

Relative positioning with Galileo E5 AltBOC code measurements



The CLGE Students' Contest 2016

Cécile Deprez

PhD Candidate
University of Liège

Context

Google opens up GNSS **code measurements** access



Possibility of precise positioning with ANDROID raw code pseudoranges ?

Challenge

Codes

- Expected precision on a position :

Metres



Challenge

Mass market applications

- Required precision on a position :

Decimetres



Hypothesis



Galileo E5 signal

AltBOC Modulation

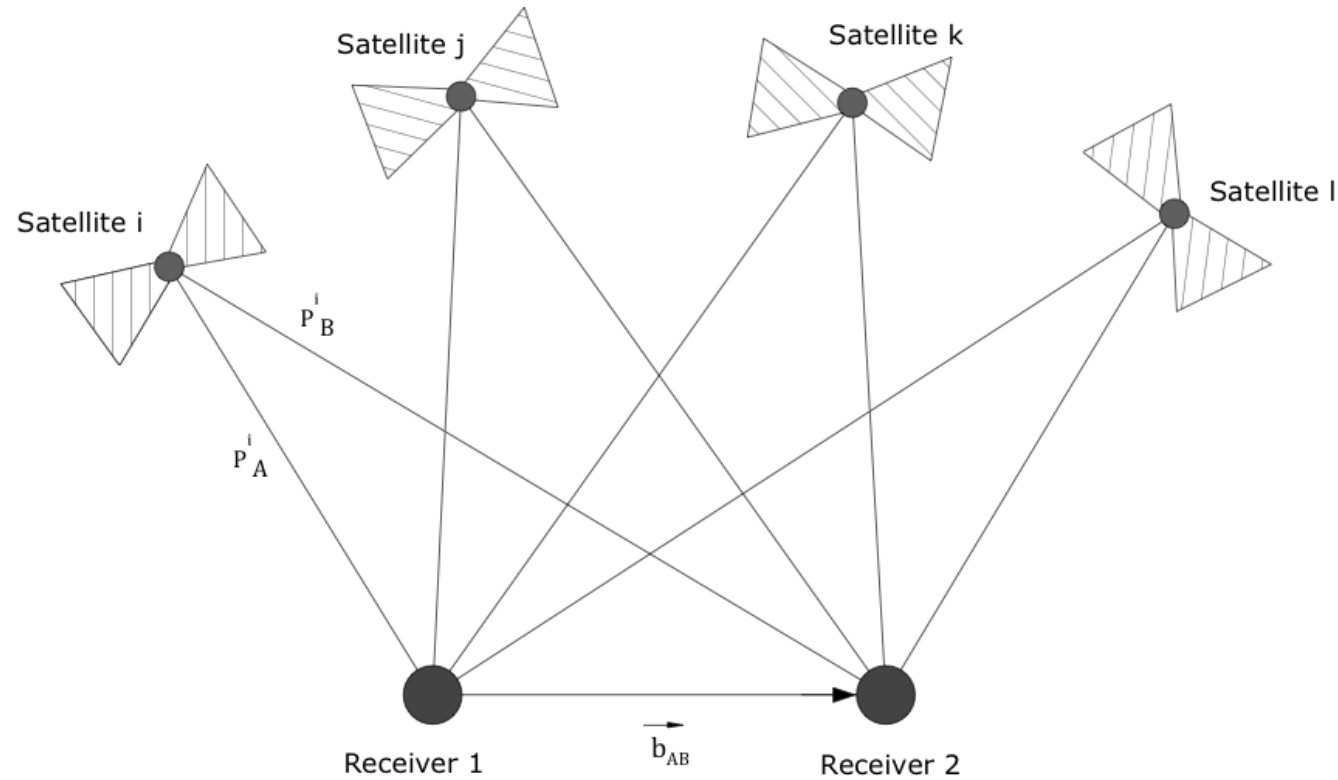
- High tracking accuracy
- Strong multipath resistance

Improvement of the code pseudoranges' precision

Method

Double difference :

Difference between two **SIMULTANEOUS** receivers' observations of the two same satellites



