

Context



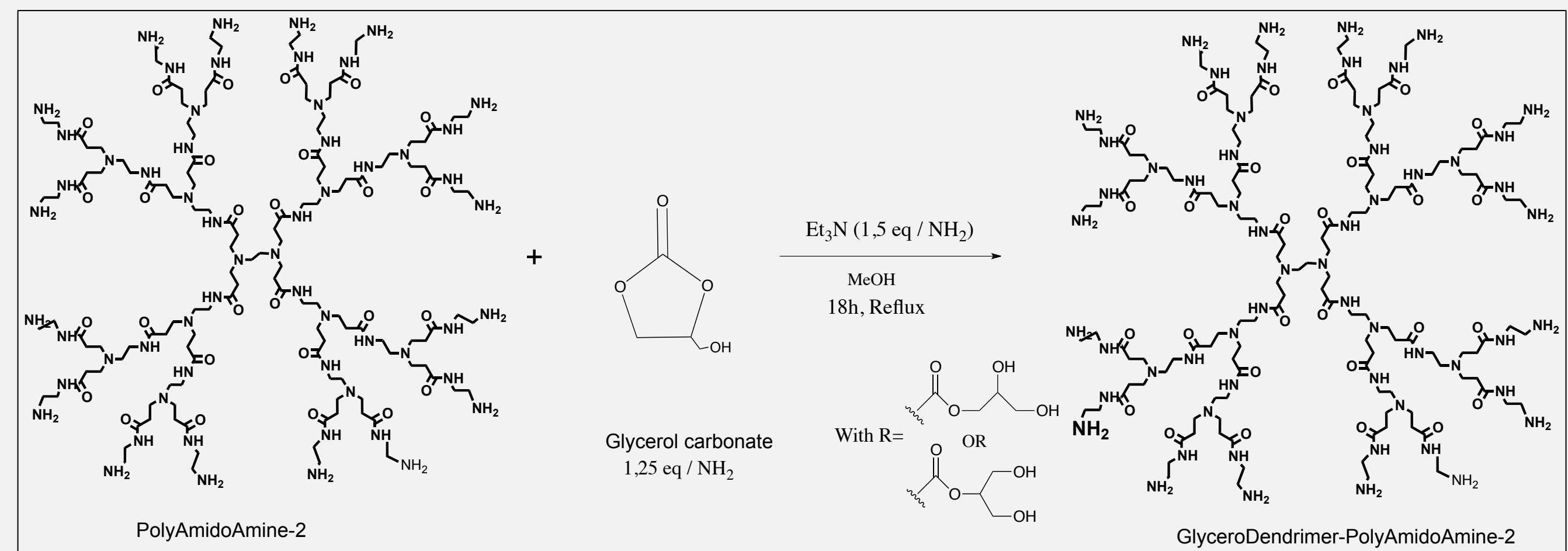
Following the objective of reducing the use of chemical pesticides without decreasing crop yield, essential oils (EOs) are a prime candidate for biocontrol. Encapsulation of them allow to increase the duration of their natural bioactivities. In this work, an innovative green matrix for essential oil retention is proposed: glycerodendrimers (GDs). Some of them have already shown their ability to encapsulate some metallic complexes and organic compounds^{3,4} and two very new types has been use.

