



EO_Regions_Science

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Basic Research in support of EO_Regions!

A STEREO III Shared-Cost Project

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BEODay – Beersel - 30 January 2018

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Outline

- Introduction
 - Context: EO_Regions!
 - Objectives
 - Partnership
- Corner Reflector Design
- Ontologies
- Change Detection
- Methodology for User Needs and In-situ Data
- Data Assimilation to Aquacrop Model

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Context

EO_Regions! : A RW project lead by SPACEBEL:

- to develop innovating EO services based on Sentinel data: functional, portable methodology performing for commercial applications of satellite imagery at regional scale
- to export as a tool-box to other European regions and emergent countries, acting as promoter for the installation and operation of the EO_Regions!



Based on:

- ✓ New methodologies and services
- ✓ A clear understanding of the user needs
- ✓ Strong expertise to predict service accuracy
- ✓ Integrated infrastructure: big data storage
- ✓ Combination/re-use of geospatial data over a territory

For:

- Dynamical monitoring of territories
- Services targeted to users not expert but interested in the added value of EO information
- Correct use of the information
- Easy & flexible access
- Increased added value of local existing data

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Context

Application fields :

- **Wallonia**
 - **Senegal**
- + further export to other regions/
emergent countries*



Thematics:

- **Land use management**
- **Forestry**
 - Change detection (clear-cut...)
 - Health monitoring and disease detection
- **Natural hazards:**
 - Ground movements
 - Follow-up of industrial and construction sites
 - Monitoring of old mineshafts
 - Follow-up of infrastructures
 - Flood and water hazards
- **Agriculture**
 - Crop survey
 - Crop growth monitoring

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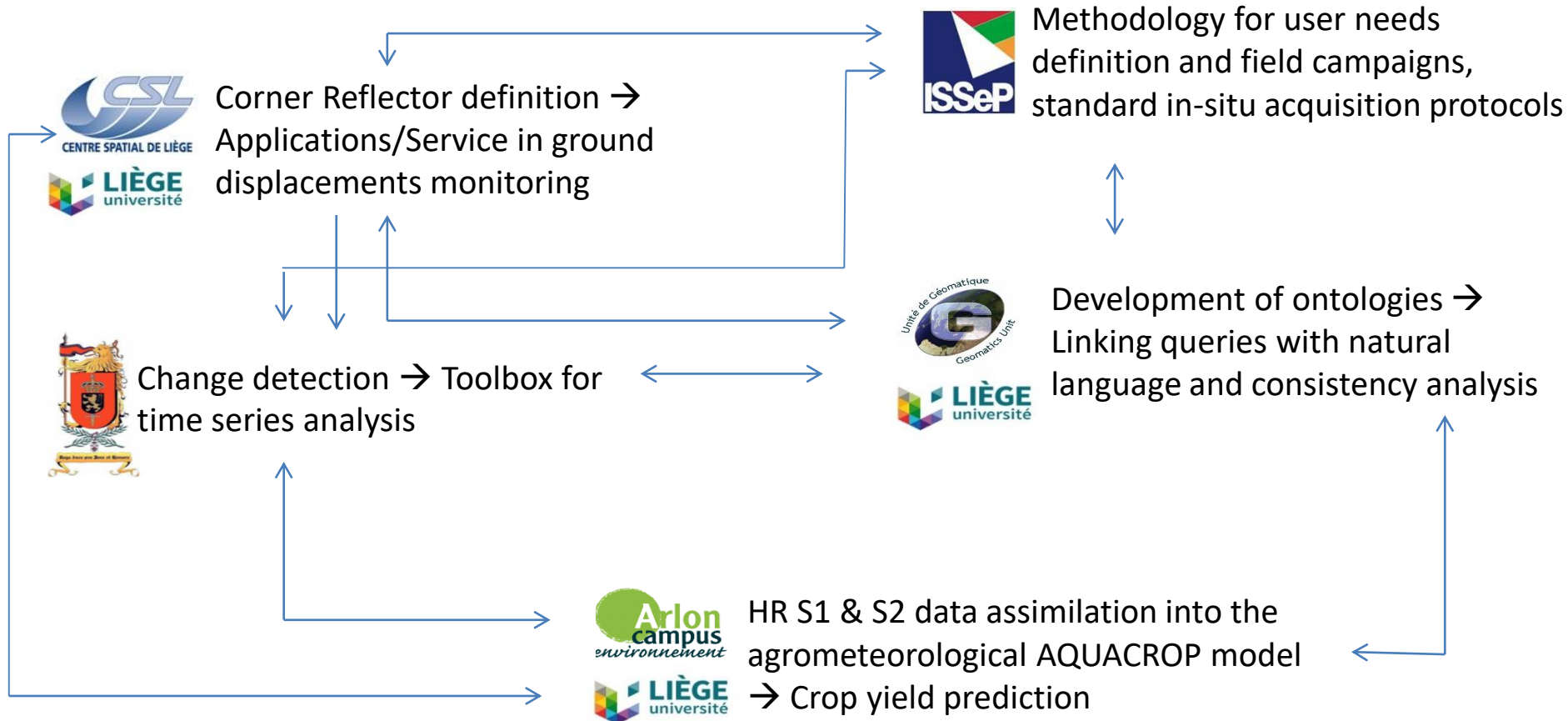
Objectives