Relative Positioning

Configurations

ZERO BASELINE

SHORT BASELINE

MEDIUM BASELINE

Configurations

ZERO BASELINE

SHORT BASELINE

MEDIUM BASELINE

Theoretical case

Baseline length: 0 metre

Not used in practice

Estimation of receiver's observation noise

Receiver's
observation noise

Configurations

ZERO BASELINE

SHORT BASELINE

MEDIUM BASELINE

Analytical case

Baseline length: 5 metres

Observable precision

Estimation of the **precision of the OBSERVATIONS**

Multipath
+
Noise

Configurations

ZERO BASELINE

SHORT BASELINE

MEDIUM BASELINE

Practical case

Baselines length:

23 kilometres (Liège – Waremme)

87 kilometres (Liège – Brussels)

Position precision

Precision of the estimated **POSITIONS**

Atmospheric errors

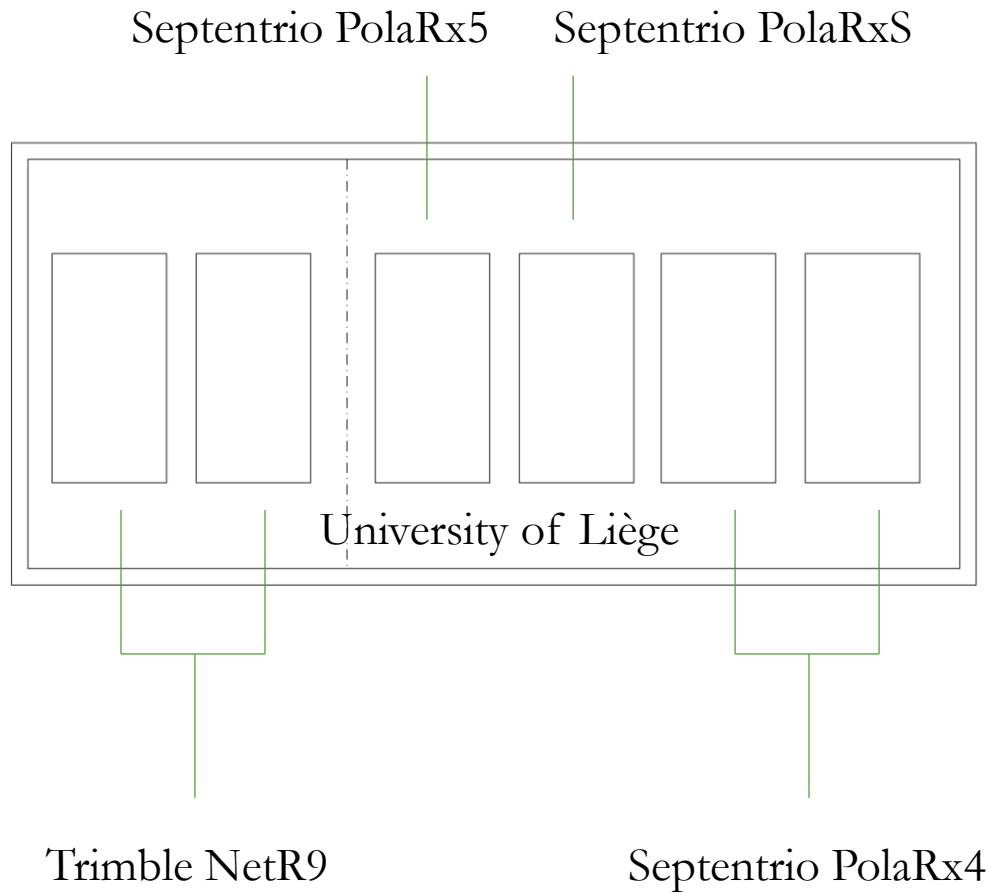
+

Multipath

+

Noise

Equipment



Waremme
Septentrio PolaRx4

Brussels
Septentrio PolaRx4TR

Observable precision (metres)

	GPS			Galileo			
	L1	L2	L5	E1	E5a	E5b	E5 AltBOC
Trimble	0.38	0.30	0.30	0.24	0.22	0.24	0.14
Septentrio	0.20	0.12	0.14	0.17	0.14	0.14	0.06

Short baselines in Liège
Days Of Year 145 – 154 (2016)

