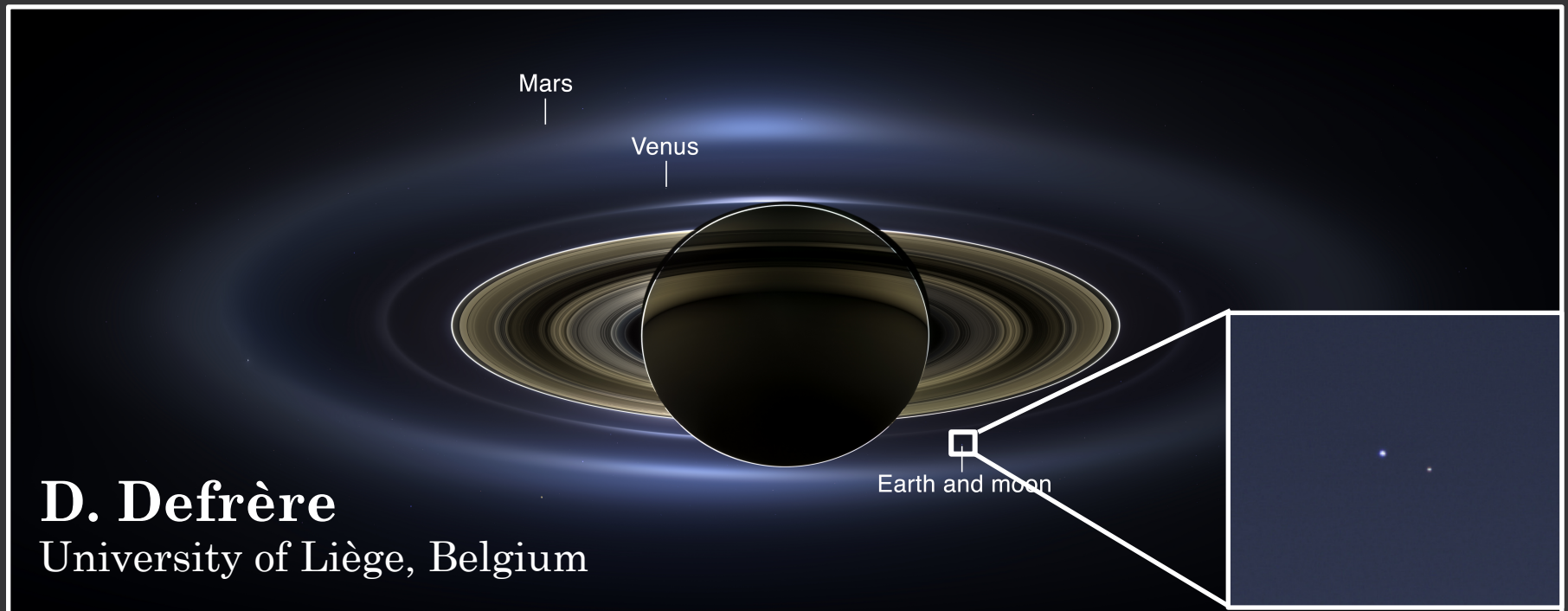
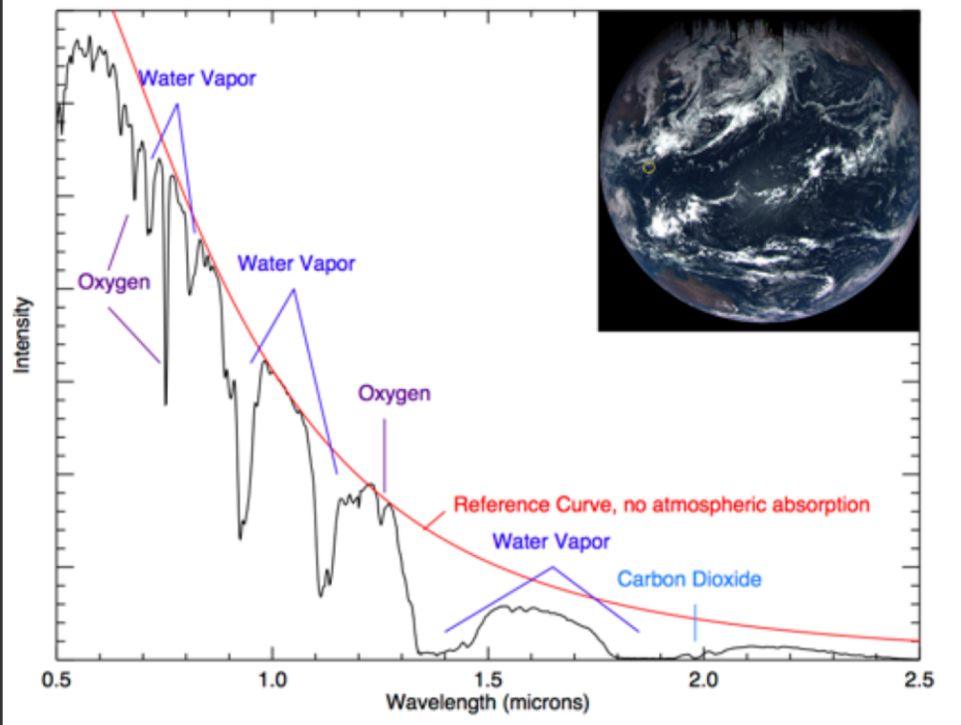