Preliminary basic research → support to EO_Regions!

- Consolidate the pillars on which the services proposed by EO_Regions! are based by developing:
 - change detection and monitoring methodologies,
 - ontologies,
 - crop modelling,
 - user needs definition
- Facilitate the operationalisation of these services.

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Partnership and Tasks



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WP1: Corner Reflector Design (CSL)

Exemples of possible services in EO_Regions!	Description
Monitoring of old mineshafts	Measurement of ground movements and subsidence in the old mine shafts
Regional subsidence follow-up	Measurement of ground motion during geothermal drilling, extraction of shale gas ; evolution of groundwater

Measuring ground displacements: by differential SAR interferometry (DInSAR)
BUT requires **phase stability « islands »** generally referred to as Persistent Scatterers

⇒ Proposed alternative in natural areas: use **Corner Reflectors (CR's)** as artificial permanent scatterers.

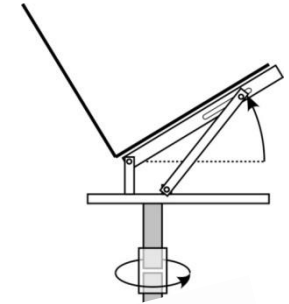
- passive devices used to reflect the incoming radar signal back to its source
- stable and strong response to the SAR signal over a long period of time

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Corner Reflector Design

Principe:

- 1 CR on system/area to be monitored.
- Additional CR's as fixed reference in the zone of interest and to subtract atmosphere and orbital residuals.
- Initial topographic reference by GPS measurements.

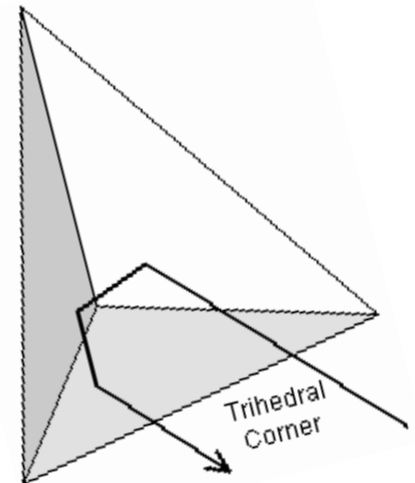


Tasks :

- CR specification w.r.t. EO_Regions! requirements
- Design and manufacturing
- Testing and evaluation



