https://www.hetop.eu/3CGP

Change online for French, Spanish, Portuguese, Turkish, Ukrainian, Georgian, Dutch …

3CGP HeTOP page

Welcome to the Q-Codes & ICPC-2 repository at Rouen University Hospital

- HeTOP is a multiterminological and interlingual server of the Department of Information and Informatics (D2IM) of the Rouen University Hospital
- Core Content Classification of General Practice/Family Medicine (3CGP) is a mix of the International Classification of Primary Care (ICPC-2) and Q-Codes, a new contextual classification in General Practice / Family Medicine (GP/FM) and Primary Health Care (PHC)
- ICPC-2, belonging to WONCA, is intended to retrieve frequent health problems encountered in Family Medicine and PHC
- Q-Codes are intended for indexing Family medicine related documentation jointly with the International Classification of Primary Care (ICPC). Both form the Core Content Classification in General Practice/ Family Medicine (3CGP)
- To search ICPC-2 (22 languages) type an ICPC-2 code like A87 or a health term like pneumonia or an acronym like URTI.
- To search ICPC-2 process codes, look between -30 and -69, don't forget the dash (-)
- To search into Q-Codes, type a term, an acronym or a Q-Code into the search box: i.e. QD, sdm, QP51, continuity of care
- More information on Q-Codes http://3CGP.docpatient.net and ICPC: www.ph3c.org. The pages on 3CGP are prepared in such a way you will understand how use 3CGP (ICPC + Q-Code), share your experiences and thoughts and make comments for further development of Q-Codes.
- More information about the potentialities of the HeTOP server and the numerous terminologies and mappings available; see here Exploring HeTOP and ICPC-2 on HeTOP.

Warning:
ICPC is a Wonca product, free use for research, for any commercial use, refer to ceo@wonca.net
Q-Codes is distributed in Creative Common share alike non-commercial use. For any commercial use refer to marc.jamoulle@gmail.com

Q Q-codes

QC patient's category

QD doctor's issue

QD1 communicator

QD11 encounter

QD12 doctor-patient relationship

QD13 counselling

QD14 systems thinking

QD15 motivational interviewing

QD2 doctor as carer

QD21 problem solving

QD22 comprehensiveness

QD23 health education

QD24 clinical competency

QD25 continuity of care

QD26 palliative care

QD27 family planning

QD3 care manager

QD31 health risk management

QD32 health issue management

QD321 medically unexplained symptom

QD322 multimorbidity

QD323 shared decision making

QD324 incidentaloma

QD325 prescribing behaviour

QD326 deadoption

QD33 health status assessment

QD34 genetic issue

QD4 clinical prevention

QD41 primary prevention

QD42 secondary prevention

QD43 tertiary prevention

QD44 quaternary prevention

QD441 over-medicalisation

QD442 disease mongering

QD443 overinformation

QD444 overscreening

QD445 overdiagnosis

QD446 overtreatment

QD5 complementary medicine

QD51 homeopathy

QD6 medico legal issue

QD7 professional image

QD8 work–life balance

QE medical ethics

QE1 personal view

QE2 professional ethics

QE3 bioethics

QE31 euthanasia

QE4 infoethics

QE41 confidentiality

QE42 informed consent

QH planetary health

Marc Jamoulle, Daniel Knupp, Miguel Pizzanelli Additional document for the communication : Knowledge management in general practice / family medicine through the Core Content Classification (3CGP), a new indexation tool. EGPRN Meeting, Lille 2018

QH1 environmental health

QH11 indoor pollution

QH12 outdoor pollution

QH2 biological hazard

QH3 nuclear hazard

Q0 other

Q01 unclear

Q02 acronym

Q03 out of scope

Q04 consider new code

QP patient issue

QP1 patient safety

QP2 patient-centredness

QP21 accessibility

QP22 temporal accessibility

QP23 cultural competency

QP24 affordability

QP25 acceptability

QP3 quality of health care

QP4 patient perspective

QP41 patient satisfaction

QP42 patient knowledge

QP43 patient autonomy

QP44 patient culture

QP45 patient expense

QP5 health behaviour

QP51 patient alimentation

QP52 patient's sexuality

QP53 self-care

QP54 over the counter

QP6 patient participation

QP61 social network

QP7 patient advocacy

QR research

QR1 philosophy of science

QR2 epidemiology of primary care

QR21 pharmaco-epidemiology

QR22 community-based study

QR3 research method

QR31 qualitative study

QR32 quantitative study

QR321 case-control study

QR322 cohort study

QR323 cross-sectional study

QR324 longitudinal study

QR325 intervention study

QR33 mixed study

QR34 validation study

QR35 action research

QR36 case report

QR4 research network

QR5 research tools

QR51 taxonomy

QR52 scale

QR53 functional status

QR54 observation material

QR6 expert advice

QR7 economics, primary health care

QS structure of practice

QS1 primary care setting

QS11 management of practice

QS12 economy of practice

QS13 health information management

QS14 practice equipment

QS2 out-of-hours

QS3 practice relationship

QS31 practice collaboration

QS32 referral

QS33 coordination of care

QS4 primary care provider

QS41 family doctor

QS42 nurse practitioner

QS43 midwife

QS44 allied health professional

QS45 family caregiver

QS46 pharmacist

QT knowledge management

QT1 teaching

QT11 pedagogic method

QT12 teaching organization

QT13 teaching evaluation

QT131 simulated patient

QT14 academic organization

QT2 training

QT21 undergraduate

QT22 vocational training

QT23 continuous medical education

QT24 Balint group

QT25 trainer

QT3 quality assurance

QT31 evidence based medicine

QT32 guideline

QT33 critical reading

QT34 peer review

QT35 accreditation

QT36 quality indicator

QT4 knowledge translation

QT41 publishing

QT42 online knowledge-sharing

QT43 digital library

QT44 electronic communication

QT5 health data reporting

QT51 sentinel network

QT52 adverse event

QT53 health database

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