

Carbon monoxide retrieved from ground based FTIR remote sensing in the mid- and near infrared spectral region

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CO data assessment

- Task: find a recommendation regarding data in the NDACC-TCCON overlapping region e.g. for satellite validation.
- Assessment of overall comparability of the different instruments and retrieval strategies of the FTIR measurement networks NDACC and TCCON.

Site	Network	Lat	Lon	Height
Bremen	NDACC & TCCON	53.10 ° N	8.85 ° E	27 m
Izana (Tenerife)	NDACC & TCCON	28.30 ° N	16.48 ° W	2367 m
St. Denis (La Réunion)	NDACC & TCCON	20.90 ° S	55.49 ° E	87 m
Jungfraujoch	NDACC	46.55 ° N	7.98 ° E	3580 m





Overview

- Comparison between TCCON and NDACC regarding CO:
- NDACC FTIR stations
 - Bruker 120M instruments or better
 - 3 narrow retrieval windows in the mid infrared
 - **Profile retrieval algorithm**
- TCCON FTIR stations
 - Bruker 125HR instruments
 - 2 wide retrieval windows in the near infrared
 - **Profile scaling algorithm**





Retrieval windows

- NDACC:

Window [wavenumbers]	Width [wavenumbers]	Interfering gases
2057.70 - 2058.00	0.30	O ₃ , CO ₂ , OCS
2069.56 - 2069.76	0.20	O ₃ , CO ₂ , OCS
2157.50 – 2159.15	1.65	O ₃ , CO ₂ , OCS, N ₂ O, H ₂ O

- TCCON:

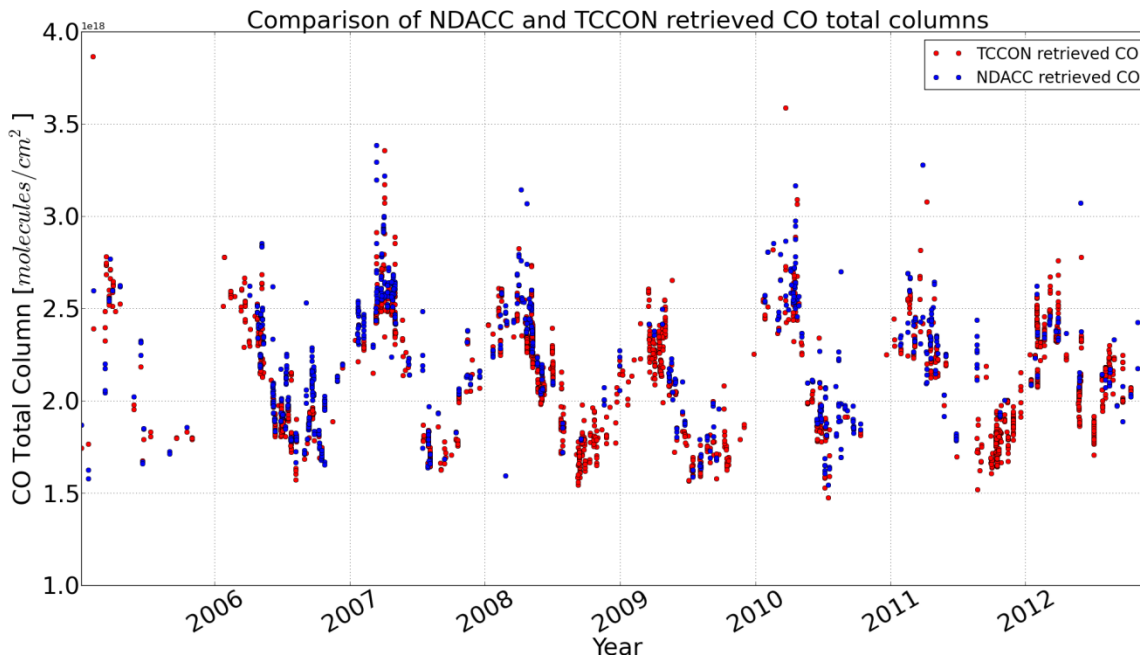
Window [wavenumbers]	Width [wavenumbers]	Interfering gases
4233.00	48.60	CH ₄ , H ₂ O, HDO
4290.40	56.80	CH ₄ , H ₂ O, HDO





Timeseries at Bremen station

- Very good agreement in seasonal variations.
- Mean NDACC value is ~5% higher than TCCON.



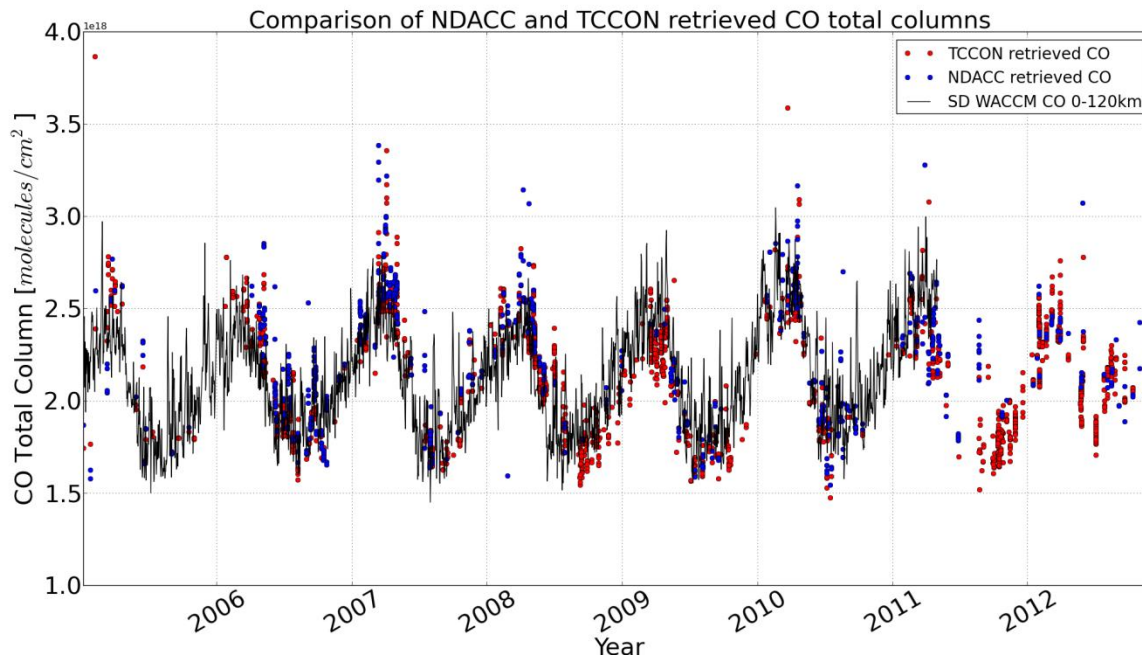
- Postcorrections for the official data products are not taken into account.





