



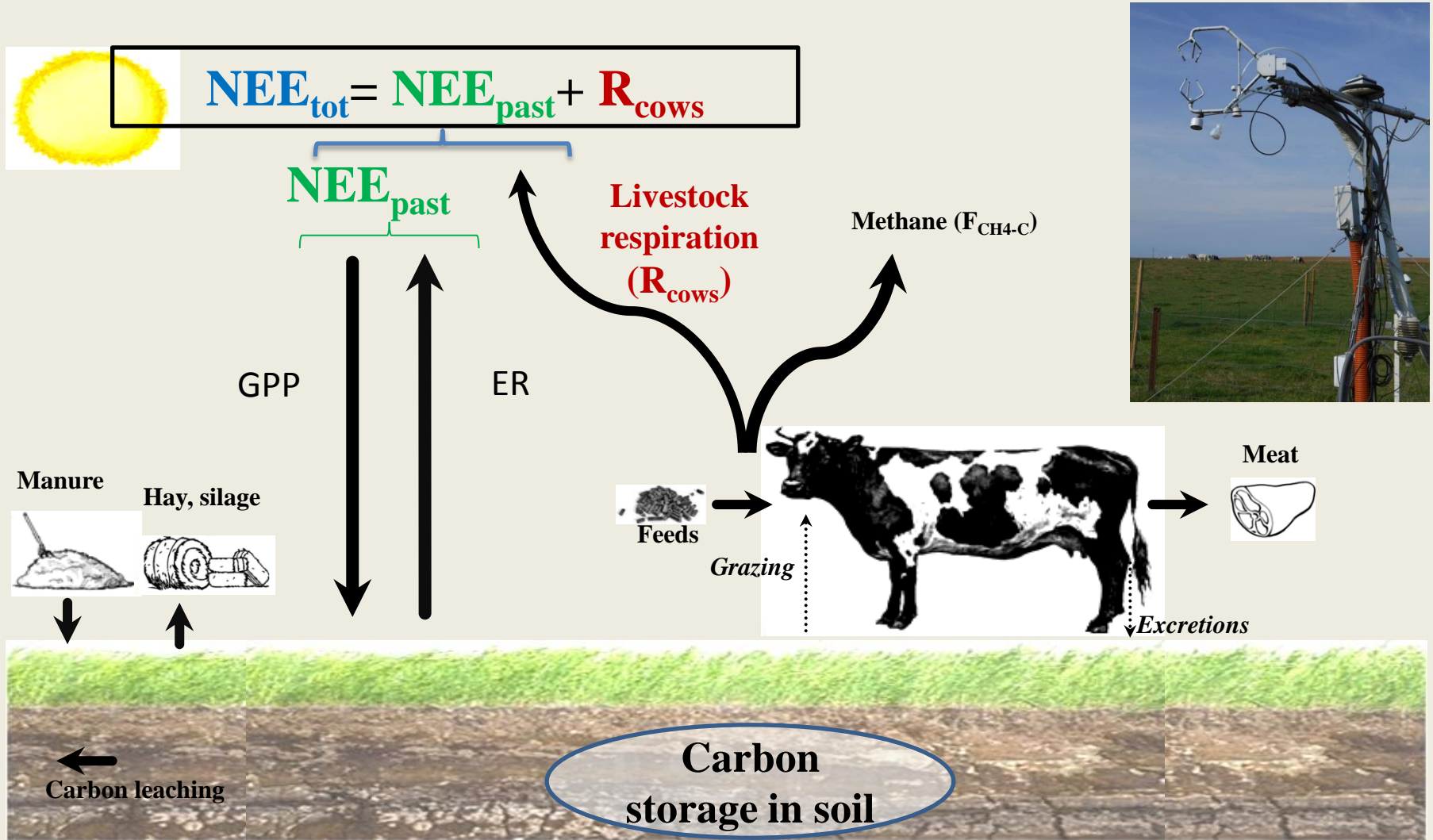
LIÈGE université
Gembloux
Agro-Bio Tech



**Herd position habits can bias net CO₂
ecosystem exchange estimates in free range
grazed pastures**

Louis Gourlez de la Motte
Pierre Dumortier
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Bernard Bodson
Bernard Heinesch
Marc Aubinet

Introduction



$$\rightarrow NBP = NEE_{tot} + F_{CH_4-C} + F_{manure} + F_{import} + F_{harvest} + F_{product} + F_{leach}$$

Introduction

$$NEE_{tot} = NEE_{past} + R_{cows}$$

$$R_{cows} \approx NEE_{tot}$$

Same order of magnitude !!

