The 8th World Congress of Herpetology

第八届世界两栖爬行动物学大会



Abstracts

15-21 August 2016
New Century Grand Hotel Hangzhou
Hanzhou, China
www.wch2016hangzhou.com

ID027

Behavioural avoidance of newts in response to an aquatic invader: Context-dependent patterns and fitness consequences

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The introduction of alien species, such as fish, in the natural environment is one of the main drivers of amphibian decline worldwide. The mechanisms behind the resulting distribution of native and introduced species and the consequences on fitness are not well understood yet. In this context, our objectives were to determine whether introduced goldfish induced behavioural avoidance of newts in various environmental contexts and whether goldfish impacted essential activities, such as feeding and reproduction. To this end, we carried out several replicated laboratory experiments in 40 aquariums, including the presence and absence of aquatic and terrestrial shelters in isolated and connected configurations. The study was based on alpine and palmate newts (n = 256), two native European species affected by goldfish introductions in the wild. Datasets were analysed by generalised linear mixed models (GLMMs). In all experiments, newts used more aquatic shelters in the presence of goldfish. A part of the populations escaped from risky waters to live on land whereas aquatic shelters favoured coexistence patterns. When an alternative aquatic patch was made available in the mesocosms, almost all newts moved to the safer areas. Although behavioural avoidance allowed newts to avoid risky contacts with fish, it affected vital components of fitness, that meansfeeding rates, courtship behaviour, and egg laying. These results show that fish presence affects newts in complex ways but in close dependence on environmental heterogeneity. The absence of newts from wetlands is thus not only due to factors such as predation but also to individual choice. Maintaining aquatic shelters and fish-free wetlands may therefore help at preserving biodiversity in impacted environments. Our work also highlights that behavioural conservation is a recent field that could bring new understanding and tools to protect amphibians in a framework of habitat alteration and management.

Keywords: Amphibian decline, behavioural avoidance, fish introduction, invasive species, newts, species coexistence

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Tuesday 16 th August – Program in details			
MEETING ROOM 2 (3RD FLOOR)		MEETING ROOM 3 (3RD F)	
Ecology Ethology		Genetics Development Morphology Biogeography	
Chair Martin J. Whiting		Chair	Si-min Lin
15:45 PM	Mathieu Denoël		
	Behavioural avoidance of newts in	15:35 PM	Ben Phillips (MINI-PLENARY SPEAKER)
	response to an aquatic invader: context- dependent patterns and fitness		Using local adaptation to mitigate the
	consequences ID027		impact of climate change
16:00 PM	Guy Sion		ID555
	Brain laterality and social status in lizards:	16:00 PM	Martina Gregorovičová
	Asymmetry of bite scars and dominant leg		Presence of the interventricular septum as
16:15 PM	in the gecko <i>Ptyodactylus guttatus</i> ID028 Marco D. Barquero		a substrate for the ventricular conduction
10.13 / 10/	Signal repertoire and contest outcome in		system in monitor lizards ID087
	the Jacky dragon ID037	16:15 PM	Markus Lambertz
16:30 PM	Marcus Michelangeli		Reptilian lungs: keys to understanding the
	A novel behavioural syndrome and its link to microhabitat selection in an Australian		evolution of terrestrial air-breathing
	lizard ID049		vertebrates ID094
16:45 PM	Eduard Artashesovich Galoyan	16:30 PM	John Dale Roberts
	Do parthenogenetic lizards prefer sex		What determines paternity success in the
	when possible? Ecological, behavioural and		polyandrous frog <i>Crinia georgiana</i> :
	cytogenetic features of complex		position, time, body size or testis mass?
	population comprising of two parthenogenetic, one bisexual species and		ID106
	their hybrids of rock lizards (<i>Darevskia</i> .	16:45 PM	Gayani Senevirathne
17.00 014	Zauria) in Armenia ID055		Comparative postembryonic skeletal
17:00 PM	John D. Krenz Blanding's turtles (<i>Emydoidea blandingii</i>)		ontogeny in two sister lineages of Old
	use a sun compass during natal dispersal		World tree frogs (Rhacophoridae: <i>Taruga</i> ,
	ID153		Polypedates) ID257
17:15 PM	David A. Penning	17:00 PM	Luke J. Easton
	The king of snakes: performance and morphology of intraguild predators		Skeletal morphology of New Zealand
	(Lampropeltis) and their prev		leiopelmatid frogs: regional variation or
	(Lampropeltis) and their prey (Pantherophis) ID068		cryptic diversity? ID360
17:30 PM	Allan Muth	17:15 PM	Chris Broeckhoven
	Home range estimation for the Coachella		A non-invasive protocol for in vivo micro-
	valley fringe-toed lizard, <i>Uma inornata</i>		CT imaging of lizards ID361
17:45 PM	Osamu Sakai	17:30 PM	Weronika Rupik
	Do clonal geckos (Lepidodactylus lugubris)		Ultrastructural differentiation of the
	have personality and increase its variation		thyroid in Squamata ID413
18:00 PM	with growing up? ID412 Vitomir Soltic		
10.00 FIVI	Reproductive biology of the nose horned		
	viper ID031		