

Quelle conscience dans le coma et les états de conscience altérée?

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Coma Science Group
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Université de Liège
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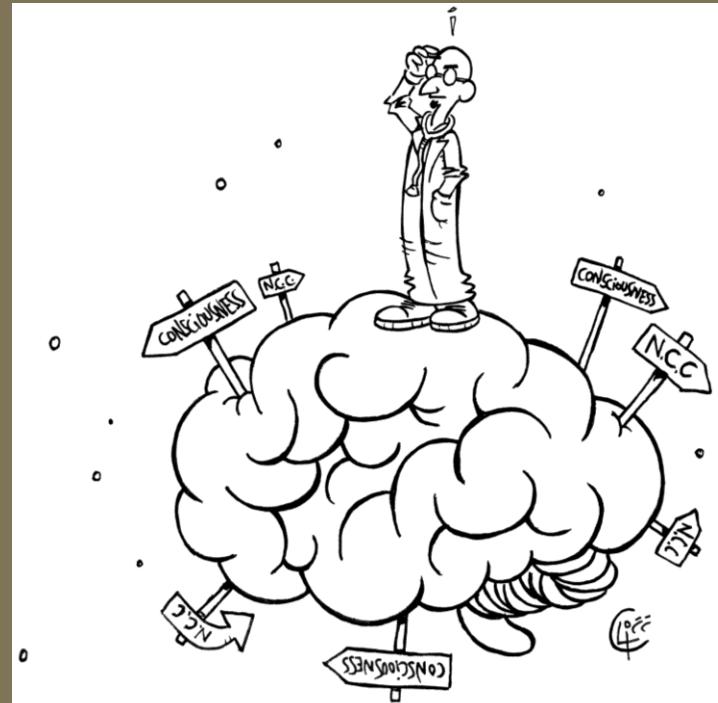