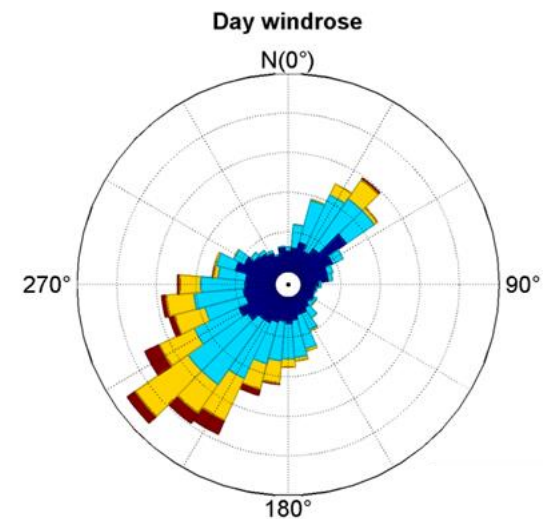
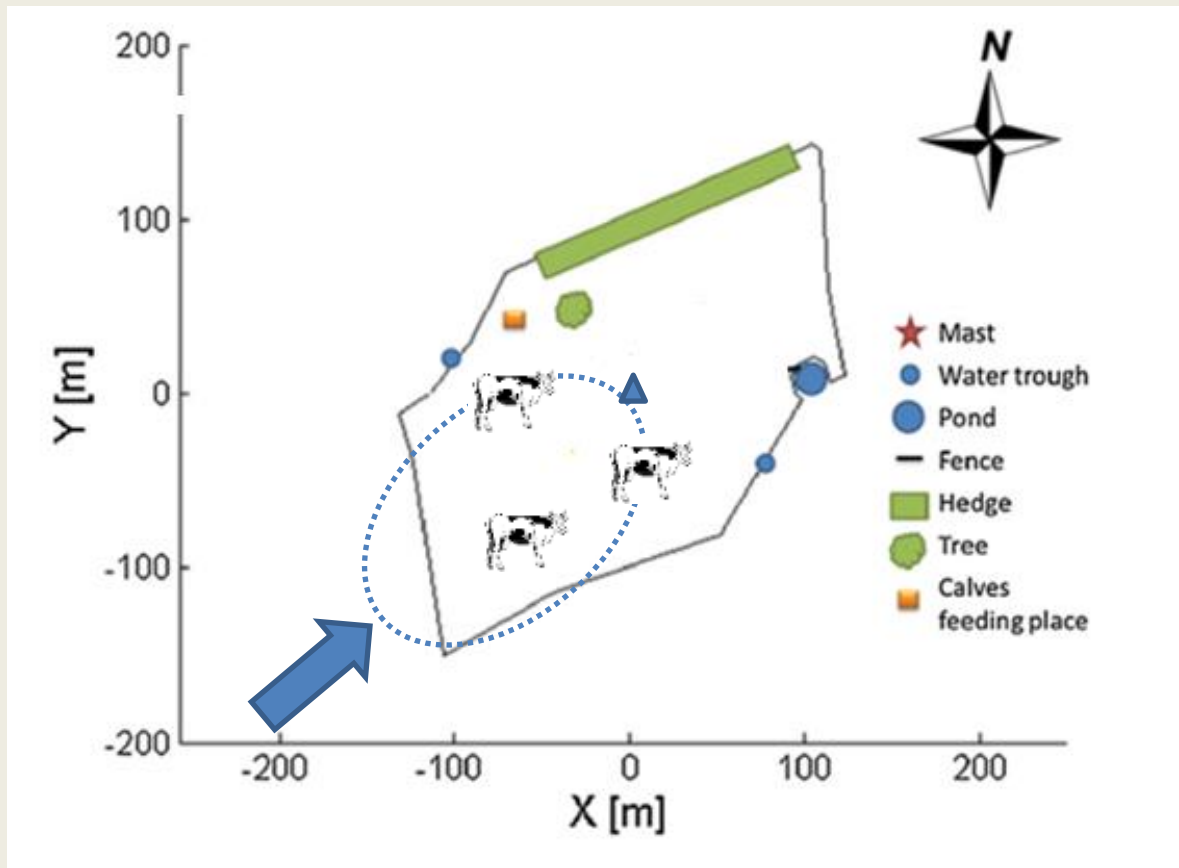
Dorinne Terrestrial Observatory



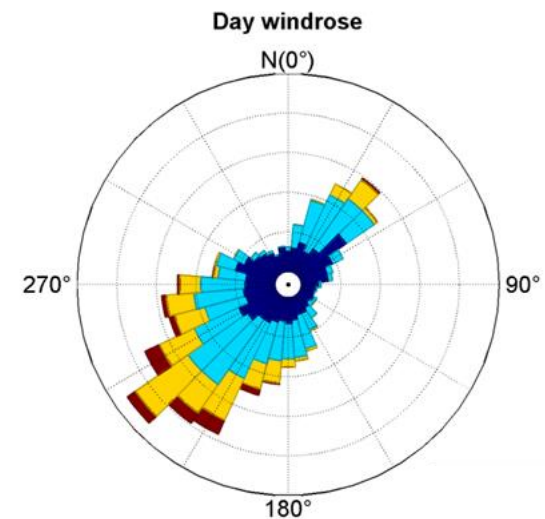
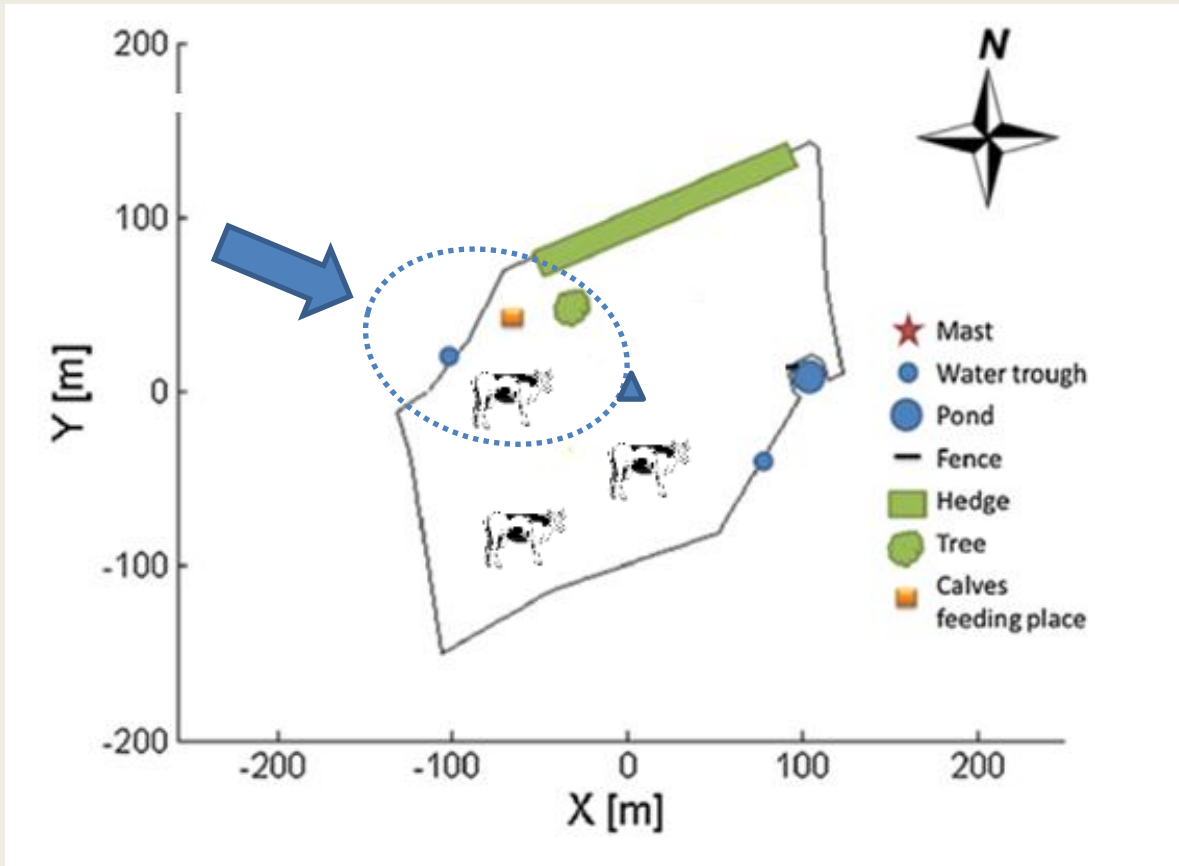
- Annual stocking rate $\approx 2.3 \text{ LU ha}^{-1} \text{ yr}^{-1}$
- Continuously grazed pasture