SD-WACCM comparison

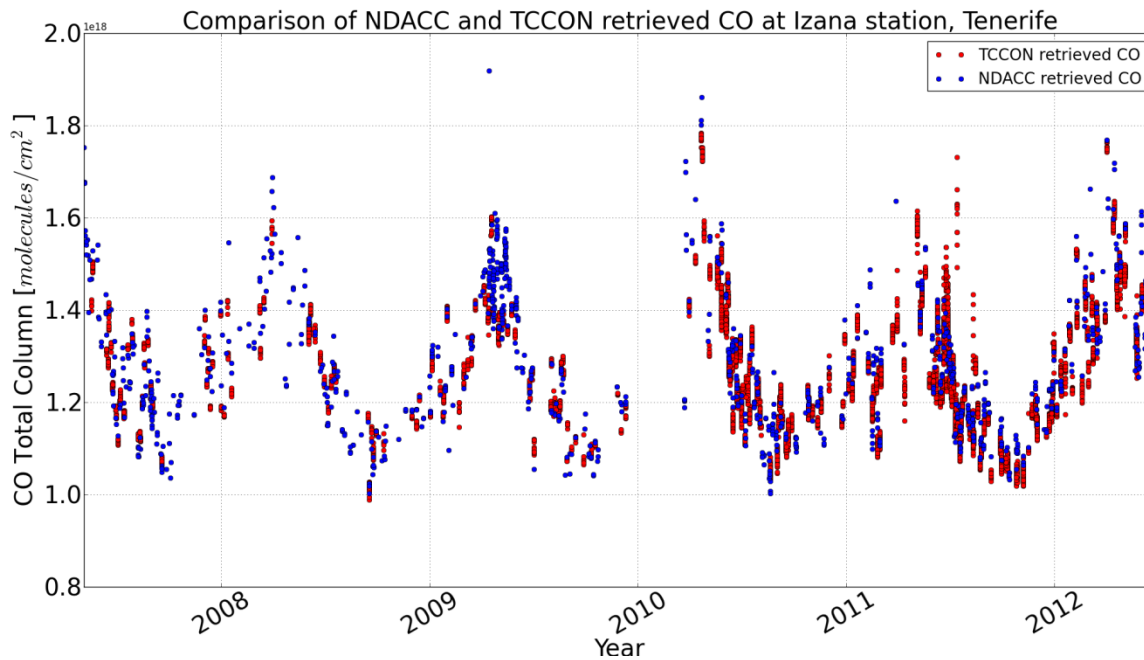
- Model comparison also shows a very good agreement.
- SD-WACCM data by the Douglas Kinnison group, UCAR, Boulder.





CO time series at Izana station

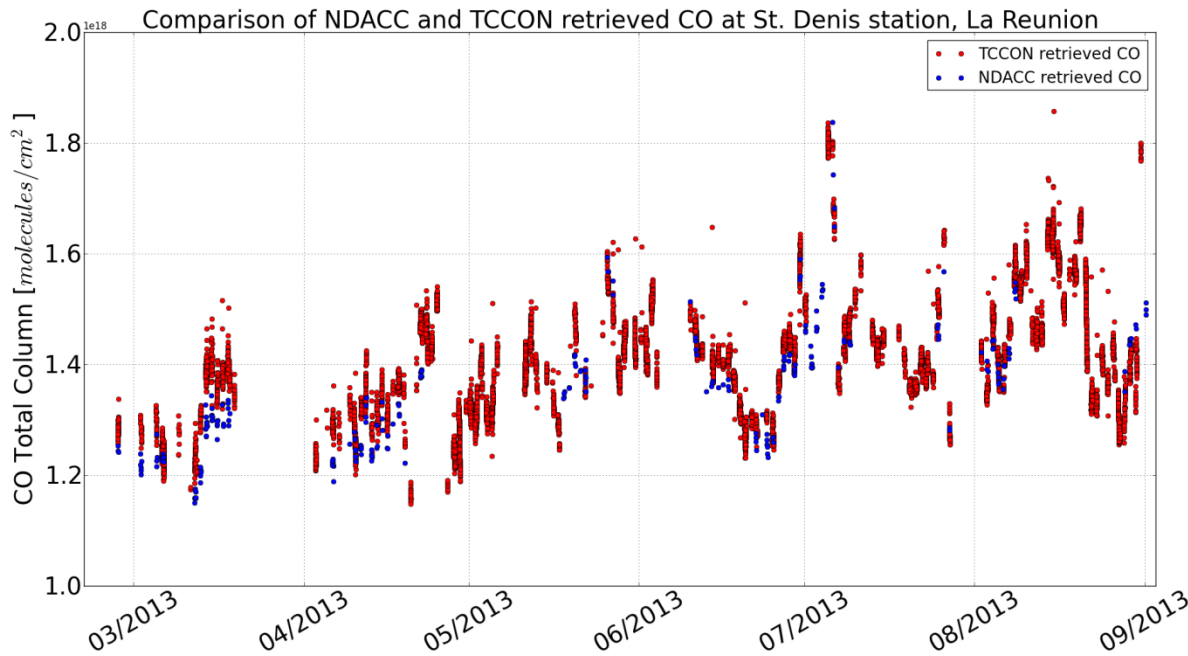
- Slightly different windows for NDACC are used (C. Rinsland).
- Lower values are in close agreement.
- For higher values NDACC is more sensitive.





CO time series at St. Denis

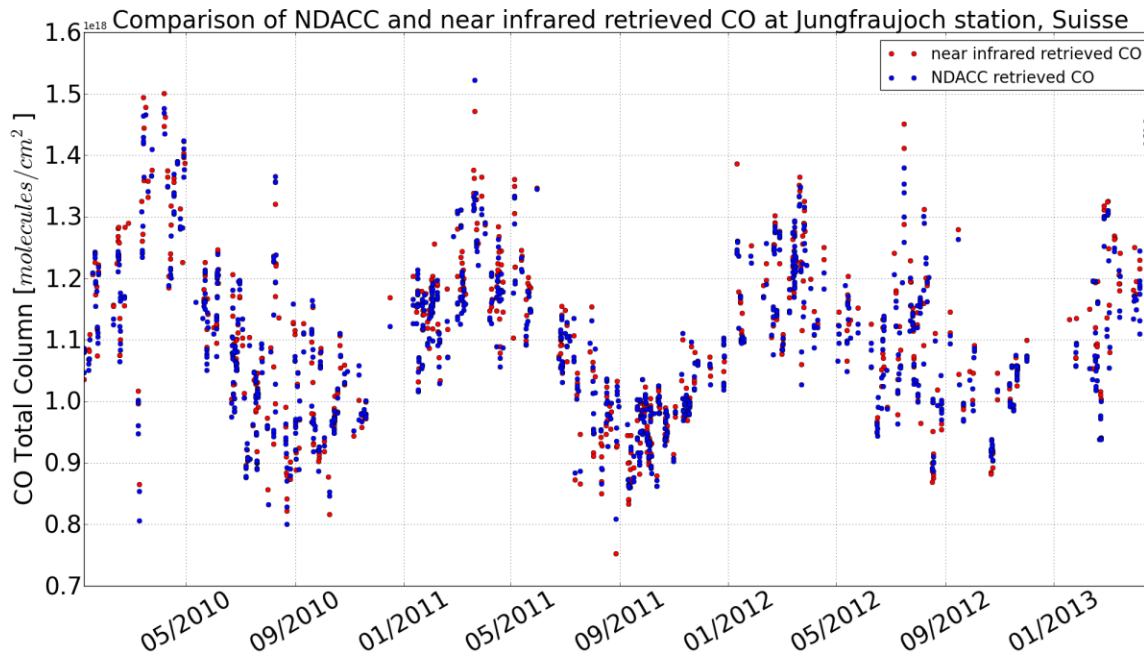
- NDACC is $\sim 2.5\%$ lower than TCCON.
- Southern hemisphere \rightarrow seasonal cycle vice versa.