I

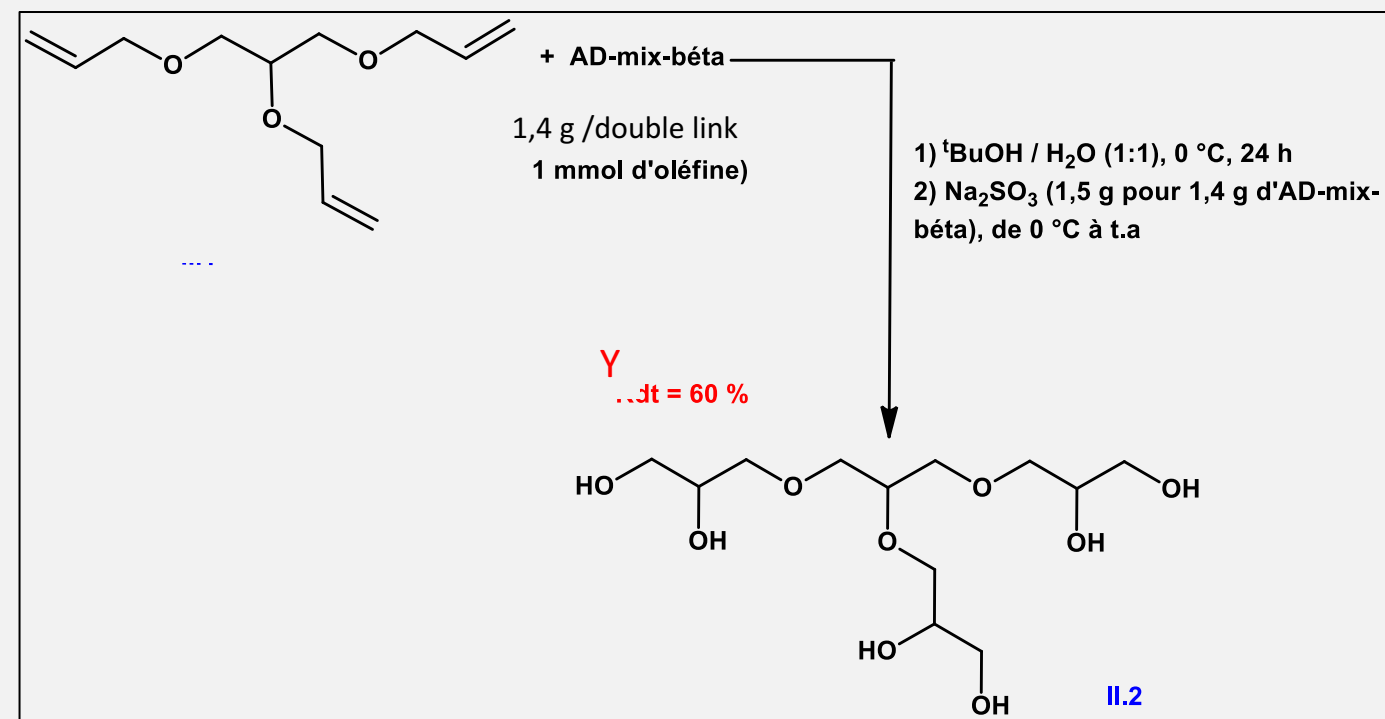
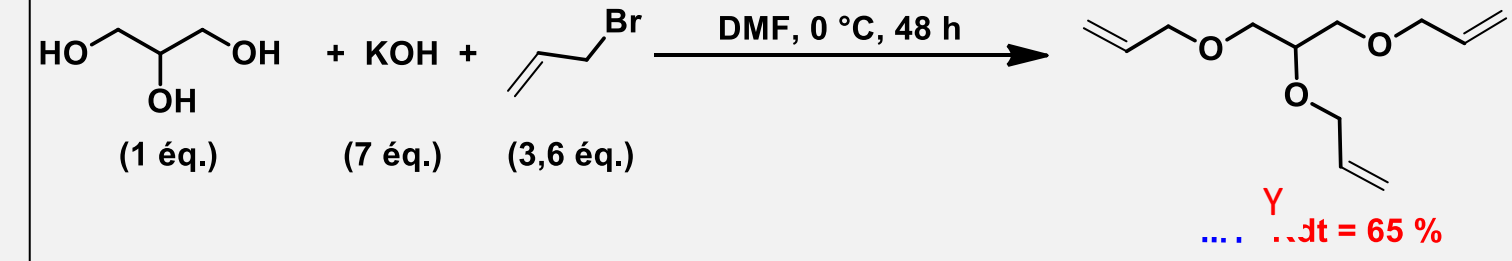
Synthesis^{3,4}