Introduction

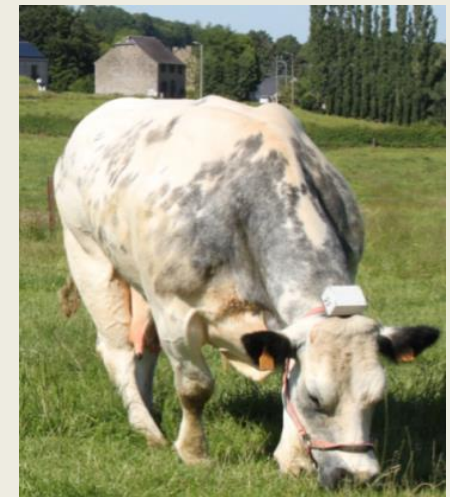
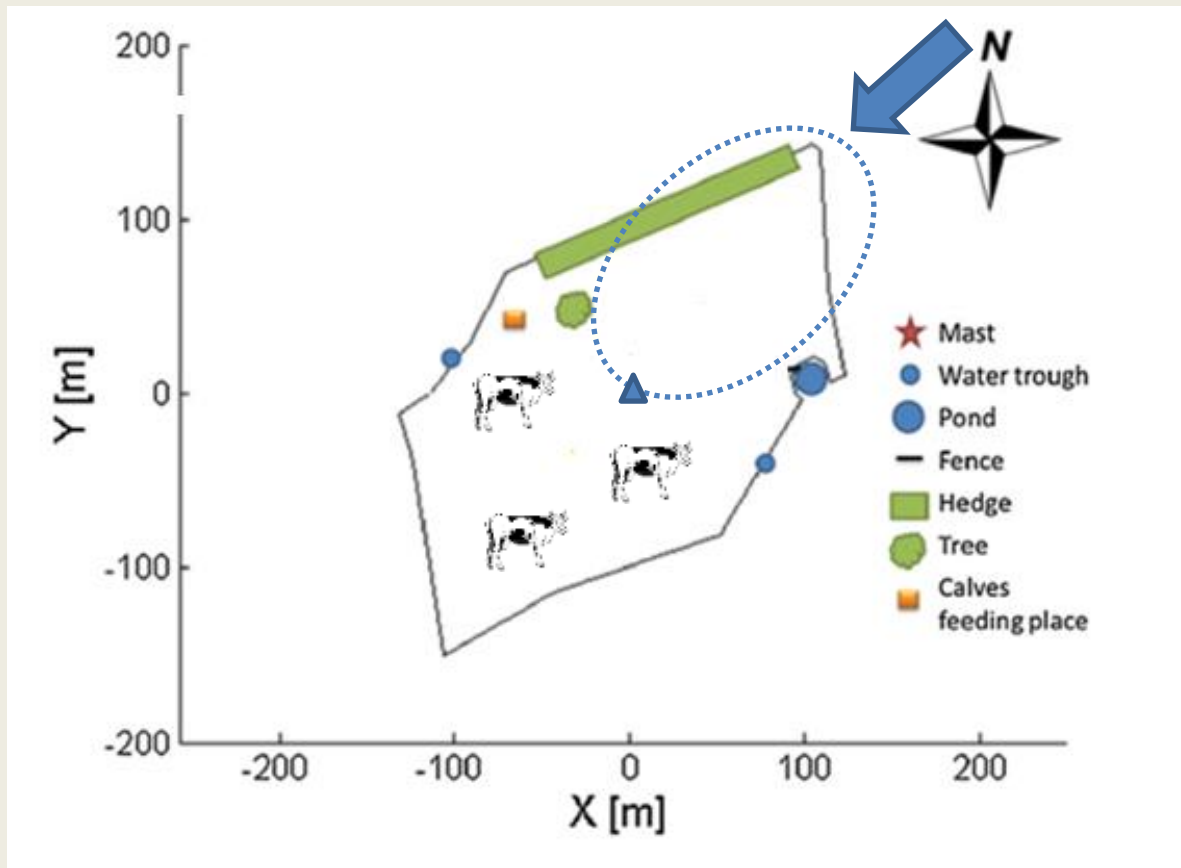
Dorinne Terrestrial Observatory : a free range continuously grazed pasture