Baseline: S1 imaging



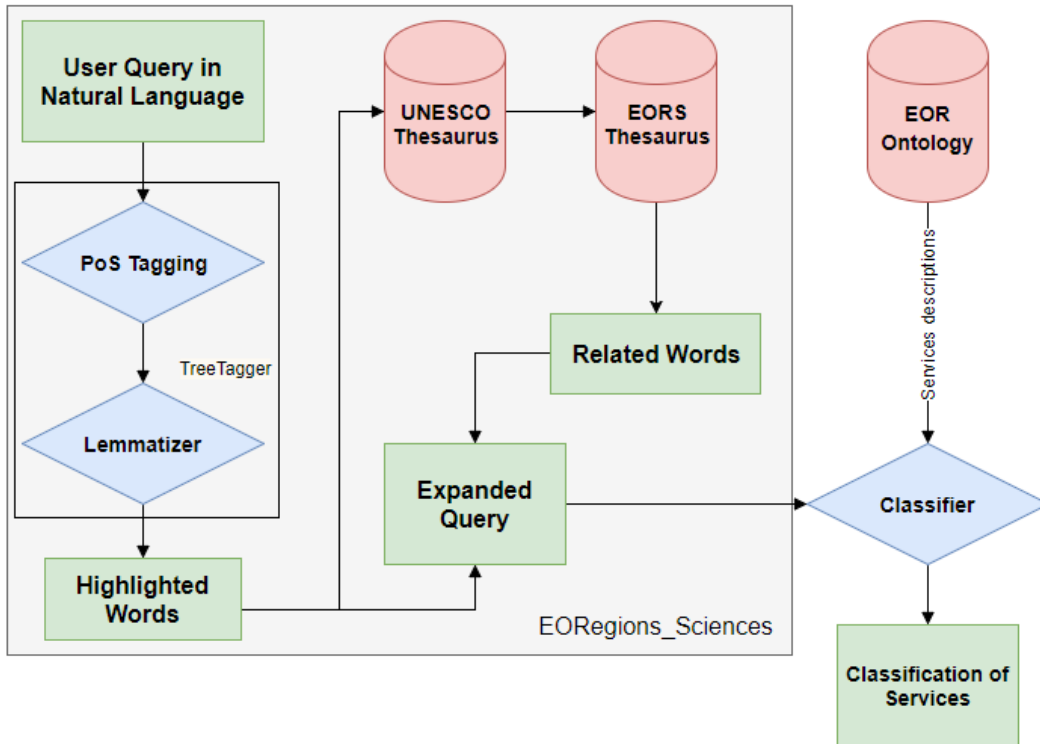
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Corner Reflector Design



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WP2: Ontologies (UGEOM-ULiège)



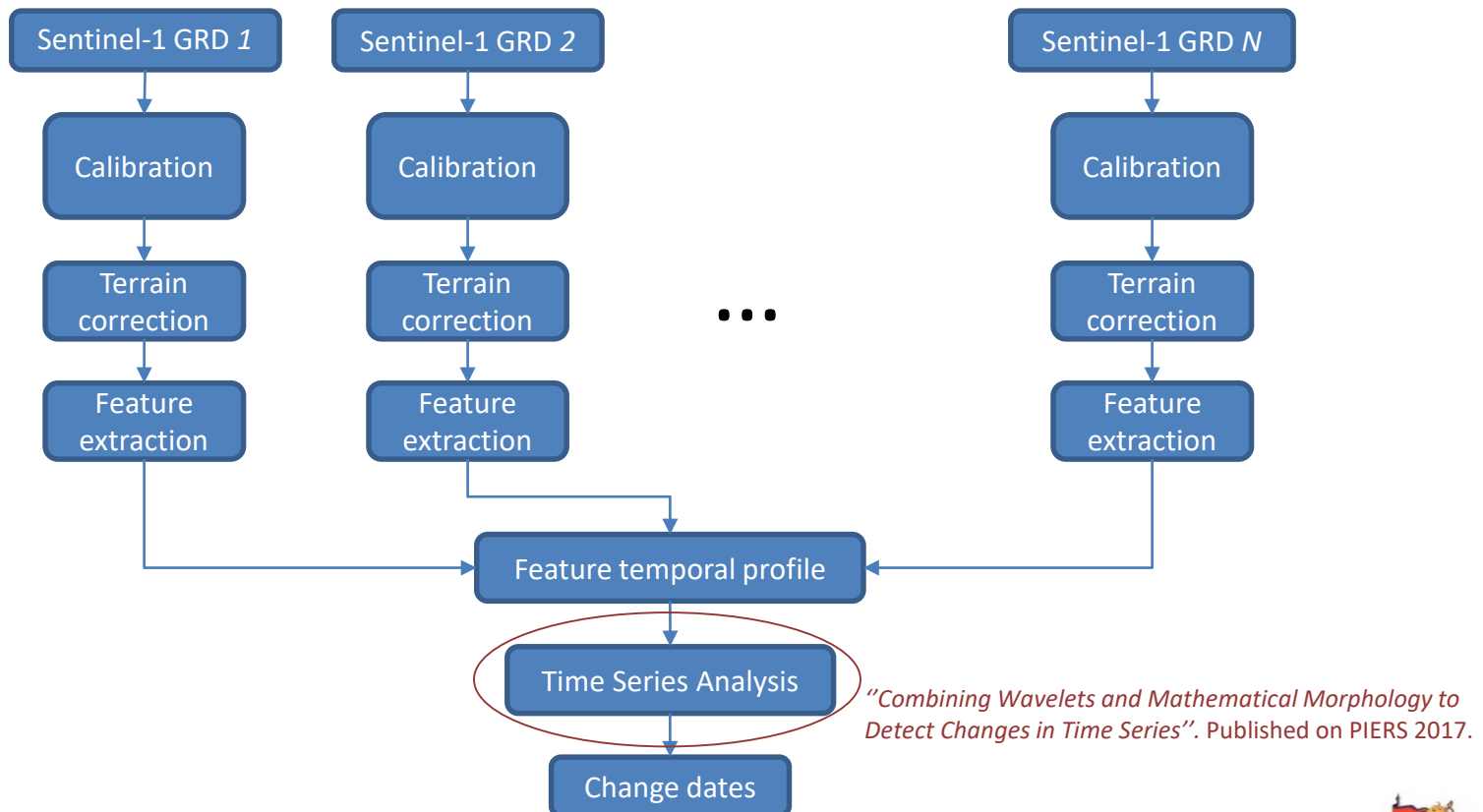
Development of a Search Engine based on semantic queries using graph databases and ontologies for services retrieval