# LIFE

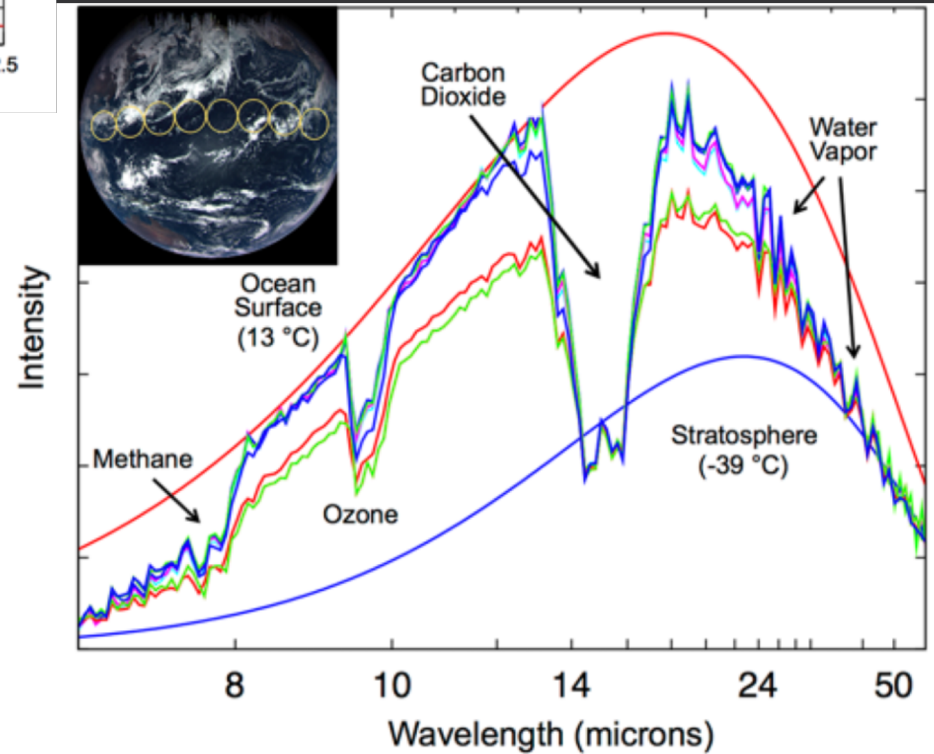
## Large Interferometer For Exoplanet



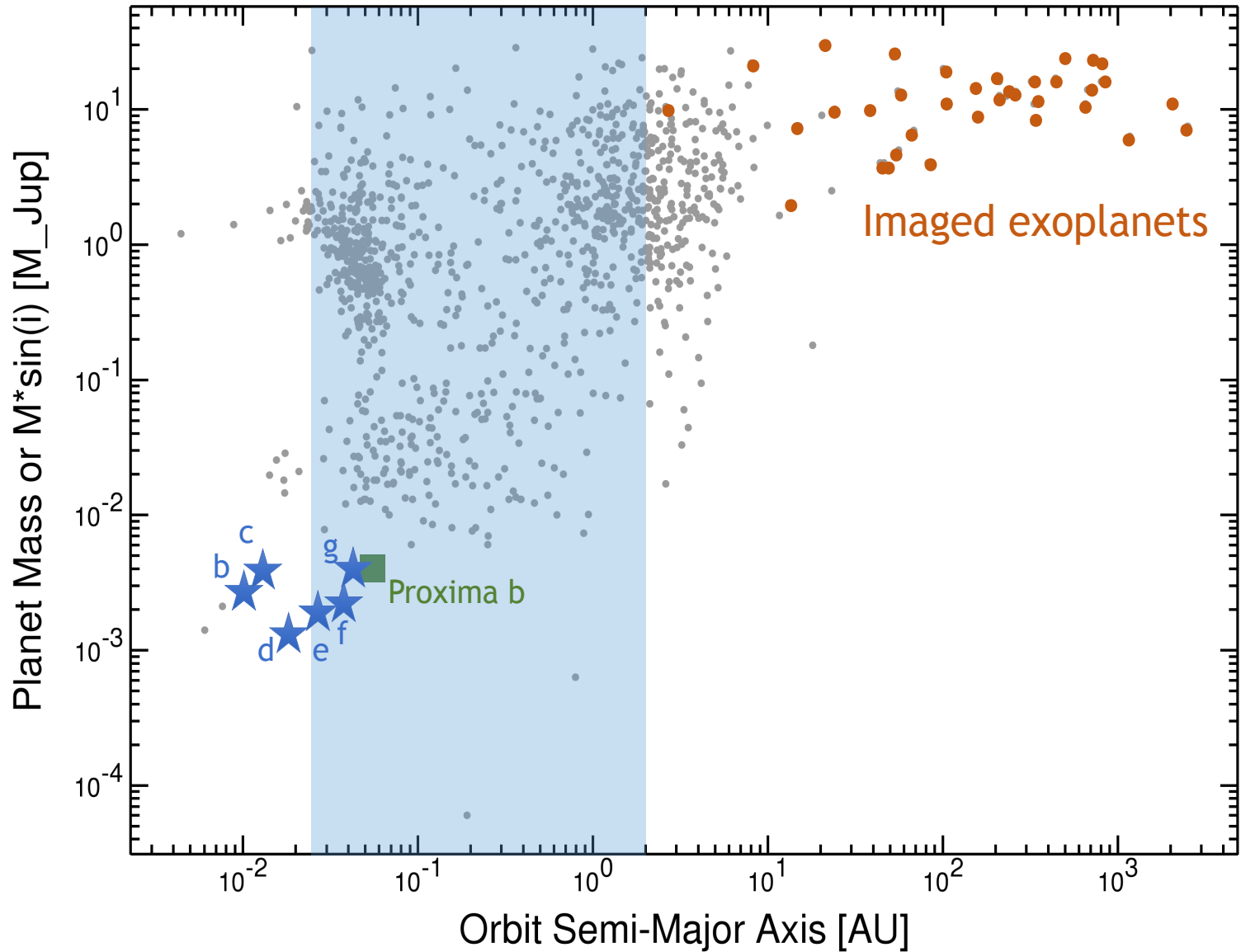


### OSIRIS-Rex infrared spectrum

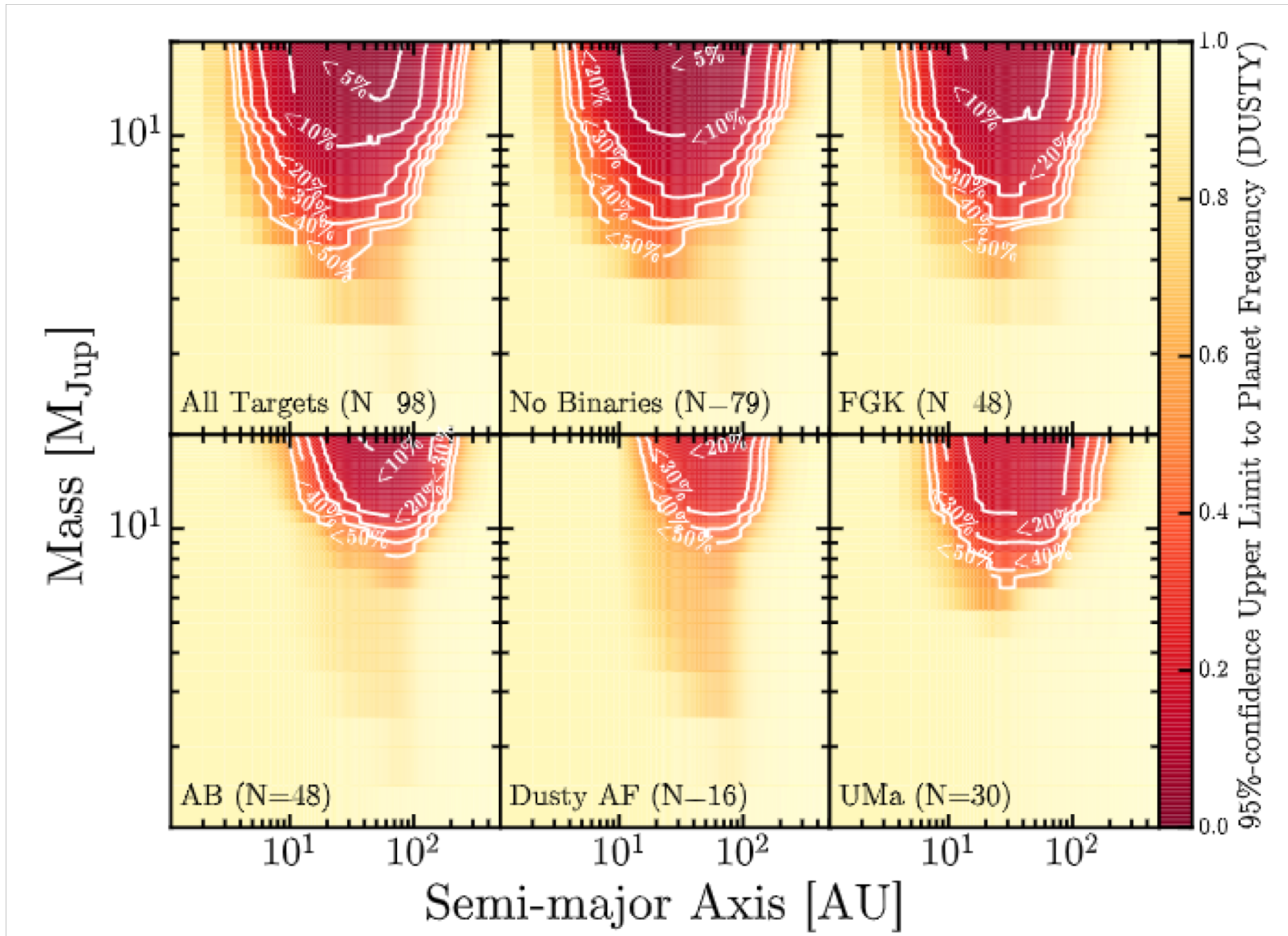
- Evidence of CO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, and H<sub>2</sub>O
- Atmosphere transparent between 8.3 and 12.5 μm (probe of surface temperatures)