www.comascience.org

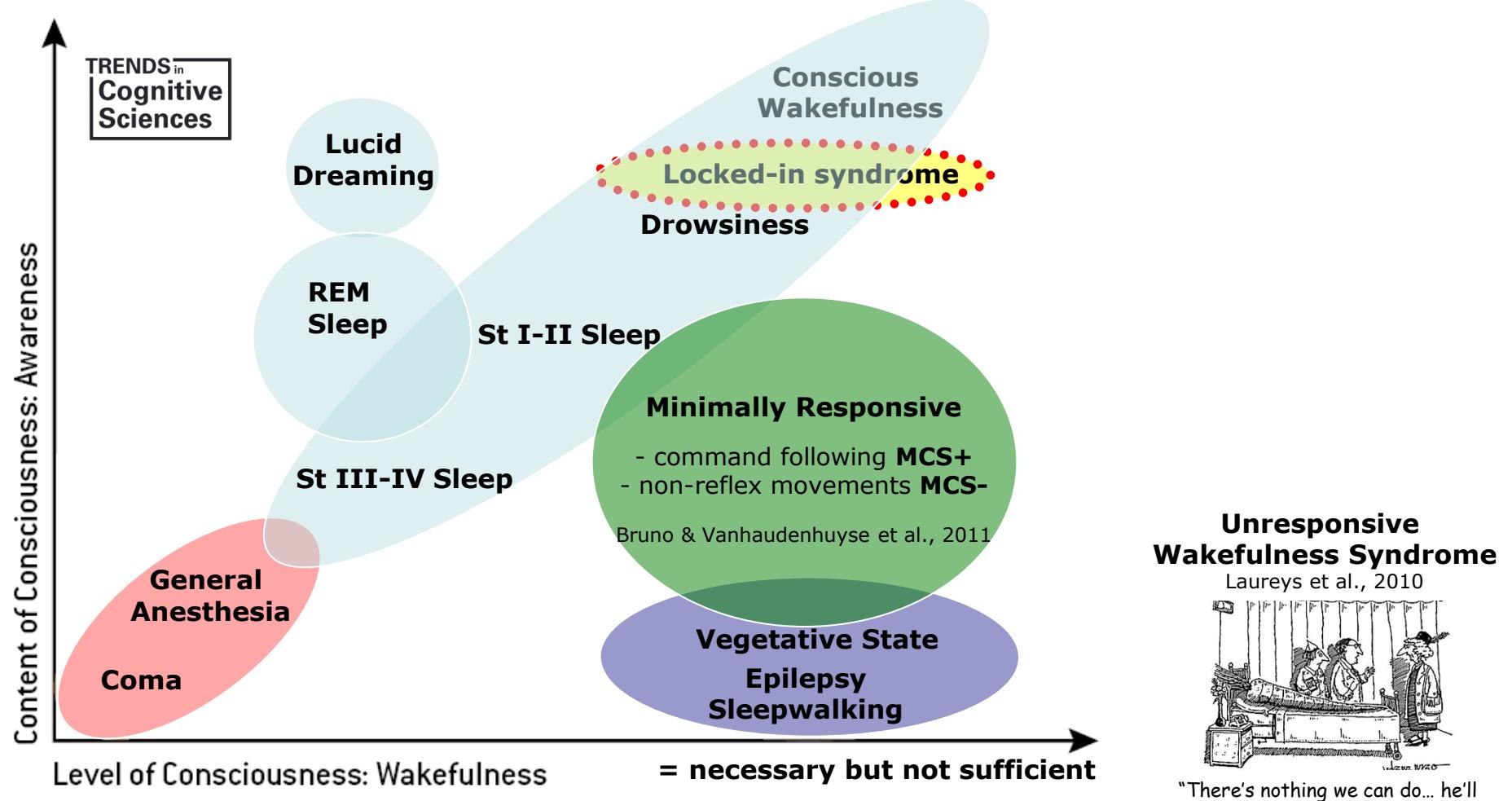


James S. McDonnell Foundation

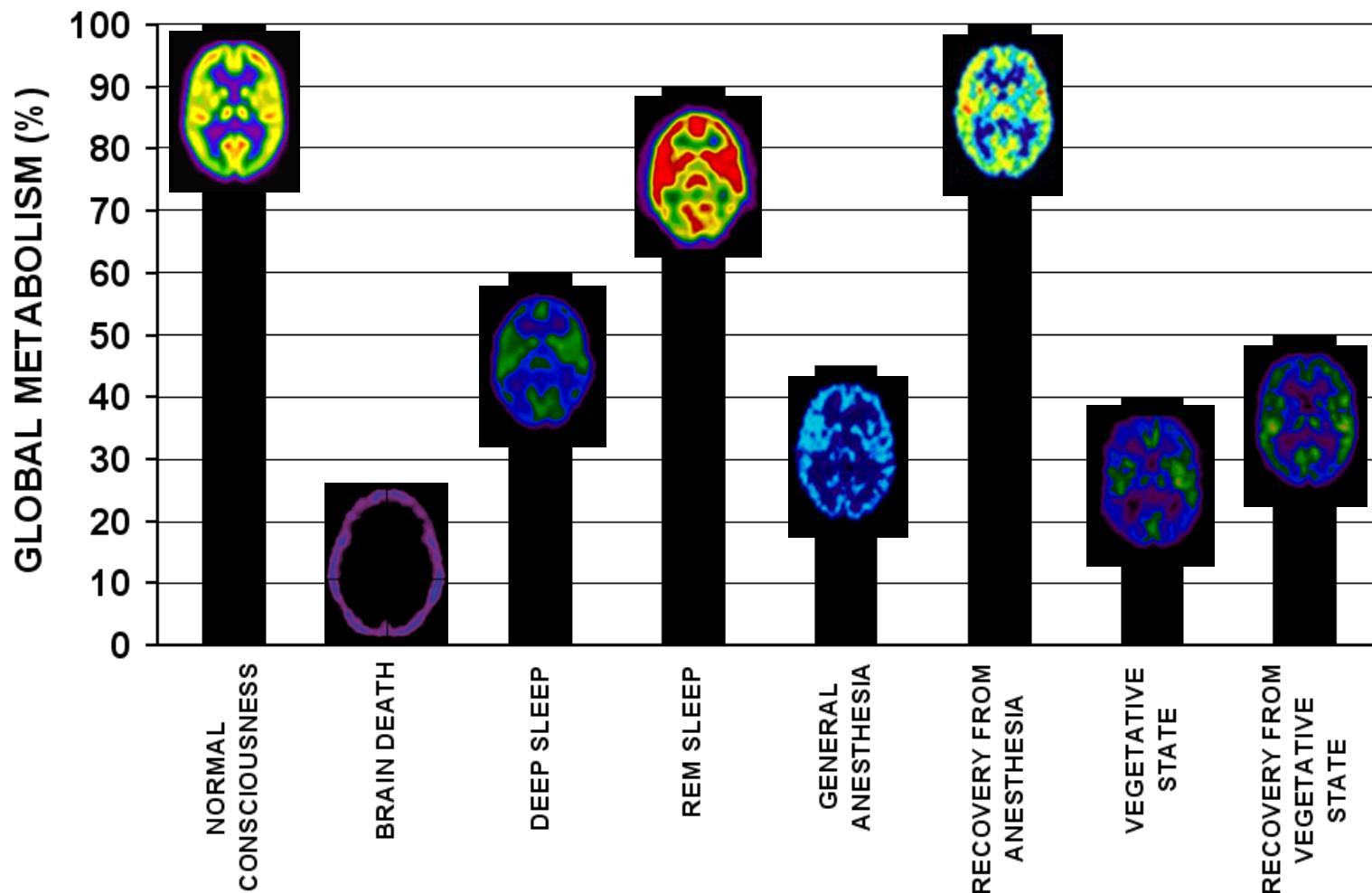
Conscience



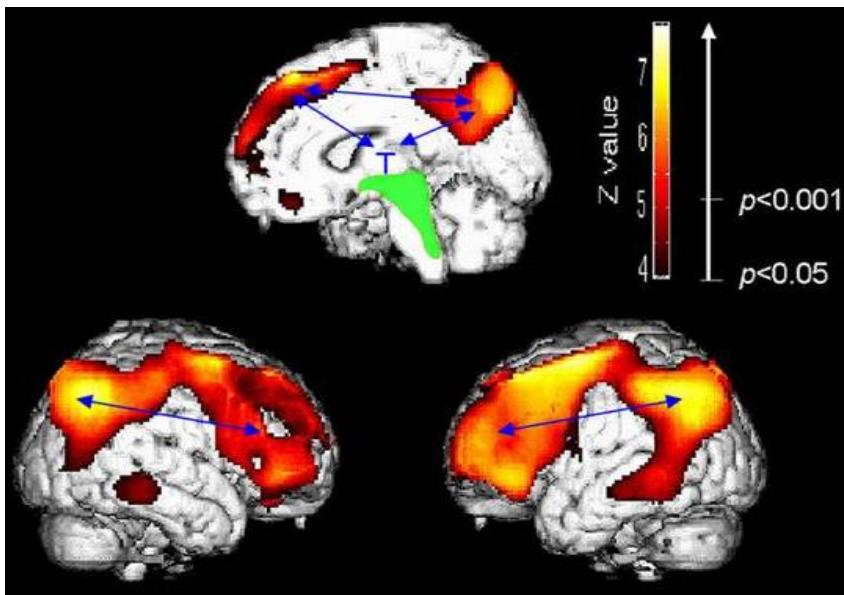
Conscience: 2 composantes



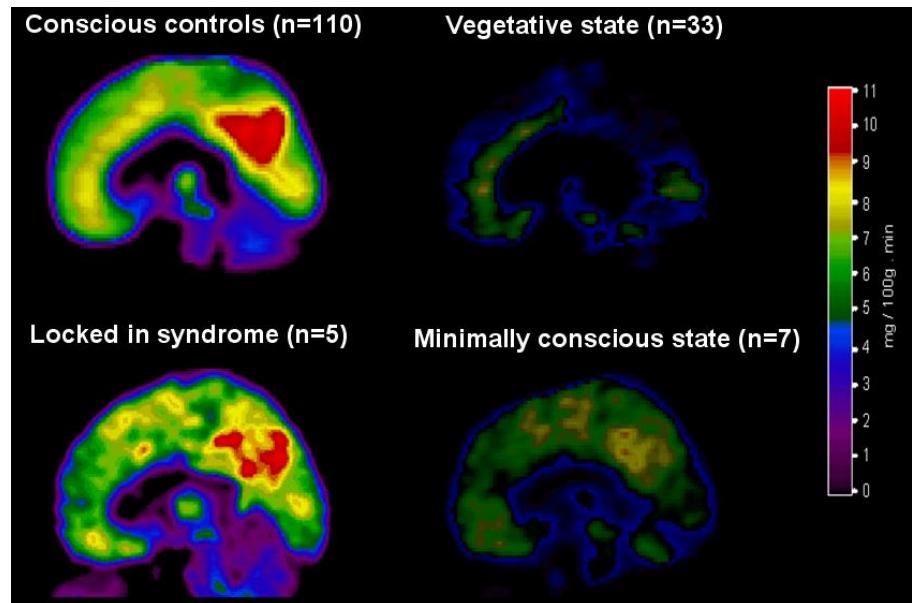
Conscience ≠ cerveau entier



Consciousness ≈ frontoparietal

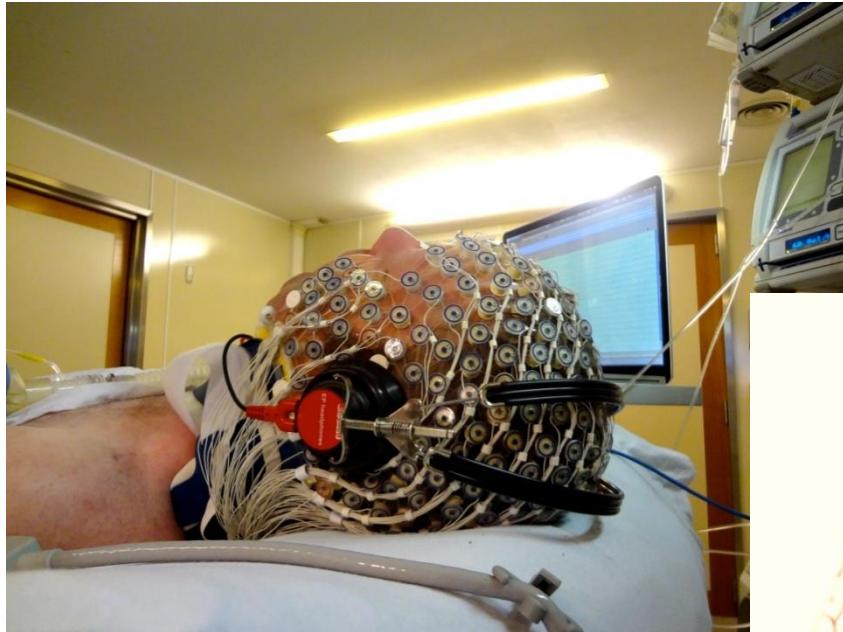


Laureys et al, Neuroimage 1999

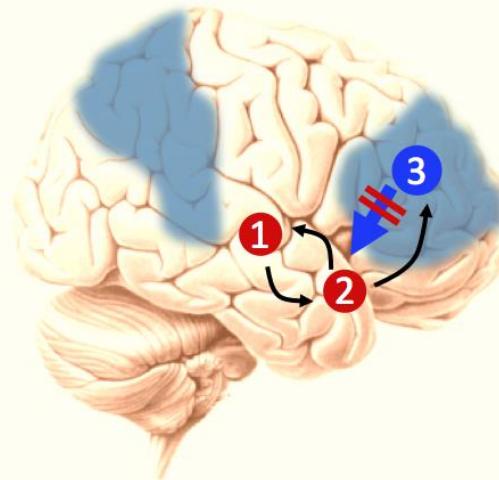


Laureys et al, Lancet Neurology, 2004

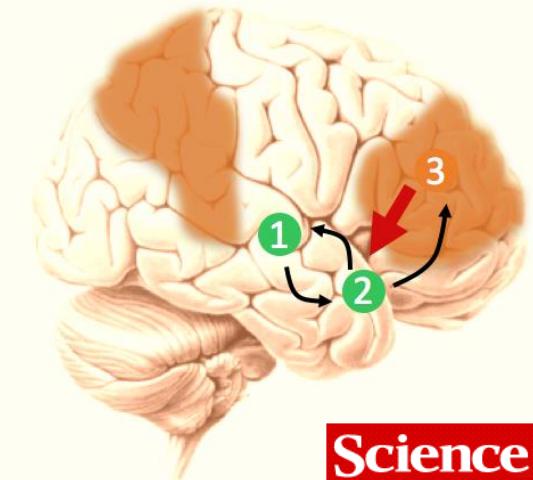
Conscience ≈ connectivité



“VEGETATIVE”
UNRESPONSIVE

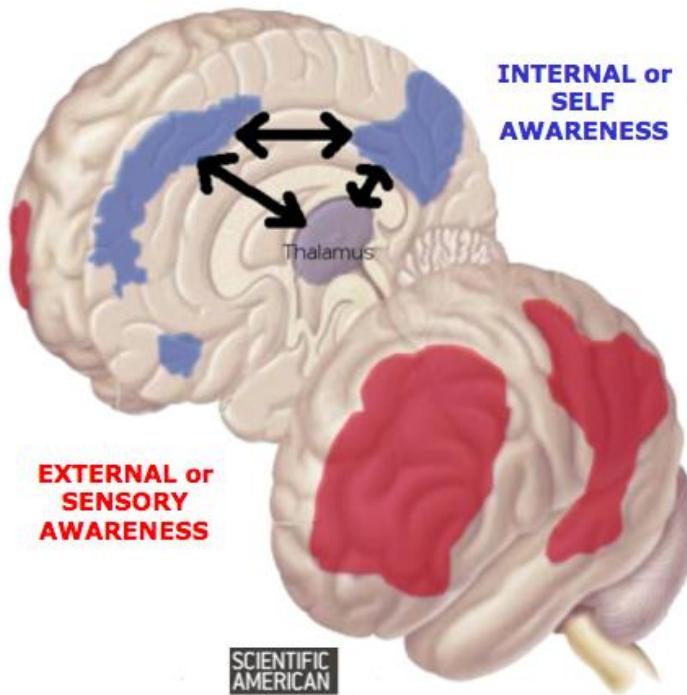


MINIMALLY
RESPONSIVE



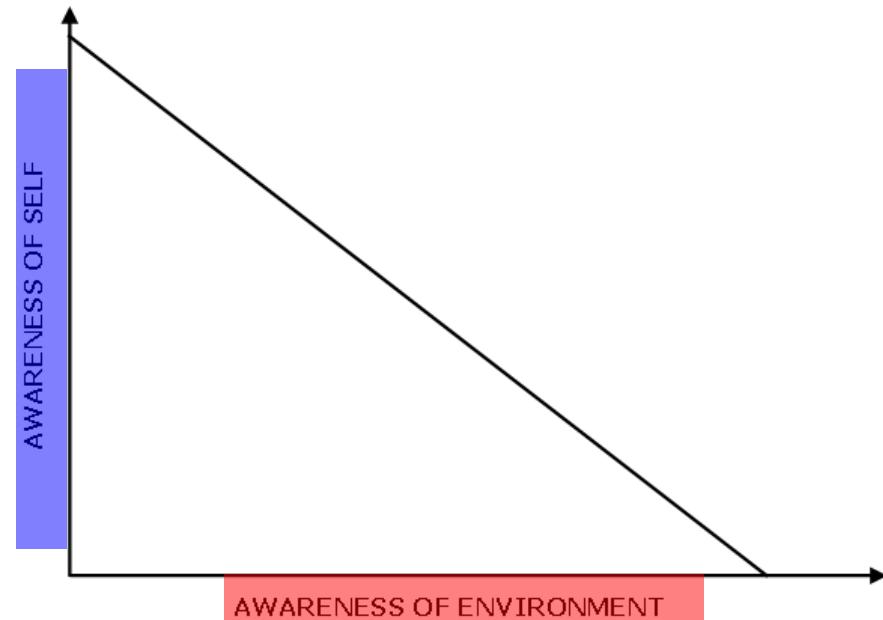
Science

Interne vs Externe

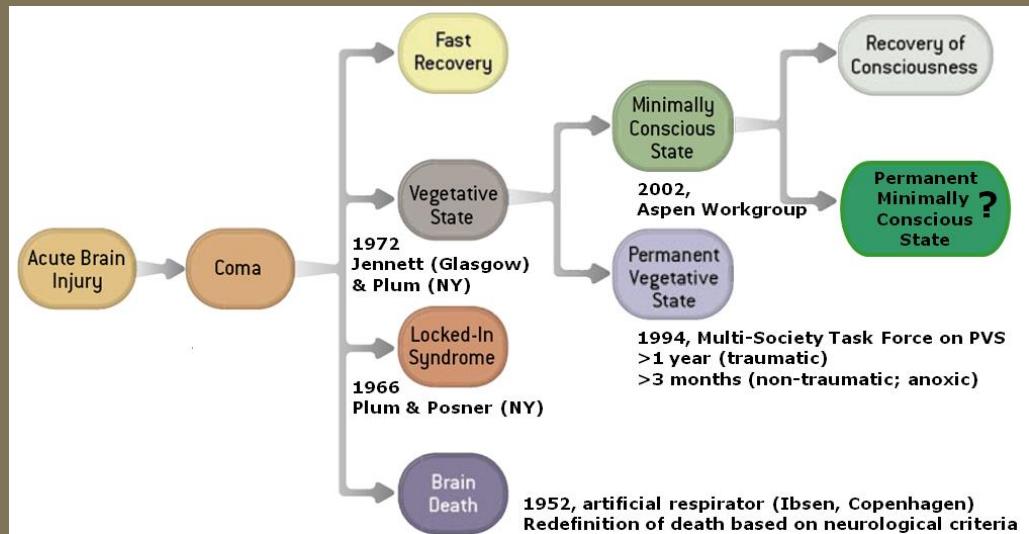


Conscience EXTERNE: sensorielle
environnement

Conscience INTERNE: conscience de soi

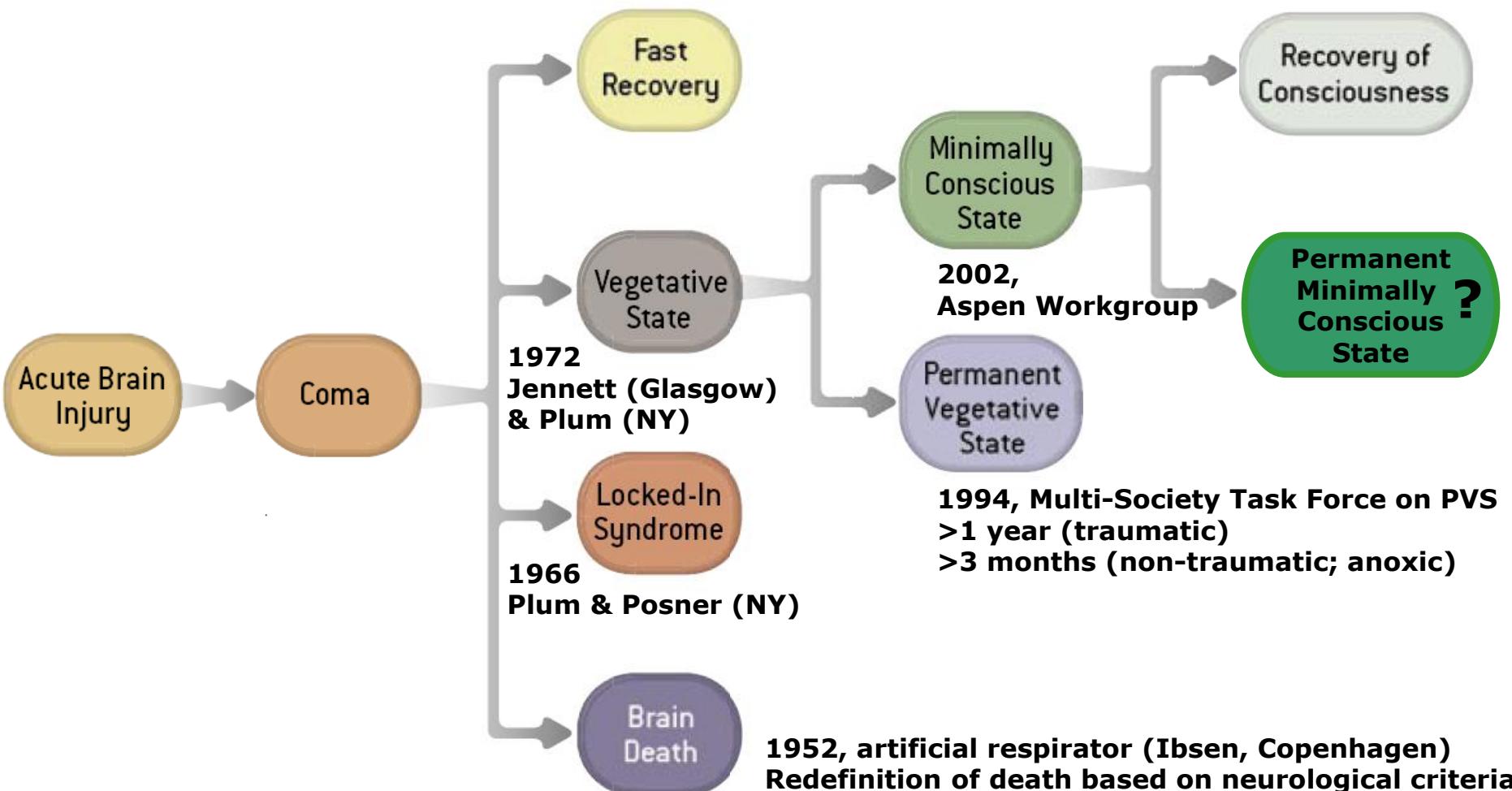


Critères diagnostiques

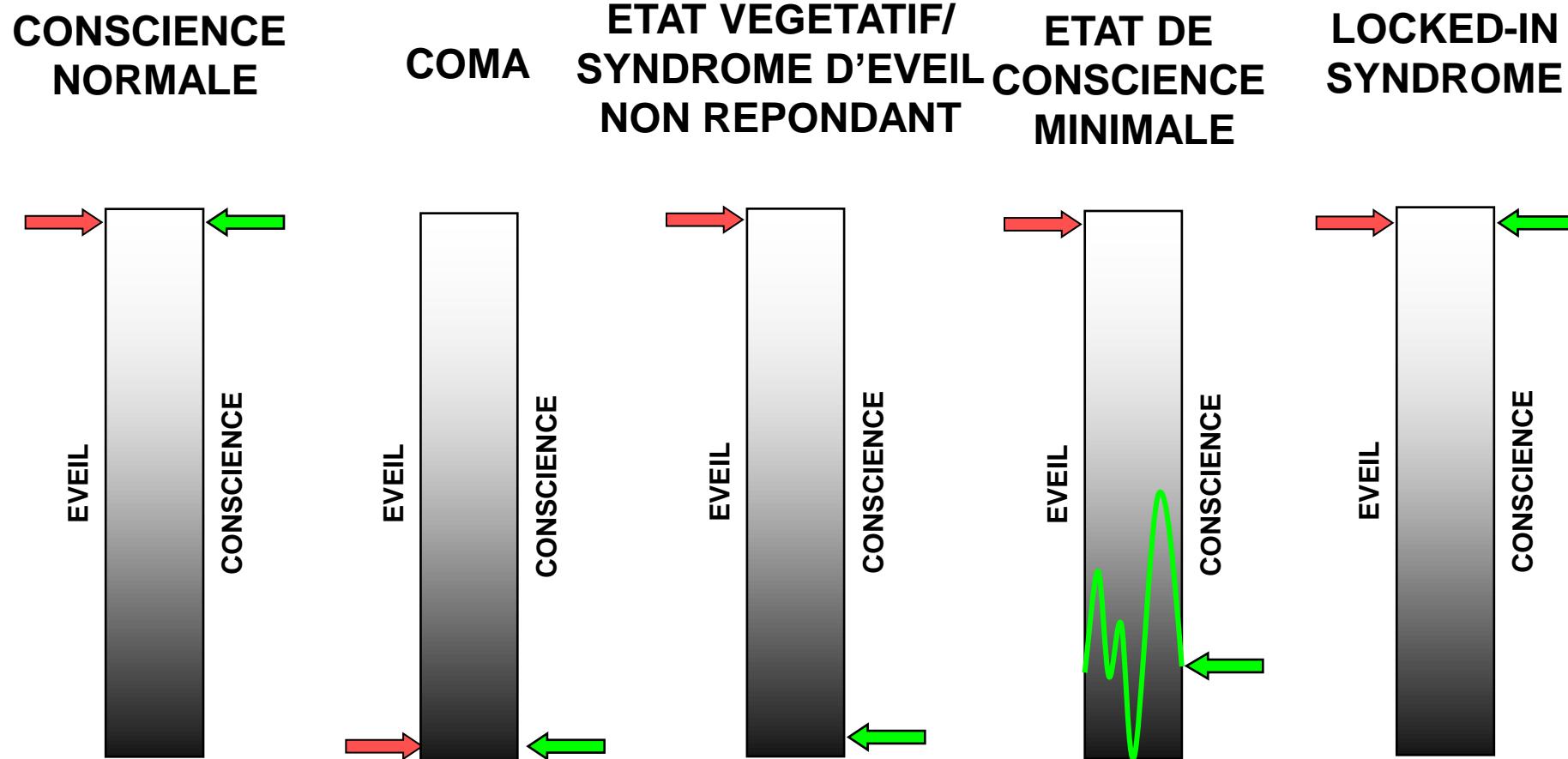


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Etat de conscience altérée chronique

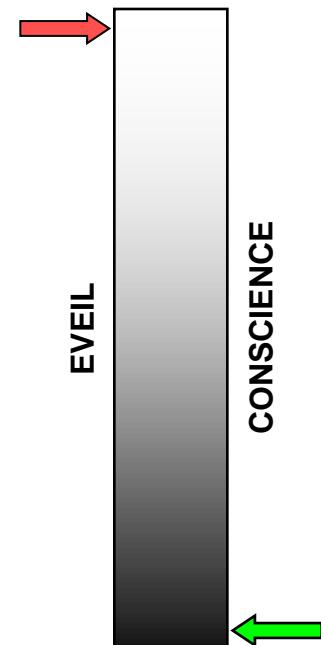


Conscience: 2 composantes



Etat végétatif/non répondant

- Pas de signes de conscience
- Pas d'interaction avec l'environnement