Semantic Web
Artificial Intelligence
Natural Language Processing

➔ the most valuable service to the user

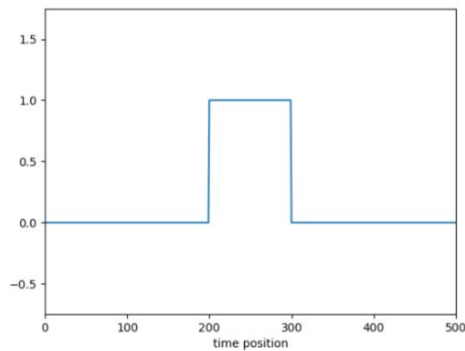
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WP3: Change detection (RMA) – General Approach

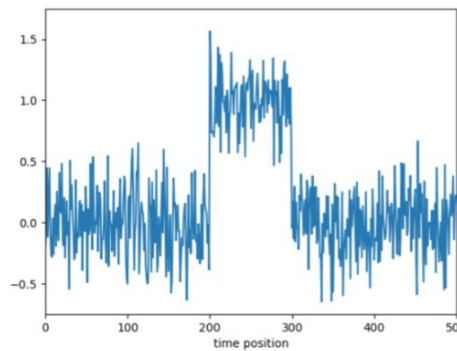


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Change detection – Time Series Analysis



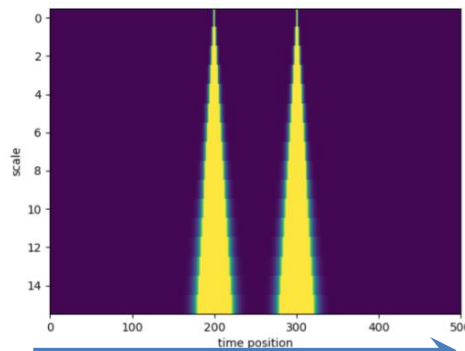
(a) f_I



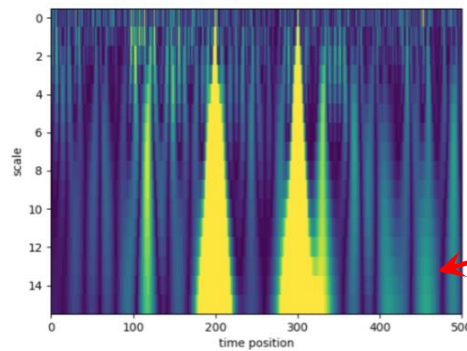
(b) f_N

The problem of detecting the change points in a time series would consist in finding at which positions $U = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_N\}$ the modulus of its Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT) features local maxima.

