

**Study of Main-Belt and Near-Earth Asteroids
with TRAPPIST and larger telescopes**

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Introduction

The origins of the Solar System

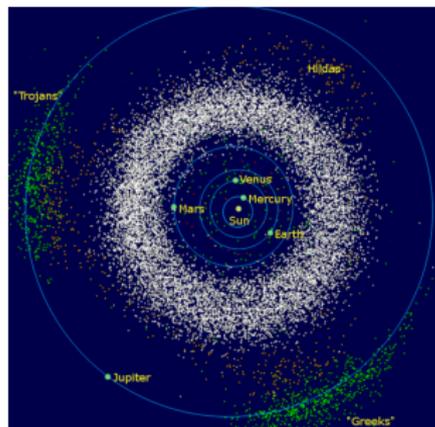


Artist view of the early Solar System (NASA)

Why to study asteroids ?

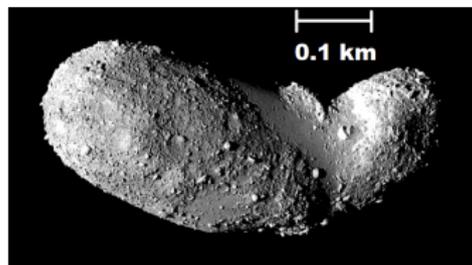
- Pristine material
- Building blocks of the planets
- Dynamical evolution of the Solar System
- Impact history
- Threat to Earth

Main-Belt Asteroids (MBAs)

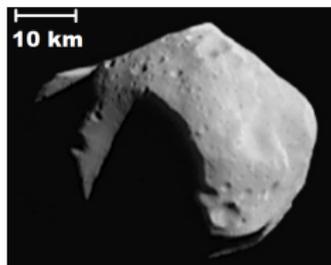


Asteroids in the Solar System

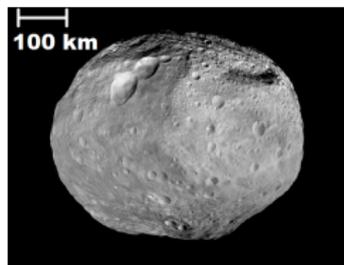
- More than 700 000 asteroids known in the Main-Belt
- About 200 larger than 100 km
- Various shapes, sizes and compositions
→ **but lack of observations !**



(25143) Itokawa (JAXA)



(253) Mathilde (NASA)



(4) Vesta (NASA)

Shape model of (20) Massalia (ISAM)

Data acquisition/reduction TRAPPIST telescopes



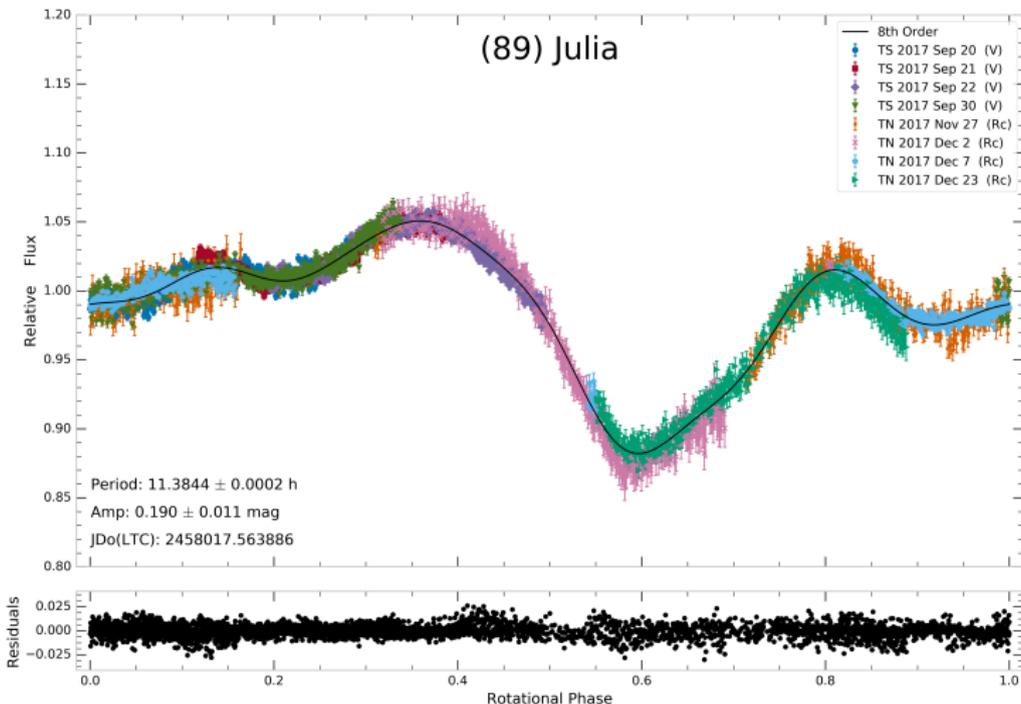
- **TRAPPIST-South:** ESO La Silla Observatory (Chile)
- **TRAPPIST-North:** Oukaïmeden Observatory (Morocco)