Introduction



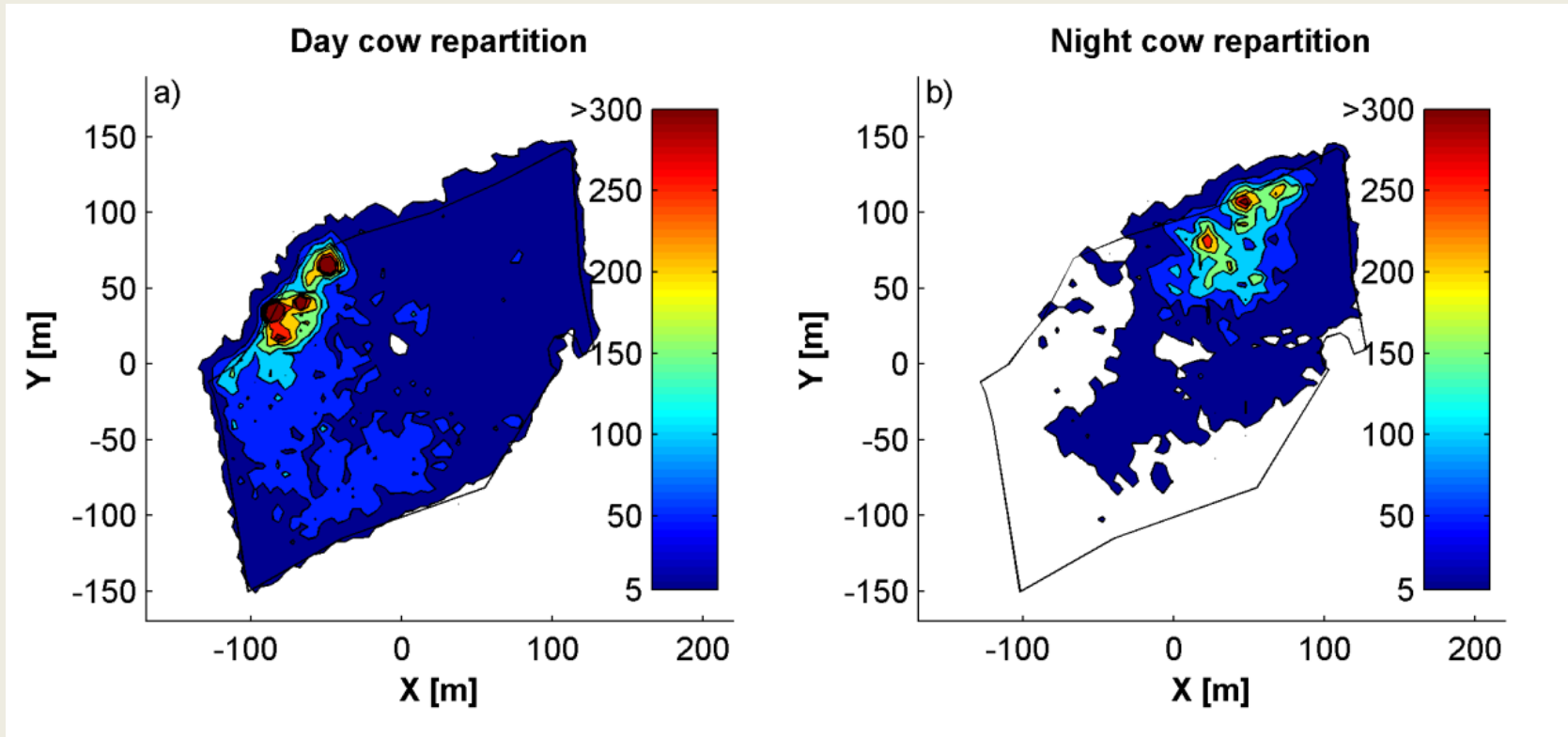
Introduction



- Over one year, animal respiration is measured in a representative way only if cows are **homogeneously distributed** over the field (on average)
- GPS campaigns

Problem ?

Cow repartition from GPS campaigns



Main wind direction is **South-West**

How does it affect cow respiration and the C budget ?

