TREE-INJECTION: Injection of essential oils as bio pesticides in fruit arboriculture

Agro-Bio Tech

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Introduction

The rosy apple aphid (*Disaphys* plantaginea) cause large yield decreases in apple orchards through sap sucking and disease spreading. TREE INJECTION aims to propose a bio pesticide alternative technique based on an essential oil (EO) injection in tree vascular system

Biological Model

Malus domestica Dysaphis plantaginea

Objectives

- Formulate a biocompatible essential oil emulsion
 - Evaluate phytotoxicity on trees
- Design a GC-MS method to detect EO components in leaves, fruits and saps

Materials and methods

1) Experimental design

Passive injection system for 2 years tree with essential oil nano-emulsion

Clip cage for insects colony monitoring





2) Headspace sampling

Volatile Emitted Thermodesorption tube (TDU-GC-MS)



Volatile Contained dynamic headspace

sampling (DHS-GC-MS)

1g feuilles 2 ml NaCl 20% COVs contenus

3) Phytotoxicity

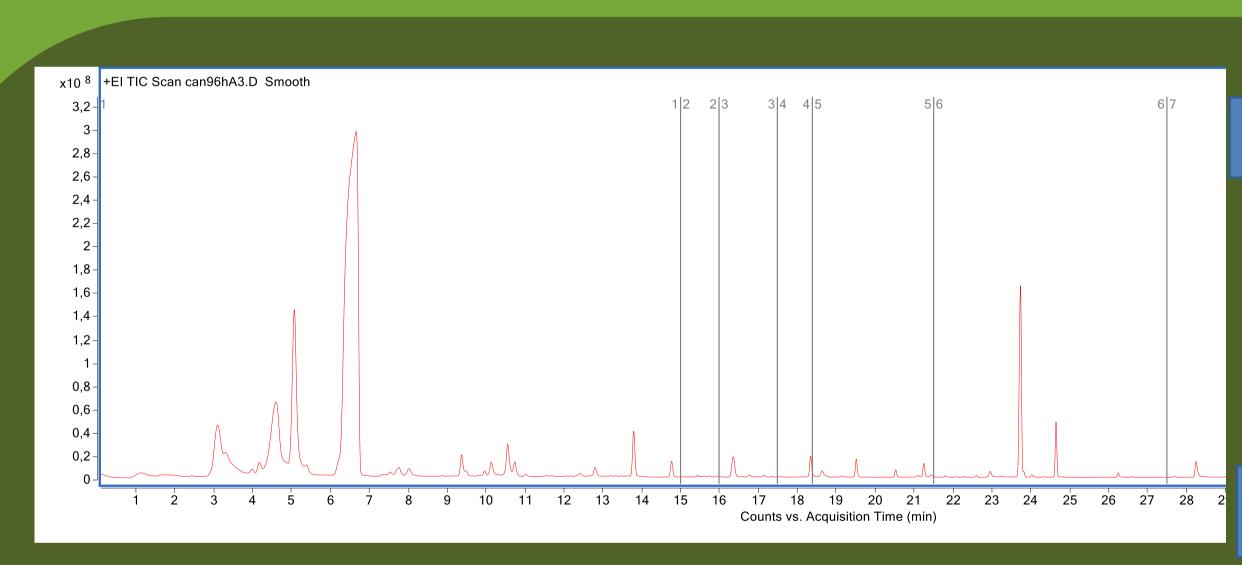


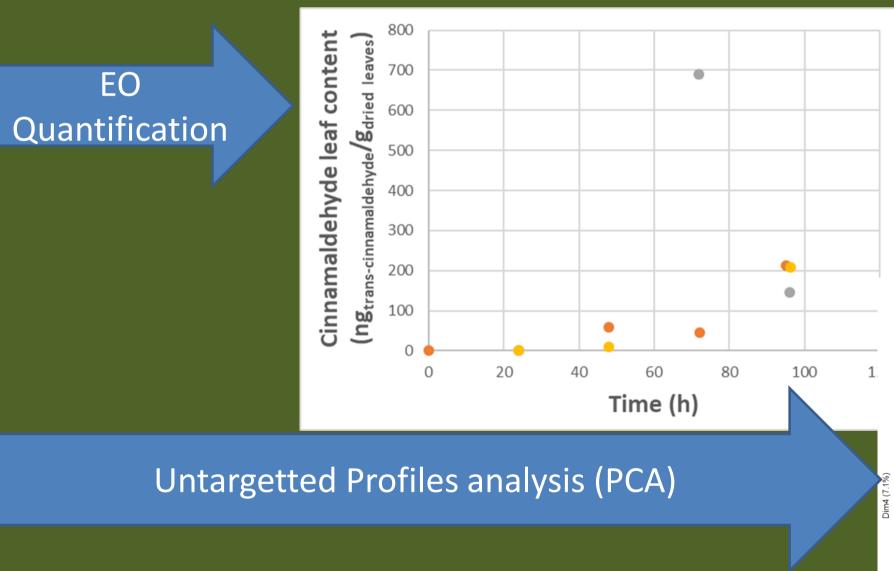
Fluorimeter quantum efficiency of photosystem II (Fv/Fm)