CO time series at Jungfraujoch

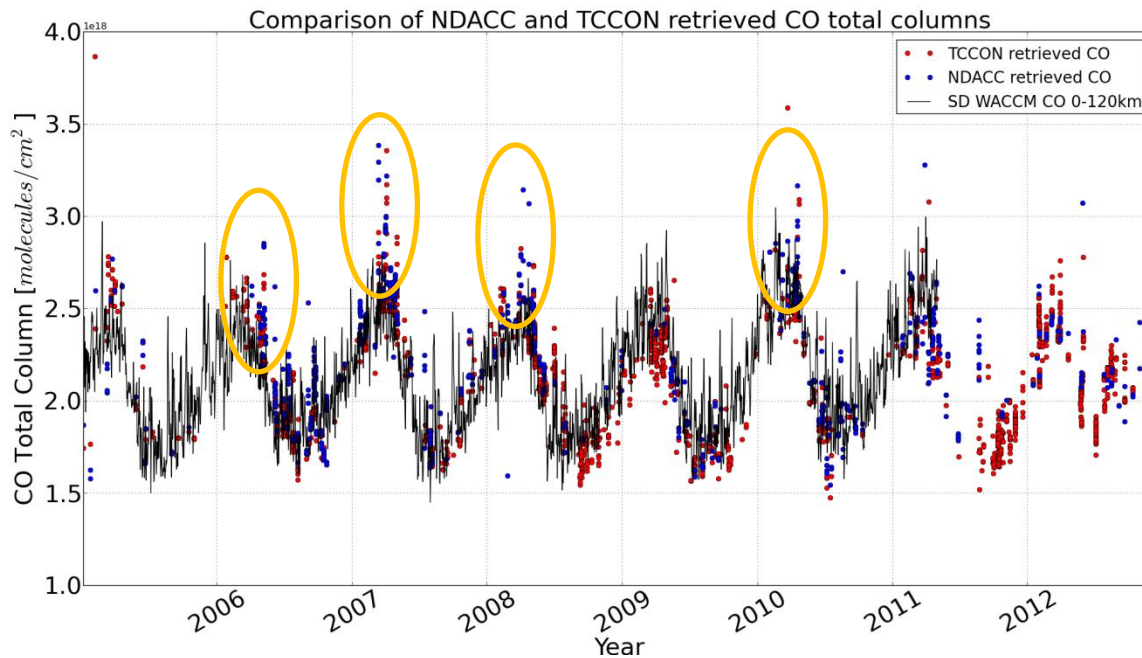
- Retrieval of both wavenumber areas with profile retrieval.
- Better agreement, 4200 cm^{-1} area has higher DOF's and less residual.





SD-WACCM comparison

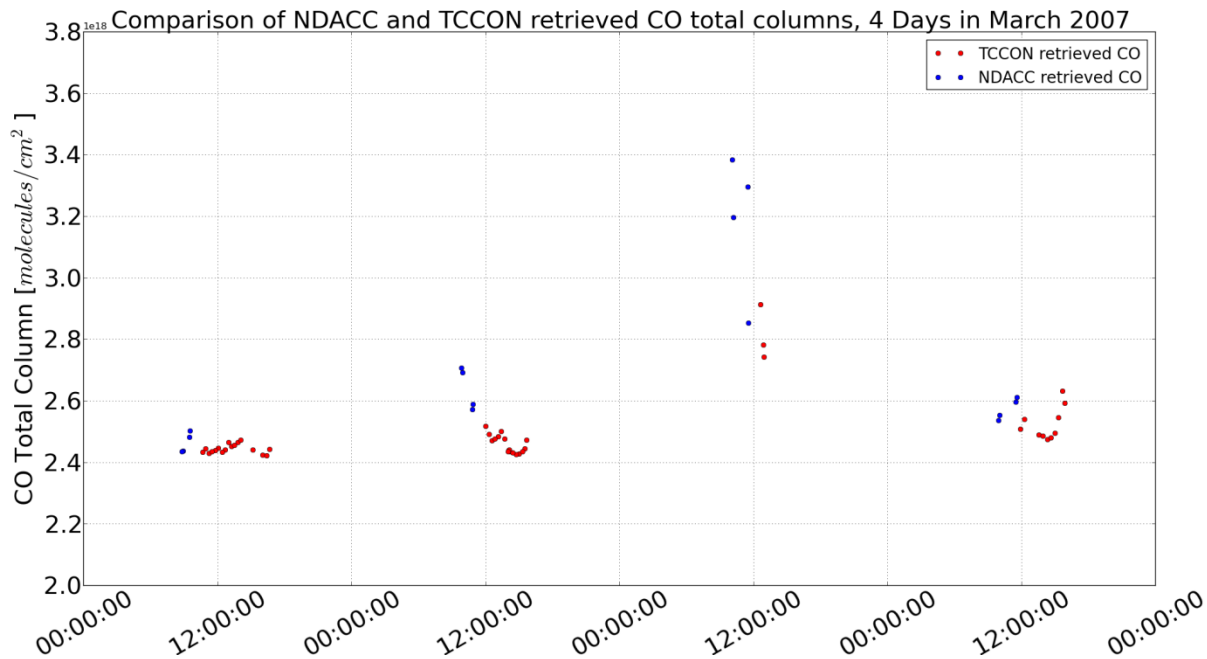
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Lokal events