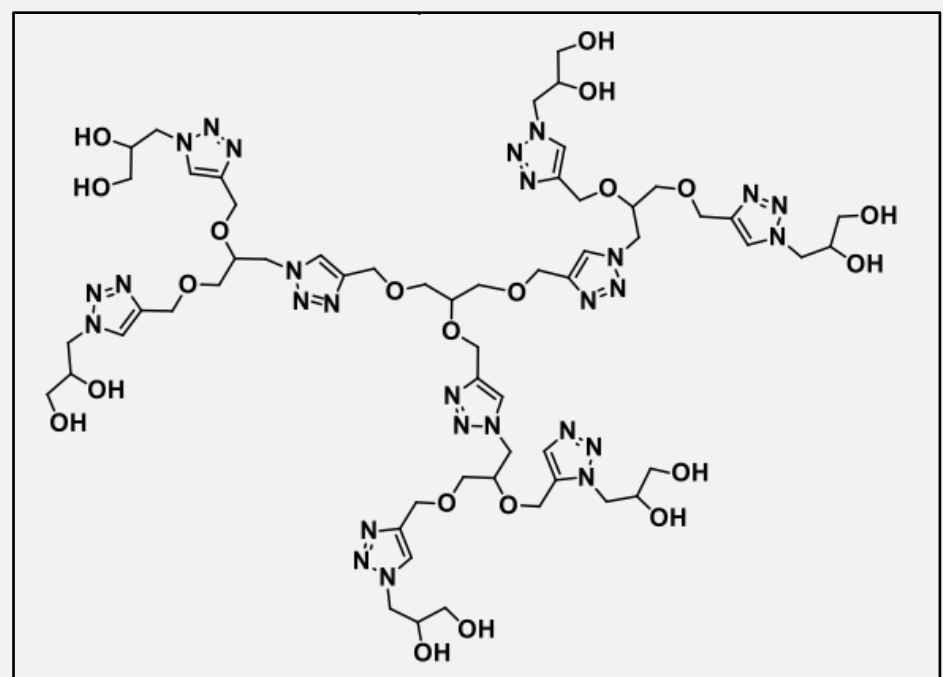
❖ Commercial dendrimer (PAMAM) decoration with glycerol derivatives