- Pas de comportement volontaire en réponse à un stimulus visuel, auditif, tactile ou douloureux
- Pas de compréhension de langage ni expression
- Ouverture des yeux



Etat végétatif/éveil non répondant



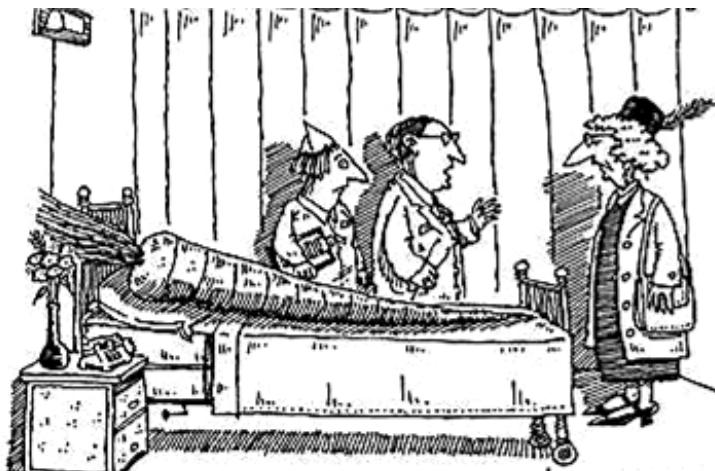
Unresponsive wakefulness syndrome: a new name for the vegetative state or apallic syndrome

Steven Laureys¹✉, Gastone G Celia², François Cohadon³, Jan Lavrijsen⁴, José León-Carrión⁵, Walter G Sannita^{6,7}, Leon Sazbon⁸, Erich Schmutzhard⁹, Klaus R von Wild^{10,11}, Adam Zeman¹² and Giuliano Dolce¹³ for the European Task Force on Disorders of Consciousness¹

Highly accessed

Open Access

<http://www.biomedcentral.com/1741-7015/8/68>



"There's nothing we can do... he'll always be a vegetable."

PERSISTENT VEGETATIVE STATE



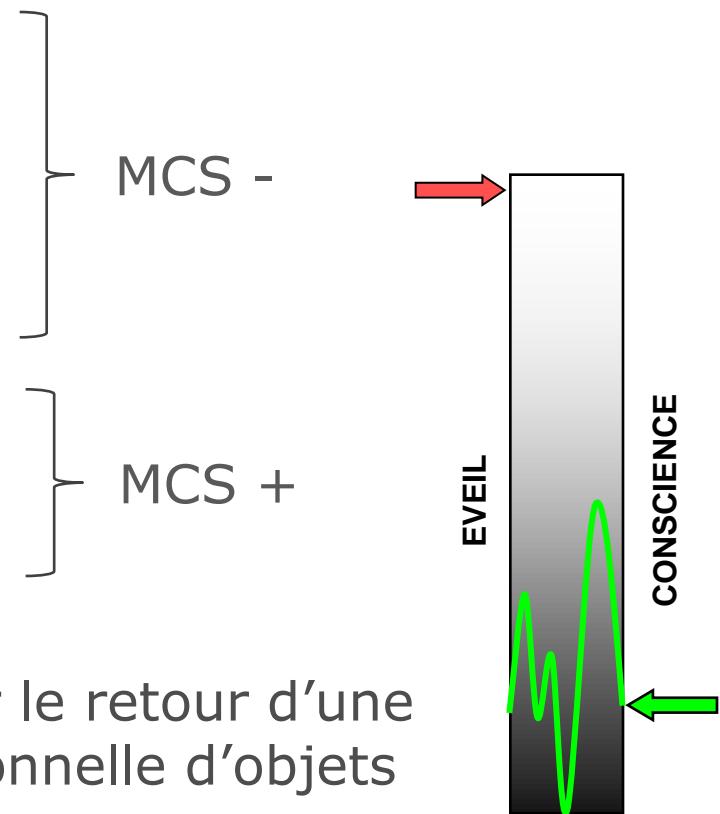
VEGETABLE MAN



Etat de conscience minimale

- Evidence claire d'une conscience :

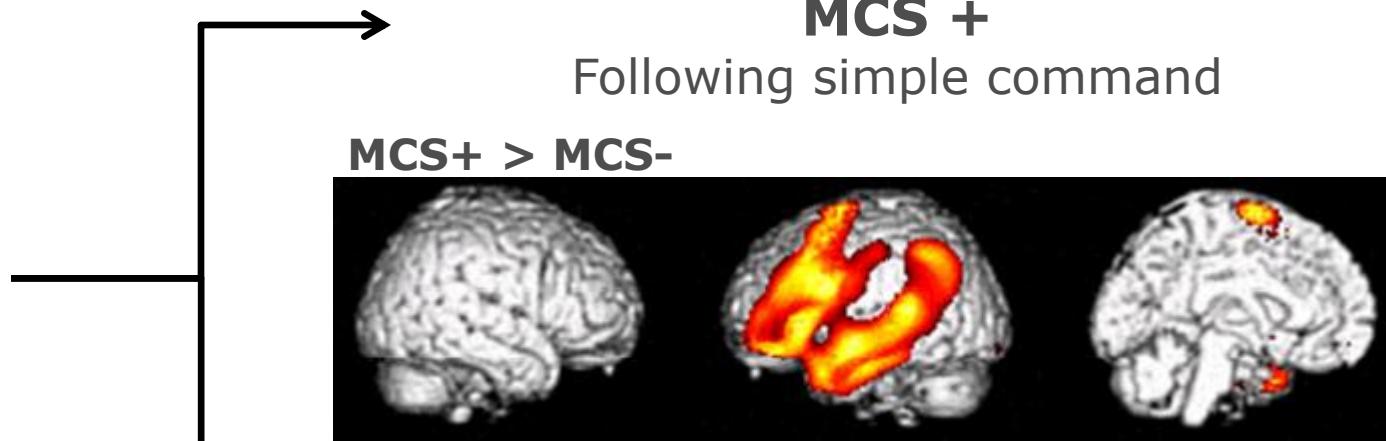
- Poursuite visuelles
- Sourire ou pleurs appropriés
- Localisation d'objets
- Localisation de stimulations nociceptives
- Manipulation d'objets
- Réponse à la commande
- Communication non fonctionnelle
- Verbalisations intelligibles