Results

Observable precision

CONCLUSIONS

Different precisions for different receiver's types

Galileo E5 AltBOC outperforms other GPS and Galileo signals

Galileo signals are more precise than GPS signals

Galileo E1 & GPS L1 show the worst precision

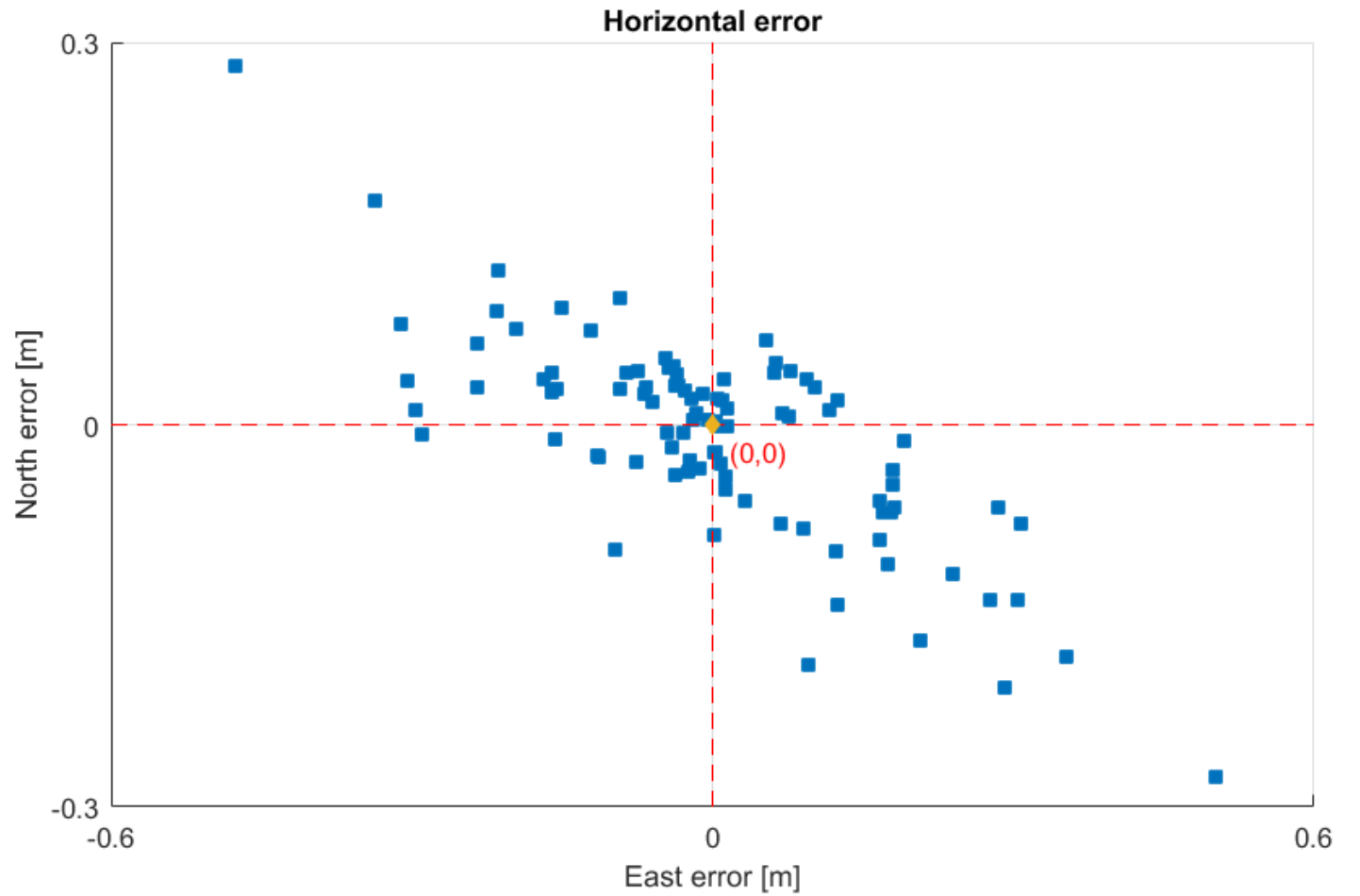
GPS L2/ GPS L5, Galileo E5a/Galileo E5b show similar quality

Precision of the estimated position (metres)