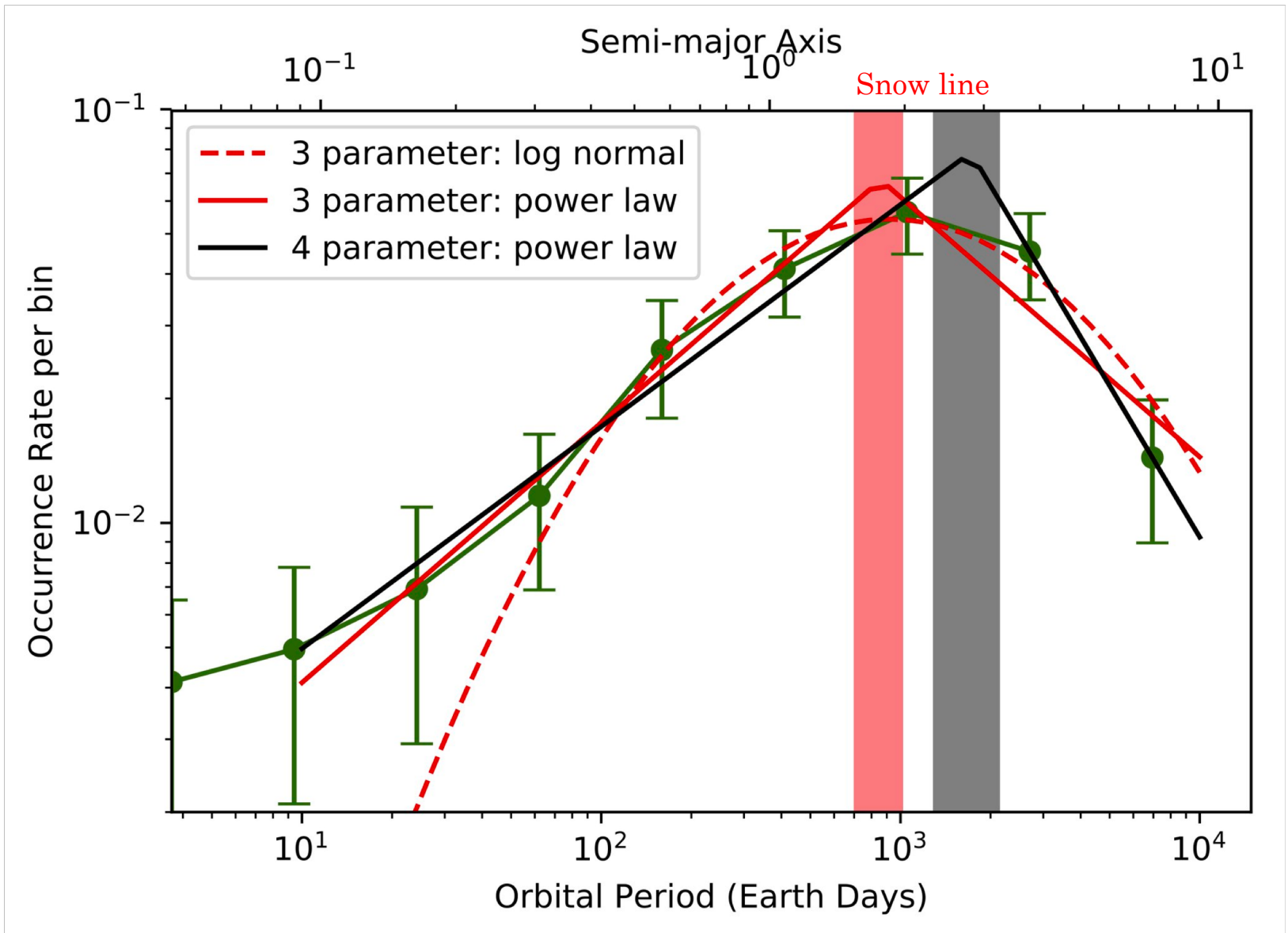
# Current status



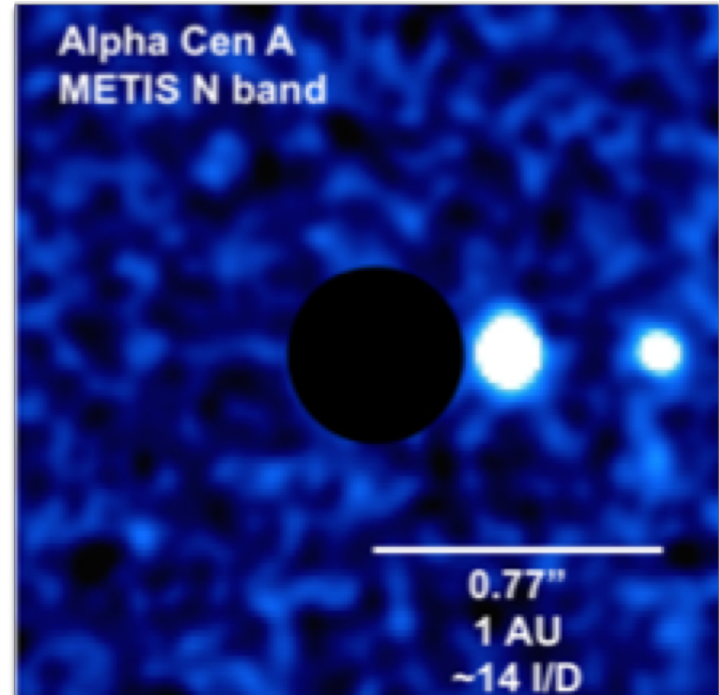
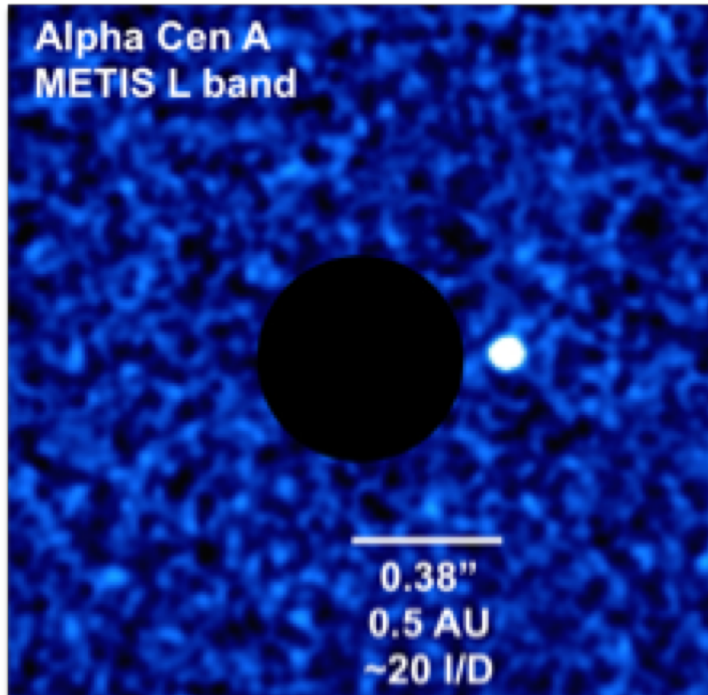
# Current status