Comparison of cow respiration
rates per animal

$$E_{\text{cow,hom}} \begin{matrix} < \\ > \\ = \end{matrix} E_{\text{cow,ref}}$$

**Homogenous cow
distribution**



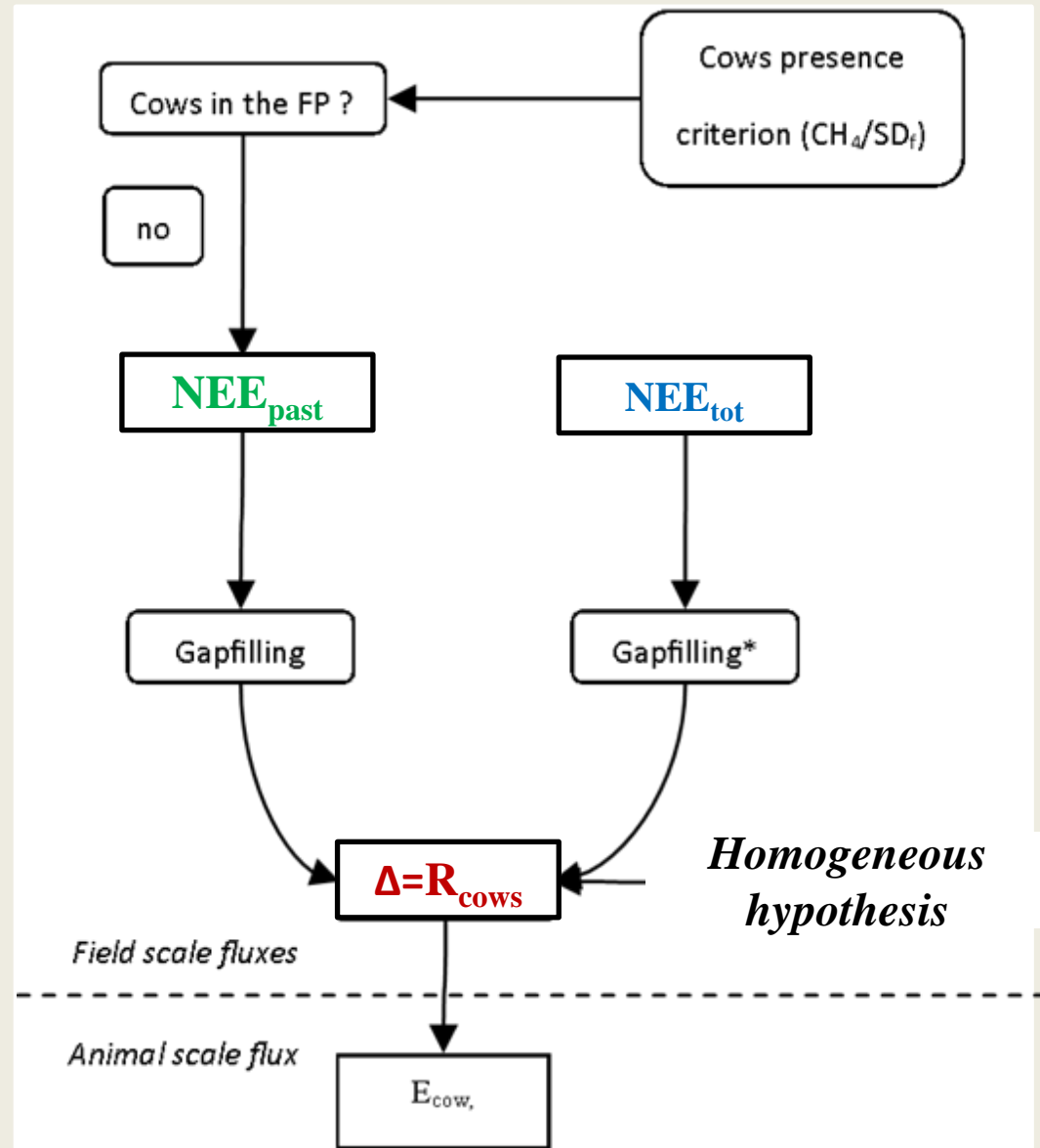
Reference respiration rate



$E_{\text{cow, hom}}$

- We use EC CH_4 fluxes as a cow presence criterion.
- We can do the partitioning between :