Liège
5 metres baseline

RMS 3D
0.53 metres

DOY 17 of 2016

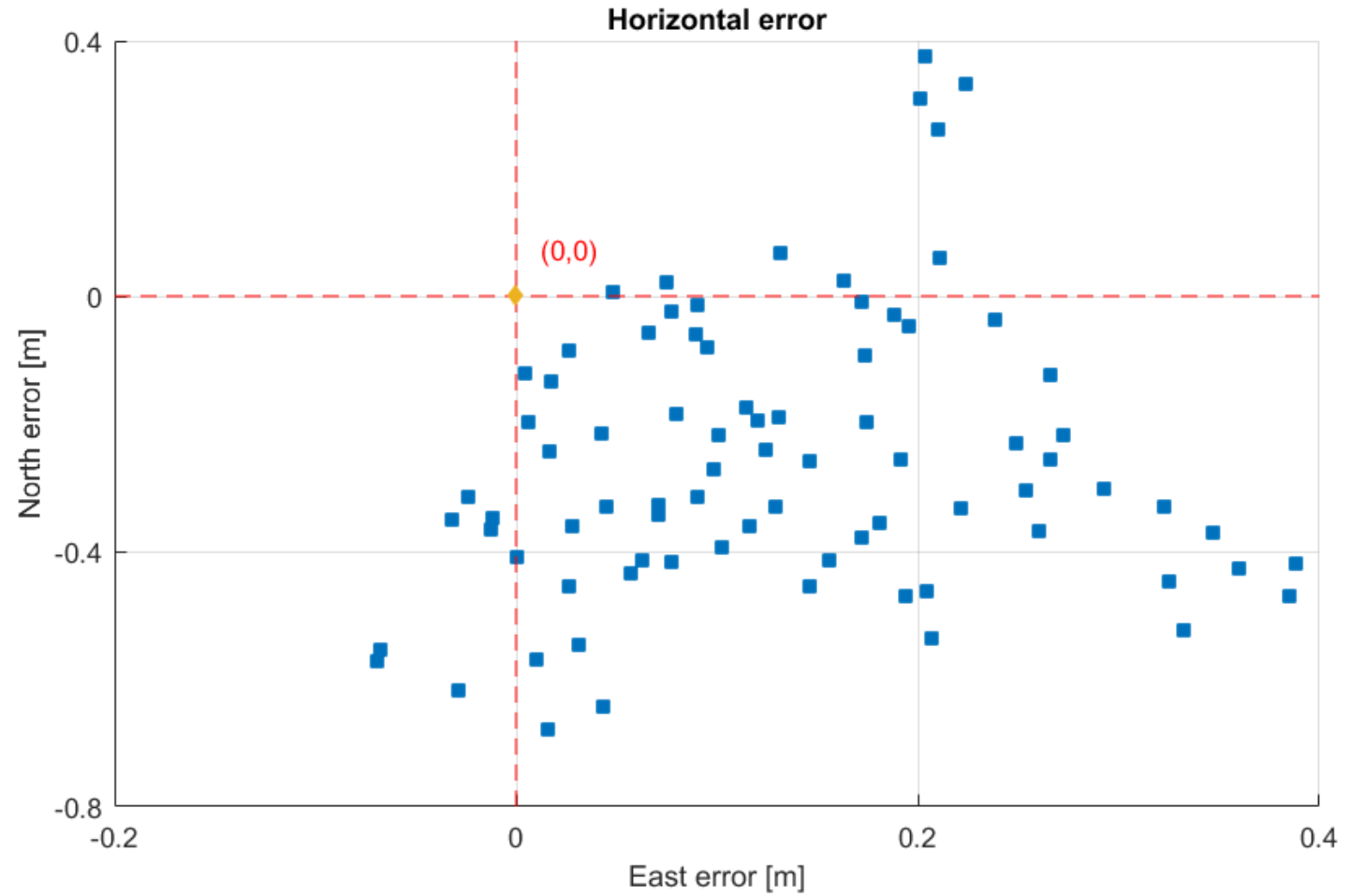


Precision of the estimated position (metres)