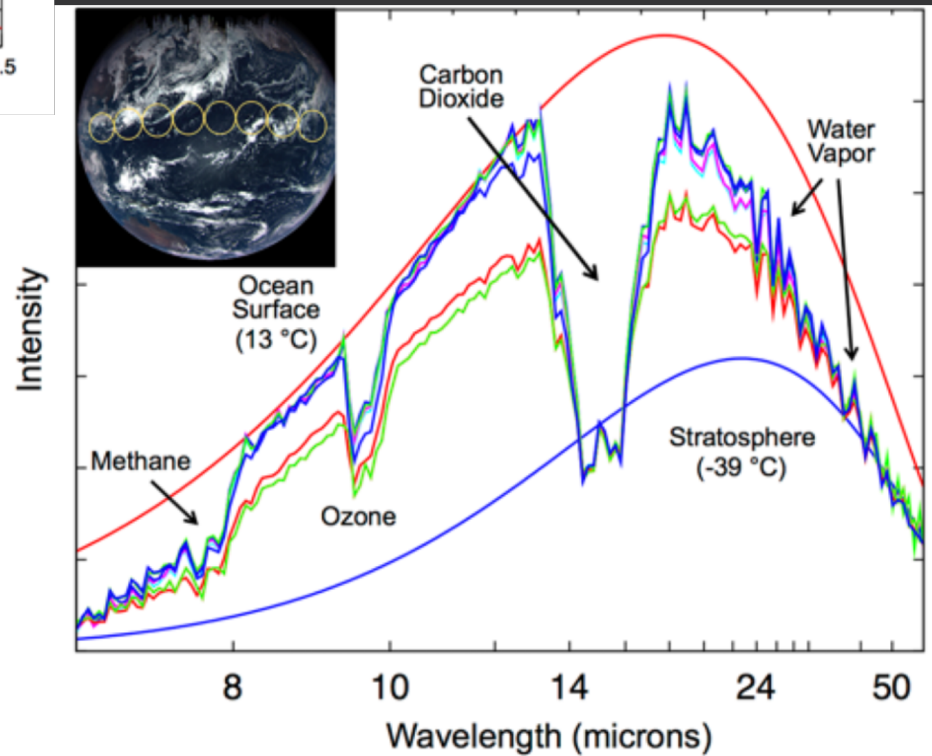
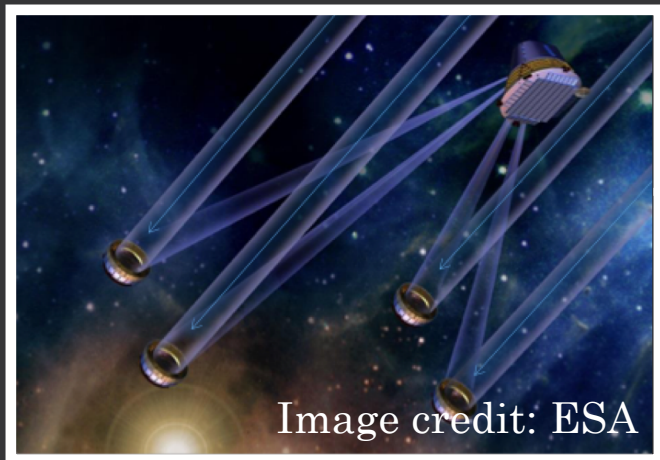
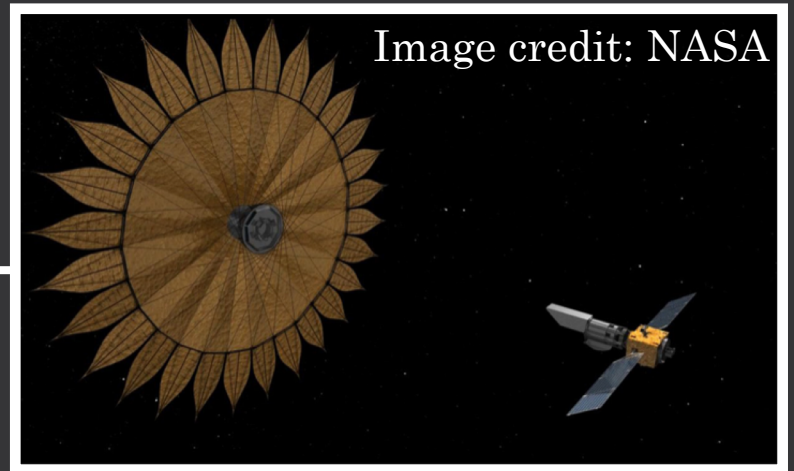
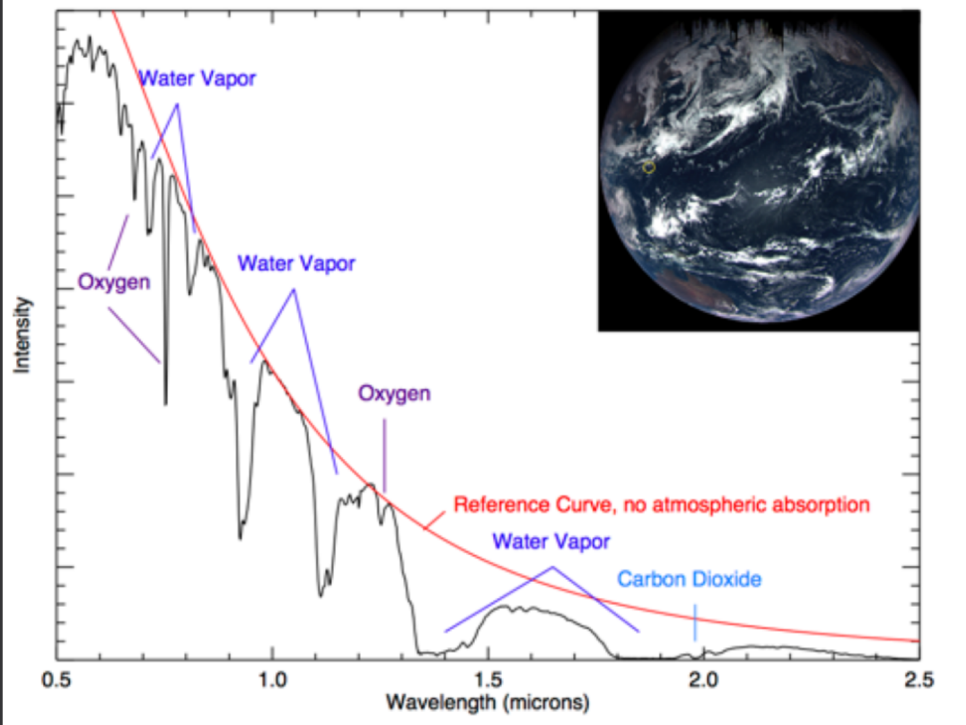