- Twin robotic telescopes
- $D = 0.6 \text{ m}$
- Good observing sites
- A lot of observation time
- Large sky coverage
- Long observing runs using both telescopes

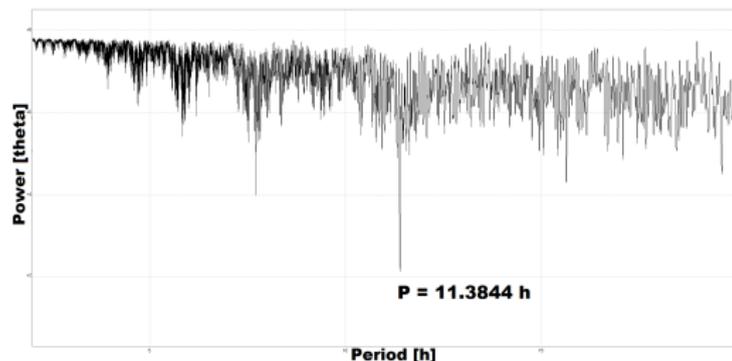
- <https://www.trappist.uliege.be/>

TRAPPIST rotational lightcurves

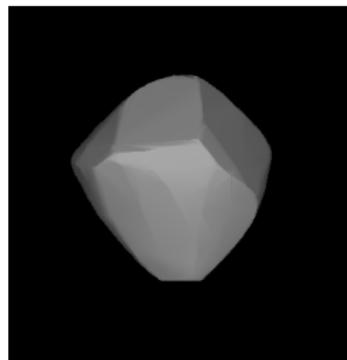


Phased lightcurve of (89) Julia (master thesis)

What can we learn from asteroid lightcurves?



Period spectrum of (89) Julia with the FALC method



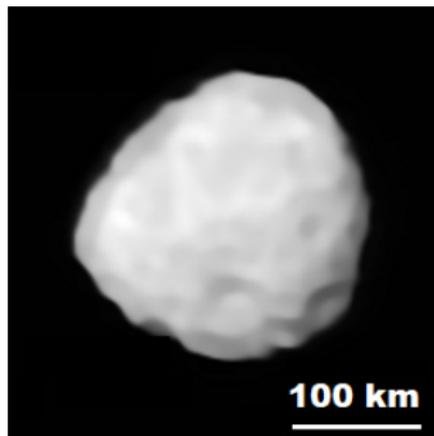
Shape model of (89) Julia

- Determination of the rotation period (Fourier analysis)
- Rotation state (excited or relaxed rotation)
- Spin axis coordinates (lightcurves inversion)
- Global convex shape model (lightcurves inversion)

Probing the interior of primordial Main-Belt asteroids

ESO Large Programme (PI: Vernazza P.)

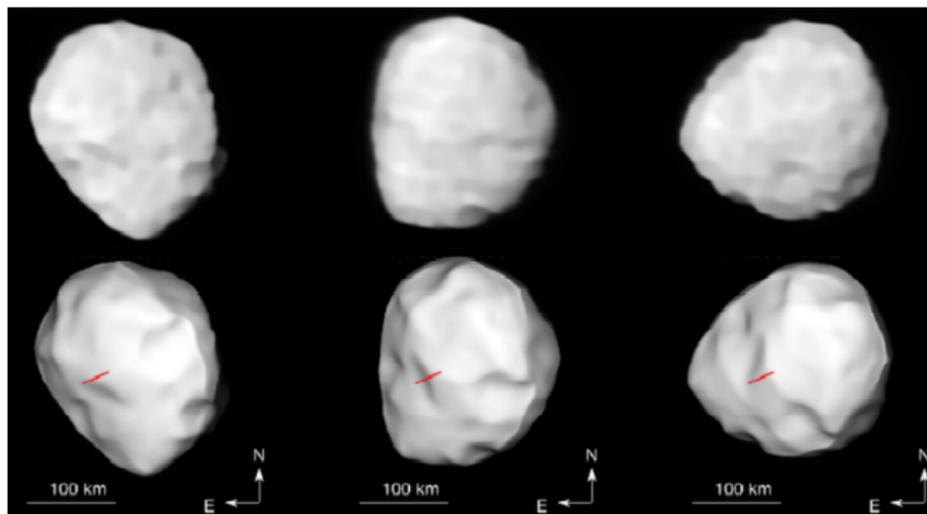
- AO observations of the 40 largest ($D \geq 100\text{km}$) MBAs with the new SPHERE instrument at the ESO VLT
- **TRAPPIST + VLT AO** → shape modelling → **precise volume** → bulk density



AO image of (7) Iris

Resolution of ~ 2.3 km/pixel !