Waremme
23 kilometres baseline

RMS 3D
0.61 metres

DOY 91 of 2015

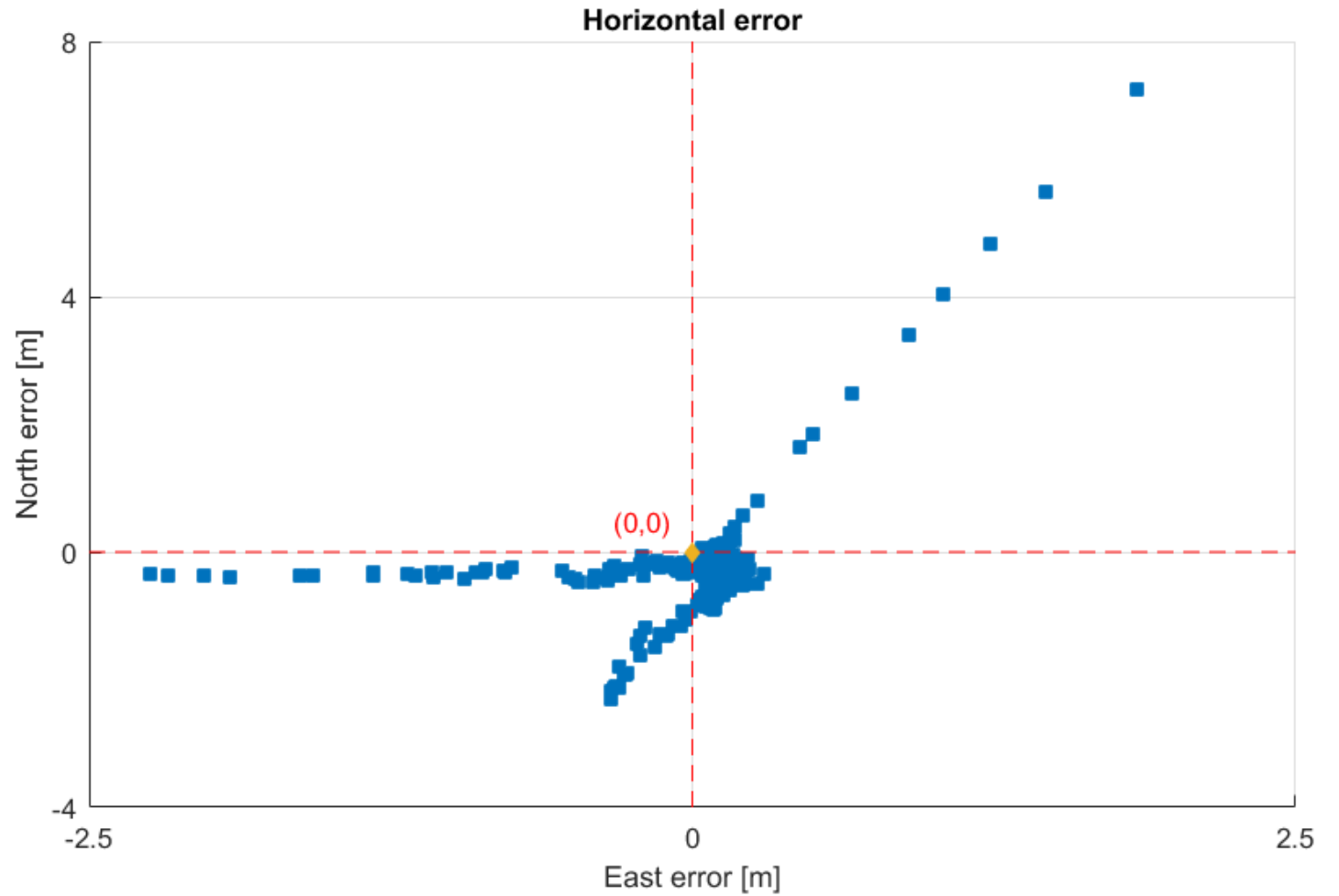


Precision of the estimated position (metres)

Brussels
87 kilometres baseline

RMS 3D
1,73 metres

DOY 91 of 2015



Conclusions

OBSERVATION precisions

Galileo shows a precision highly superior to GPS signals
Analysis on both Trimble and Septentrio receivers

Among all signals, Galileo E5 AltBOC is outstanding
Analysis on both Trimble and Septentrio receivers

POSITION precisions

Conclusions

OBSERVATION precisions

POSITION precisions

Limited number of available Galileo satellites degrades the solution

When compared to reduced-GPS constellations, Galileo results are very promising

Days with good satellite visibility allow reaching few decimetres precision

For baselines from 5 metres to 23 kilometres