# Current status




# The “near” future







# The LIFE project



**LIFE workshop I**  
DLR Berlin/Adlershof  
January 23/24, 2019  
[www.life-space-mission.com/the-project/meetings/](http://www.life-space-mission.com/the-project/meetings/)

**Main Organizers:**  
Sascha P. Quanz (ETH Zurich)  
Denis Defrère (University of Liège)

**Local organizers:**  
Juan Cabrera (DLR)  
Heike Rauer (DLR)

A space mission designed to characterize terrestrial exoplanet atmospheres  
[www.life-space-mission.com](http://www.life-space-mission.com)

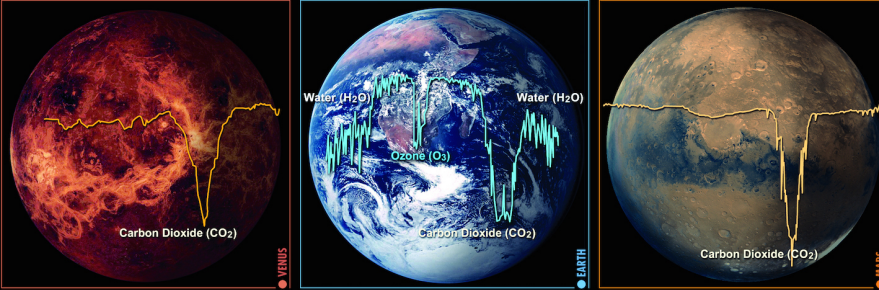
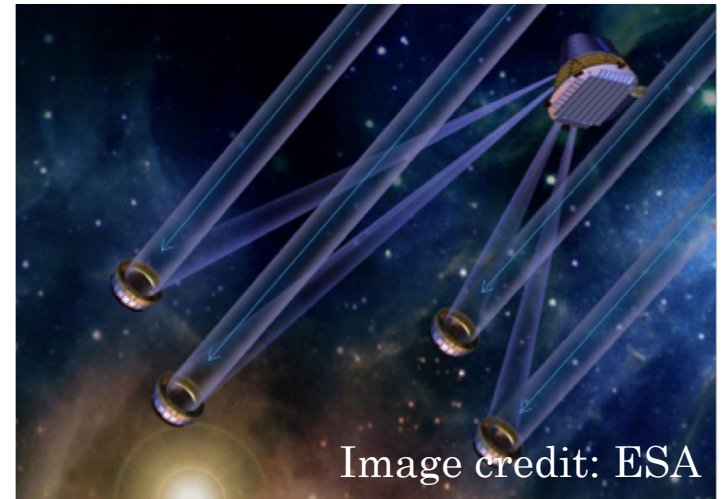


Image credit: ESA/Hubble & NASA; ESA 2001, Illustration by Medialab



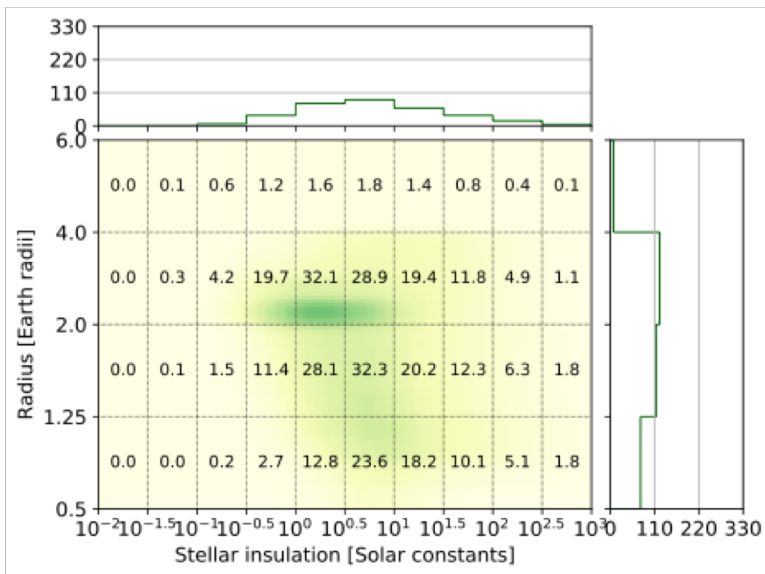


# The LIFE project

- Monte-Carlo simulations based on Kepler statistics (Kammerer et al. 2018):

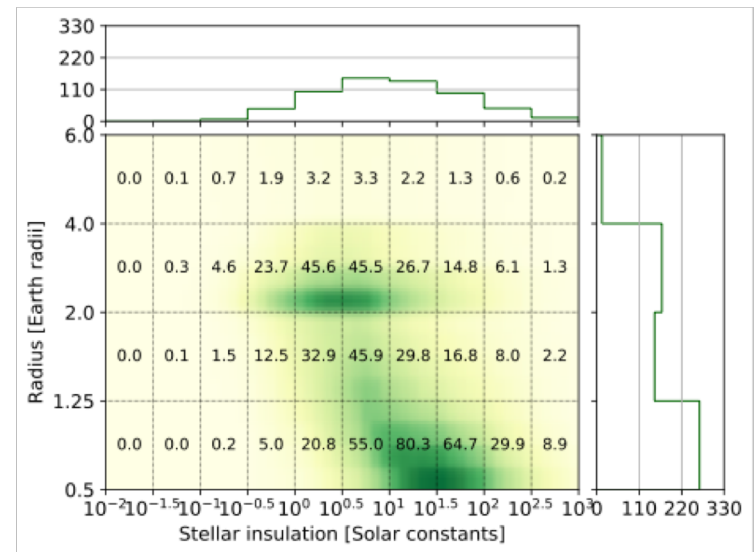
## Population 1:

Burke et al. 2015 / Fressin et al. 2013  
/ Dressing & Charbonneau 2015



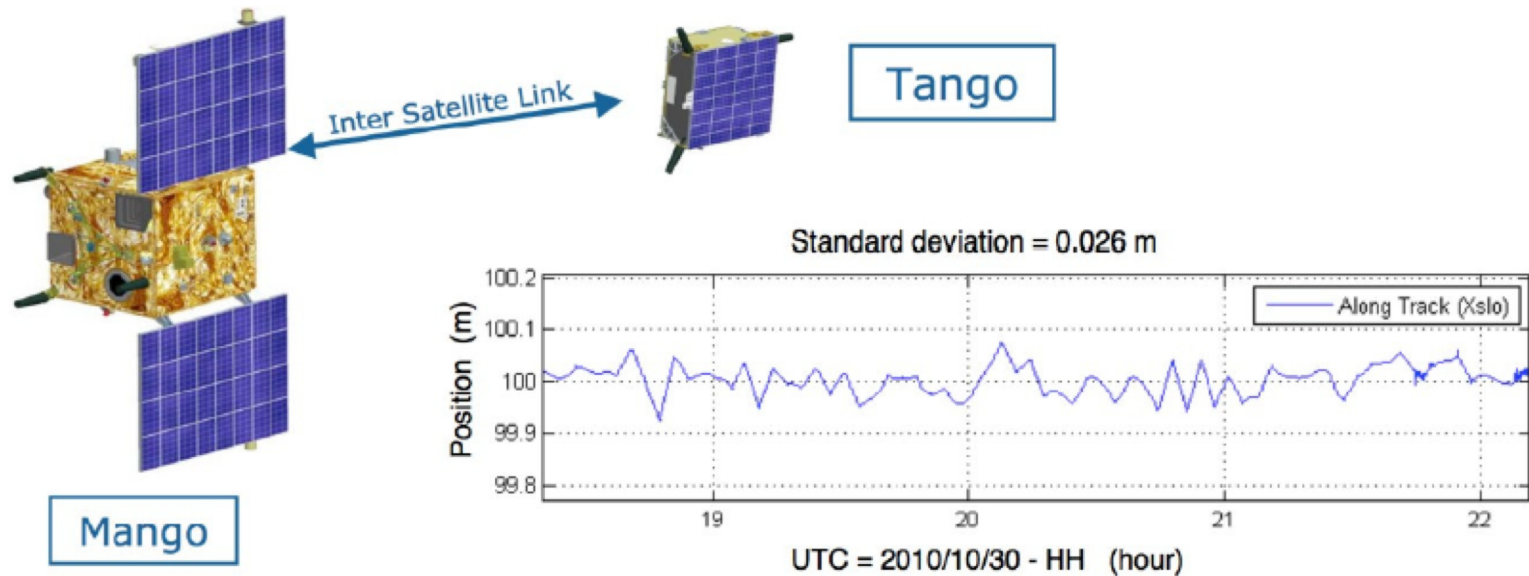
## Population 2:

Hsu et al. 2018 for solar type stars  
(based on Q1-Q16)



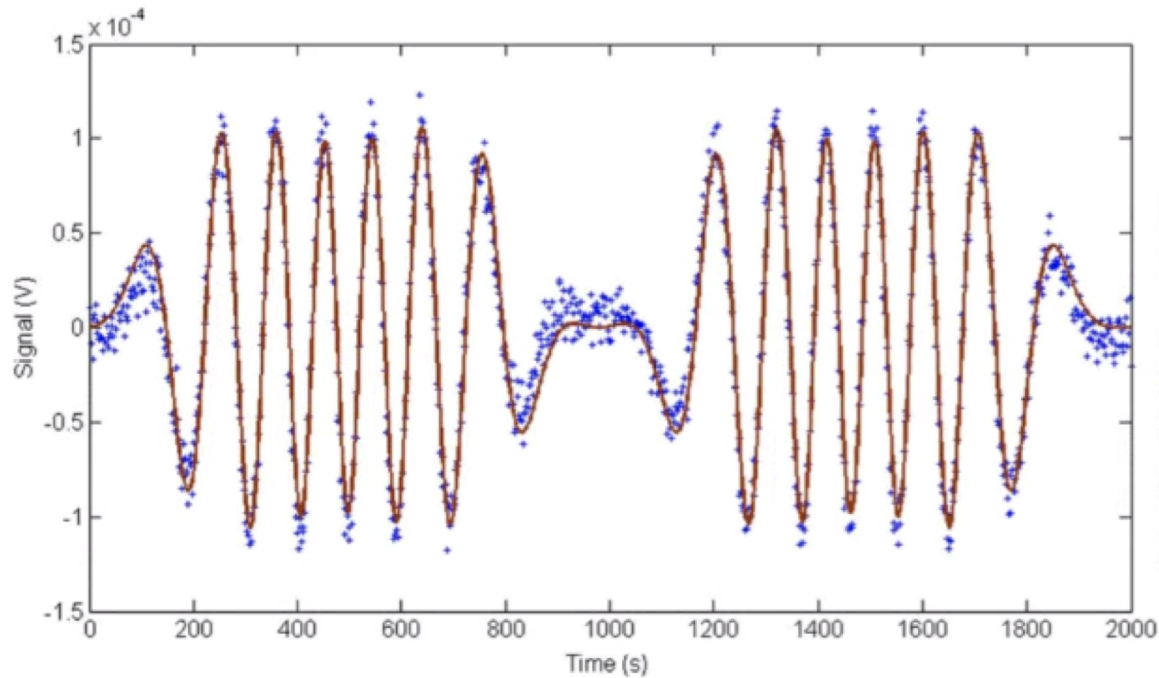
**A space-based MIR could detect hundreds of planets...**

# Technology readiness: formation flying



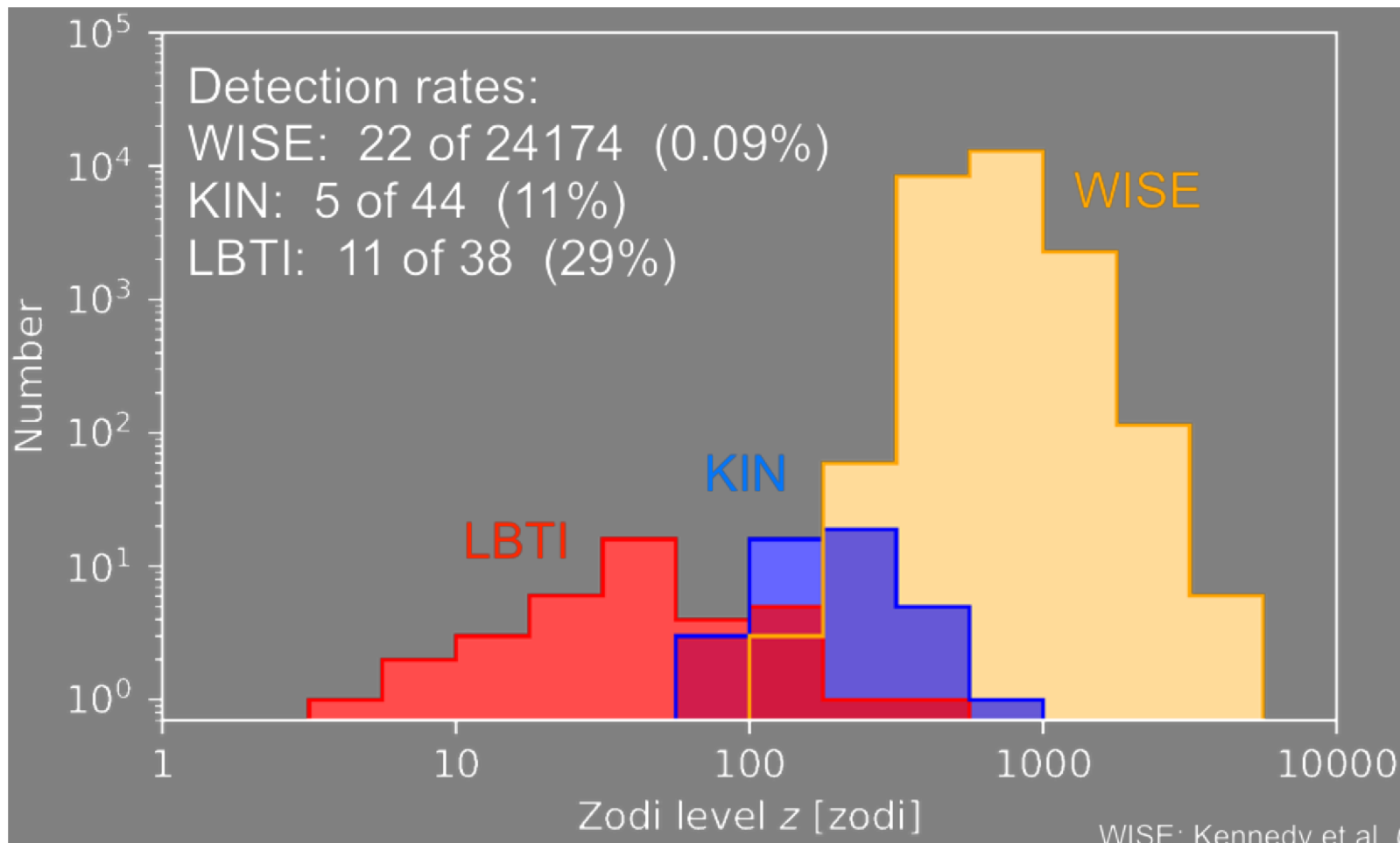
- Demonstration with PRISMA (2 spacecraft)
- RMS of a few cm, over 4 hours (limited by accuracy of radio sensor)
- PROBA-3 in 2021 (goal 100  $\mu\text{m}$  RMS)