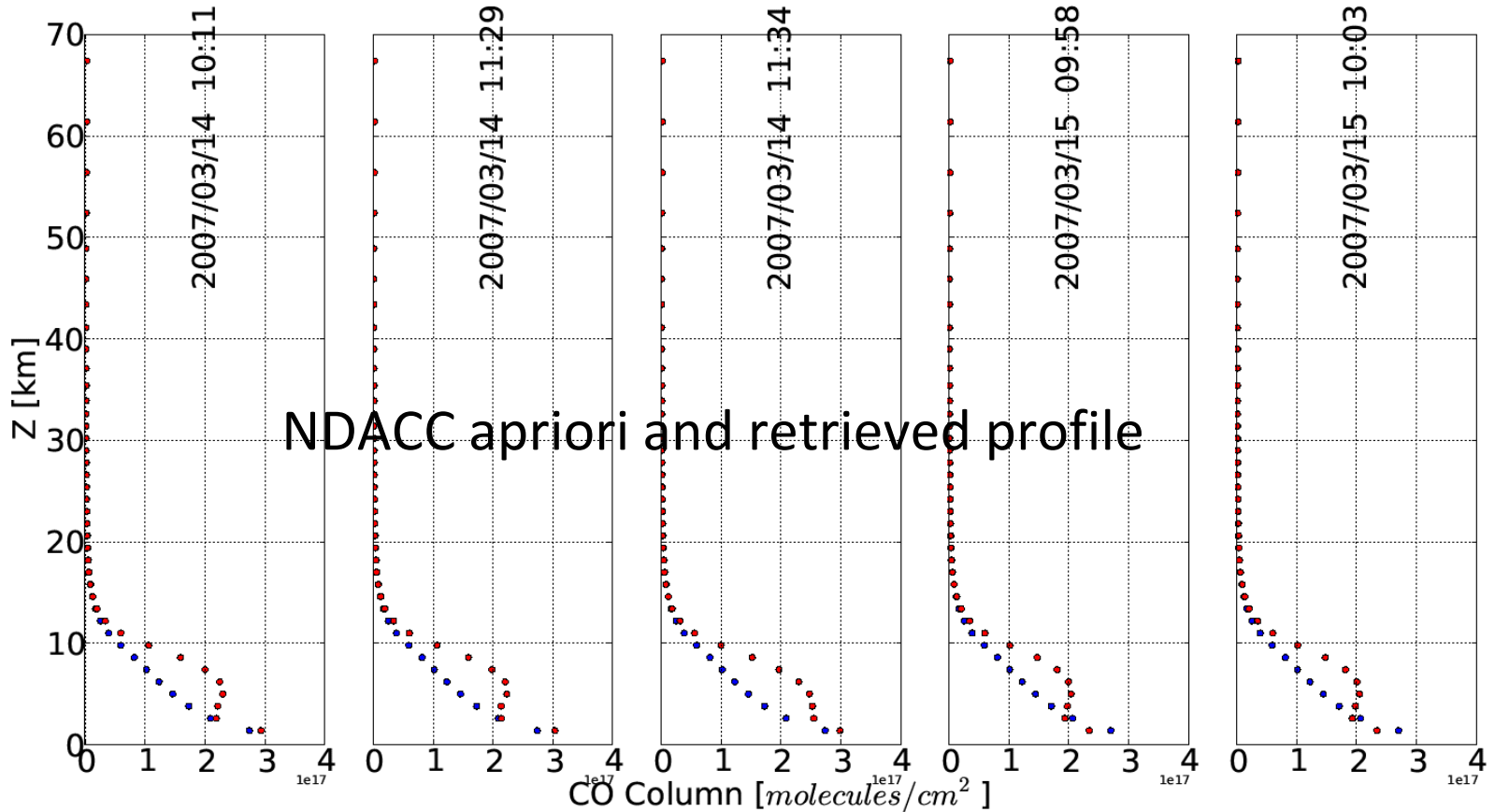
- Local events show a different sensitivity for NDACC and TCCON.
- Trajectories coming directly from industrial zone in germany.





Lokal events

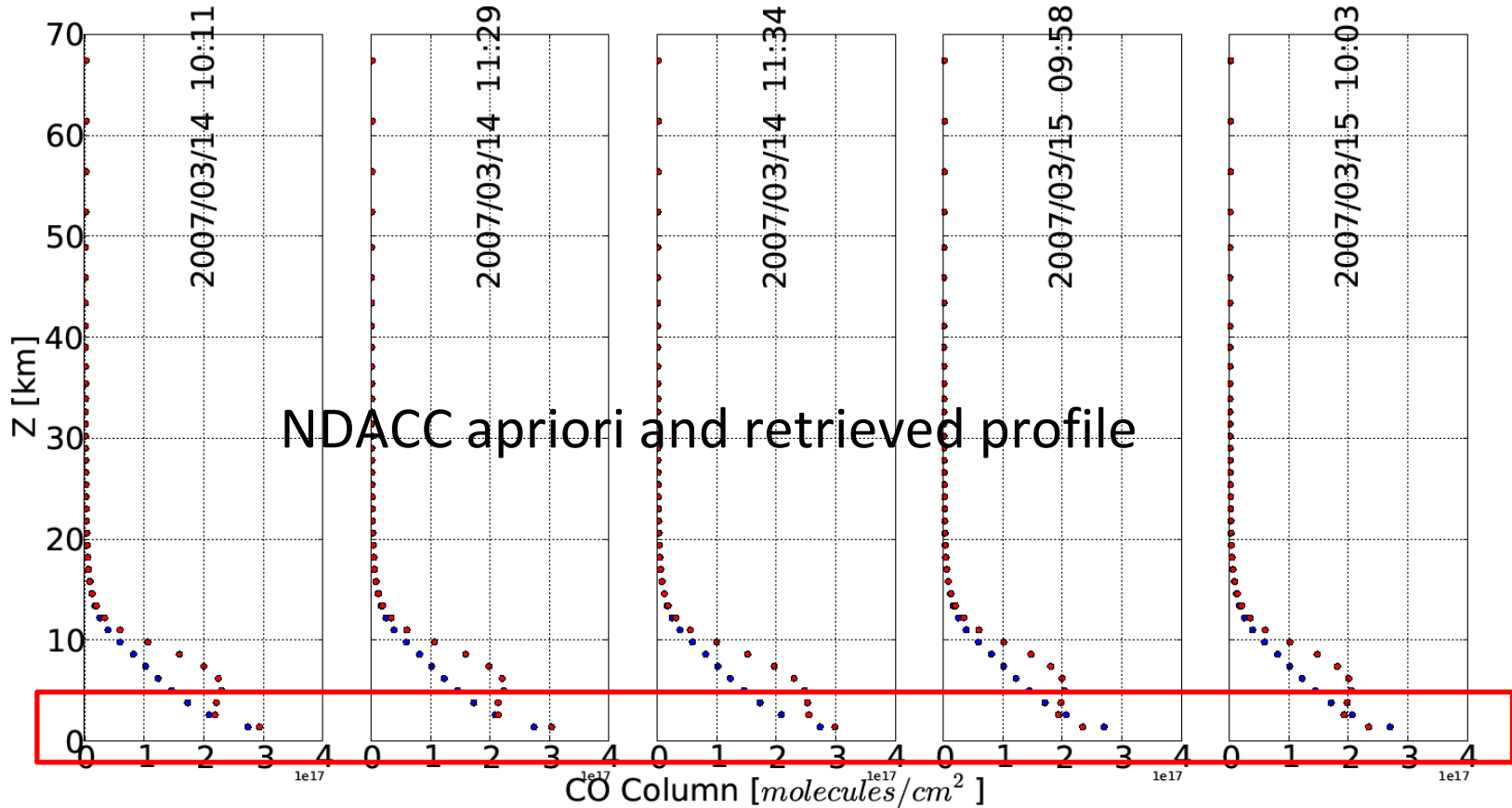
- Only the lowest point changes significant.