Continuous
Wavelet
transform



(c) $|F_{W_I}|$ Time

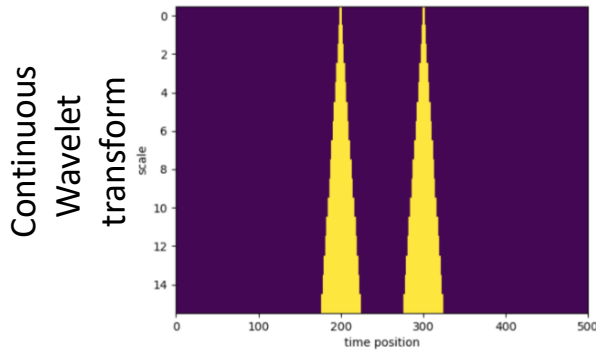


(d) $|F_{W_N}|$

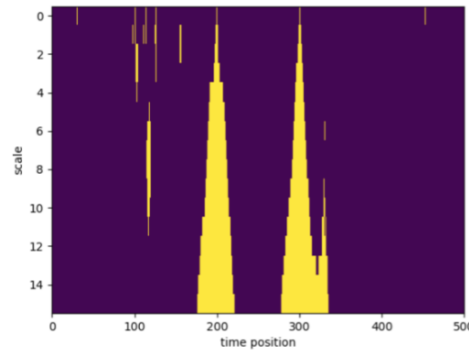
Issue: noise in the CWT coefficients

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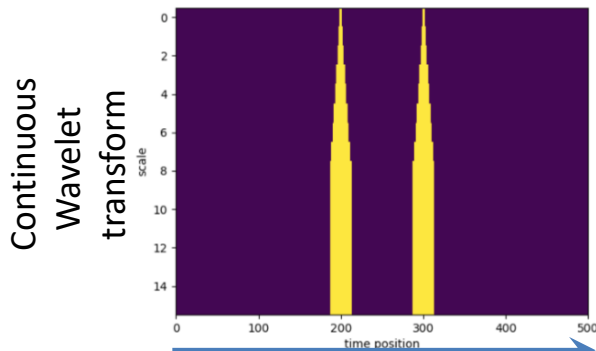
Change detection – Time Series Analysis



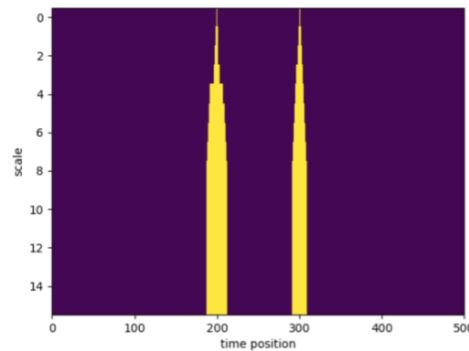
(e) $|F_{W_I}|_{\theta}$



(f) $|F_{W_N}|_{\theta}$



(g) $\gamma_B(|F_{W_I}|_{\theta})$ Time



(h) $\gamma_B(|F_{W_N}|_{\theta})$

The problem of detecting the change points in a time series would consist in finding at which positions $U = \{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_N\}$ the modulus of its Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT) features local maxima.

