

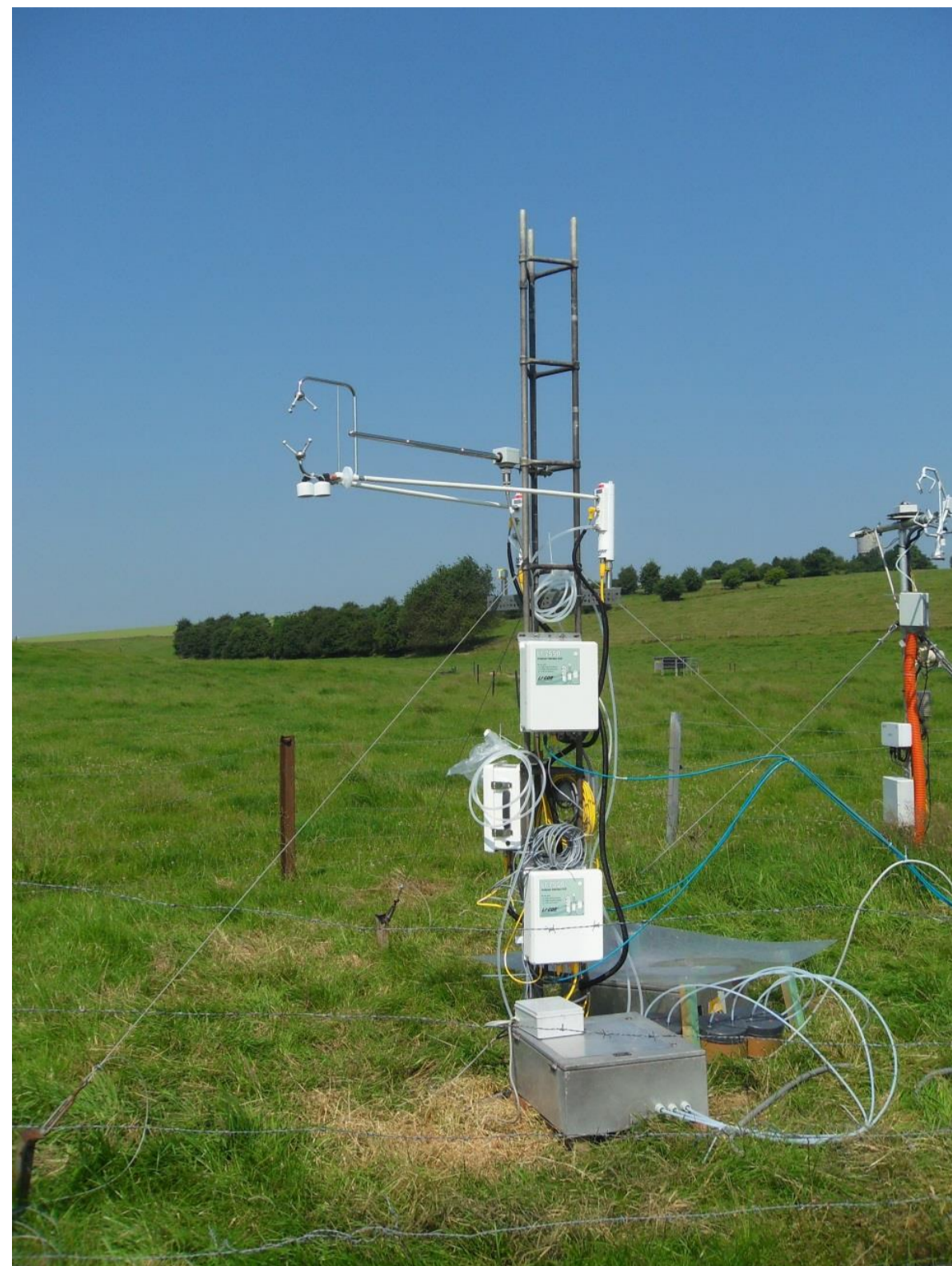
Carbon dioxide and methane budget of a grazed grassland

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Carbon dioxide Fluxes

- Eddy covariance
- Chamber measurements
- Data acquisition
- Quality control
- Methods validation