❖ Synthesis of GlycerolAdendrimer by allylation/oxidation of glycerol

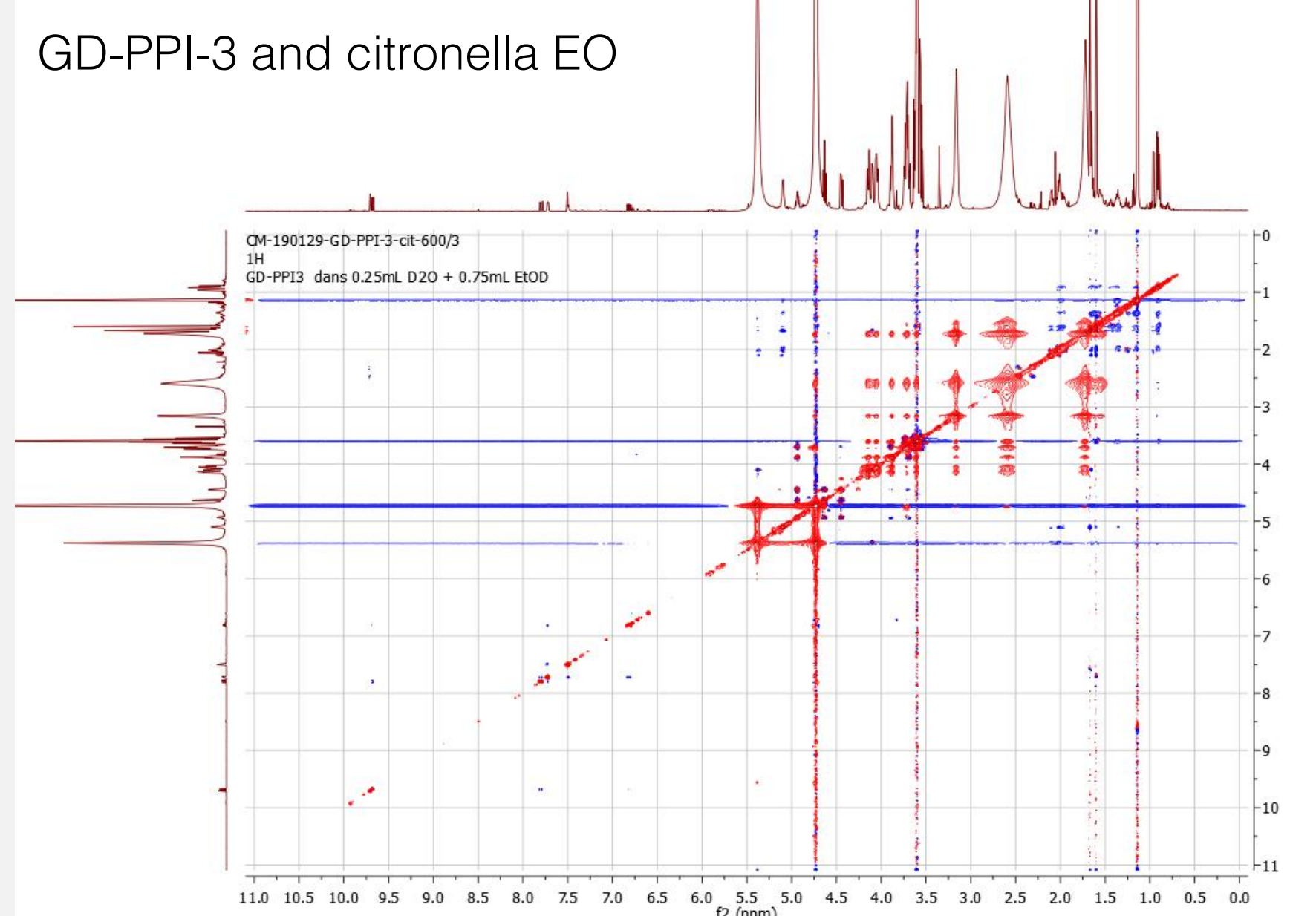