Lokal events

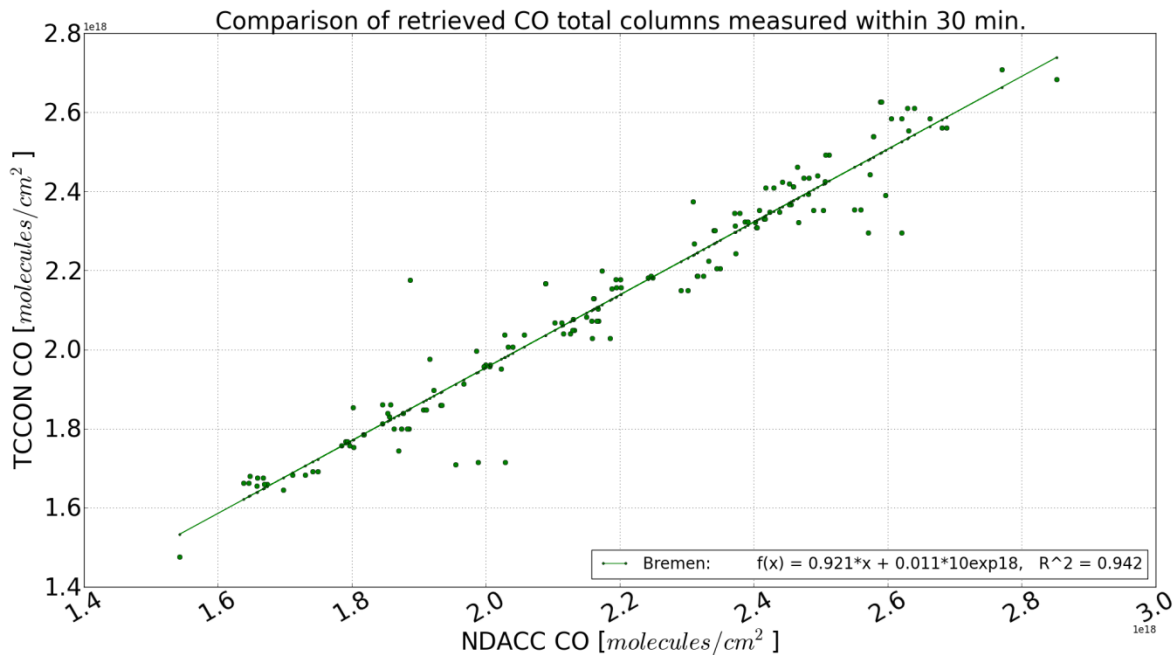
- Only the lowest point changes significant.





Contemporary measurements

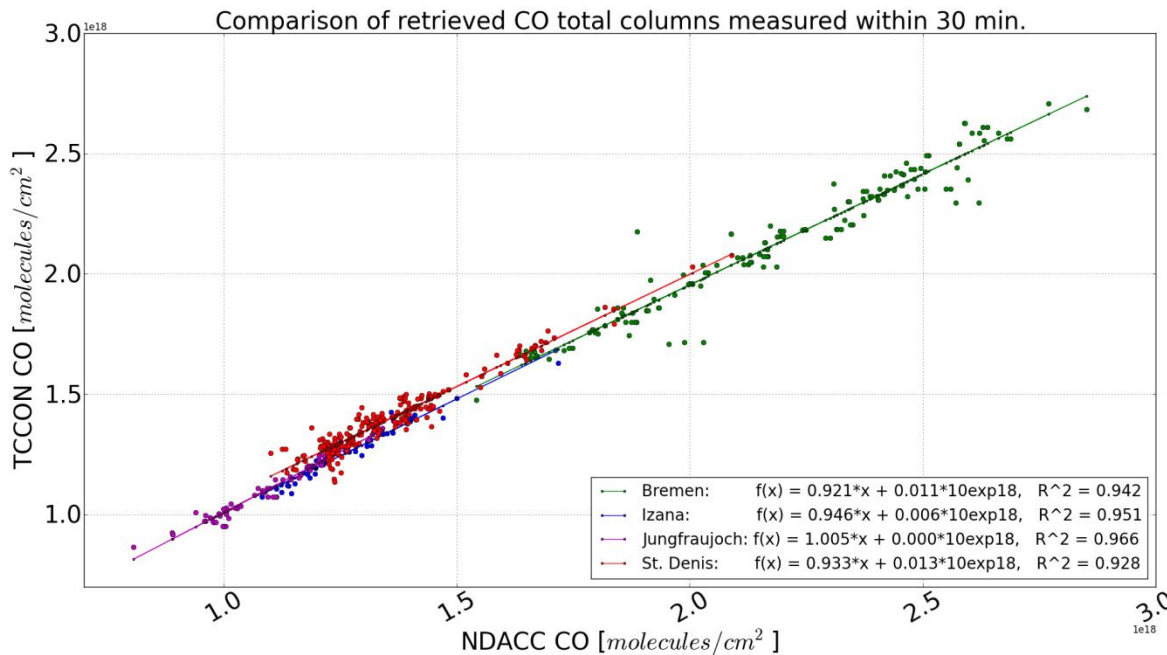
- Lower values are in close agreement.
- For higher values NDACC is more sensitive than TCCON.