Infra-red gas analyser photosynthetic rate (A)

Results

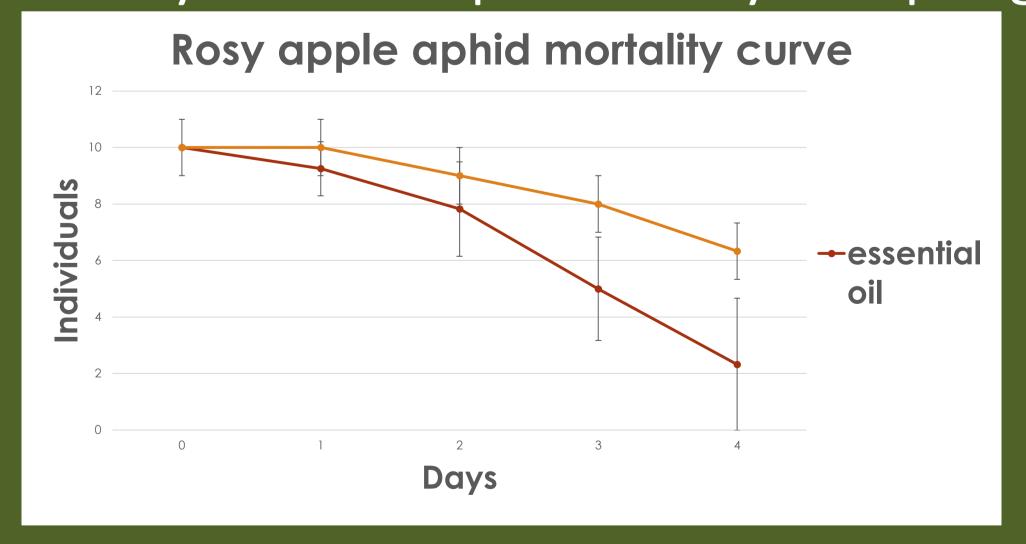




Kinetics of EO in apple leave through time -> up to $0.2\mu g/g$ of transcinnamaldehydes

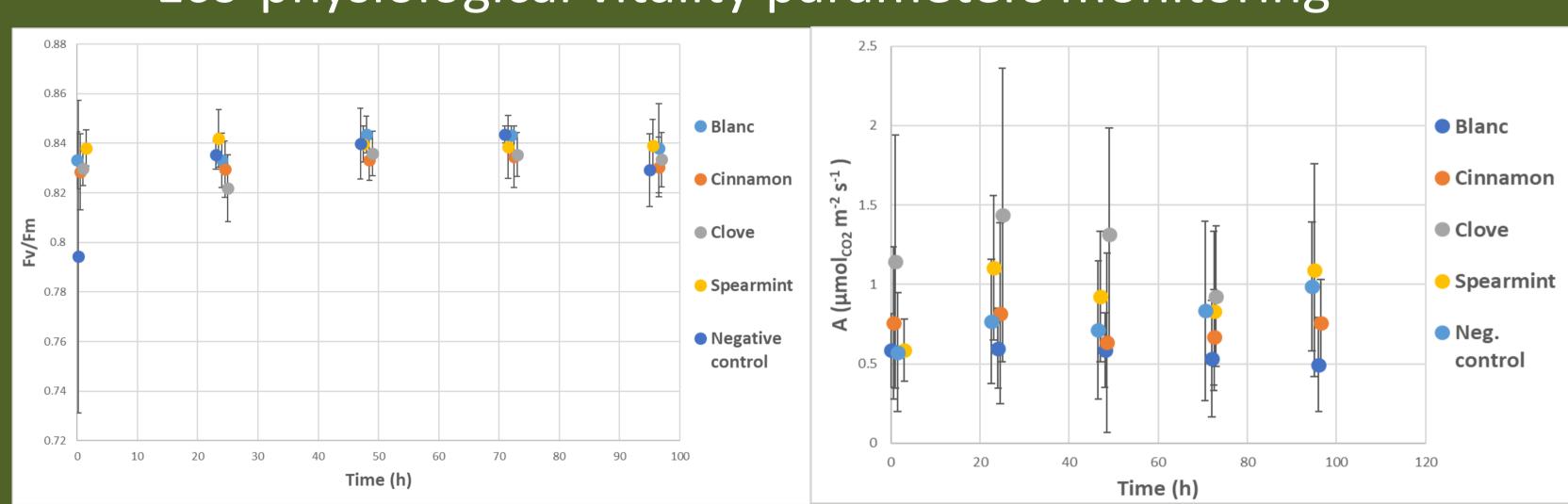
Major contributor -> VOC affected by treatments -> Terpenic/stress released VOC -> indirect impact

Mortality curve of aphid colony in clip cage



-> 80% of mortality after 4 days of traitments

Eco-physiological vitality parameters monitoring



-> No impact on plant photosynthesis apparatus

Stable bio-compatible nano-emulsion EO diffusion kinetics with DHS-GC-MS Effects on VOC profiles and physiology

Perspectives

Biological test (insect/orchards) Impact on plant physiology (ROS production,...)

For further informations

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Conclusion