L'émergence de l'ECM est caractérisée par le retour d'une communication ou d'une utilisation fonctionnelle d'objets

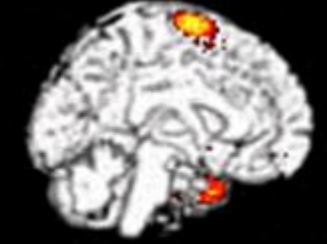
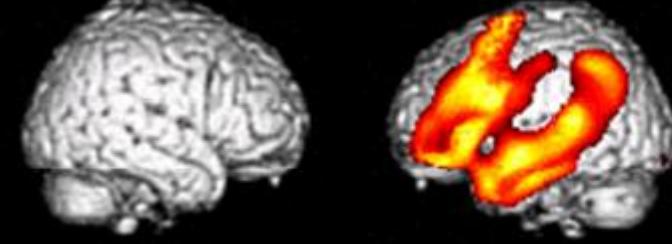
MCS: nouvelle terminologie

**Minimally
Conscious
state**



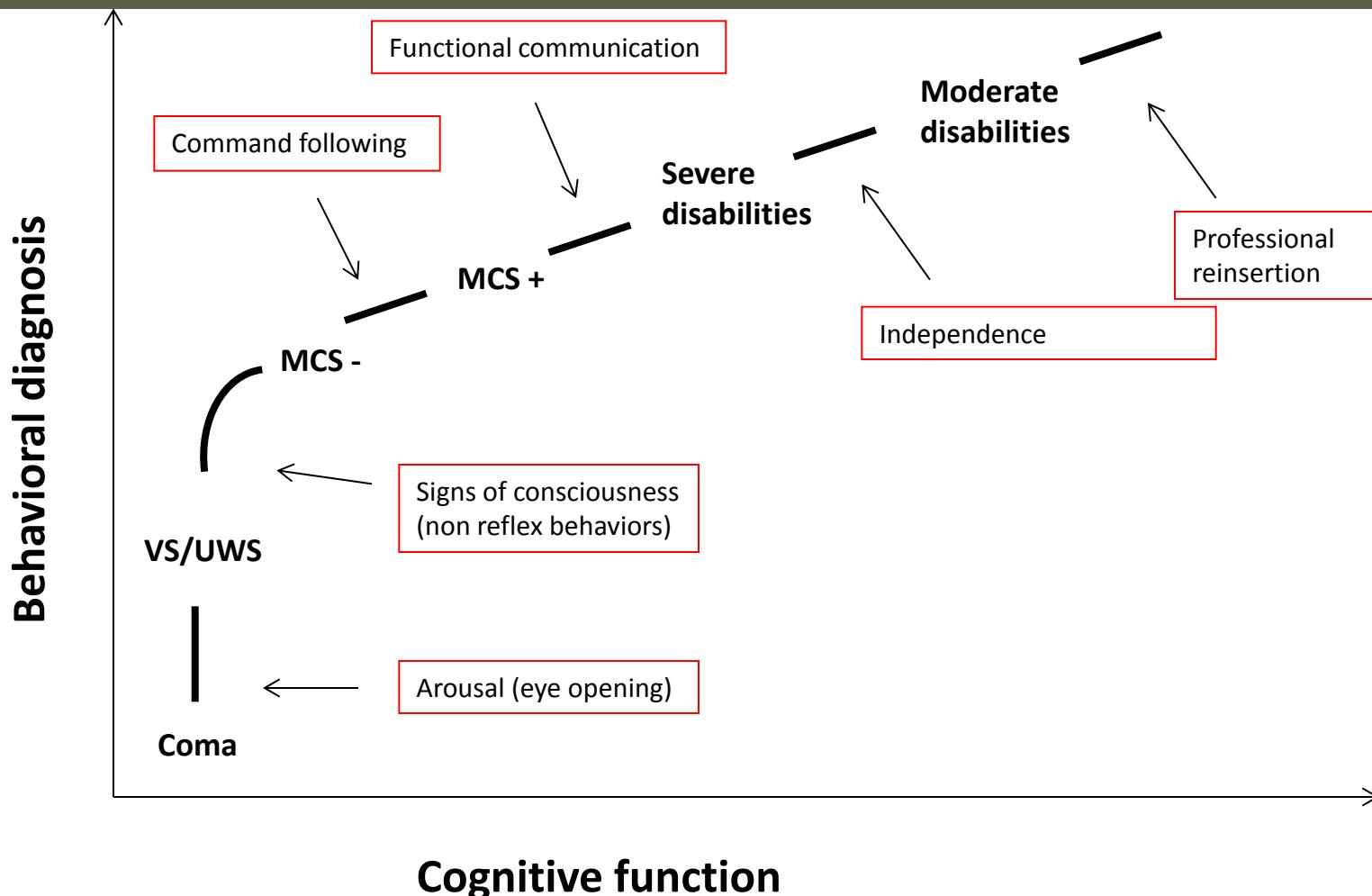
MCS +
Following simple command

MCS+ > MCS-



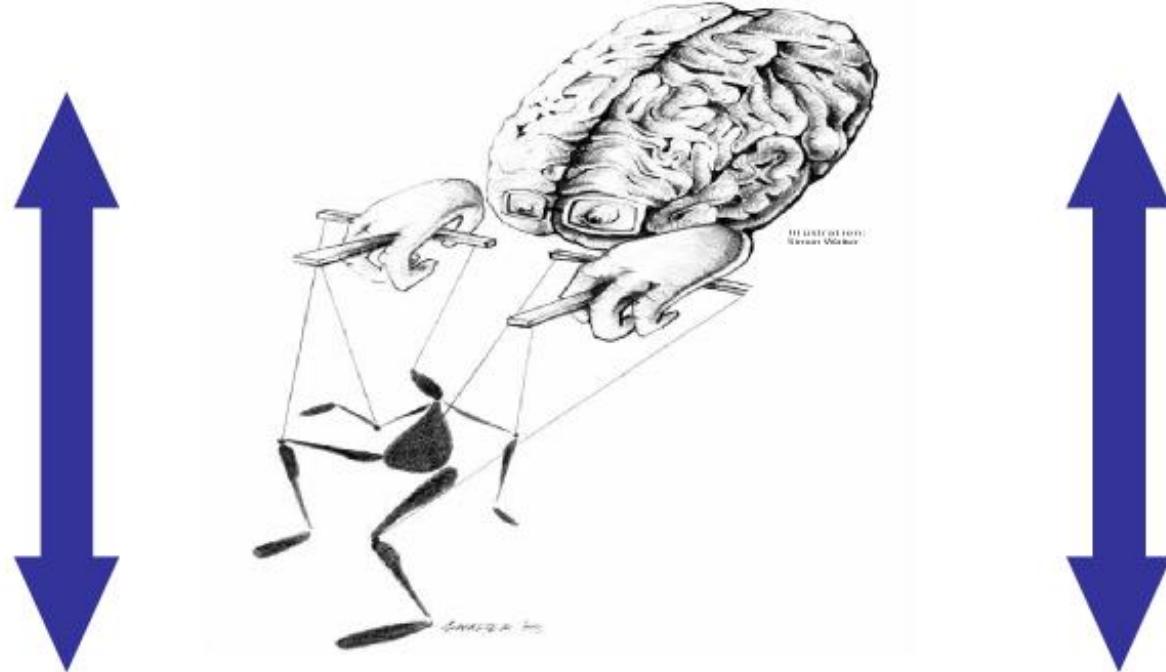
MCS -
Pain localisation
Visual pursuit
Accurate smiling or crying

Récupération



“Réflexe” versus “Volontaire”

“VOLUNTARY” / “WILLED”



“REFLEX” / “AUTOMATIC”



Erreur diagnostique

n=103 patients post-coma

- 45 diagnostic d'état végétatif (VS)
- 18 signes de conscience (Coma)

👉 41% d'erreur diagnostique

JFK COMA RECOVERY SCALE - REVISED ©2004 Record Form					
Patient:	Date:				
AUDITORY FUNCTION SCALE					
4 - Consistent Movement to Command *					
3 - Reproducible Movement to Command *					
2 - Localization to Sound					
1 - Auditory Startle					
0 - None					
VISUAL FUNCTION SCALE					
5 - Object Recognition *					
4 - Object Localization: Reaching *					
3 - Visual Pursuit *					
2 - Fixation *					
1 - Visual Startle					
0 - None					
MOTOR FUNCTION SCALE					
6 - Functional Object Use †					
5 - Automatic Motor Response *					
4 - Object Manipulation *					
3 - Localization to Noxious Stimulation *					
2 - Flexion Withdrawal					
1 - Abnormal Posturing					
0 - None/Flaccid					
OROMOTOR/VERBAL FUNCTION SCALE					
3 - Intelligible Verbalization *					
2 - Vocalization/Oral Movement					
1 - Oral Reflexive Movement					
0 - None					
COMMUNICATION SCALE					
2 - Functional: Accurate †					
1 - Non-Functional: Intentional *					
0 - None					
AROUSAL SCALE					
3 - Attention					
2 - Eye Opening w/o Stimulation					
1 - Eye Opening with Stimulation					
0 - Unarousable					
TOTAL SCORE					