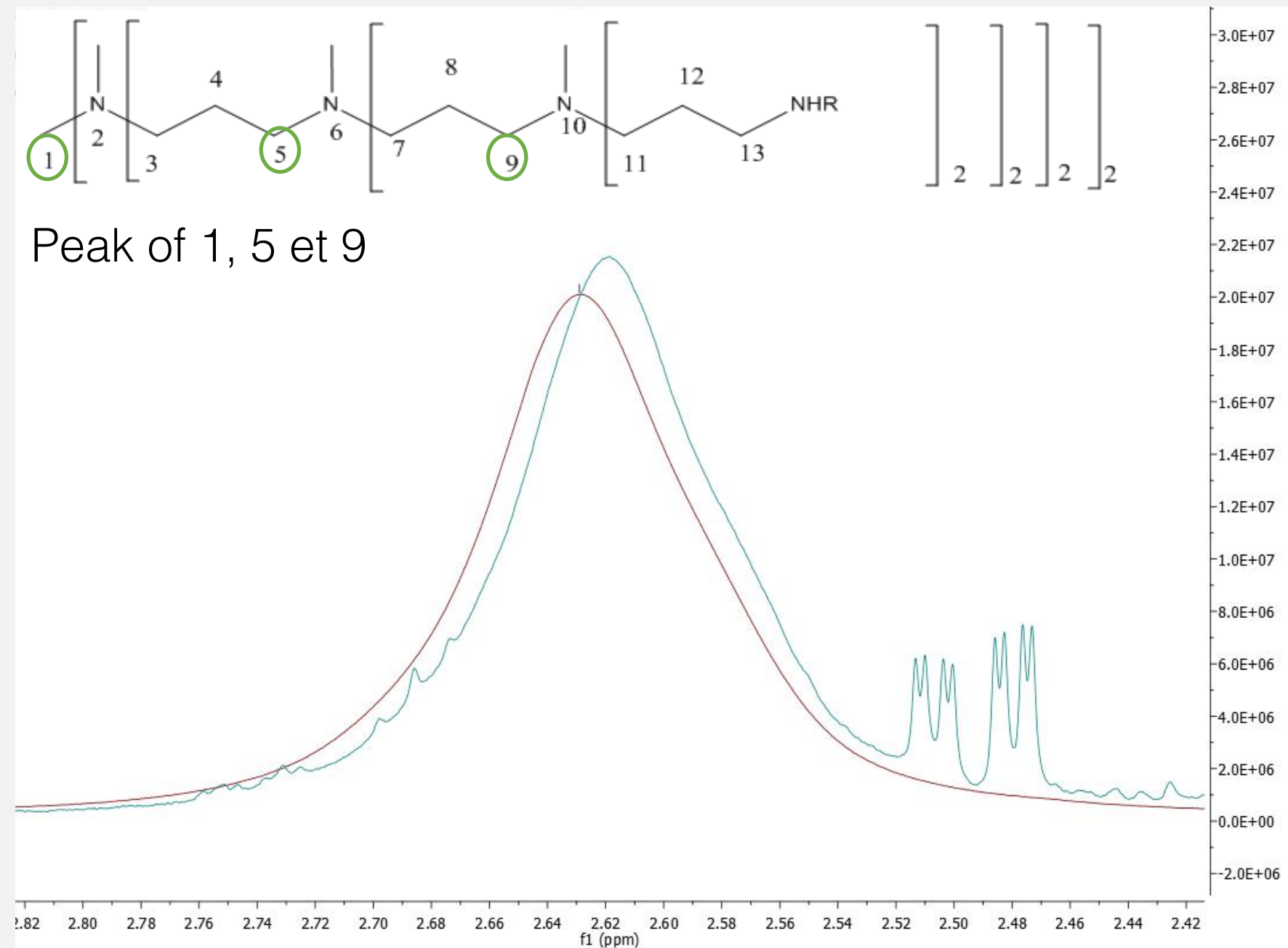
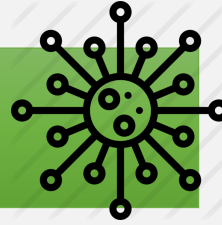