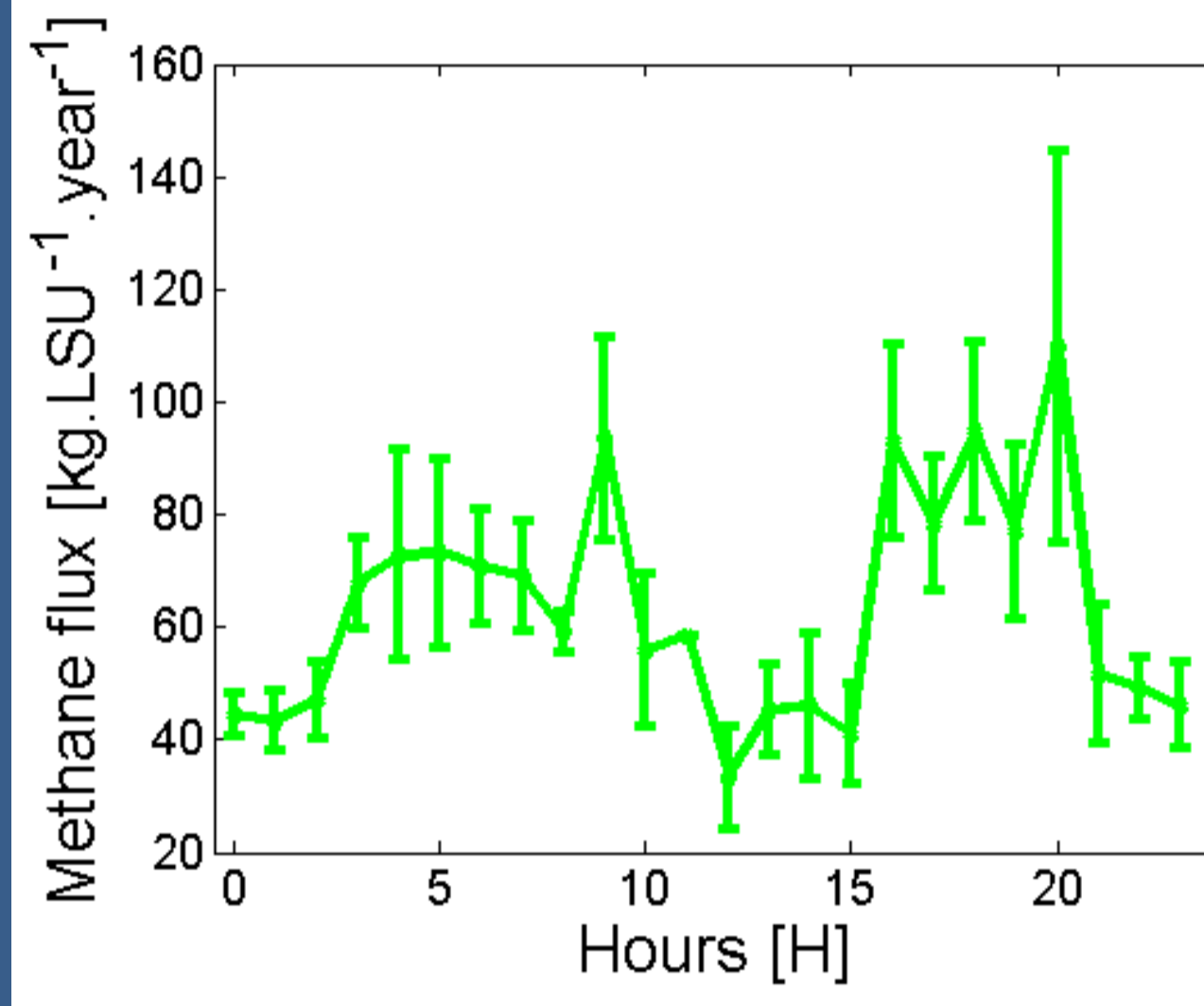


Net Ecosystem Exchange
-150 gCm⁻²y⁻¹

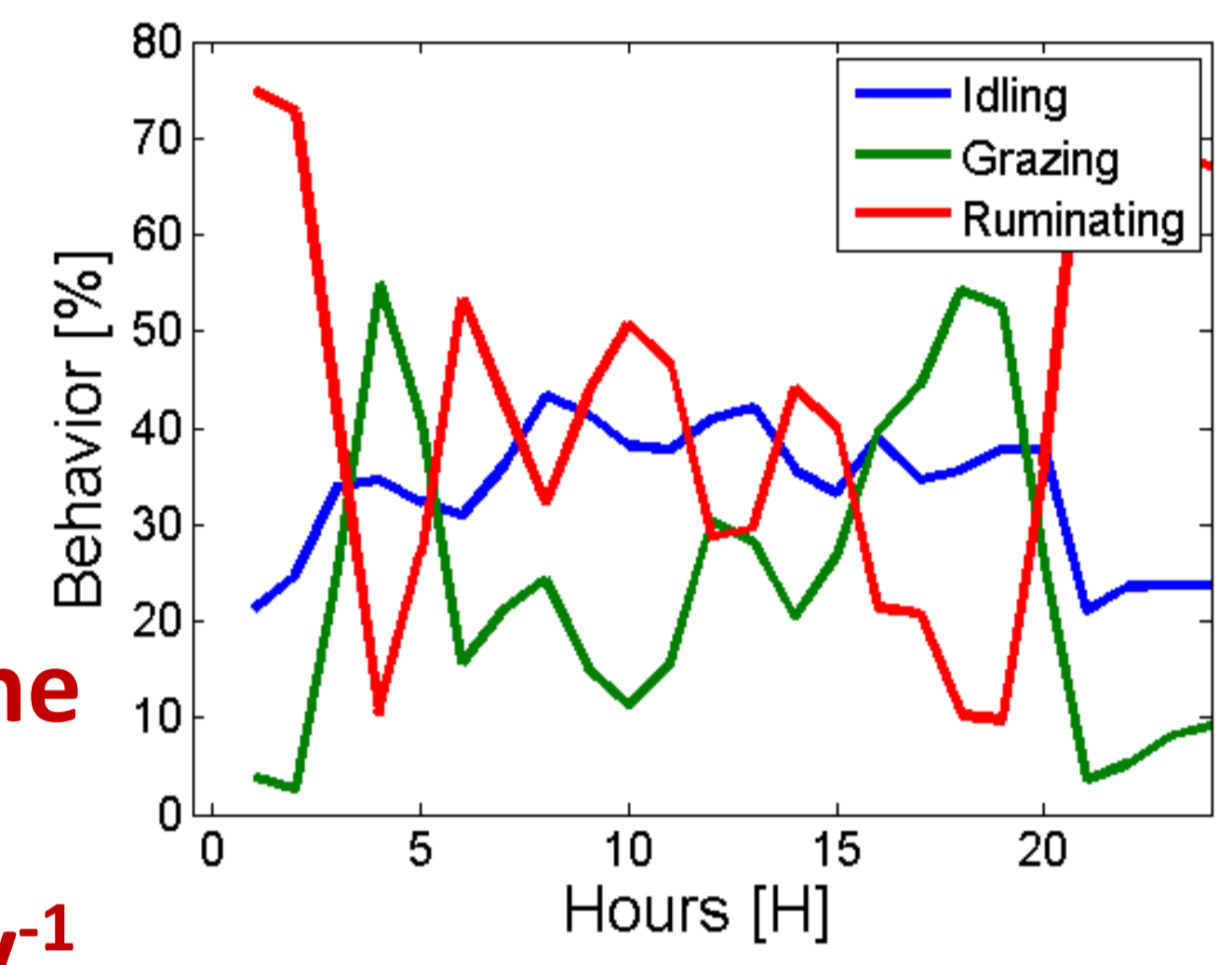
Methane Fluxes



- Eddy covariance
 - Cattle geolocation
 - Non invasive
- Soil emissions
➤ Enteric emissions