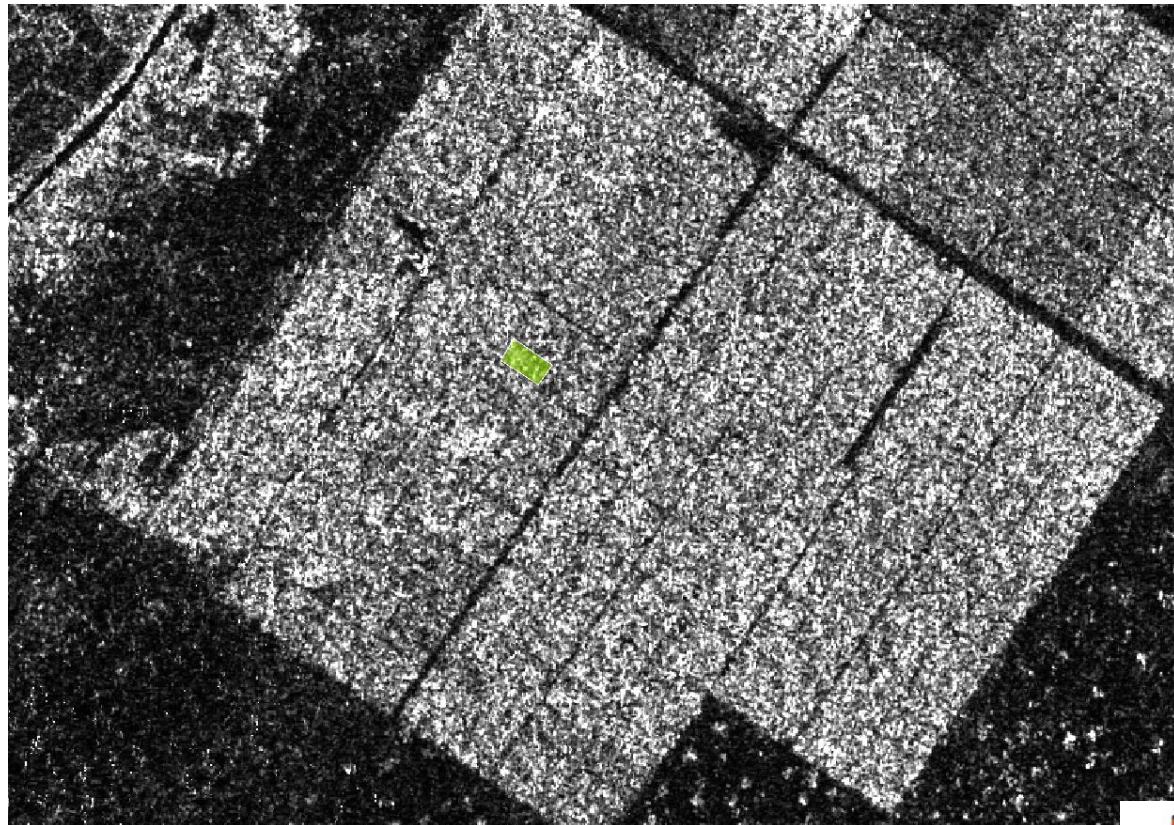
- Threshold CWT coefficients
- Mathematical morphology