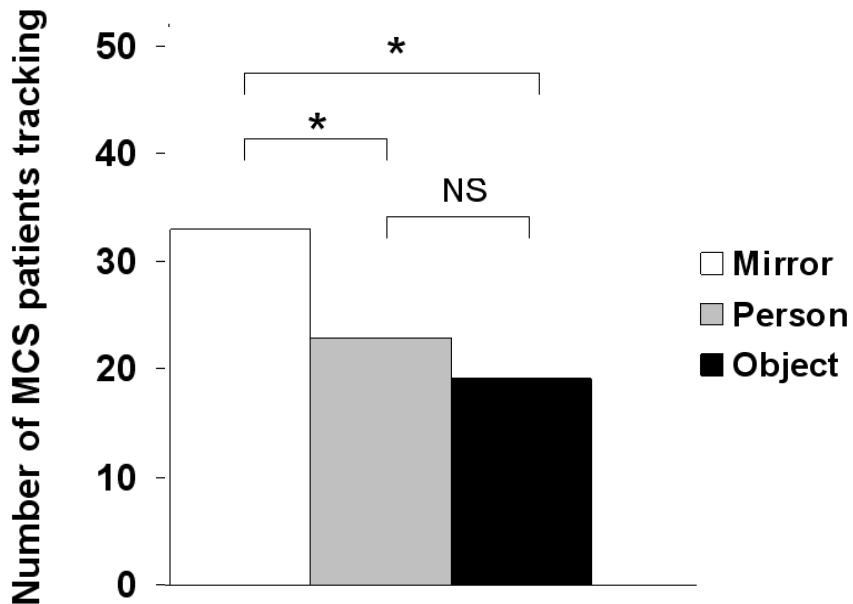
Denotes emergence from MCS †

Denotes MCS *

Évaluation clinique



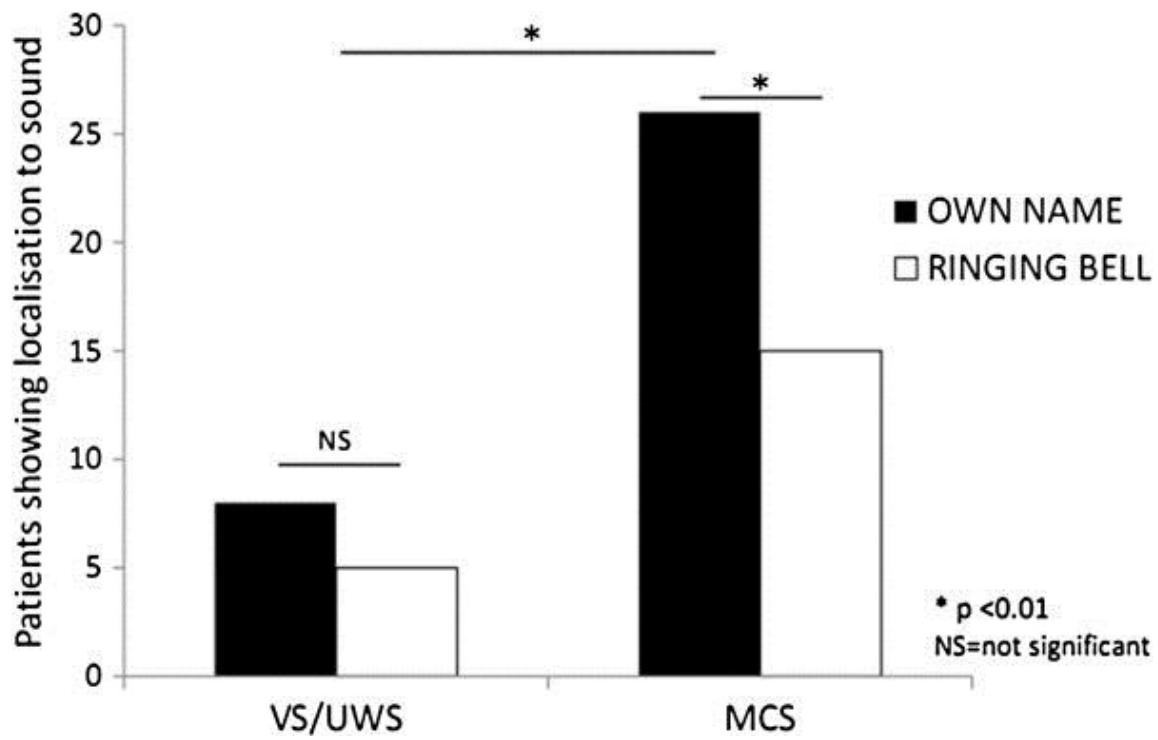
Vanhoudenhuysse et al., 2008



ÉCHELLE DE RÉCUPÉRATION DU COMA VERSION REVUE FRANÇAISE ©2004 Formulaire de rapport	
Patient :	Date atteinte cérébrale :
Etiologie :	Date admission :
Diagnostic initial :	Date : Examinateur:
FONCTION AUDITIVE	
4 – Mouvement systématique sur demande*	
3 – Mouvement reproduit sur demande*	
2 – Localisation de sons	
1 – Réflexe de sursaut au bruit	
0 – Néant	
FONCTION VISUELLE	
5 – Reconnaissance des objets*	
4 – Localisation des objets : atteinte*	
3 – <u>Poursuite visuelle*</u>	
2 – Fixation*	
1 – Réflexe de clignement à la menace	
0 – Néant	
FONCTION MOTRICE	
6 – Utilisation fonctionnelle des objets*	
5 – Réaction motrice automatique*	
4 – Manipulation d'objets*	
3 – Localisation des stimulations nociceptives*	
2 – Flexion en retrait	
1 – Posture anormale stéréotypée	
0 – Néant / Flaccidité	
FONCTION OROMOTRICE/VERBALE	
3 – Production verbale intelligible*	
2 – Production vocale / Movements oraux	
1 – Réflexes oraux	
0 – Néant	
COMMUNICATION	
2 – Fonctionnelle : exacte*	
1 – Non fonctionnelle : intentionnelle*	
0 – Néant	
ÉVEIL	
3 – Attention	
2 – Ouverture des yeux sans stimulation	
1 – Ouverture des yeux avec stimulation	
0 – Aucun éveil	
SCORE TOTAL	

Évaluation clinique

Auditory stimulation



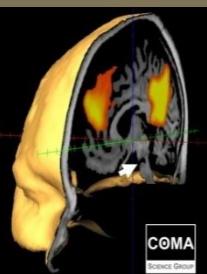
Own name → Autoreferential stimulus

Diagnostic paraclinique

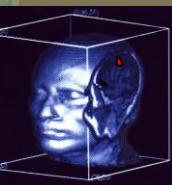


ULB

COMA
SCIENCE GROUP



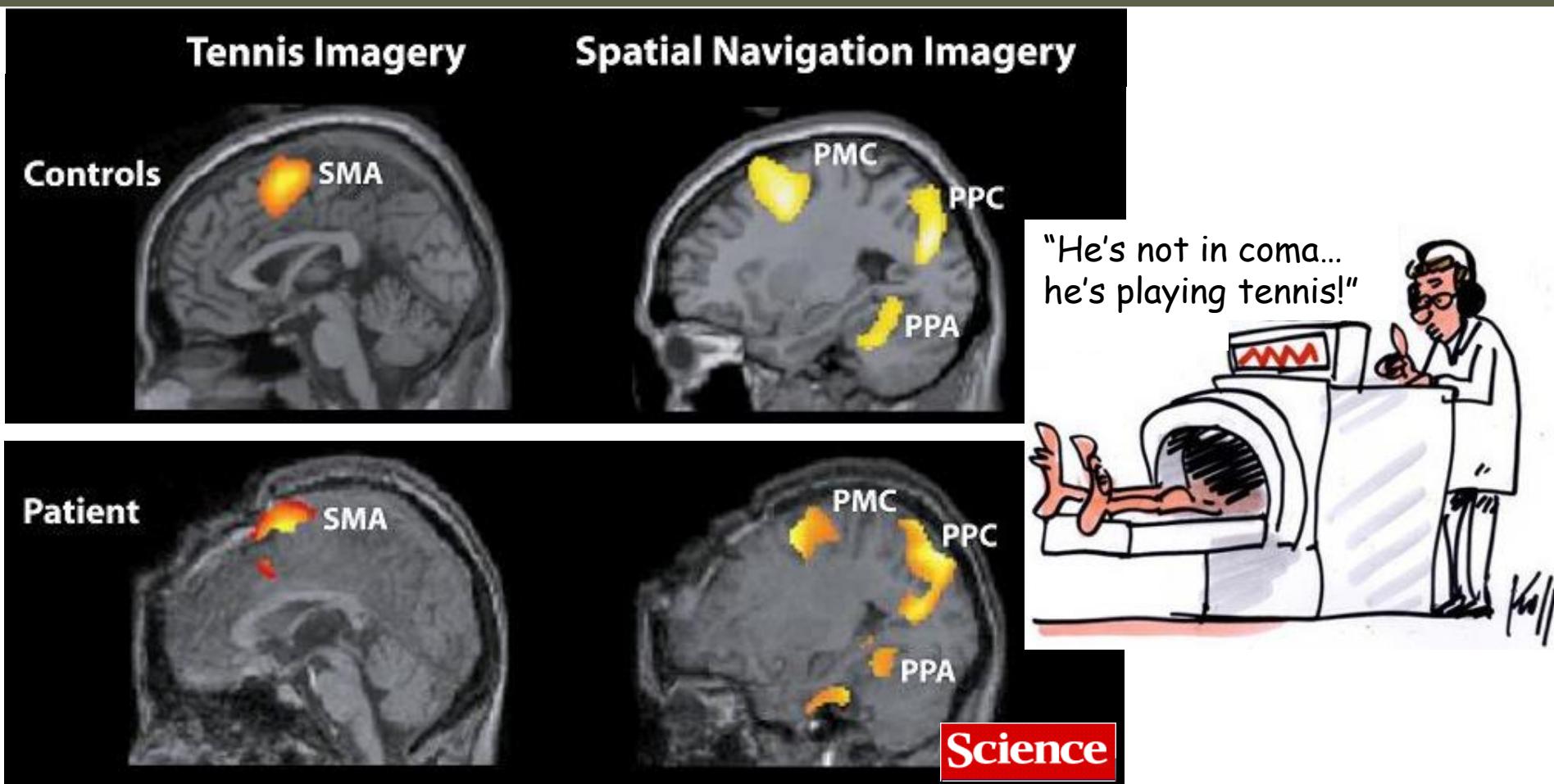
CHU
de Liège



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Signes de conscience avec l'IRMf



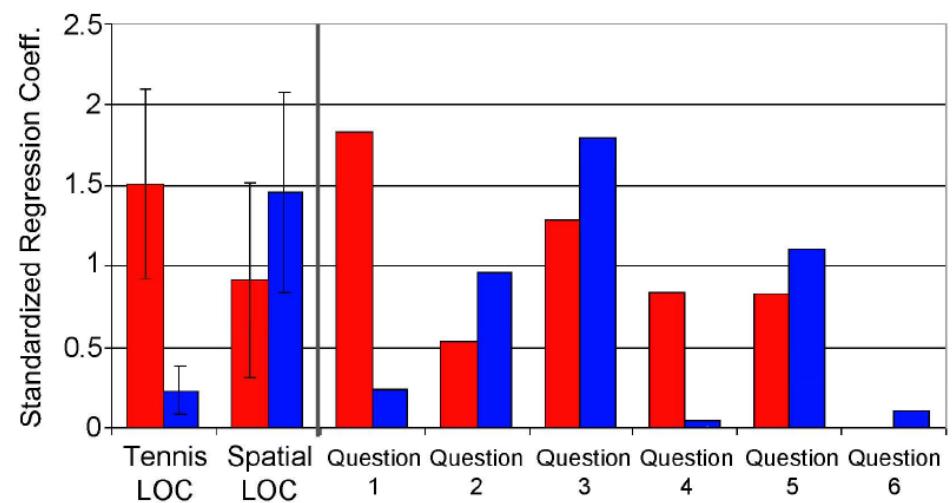
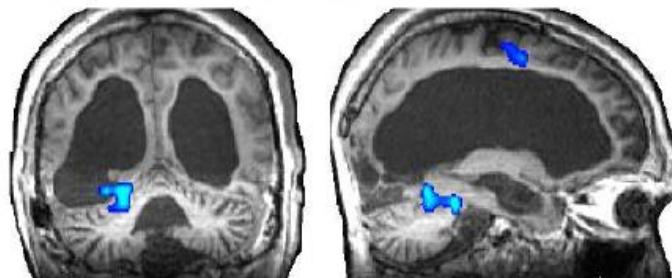
Communication oui/non avec l'IRMF

Imagine **Tennis** to answer 'YES'
Imagine **Navigating** to answer 'NO'

Is your father's name Alexander ?



Is your father's name Thomas ?