# Technology readiness: starlight suppression



- Demonstration at JPL (Martin et al. 2012)
- Null depth of  $8 \times 10^{-6}$  (requirements  $10^{-5}$ ),  $10^{-8}$  (after post-processing)
  - 10% bandwidth (10 microns)
  - Room temperature

# Technology readiness: ground-based nulling



WISE: Kennedy et al. (2013)  
KIN: Mennesson et al. (2014)  
LBTI: full survey

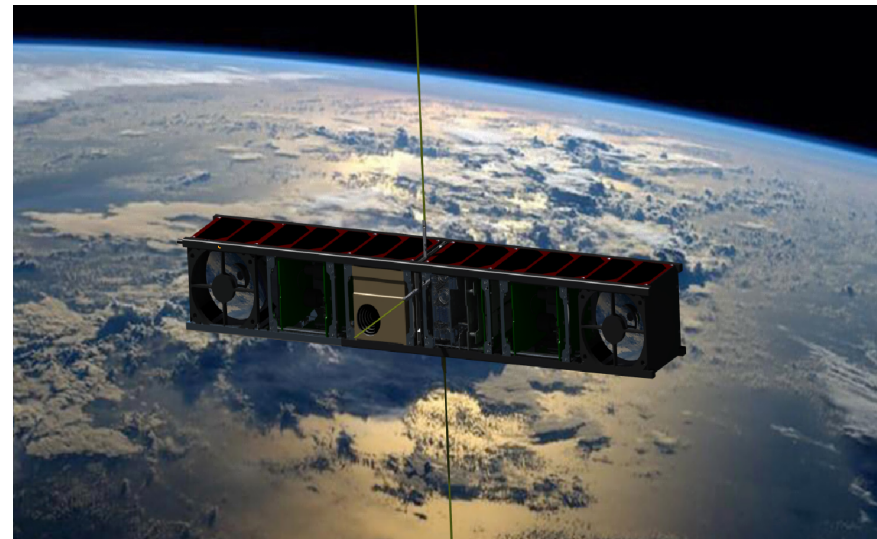
WISE: Kennedy et al. (2013)  
KIN: Mennesson et al. (2014)  
LBTI: Ertel et al. (2018)

# Current activities @ STAR

- Technology preparation @ CSL
- Technology demonstration on CubeSats (C. Dandumont PhD thesis)
- Ground-based demonstrator on the VLTI



J. Loicq presenting CSL activities at the kickoff meeting



First-S concept (Lacour et al.)

# Hi-5: LIFE demonstrator

Hi-5

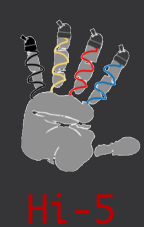
High-contrast Interferometry  
up to 5 microns



- L/M-band high-contrast interferometry on the VLTI (Defrère et al. 2018)
- Leverage the angular resolution of the VLTI and nulling interferometry
- EU-funded for a design study led by the University of Liege



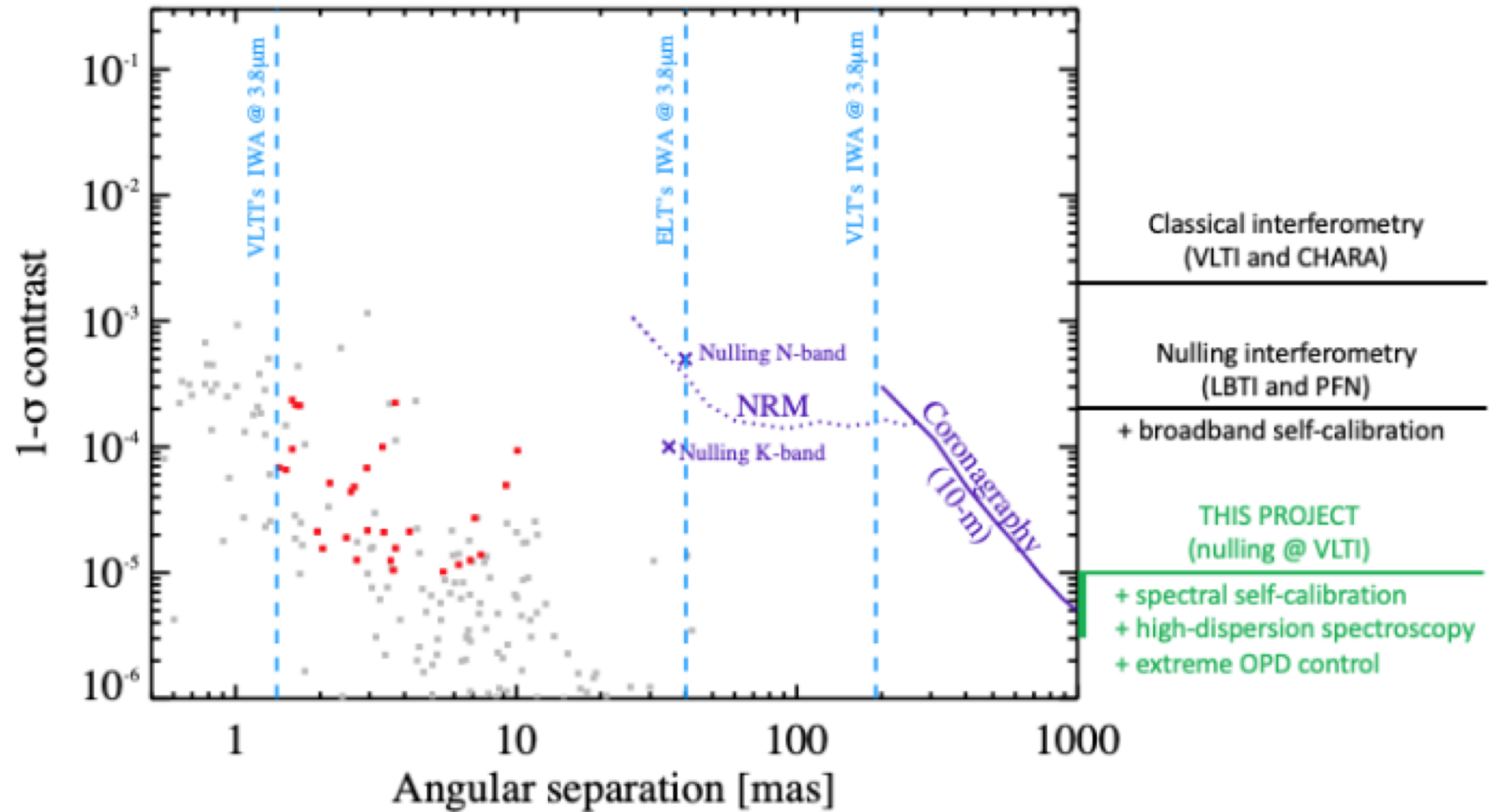
VLTI (Cerro Paranal, Chile)<sup>14</sup>