Parameters to be tuned for specific applications

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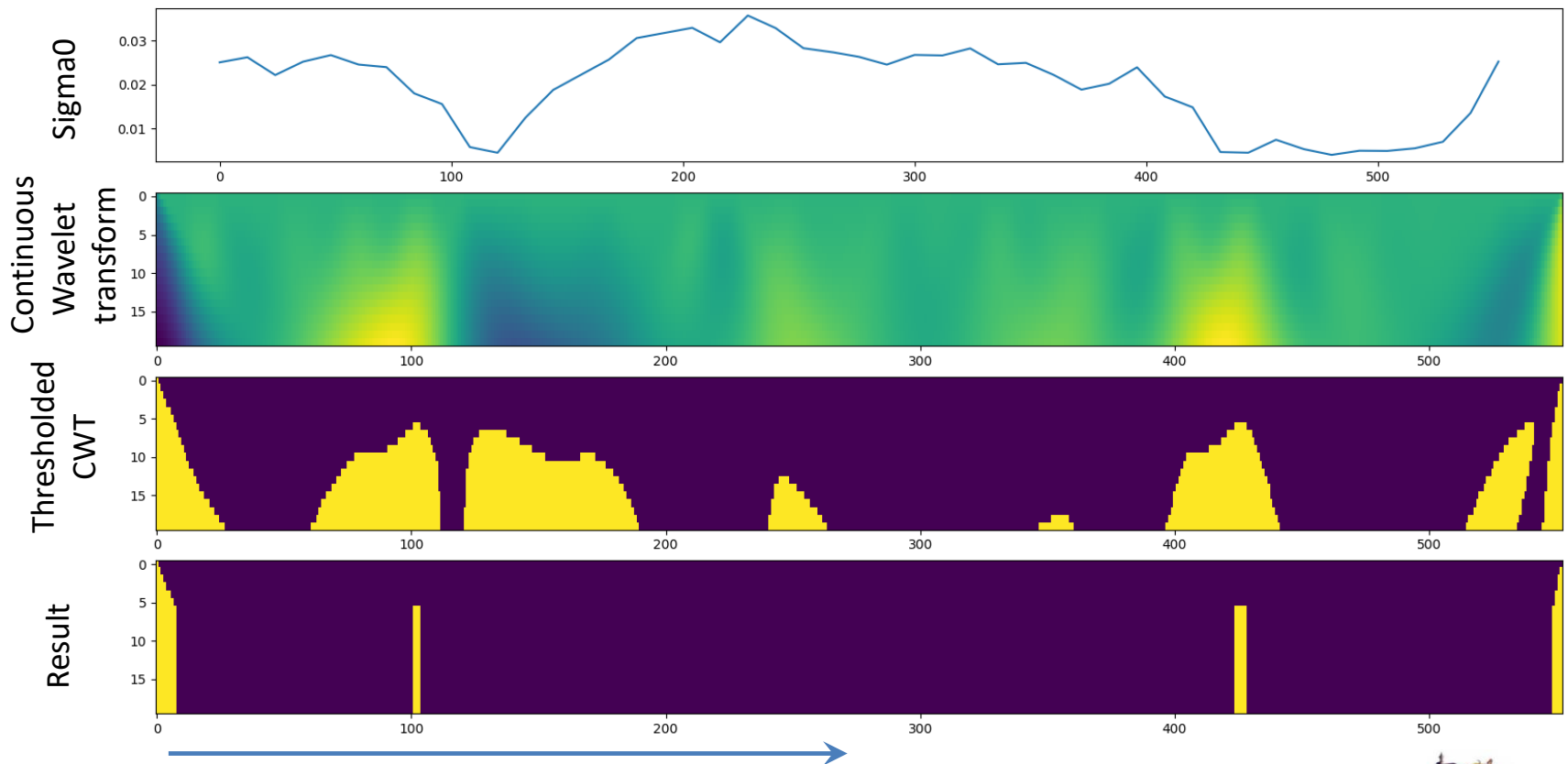
Change detection – E.g.: Rice Paddy – S1 data

**Region of interest
(S1 data in Senegal)**



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Change detection – E.g.: Rice Paddy – S1 data



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WP4: Promotion of EO & In-situ data (ISSeP)

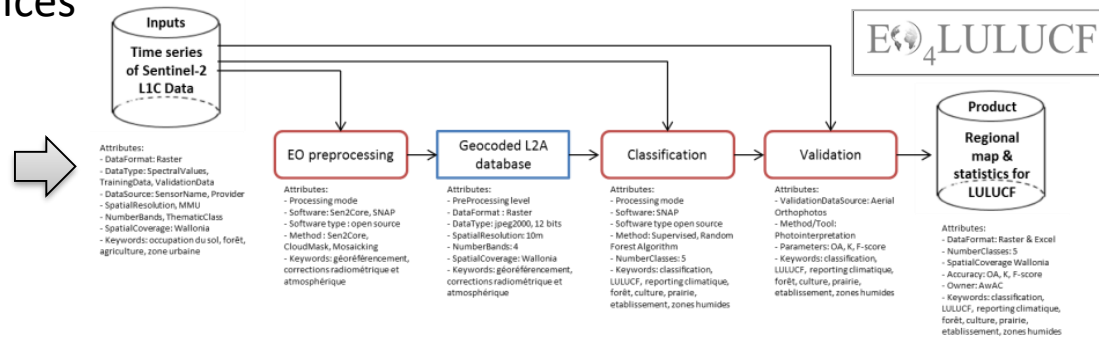
- A. Promote the use of Earth Observation, Copernicus services, Sentinel data and EO_Regions! within EO working groups (GTEO with Skywin -> see all presentations on www.issep.be/gteo & GT-COWAL [SPW]), training sessions and public events
- B. Support in-situ acquisition protocols, field campaigns and research activities of WP 2,3,5

Example: Field monitoring at 10 dates for validating change detection methods from WP 3 (in Eghezée)