$$NEE_{\text{tot}} = NEE_{\text{past}} + R_{\text{cows}}$$



Method

$E_{\text{cow,ref}}$

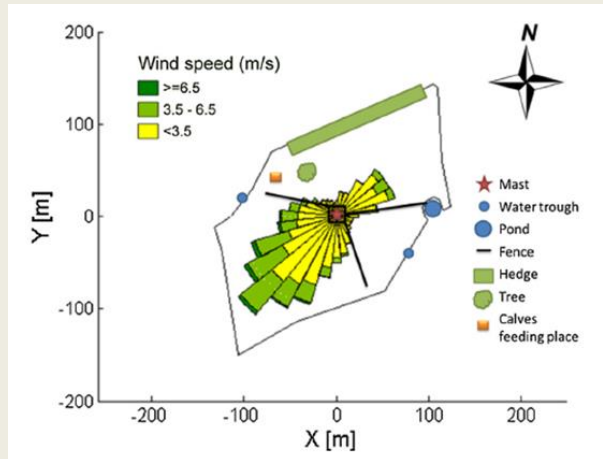
GPS campaigns
+ footprint model



$E_{\text{cow,GPS}}$

Cf : *Felber et al.*, 2016

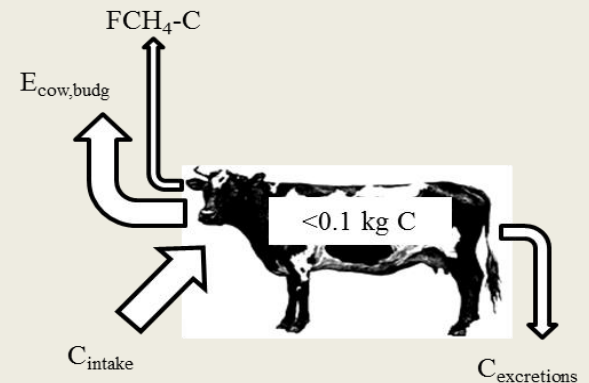
Confinement experiments



$E_{\text{cow,conf}}$

Cf : *Jérôme et al.*, 2014

Animal scale C budget
+ digestibility

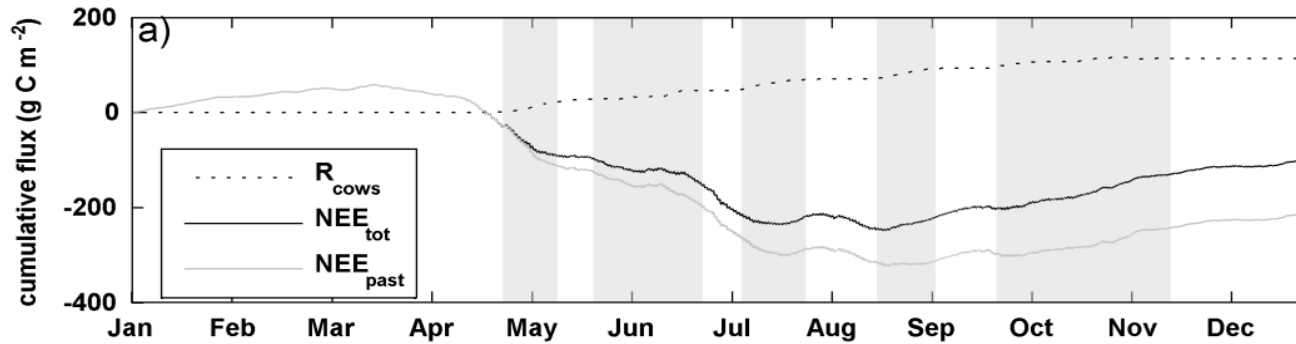


$E_{\text{cow,budg}}$

Cf : *Gourlez de la Motte.*, 2016

Results : Partitioning

2013



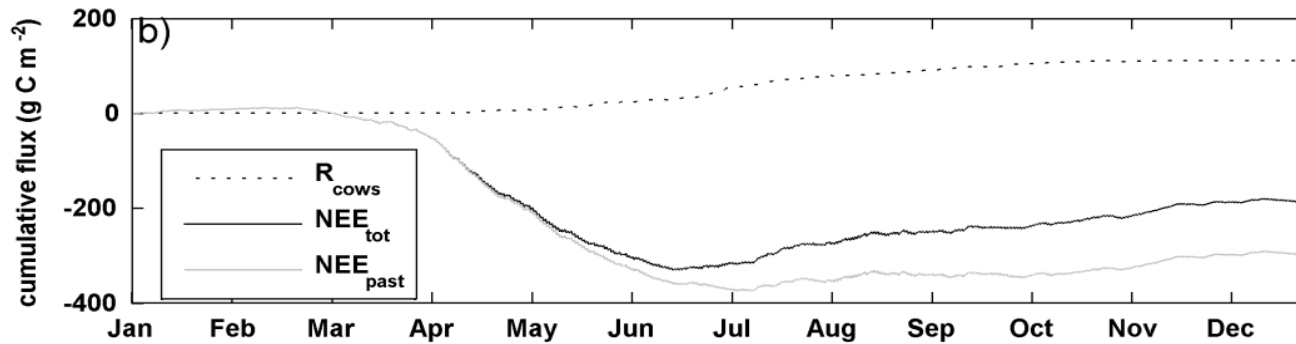
Annual values 2013:

$$NEE_{\text{tot}} = -102 \text{ g C m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

$$NEE_{\text{past}} = -214 \text{ g C m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

$$R_{\text{cows}} = 112 \text{ g C m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

2015

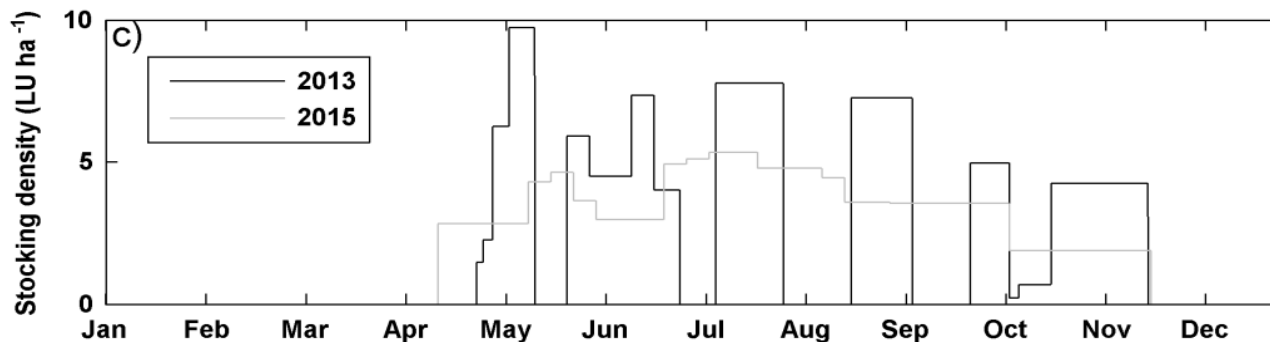


Annual values 2015:

$$NEE_{\text{tot}} = -188 \text{ g C m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

$$NEE_{\text{past}} = -299 \text{ g C m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

$$R_{\text{cows}} = 111 \text{ g C m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