Interface cerveau ordinateur : EEG

“MOVE YOUR FOOT”



HEATHY
CONTROL
SUBJECT

“MOVE YOUR HAND”



“VEGETATIVE”
UNRESPONSIVE
PATIENT



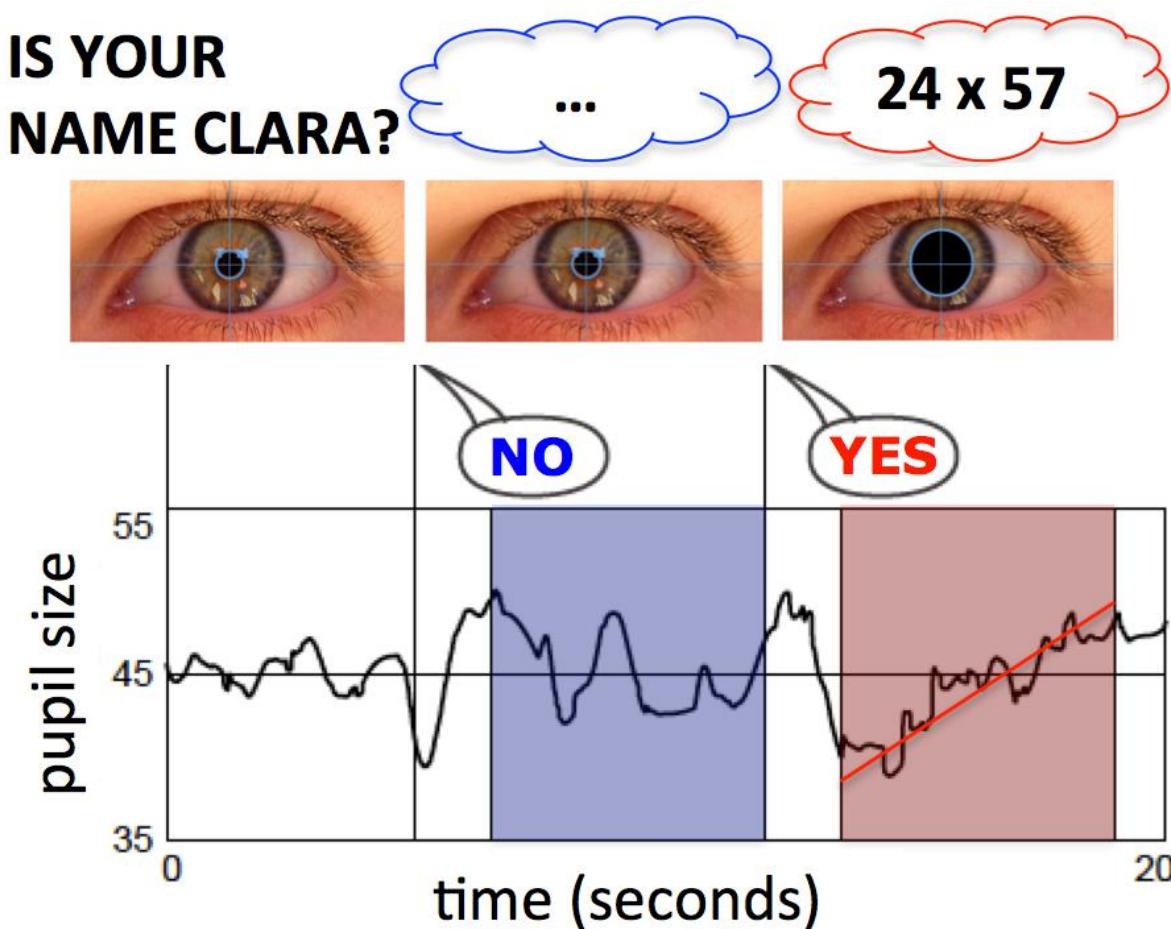
www.thelancet.com



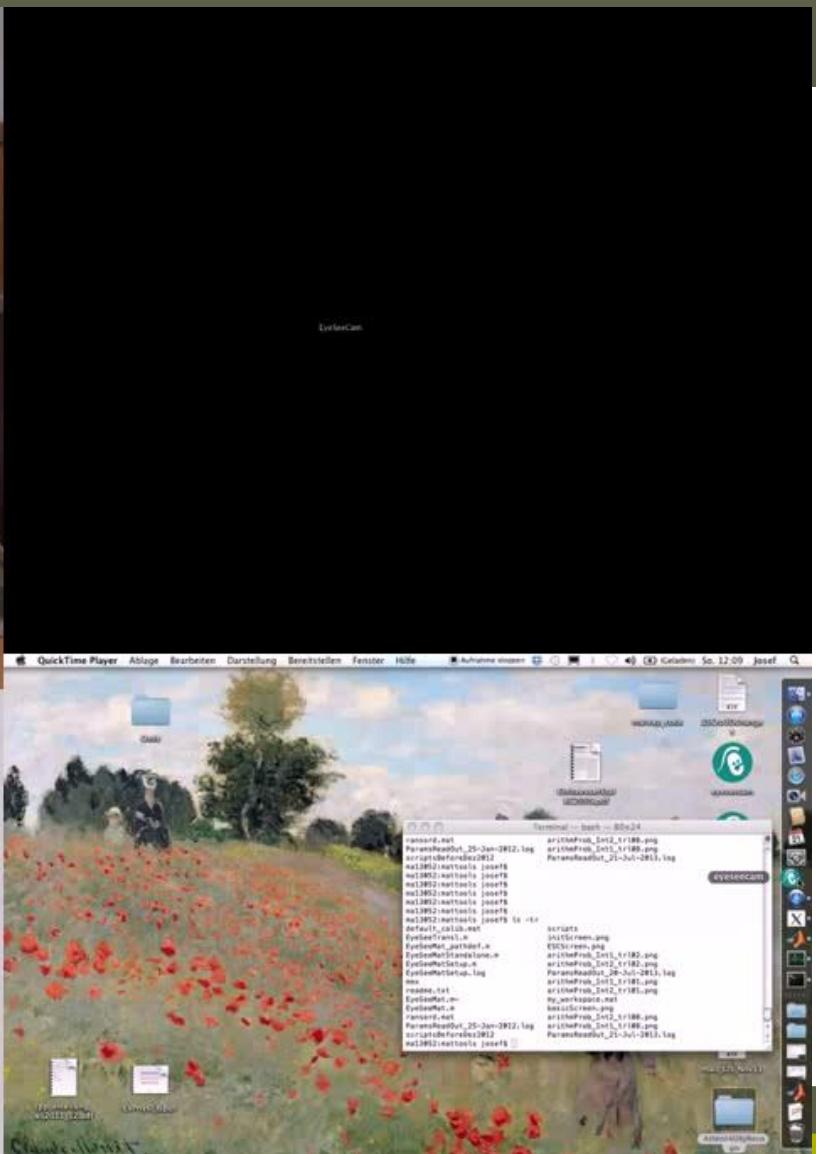
Cruse et al, *Lancet* 2012
3/16 VS/UWS (19%)
- 2/5 traumatic (40%)
- 1/11 non-traumatic (9%)

Cruse et al, *Neurology* 2012
7/23 MCS (30%)
- 7/15 traumatic (49%)
- 0/8 non-traumatic (0%)

Interface cerveau ordinateur : pupil

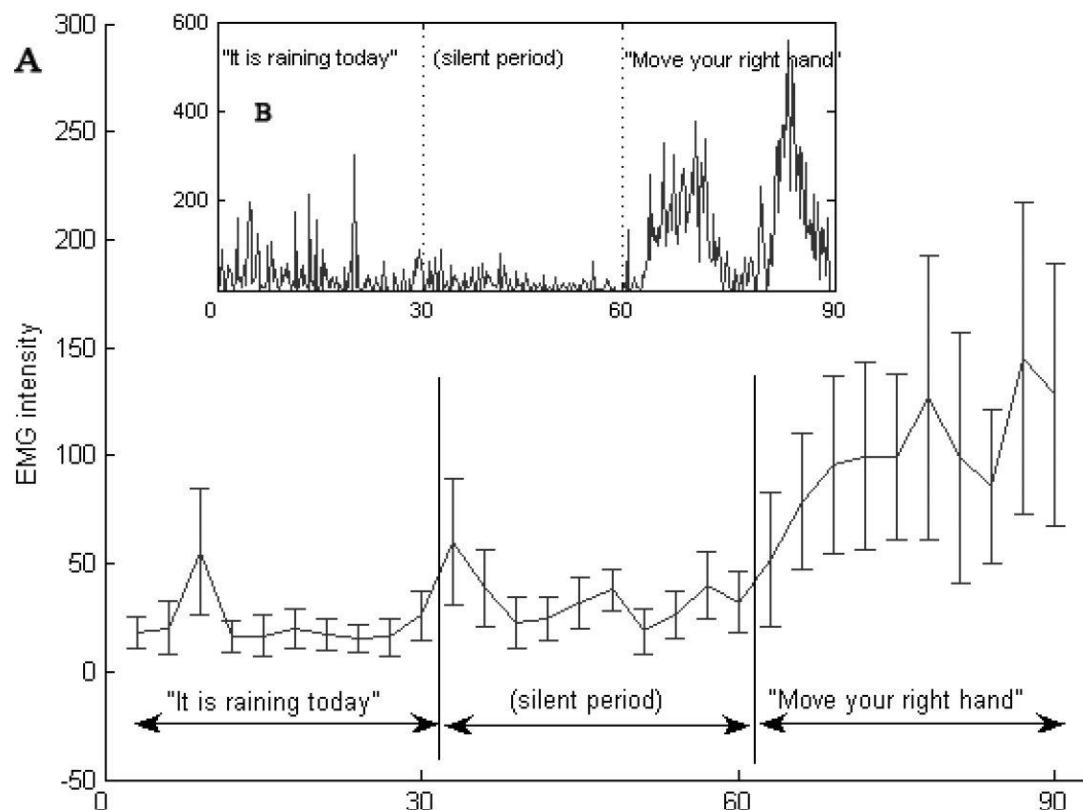


Interface cerveau ordinateur : pupil



Interface cerveau ordinateur : EMG

« Bougez la main droite »

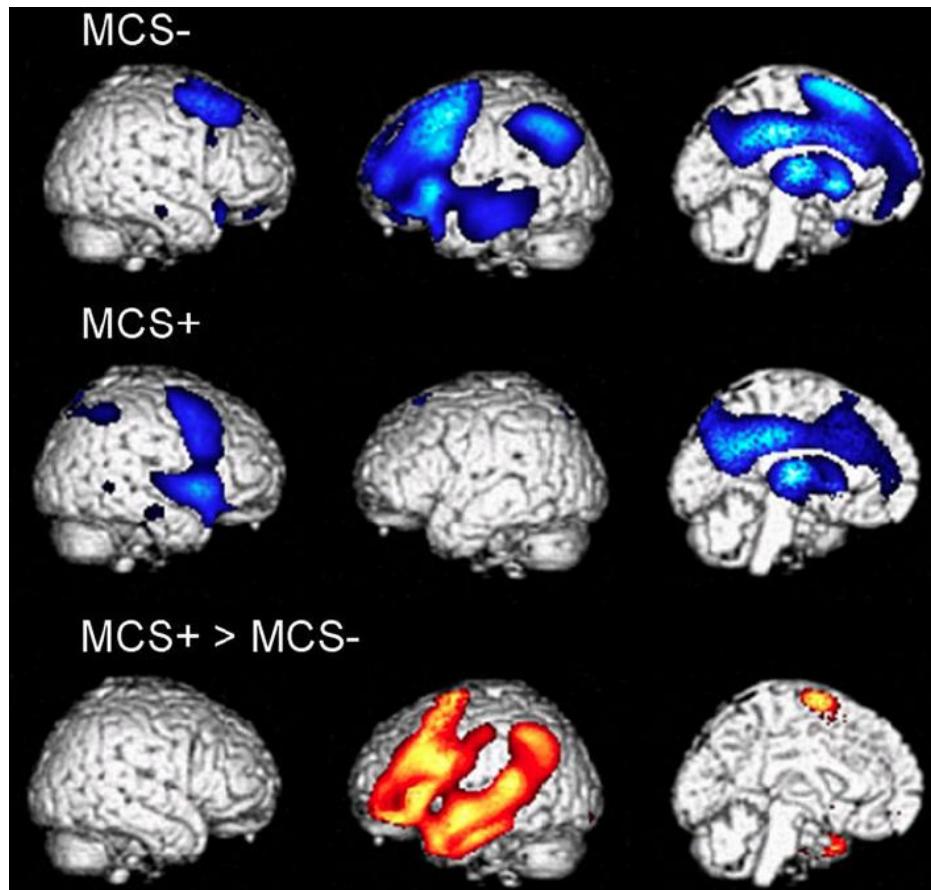
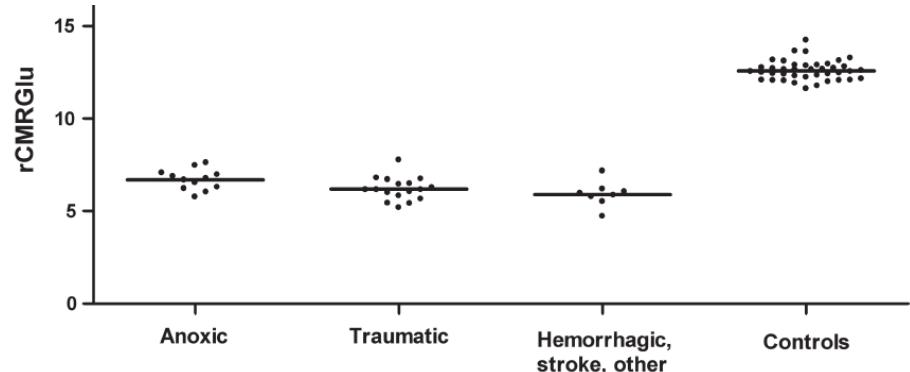