- C. Test cases of ISSeP potential EO services

Example: LULUCF reporting flow chart to support ontologies (WP2)



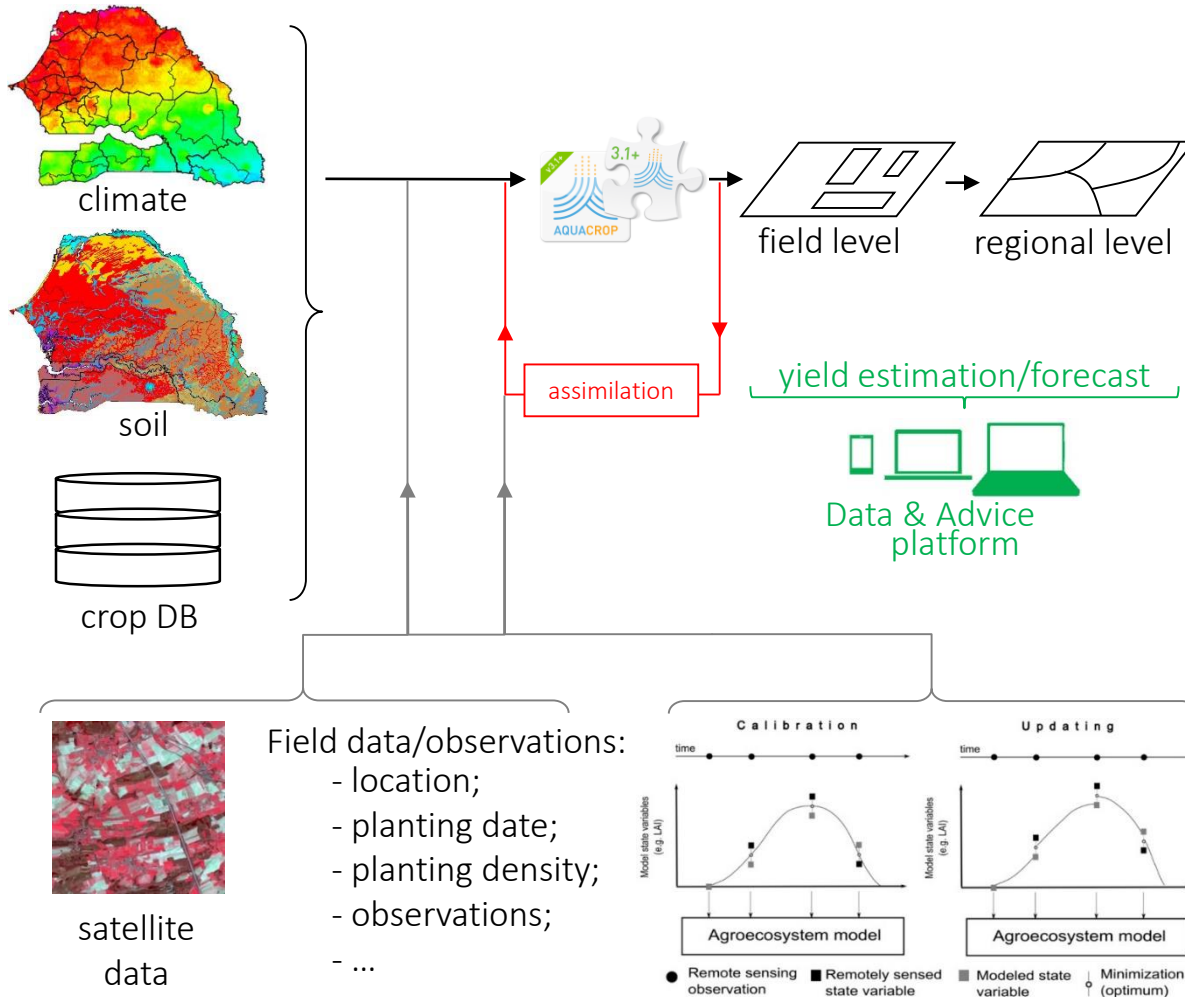
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WP5: Aquacrop (EED-ULiège) – Technology show case



5 Km

EO_Regions_Science Aquacrop – Work flow





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Thank you for your attention