Cattle methane emission
50 kgCH₄LU⁻¹y⁻¹



Total Respiration
+2074 gCm⁻²y⁻¹

Cattle Respiration

Photosynthesis
-2225 gCm⁻²y⁻¹

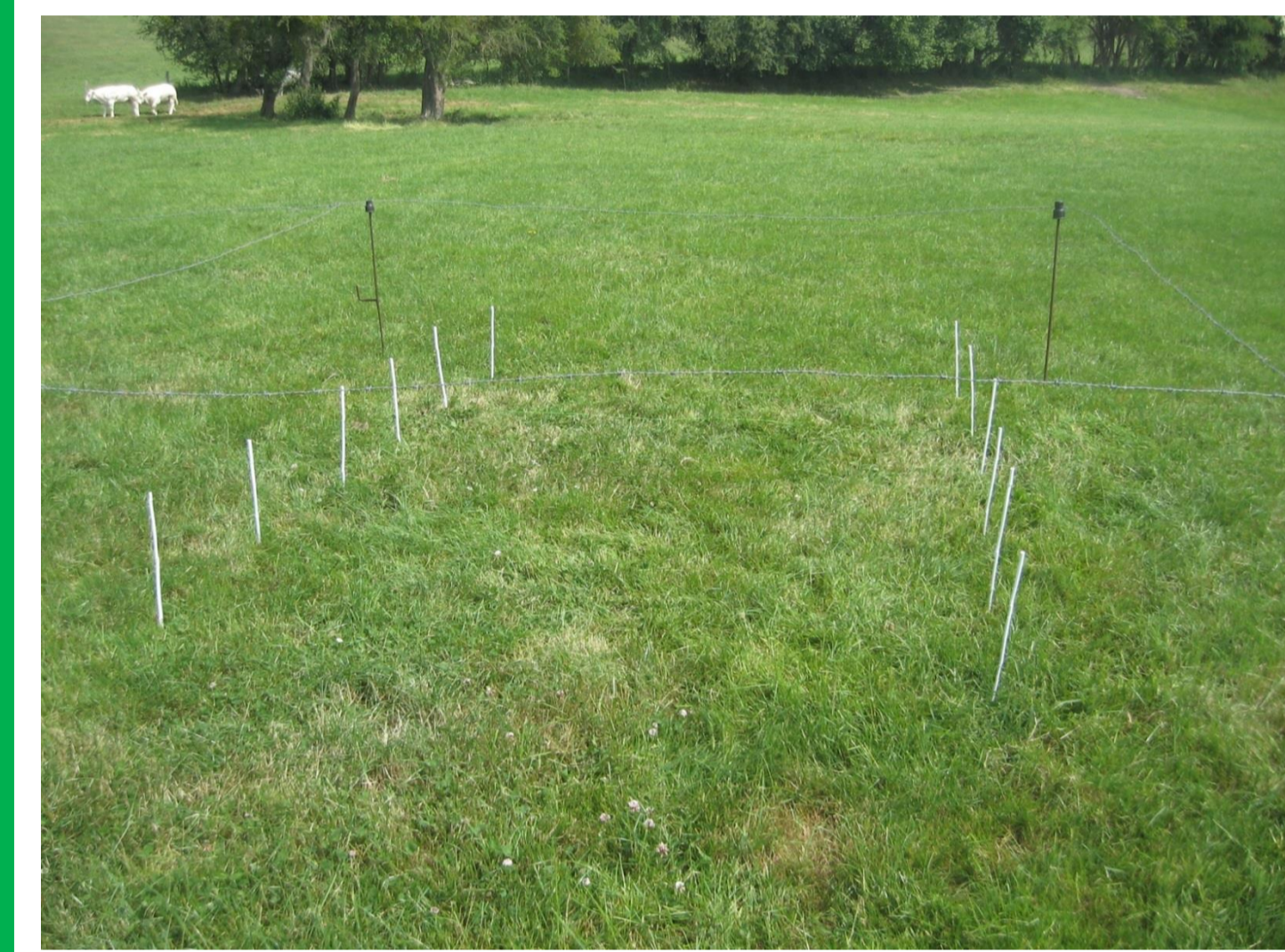
Manure
-22 gCm⁻²y⁻¹

Harvest
+8 gCm⁻²y⁻¹

Meat production
+2 gCm⁻²y⁻¹

Food Imports
-26 gCm⁻²y⁻¹

Grassland productivity:



- Pressure plate herbometer
 - Protected enclosures
- Productivity
≈ 7 t ms ha⁻¹



Carbon Storage

Carbon Leaching
+7 gCm⁻²y⁻¹

Carbon Budget : $NEE + F_{CH_4-C} + F_{manure} + F_{import} + F_{harvest} + F_{product} + F_{leach} = -173 gCm^{-2}y^{-1}$

Average Annual balance of the grassland:

CH₄ emissions :
11,5 ± 3,3 g CH₄m⁻²y⁻¹
≈ 325 ± 90 géqCO₂ m⁻²y⁻¹

N₂O ?

Net CO₂ exchange:
-150 ± 45 gCm⁻²y⁻¹
≈ -550 ± 165 géqCO₂ m⁻²y⁻¹

The CO₂ storage seems to be able to compensate the methane emissions when the cattle are on the pasture