Hi-5



# Technology readiness: ground-based nulling



# Hi-5 kickoff meeting

- Hi-5 kickoff meeting held in Liège in October 2017;
- Meeting website with presentations:  
<http://www.biosignatures.ulg.ac.be/hi-5/index.html>

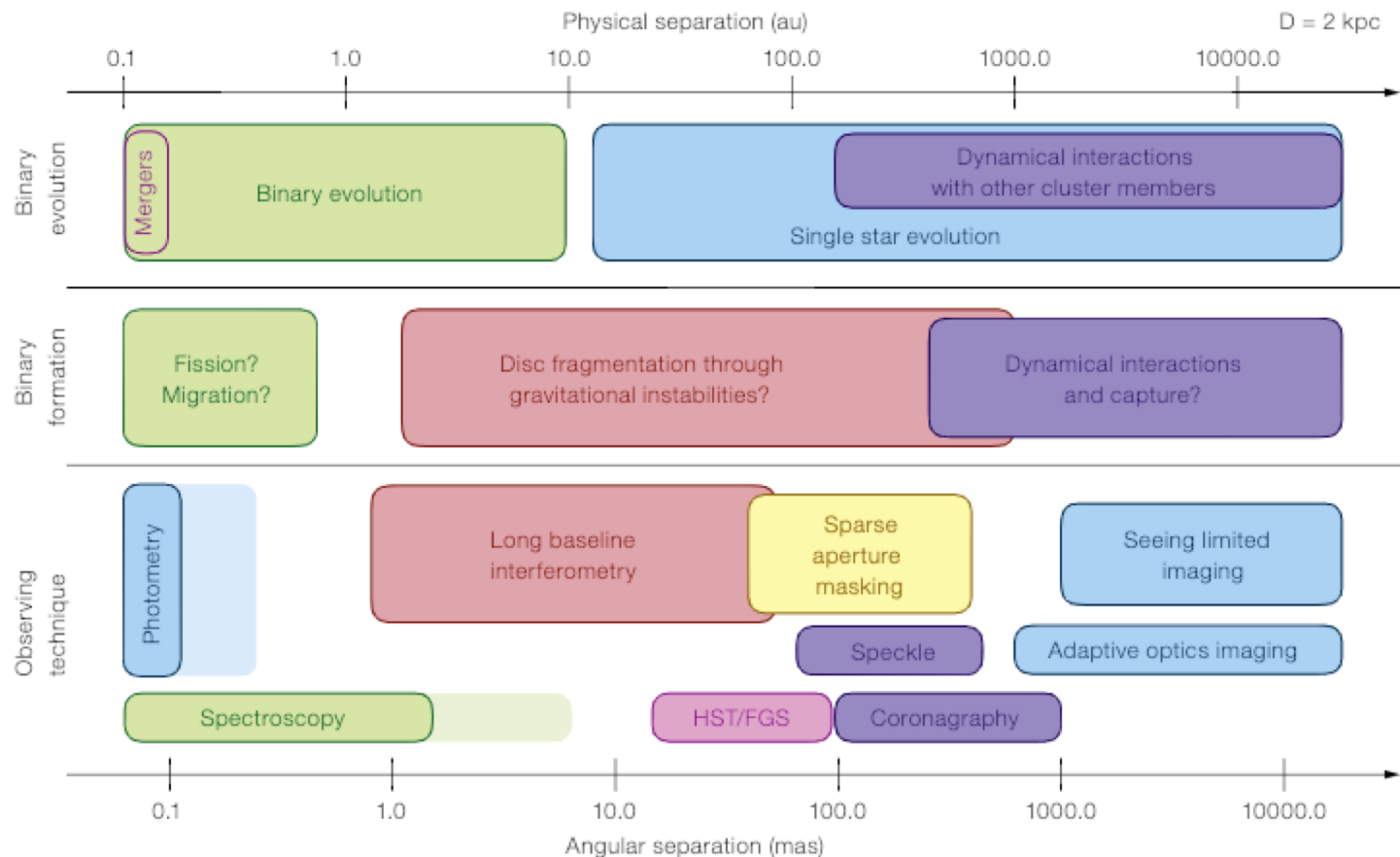


A couple of pictures taken during the meeting. Left, the team in the beautiful "Horloge" room of our downtown campus. From left to right around the table, J. Surdej, T. Boulet, M. Ireland, G. Martin, S. Minardi, J.-P. Berger, B. Norris, P. Bendjoya, A. Matter, E. Serabyn, W.C. Danchi, O. Absil, A. Gallene, and K. Tristram. Right, picture taken in front of the building on the second day. From left to right, E. Pedretti, A. Mérand, J.-P. Berger, G. Martin, S. Minardi, E. Huby, O. Absil, M. Ireland, T. Boulet, E. Serabyn, D. Defrère, W.C. Danchi, B. Norris, F. Henault, K. Tristram, L. Labadie, A. Gallenne, G. Orban, M. Reggiani, J.-U. Pott, and S. Kraus.



# The future of the VLT

- The Very Large Telescope in 2030 (June 2019)
- Ideas for new science case requiring milli-arcsecond resolution?  
[Contact me!](#)





# VLTI expertise center now in Liège

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- Integrate and disseminate knowledge being developed across the community, ensuring long-term sustainability;
- Support observing proposal preparation and data reduction;
- Co-organize (with ESO) VLTI community days and the EII meetings, bringing together 15 countries, and ESO and ESA, as well as the radio/mm interferometry community;
- Exchange experience and coordinate with the radio/mm interferometry community, when possible in conjunction with ALMA centres of expertise.