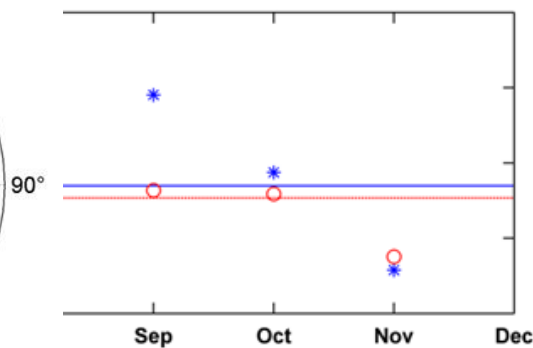
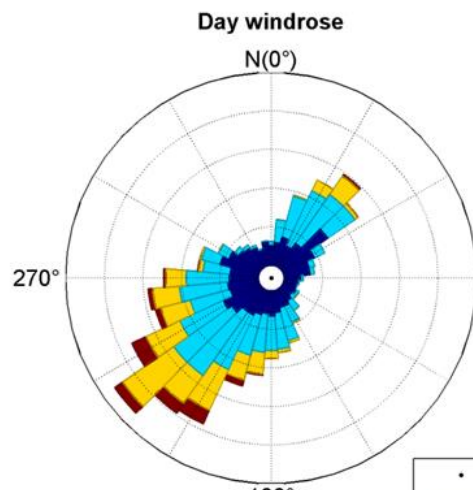
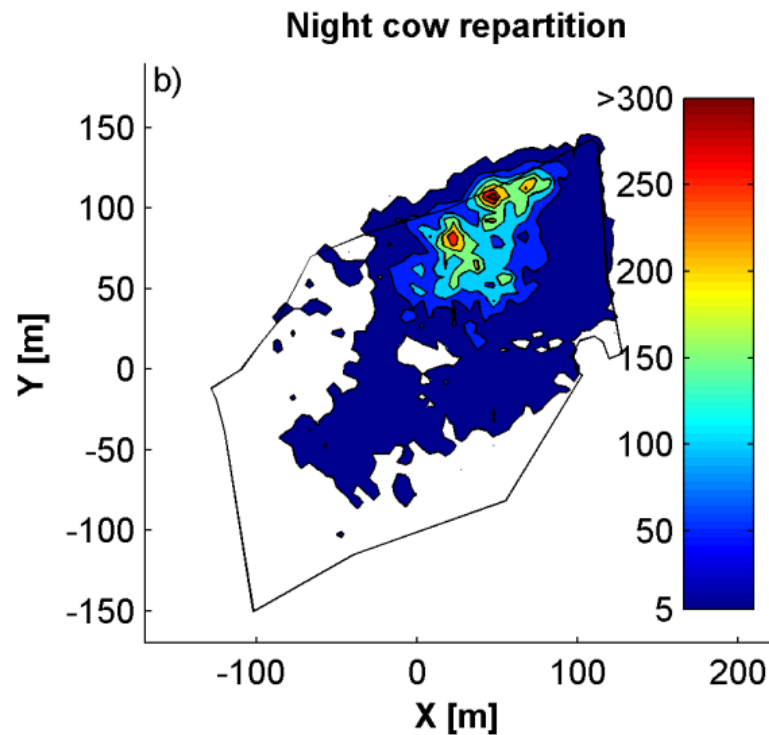
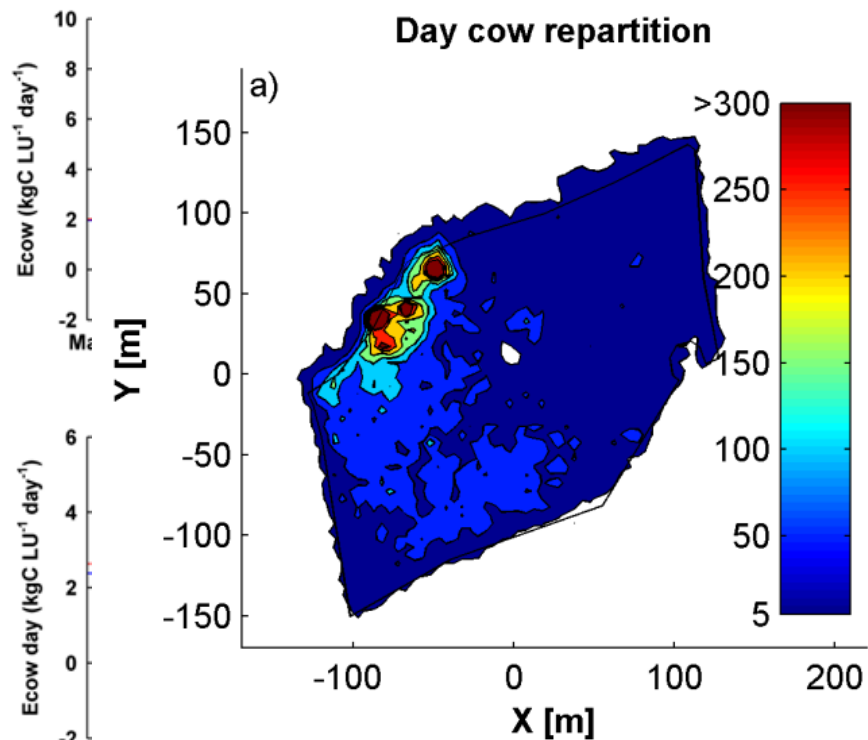


Annual stocking rates :

$$2013 : 2.1 \text{ LU ha}^{-1} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

$$2015 : 2.2 \text{ LU ha}^{-1} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