Detailed models from multi data sources modelling

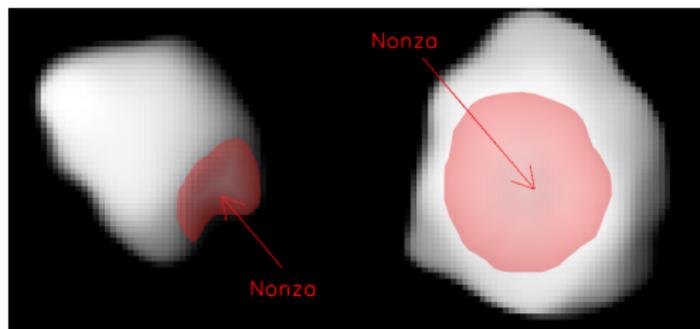


Comparison of the VLT AO observations (top) and the shape model (bottom) of (7) Iris at different rotation phases (**Hanus J.,...Ferrais M. et al., Submitted to A&A**)

- Snapshots are taken at different viewing geometries with the AO instrument VLT/SPHERE
- **Rotation lightcurves are needed to have a full coverage**

What can we learn from detailed 3D shapes?

- 3D shape \rightarrow volume \rightarrow density (uncertainty $< 10\%$)
 - \rightarrow constraints on the bulk compositions
 - \rightarrow constraints on the interior of asteroids (macroporosity)
- Origin of compositional classes (S, C, M)
- Crater size-frequency distribution (density of the outer shell)
- Origin of asteroid collisional families
 - \rightarrow **Open new doors into ground-based asteroid exploration**



Identification of the impact crater (Nonza) at the origin of the Julia family
(Vernazza P.,...Ferrais M. et al., A&A 168, 154 (2018))

ESO Large Programme: target list

Targets (MBAs)	Type	Date	Mag	Targets (MBAs)	Type	Date	Mag
(2) Pallas	B	01/04/19	7.5	(41) Daphne*	Ch	01/08/18	10.8
(3) Juno	S	01/11/18	7.3	(45) Eugenia*	C	01/04/18	10.6
(4) Vesta	V	01/11/19	6.5	(48) Doris	Ch	01/02/19	10.8
(6) Hebe	S	01/01/19	8.1	(51) Nemausa	S	01/08/19	10.3
(7) Iris	S	01/04/19	9.1	(52) Europa	C	01/11/19	10.6
(8) Flora	S	01/05/19	9.5	(87) Sylvia	P	01/12/18	11.5
(9) Metis	S	01/12/19	8.5	(88) Thisbe	B	01/08/18	9.5
(10) Hygiea	C	01/12/19	10.2	(89) Julia*	S	01/09/17	8.6
(11) Parthenope	Sk	01/06/19	9.3	(128) Nemesis	C	01/12/18	10.5
(12) Victoria	S	01/11/18	10.1	(145) Adeona*	Ch	01/01/18	10.7
(13) Egeria	Ch	01/09/19	10.5	(187) Lamberta*	Ch	01/04/18	10.1
(15) Eunomia	S	01/09/18	8.1	(216) Kleopatra	M	01/01/19	10.4
(16) Psyche	M/P	01/08/19	9.2	(324) Bamberga	C	01/01/19	10.1
(18) Melpomene	S	01/07/19	9.1	(354) Eleonora	S	01/12/18	10.1
(19) Fortuna	Ch	01/05/19	10.6	(451) Patientia	C	01/03/19	11.1
(20) Massalia*	S	01/01/18	8.3	(476) Hedwig*	P	01/11/18	12.1
(22) Kalliope*	M	01/03/18	10.7	(511) Davida	B	01/01/20	9.5
(24) Themis*	B	01/10/17	11.5	(532) Herkulina	S	01/03/19	8.6
(29) Amphitrite	S	01/10/19	8.5	(596) Scheila*	P/D	01/06/17	11.6
(31) Euphrosyne*	C	01/01/18	10.1	(704) Interamnia	B	01/01/19	10.1
(40) Harmonia	S	01/12/18	9.3				

Near-Earth Asteroids (NEAs)