Contemporary measurements

- Lower values are in close agreement.
- For higher values NDACC is more sensitive than TCCON.
- Similar slope for all NDACC/TCCON sites



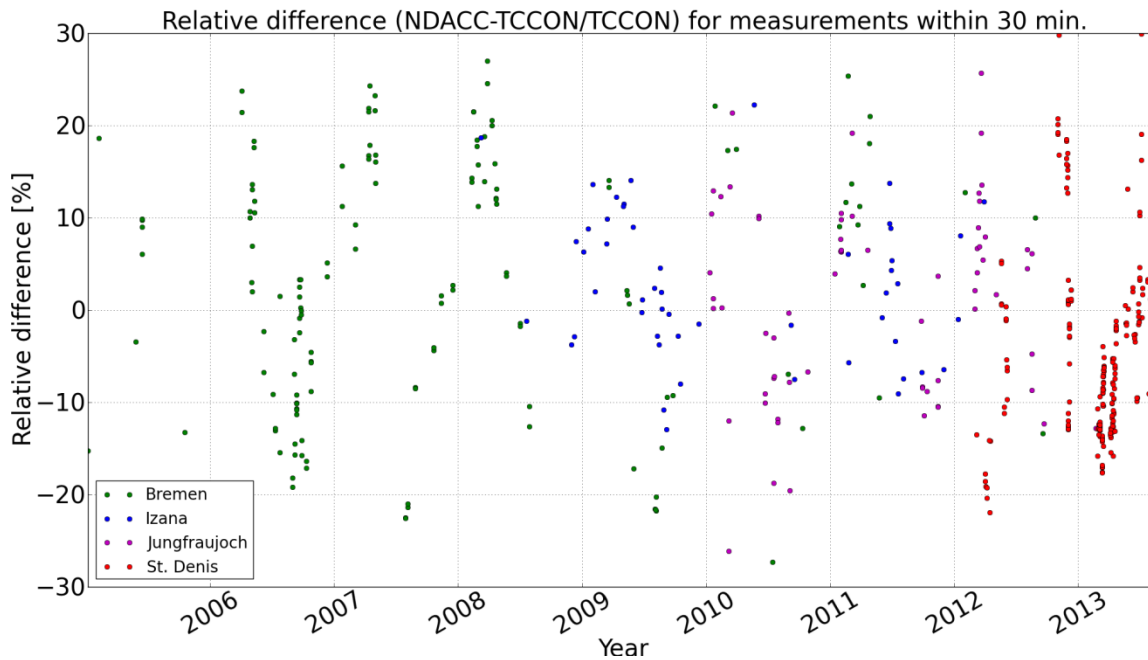
- Jungfraujoch has a slope of ~ 1 .





Contemporary measurements

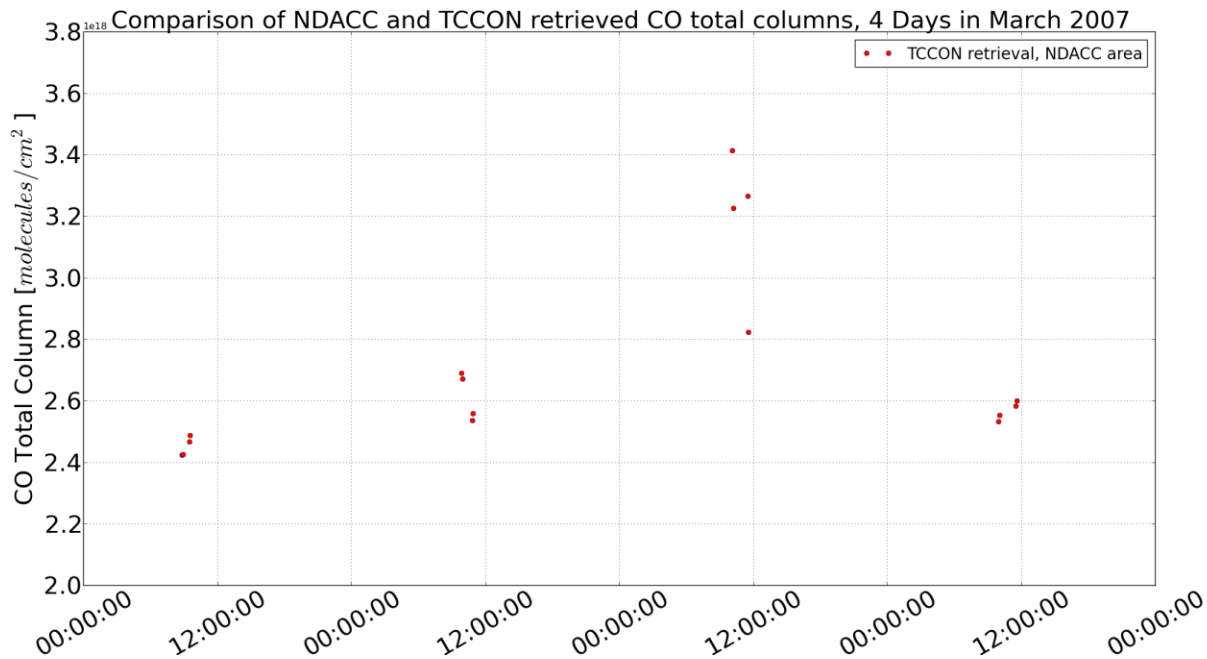
- Relative difference with a clear seasonal cycle cause of higher values in spring.
- Vice versa for St. Denis





Cross retrieval

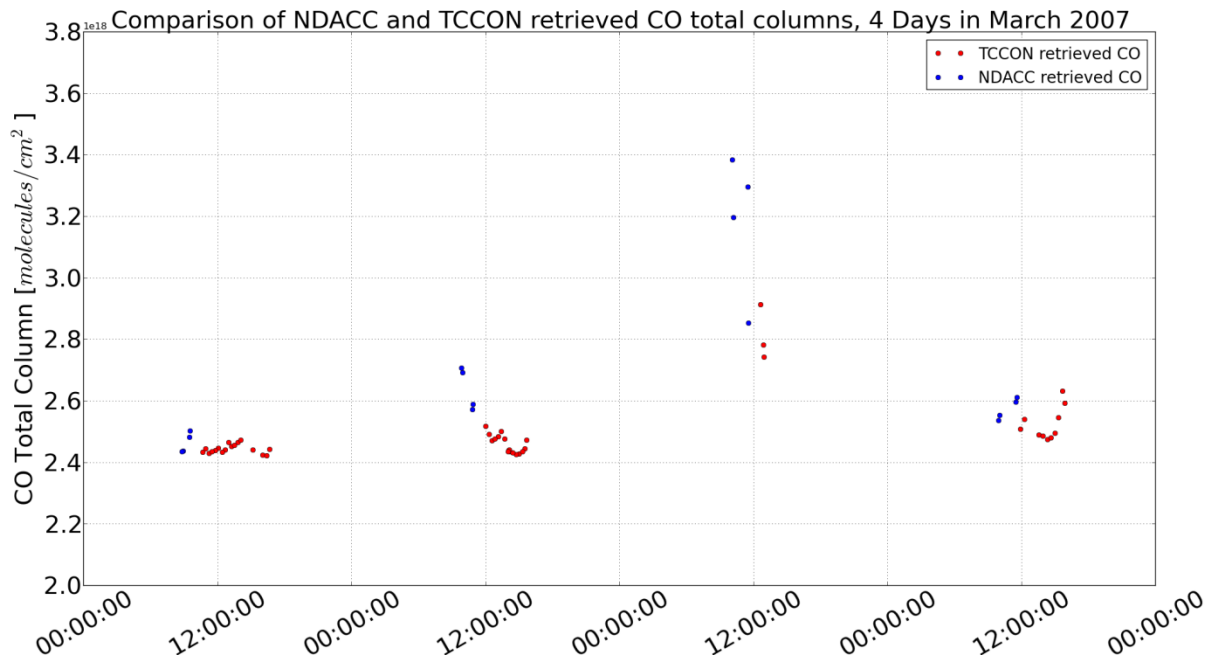
- GFIT retrieval in mid infrared gives same results as SFIT for total columns





