeling can :

- Change the students' **preconceptions**
- Improve the students' understanding of models on a submiscroscopic level
- Develop the students' creative skills to acquire knowledge that are based on experimentation
- Make it easier for the students to describe a given **experimental reality**
- Let the students acquire a certain ease in using a model and in understanding what it represents
- Work in an more autonomous way with animations and online questionnaires



« They helped me visualize what happened on a microscopic level » « I think modeling allows for a better vision of things and makes it easier to understand the material »

« Modeling with sticks and spheres has especially helped me visualize and understand chemical kinetics better »

« With chemistry, I always have a hard time understanding if what we are studying is true because we cannot see it. In a way, modeling can help us see what we have studied and I think it makes us want to learn more »

References

- Taber, K. S. (2001). Constructing chemical concepts in the classroom: Using research to inform the practice. Chemistry Education: Research and Practice in Europe 2: 43-51.
- Gilbert, J. K., and Zylberstajn, A. (1985). Aconceptual framework for science education: The case study of force and movement. European Journal of Science Education 7: 107–120.
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