NEA approaching the Earth

NEA (3122) Florence

2014 JO25 in radar

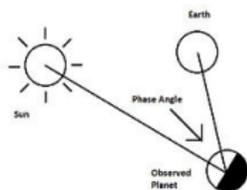
- NEAs are much smaller asteroids
- ~ 19 000 known NEAs (fast growing number)
- Threat to the Earth
- Population steadily resupplied from Main-Belt
- Source of the various types of meteorites
- Seen at widely different viewing geometries



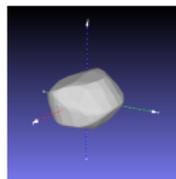
Impact crater on Earth
(Meteor Crater)

Lightcurve variation with the phase angle

The example of (3200) Phaethon

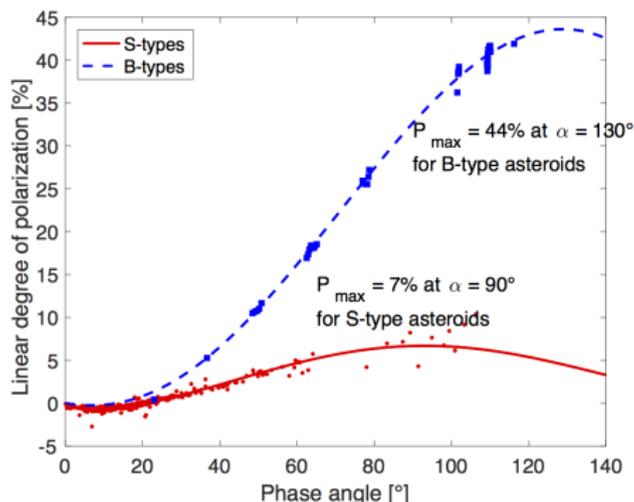


(Ferrais et al., in prep)



Phase-polarization curves of NEAs

- Linear degree of polarization: $P_r = \frac{I_{\perp} - I_{\parallel}}{I_{\perp} + I_{\parallel}}$
- Diagnostic of surface properties including the geometric albedo, refractive index and the size of regolith particles
- **Rotational polarimetric curves** → **albedo maps**
→ **comparison with shape models**



Typical phase-polarization curves for NEAs of S and B type (M. Devogèle, 2018)

Target list of NEAs

Collaboration with M. Devogèle (Lowell, USA)

Target (NEAs)	Type	Date	Mag
(433) Eros	S	Jan-Mar 19	12.1
(1627) Ivar	S	Oct-Dec 18	12.2
(1916) Boreas	S	Sep-Nov 18	16.6
(2061) Anza	?	Sep-Nov 18	15.6
(3552) Don Quixote	?	Sep-Nov 18	16.3
(6456) Golombek	D	Oct-Dec 18	15.2
(13553) Masaakikoyama	?	Oct-Dec 18	14.5
(16690) 1998 QS52	Sq	Sep-Nov 18	15.2
(18109) 2000 NG11	?	Oct-Dec 18	15.6
(418929) 2009 DM1	?	Oct-Dec 18	15.1
(443923) 2002 RU25	?	Oct-Dec 18	15.4
2000 LC16	Xk	Oct-Dec 18	14.7
2001 CP44	?	Oct-Dec 18	13.1
2001 TE42	?	Sep-Nov 18	15.8
2002 RU25	?	Sep-Nov 18	15.3
2005 UD	B	Oct-Dec 18	15.7
2008 WM64	?	Jan-Mar 19	15.3
2009 DM1	?	Oct-Dec 18	15.7
2011UA	?	Oct-Dec 18	15.1
2012 MS4	?	Jan-Mar 19	16.3
2015 FP118	?	Oct-Dec 18	14.6

NEAs for which polarimetric observation time have already been allocated



Top: C2PU observatory

Bottom left: DCT at Lowell observatory

Bottom right: RCC-2m at Rozhen

First publications

- **Vernazza P.,...Ferrais M. et al., A&A 168, 154 (2018).**
The impact crater at the origin of the Julia family detected with VLT/SPHERE?
- **Viikinkoski M.,...Ferrais M. et al., A&A letter 619, 3 (2018).**
(16) Psyche: A mesosiderite-like asteroid?
- **Carry B.,...Ferrais M. et al., Submitted to A&A.**
The homogeneous internal structure of CM-like asteroid (41) Daphne.
- **Hanus J.,...Ferrais M. et al., Submitted to A&A .**
Evidence of an ancient large impact on (7) Iris.
- **Ferrais M., Jehin E., Manfroid J., Moulane Y., Pozuelos F., submitted to Minor Planet Bulletin.**
TRAPPIST lightcurves of Main-Belt asteroids (31) Euphrosyne, (41) Daphne and (89) Julia.
- **Ferrais M., Jehin E., et al., in preparation for A&A.**
TRAPPIST observations of NEA (3200) Phaethon during its 2017 flyby

Summary