❖ GliceroClickDendrimer



III

Interactions



RMN ¹H

Principe:

Superposition of ¹H RMN spectra
red curve: GD-PPI-3 alone
blue curve: GD-PPI-3 with citronella EO

Result:

Shift of one peak → electrostatic interactions between dendrimer and EO

RMN NOESY

Principe:

2D analysis of RMN spectra which show interaction between ¹H in space

Result:

No interaction spots at the cross between EO peaks and dendrimer peaks → interactions are more spaced than 5 Å°

Objectives



First, synthetize biosourced dendrimers with glycerol derivatives (**I**). Then use it for EOs encapsulations of citronella and cinnamon essential oils, which have been chosen for their herbicide properties. The total retention rate in solution was determined by dynamic headspace gas chromatography coupled with mass spectrometry² (**II**). Furthermore, interactions between GDs and EOs were studied by nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometry (**III**). In parallel, efficiency of created products has been controlled by analysing the inhibition of *Arabidopsis thaliana* seed germination (**IV**).

II

Encapsulation



❖ Dynamic Headspace - Gas Chromatography – Mass Spectrometry

→ EOs retention in aqueous solution

- 4 dendrimers type, each in several generations:
- 2 EOs

Results:

Yield of total retention²

$$r(\%) = \left(1 - \frac{\sum A_p}{\sum A_0}\right) \times 100$$

A_D = Area with dendrimers

A_0 = Area without dendrimers

- Best retentions
- No retention

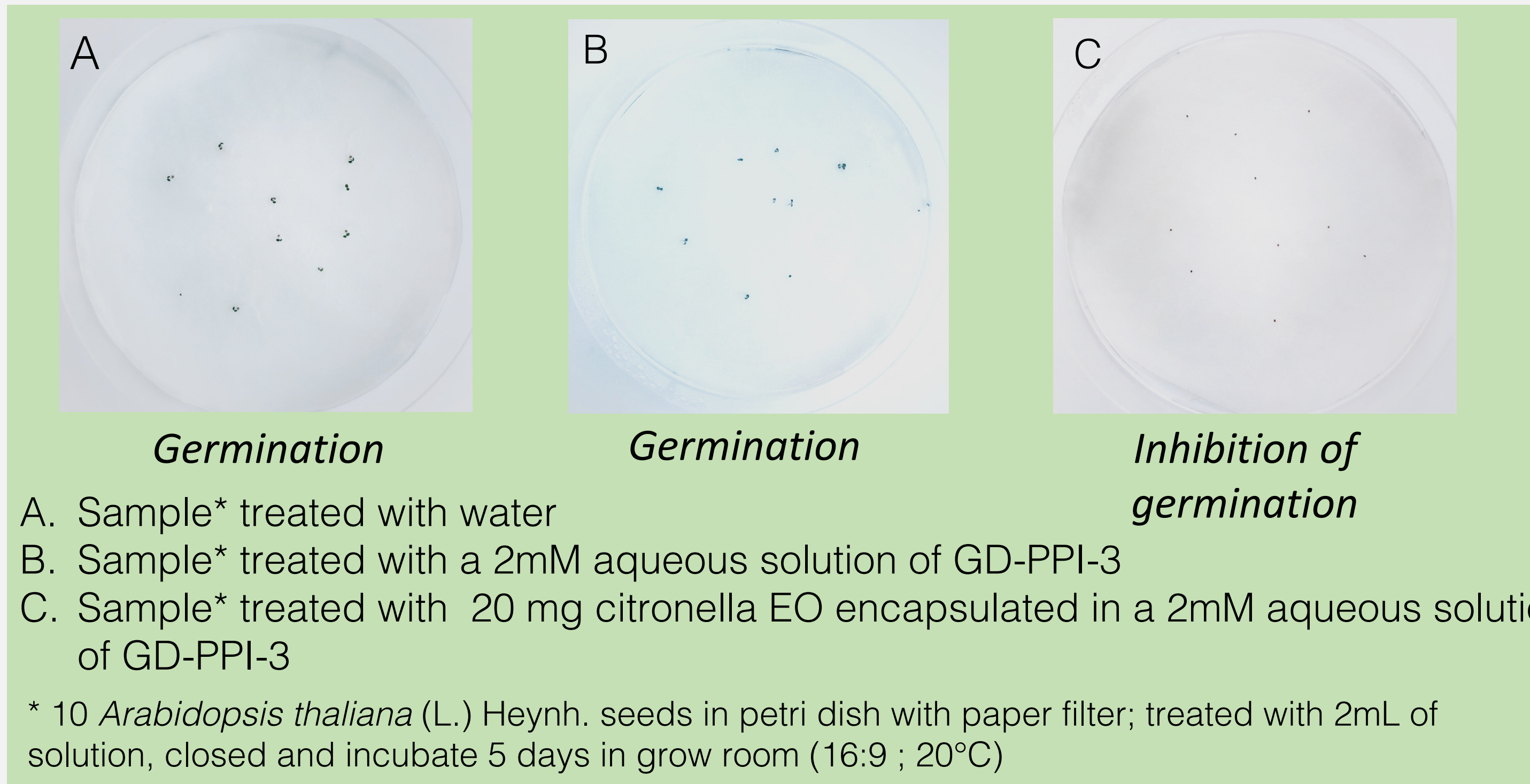
Dendrimer	Citronella EO r(%)	Cinnamon EO r(%)
GD-PAMAM-0	9,83 +/- 0,44	12,17 +/- 0,41
GD-PAMAM-1	6,49 +/- 0,72	29,01 +/- 0,68
GD-PAMAM-2	24,88 +/- 4,80	38,84 +/- 0,57
GD-PAMAM-3	20,39 +/- 2,38	32,97 +/- 1,13
GD-PPI-1	/	24,35 +/- 4,23
GD-PPI-2	3,09 +/- 1,95	14,15 +/- 3,77
GD-PPI-3	26,65 +/- 5,77	25,99 +/- 4,36
GD-PPI-4	10,55 +/- 3,53	24,21 +/- 3,95
GlycéroClickdend-1	/	13,67 +/- 1,57
GlycéroClickdend-2	/	9,37 +/- 2,54
GlycéroClickdend-3	/	/
GlycéroAdend-1	3,89 +/- 1,27	16,23 +/- 5,30
GlycéroAdend-2	/	23,38 +/- 2,85
GlycéroAdend-3	8,28 +/- 1,45	/

IV

Germination inhibition



Tests of germination inhibition have shown the interest in citronella and cinnamon EOs as germination inhibitors. In addition, dendrimers alone do not interfere on the seeds growing but allow the work of EOs.



Conclusion and perspective



This study shows that essential oil encapsulation by dendrimers is possible and is different following their size. The best generation for each dendrimer type is kept for an optimization of the encapsulation conditions to increase retention yield. RMN analysis show some chemical interactions, more analysis will help to understand nature of these one. Germination inhibition tests performed with the essential oil-dendrimer system confirm the interest of essential oil for biosourced pesticide.

Acknowledgments



Authors thanks the University of Reims Champagne-Ardenne and the University of Liege for the financial support.

Thanks to the technical staff of both universities for their availability and their help.

Literature



- Bruggen, V., & Jr, J. (2017) Science of the Total Environment, 616617, 255–268
- Kfoury, M., Auezova, L., Greige-Gerges, H., & Fourmentin, S. (2015) Carbohydrate Polymers, 131, 264–272.
- Menot, B., Stopinski, J., Martinez, A., Oudart, J. B., Maquart, F. X., & Bouquillon, S. (2015) Tetrahedron, 71(21), 3439–3446.
- Balieu, S., Cadiou, C., Martinez, A., Nuzillard, J. M., Oudart, J. B., Maquart, F. X., Chuburu F., & Bouquillon, S. (2013) Journal of Biomedical Materials Research - Part A, 101 A(3), 613–621