Aphasie

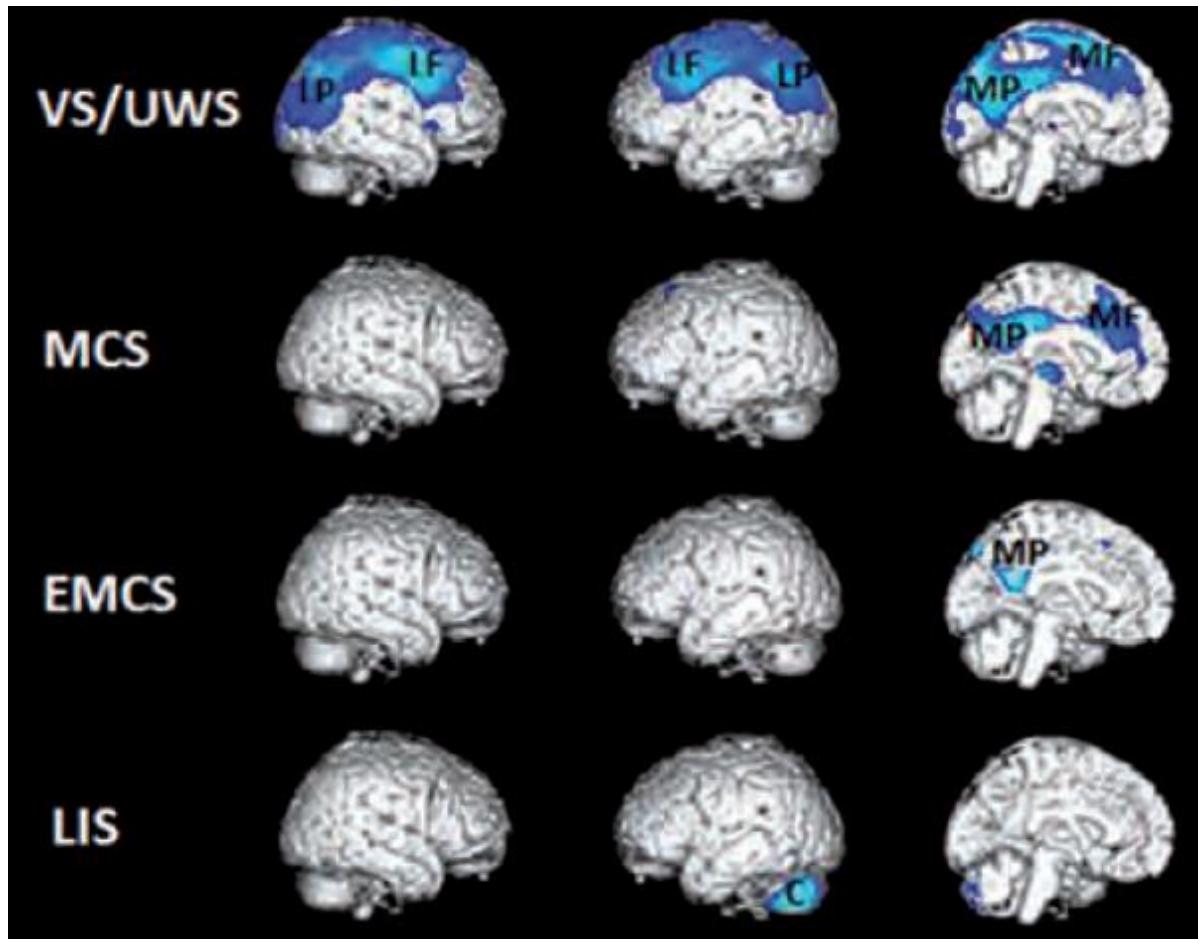
The problem of aphasia in the assessment of consciousness in brain-damaged patients 

Steve Majerus^{1,3}, Marie-Aurélie Bruno^{2,3}, Caroline Schnakers²,
Joseph T. Giacino⁴ and Steven Laureys^{2,3,*}