Lokal events

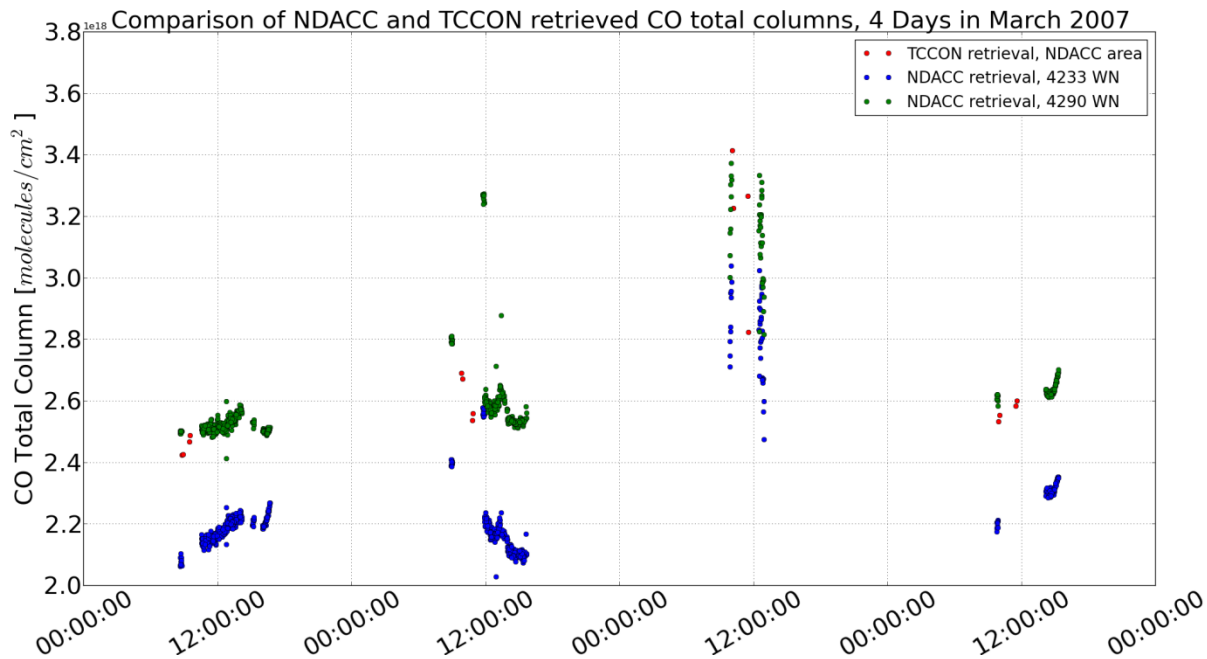
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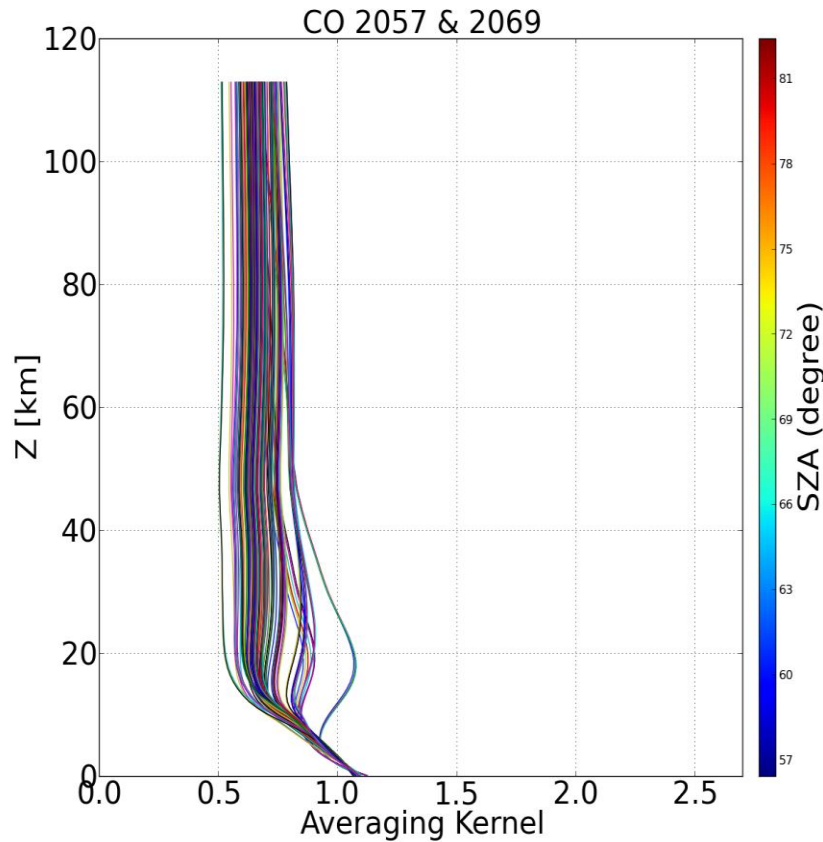
Cross retrieval