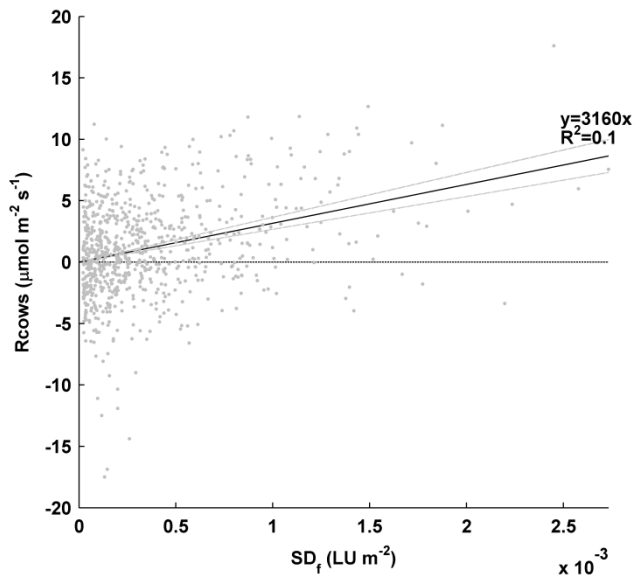
Results : $E_{cow, hom}$



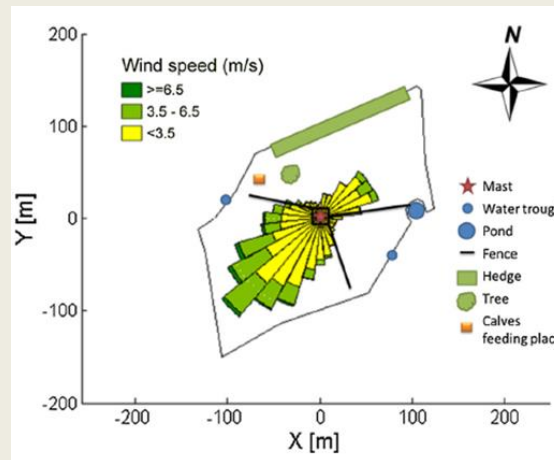
Night fluxes
Annual average
= 1.0-1.4 kg C LU⁻¹ day⁻¹

Results : $E_{\text{cow,ref}}$

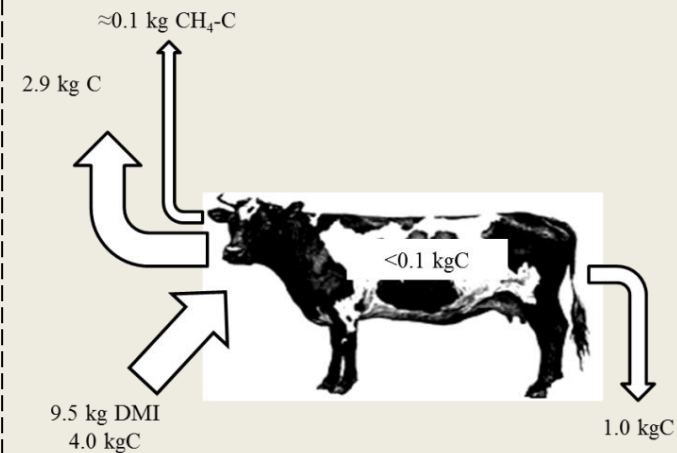
GPS campaigns
+ footprint model



Confinement experiments



Animal scale C budget



$$E_{\text{cow,GPS}} = 3.2 \pm 0.6 \text{ kg C LU}^{-1} \text{ day}^{-1}$$

$$E_{\text{cow,conf}} = 3.6 \pm 0.6 \text{ kg C LU}^{-1} \text{ day}^{-1}$$

$$E_{\text{cow,budg}} = 2.9 \text{ kg C LU}^{-1} \text{ day}^{-1}$$

Results : to summarize...

	2013	2015
Footprint %	68%	69%
SD _p (LU ha ⁻¹)	1.4	1.5
Animal scale fluxes (kg C LU ⁻¹ d ⁻¹)		
<i>a) Homogeneous cow repartition hypothesis</i>		
E _{cow,hom}	2.0 ± 0.6	2.0 ± 0.6
E _{cow,hom,day}	2.4	2.6
E _{cow,hom,night}	1.4	1.0
<i>b) No homogeneous cow repartition hypothesis</i>		
E _{cow,GPS}	3.2 ± 0.5	
E _{cow,conf}	3.6 ± 0.6	
E _{cow,budg}	2.9	
Field scale fluxes (g C m ⁻² yr ⁻¹)		
R _{cows,hom}	112 ± 20	111 ± 28
R _{cows,GPS}	164 ± 41	175 ± 44
Bias (absolute value)	52	64

$$E_{\text{cow,hom}} < E_{\text{cow,ref}}$$

At our site, annual cow respiration is **underestimated** of

$$\approx 60 \text{ g C m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

NBP before correction : -161 g C m⁻² yr⁻¹

NBP after correction : -100 g C m⁻² yr⁻¹

The magnitude and sign of the bias is of course site specific !!

Implications for grassland studies...

Mown meadows



Grazed pastures



$$NEE_{tot} = NEE_{past}$$

$$NEE_{tot} = NEE_{past} + R_{cows}$$

- This study also highlight the lack of consistency between studies when communicating annual NEE values
 - Ideally, NEE_{past} and R_{cows} should be communicated seperately to improve comparisons
 - Can be done using CH_4 fluxes and/or any other animal localization devices
 - R_{cows} can be computed using one (or more) of the proposed methods

For more details

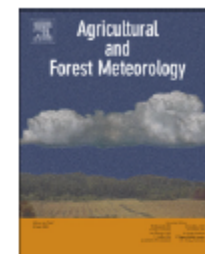
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Thank you !