- SFIT retrieval in near infrared gives lower results as GFIT for total columns



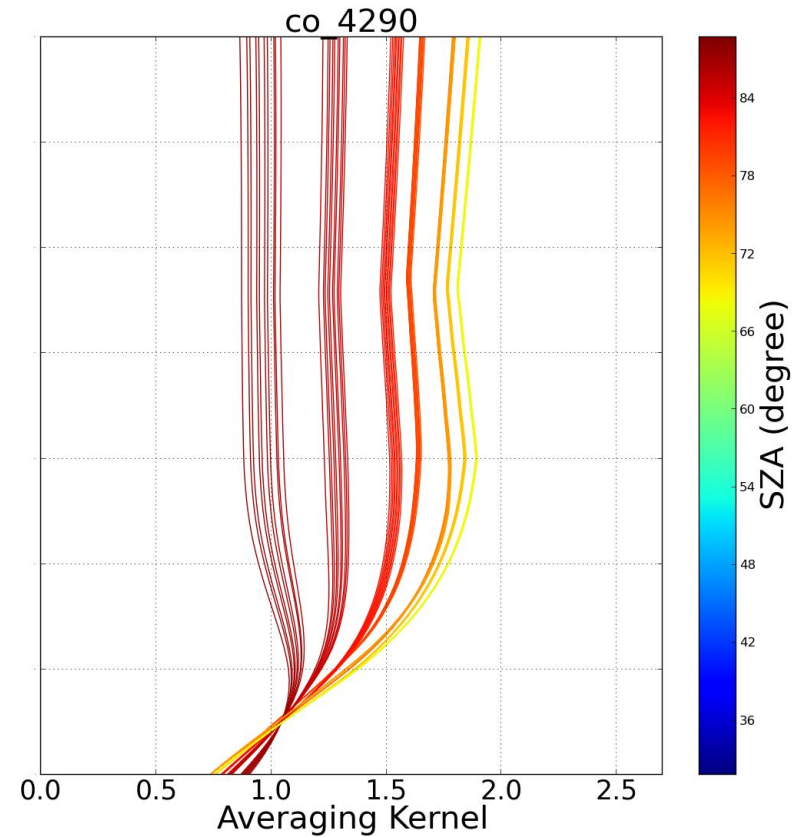
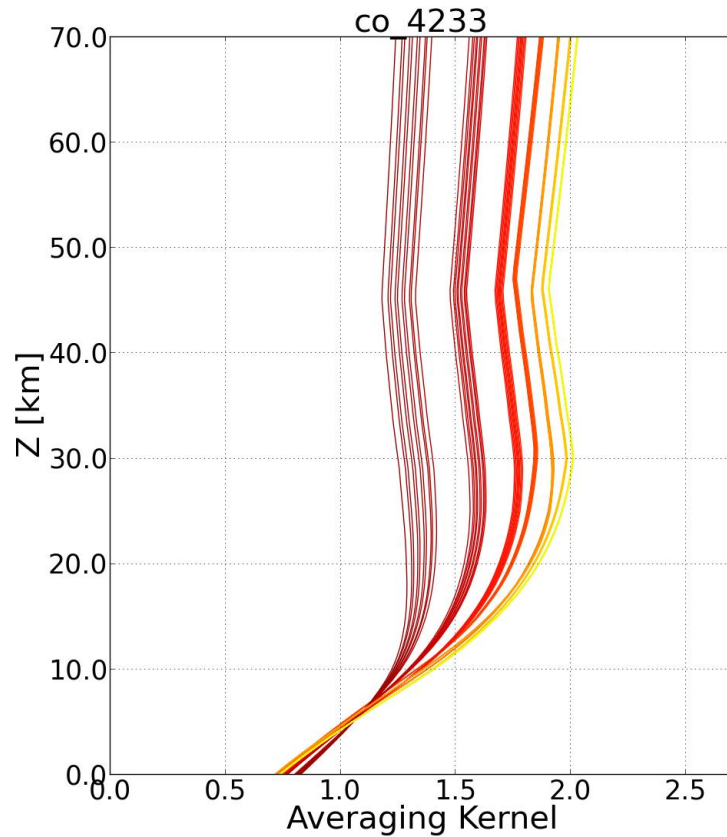


SFIT averaging kernels





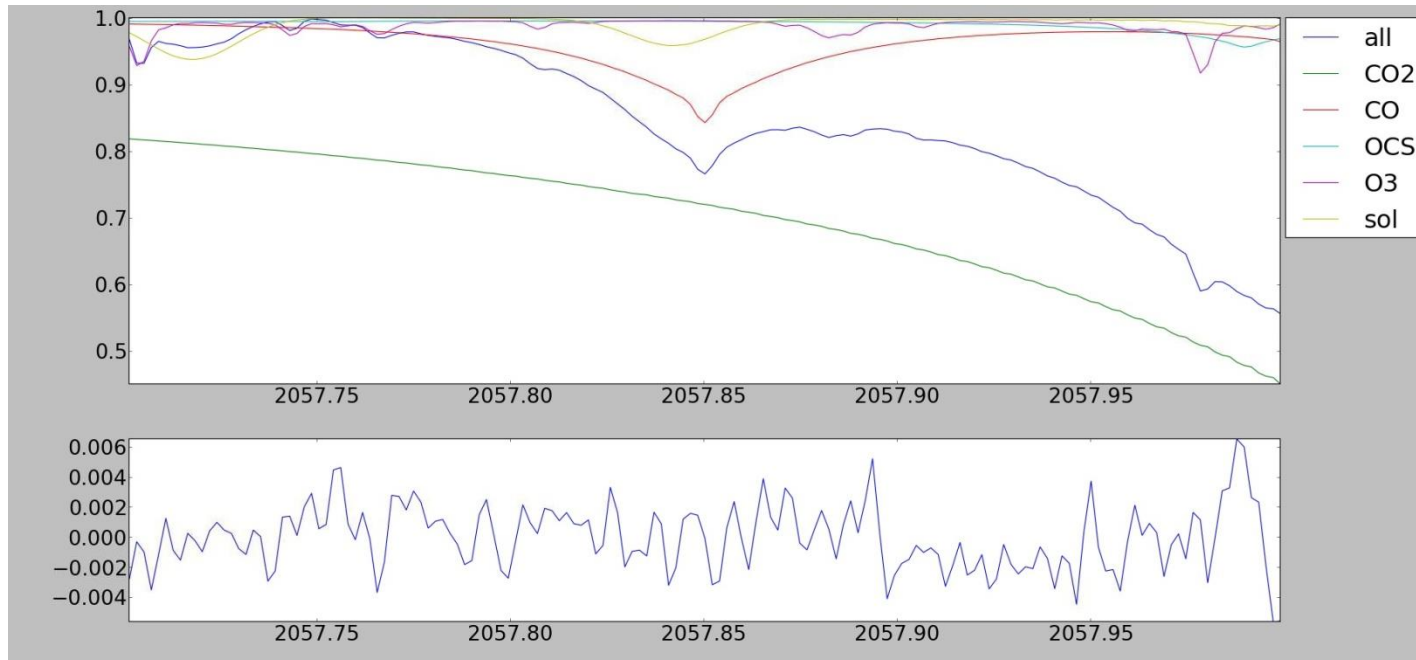
GFIT averaging kernels





Residuals for NDACC MW's

- Using the recommended HITRAN 2008 database, residuals indicate non perfect spectroscopic data of O₃.





Summary and Outlook

- Satisfying agreement of both retrieval strategies.
- Mid infrared aera reacts more sensitive to lokal events:
 - Different sensitivity of the wavenumber aeras.
- Spectroscopic issues.
- Using both networks for satellite validation could be a benefit due to the increased number of sites.
- Including aircraft campaigns.
- Rerun SFIT retrievals using new linelist (Toon).





Thank you for your attention !