Progress in Brain Research, Vol. 177
Copyright © 2009 Elsevier



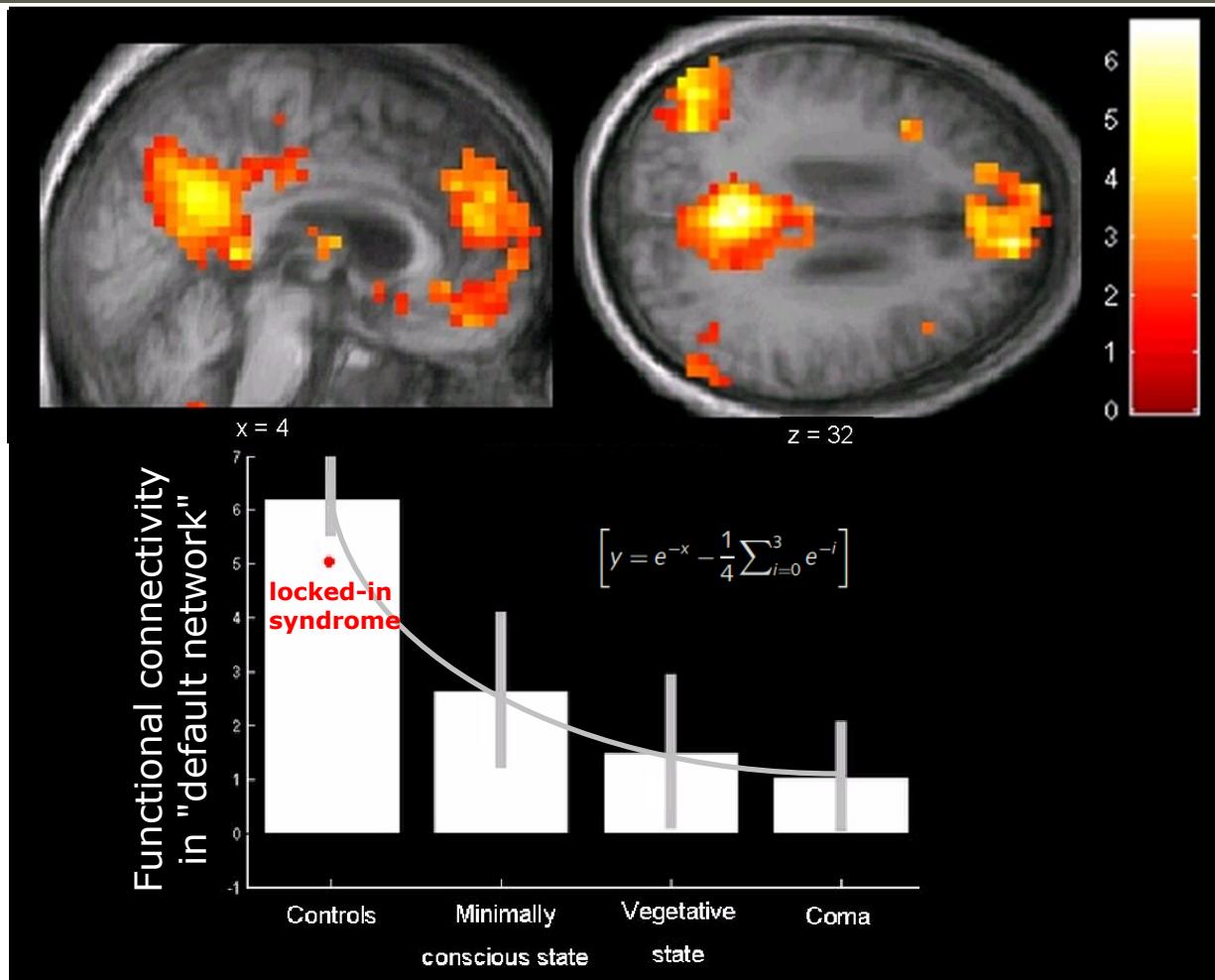
Metabolisme cérébral – PET scan



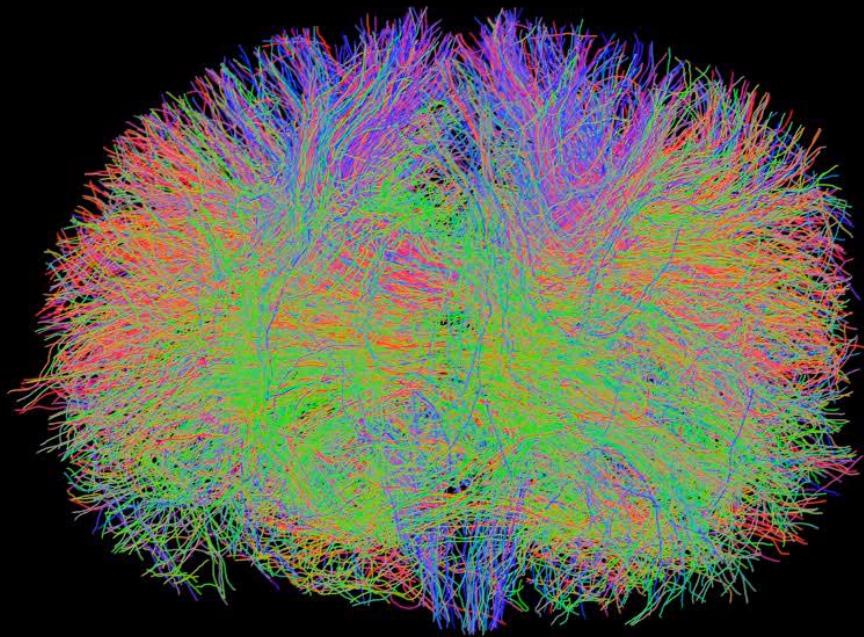
→ Réseaux
conscience interne
ET externe

→ Réseaux
conscience interne

Réseau du mode par défaut : IRMf

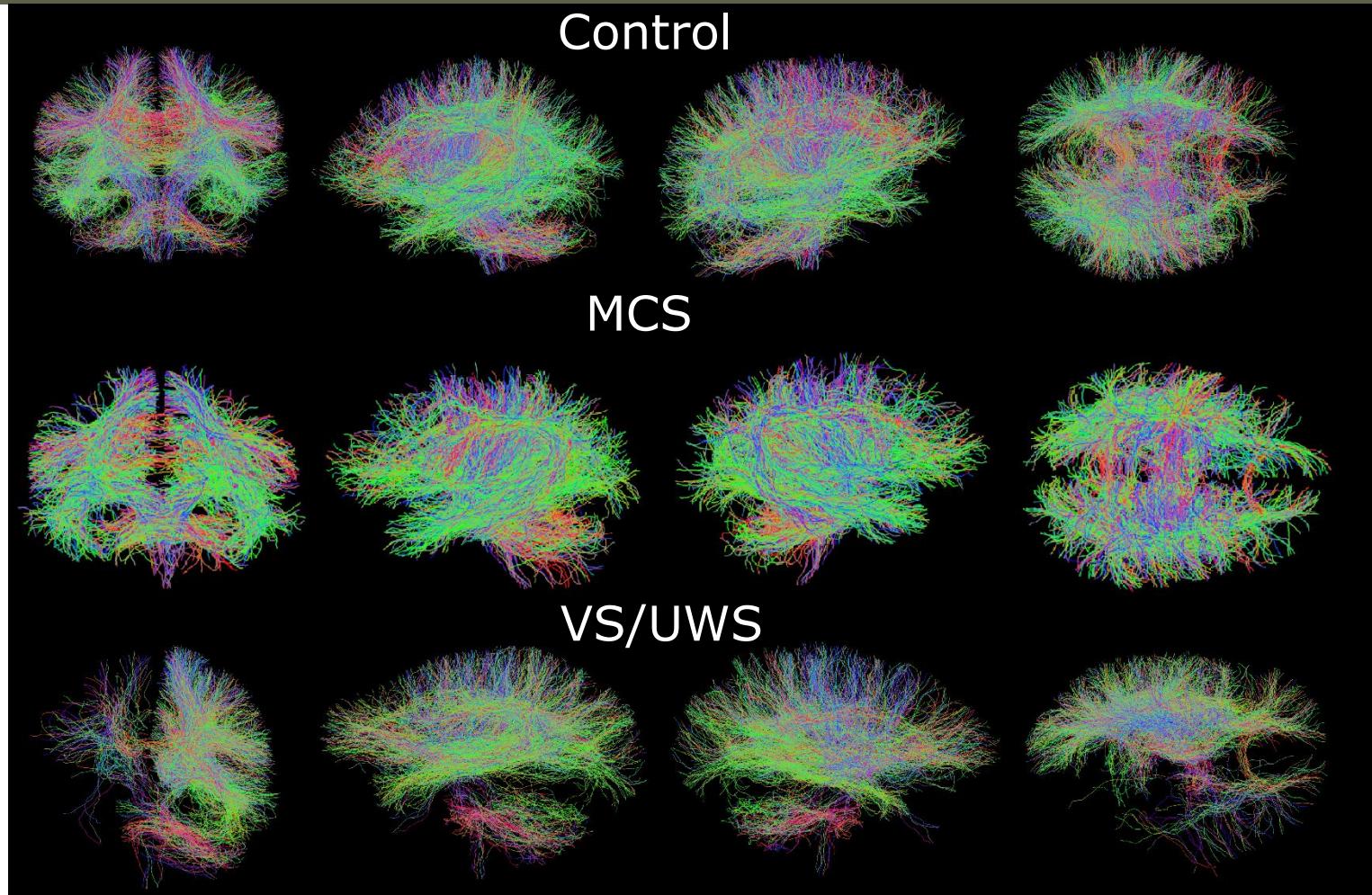


Imagerie par tenseur de diffusion

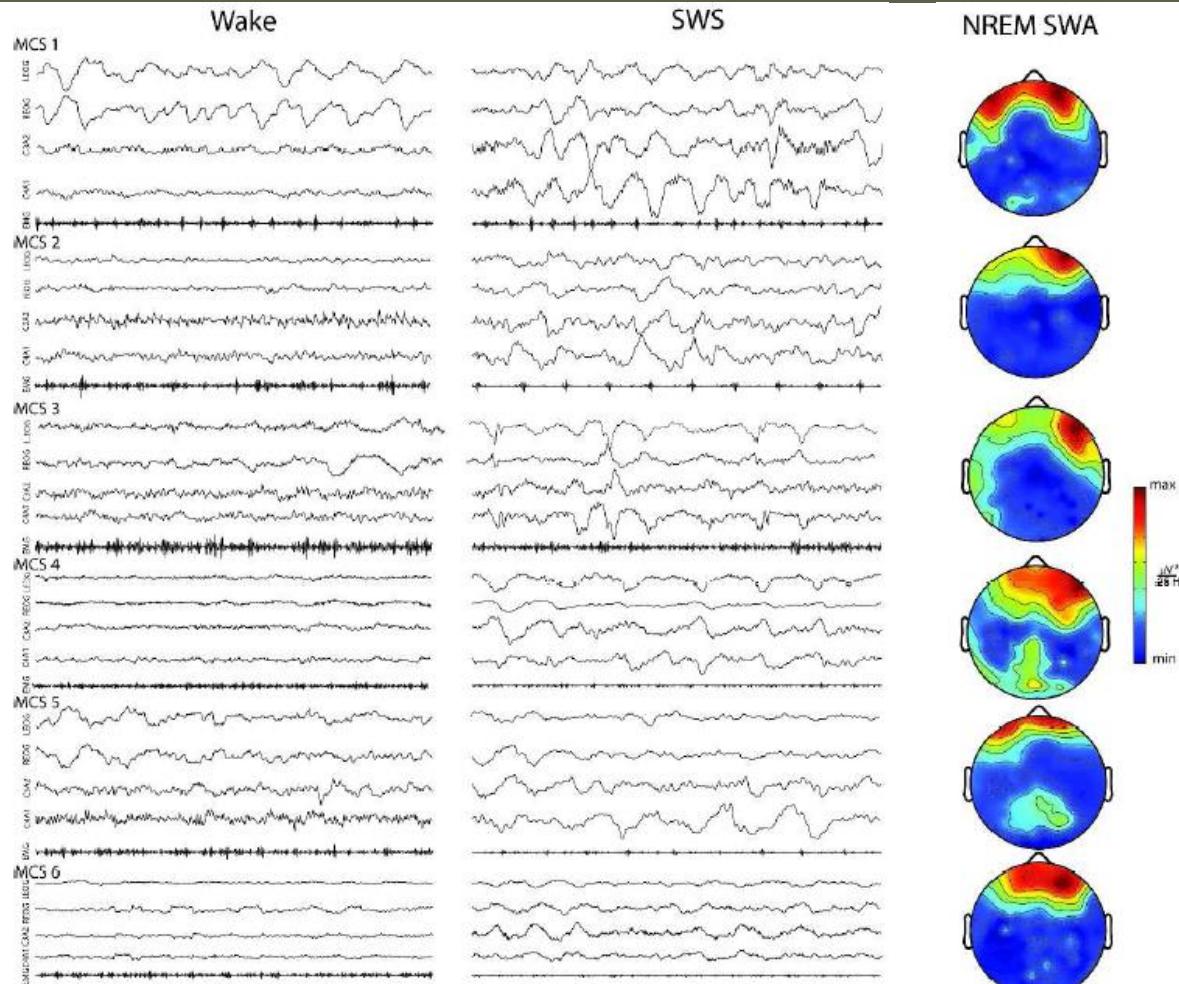


A

Imagerie par tenseur de diffusion

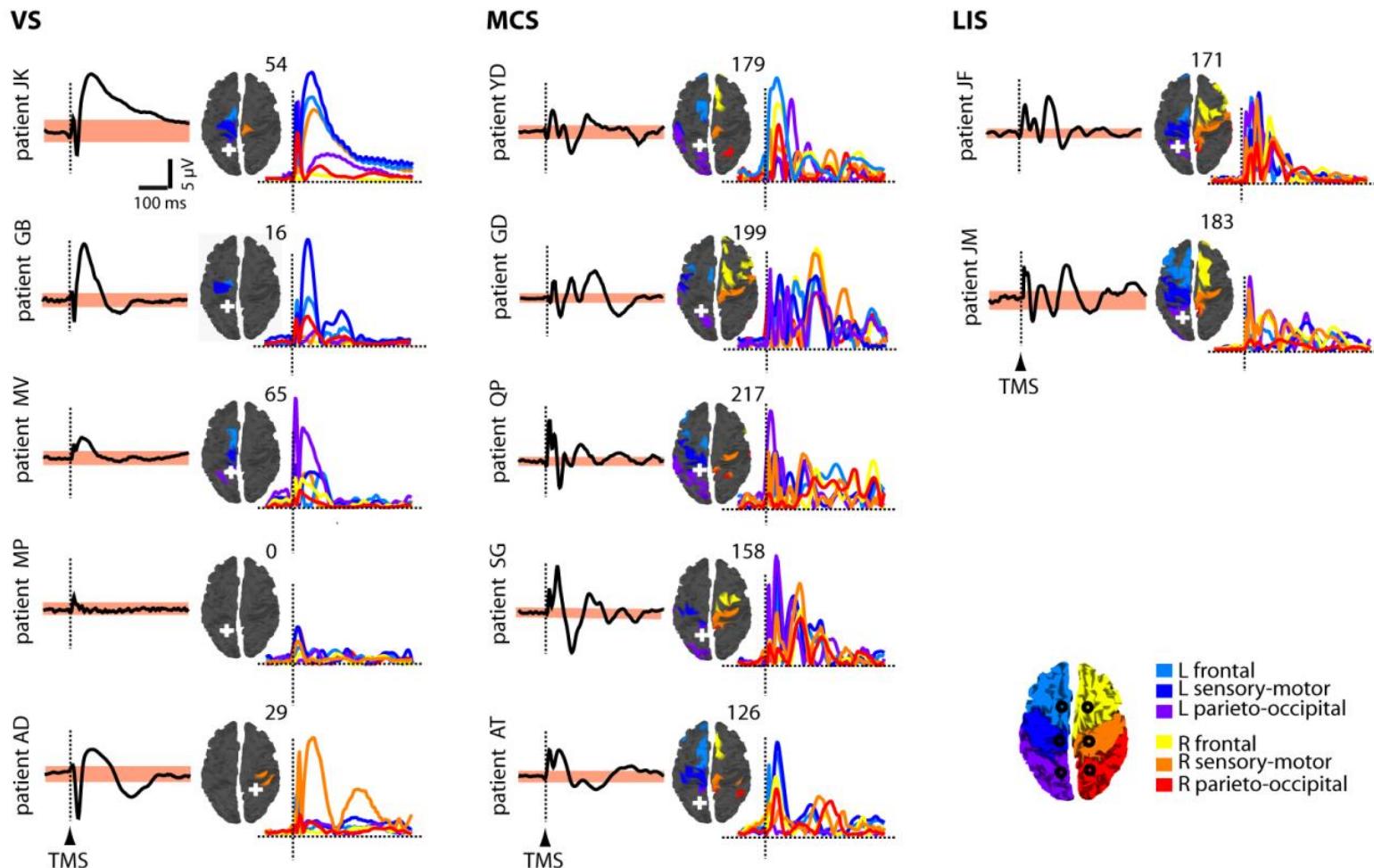


Sommeil



MCS : périodes
de rêves

Stimulation Magnétique Transcranienne



Perturbational Complexity Index (PCI)

Magnetic Perturbation



Brain Response

perturbation →

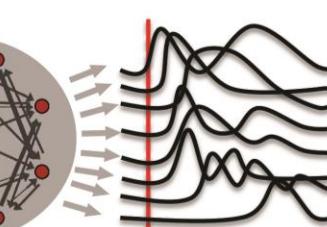
recording →

compression →

reference scale →

patients

complex



conscious wakefulness

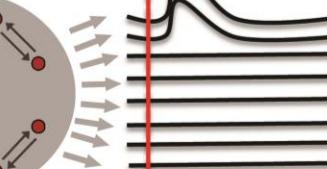
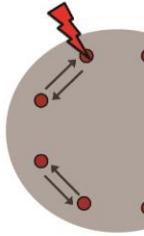
0.7

complexity

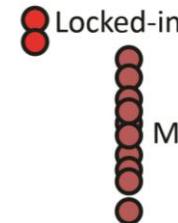
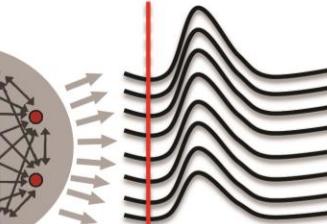
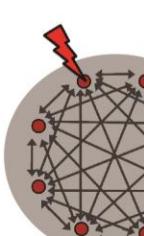
0.31

Sleep, Anesthesia

modular



homogeneous



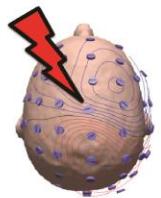
Minimally Conscious



Vegetative

Perturbational Complexity Index (PCI)

Magnetic Perturba



tients

n

Minimally Conscious



Vegetative

Douleur et émotions



NO RESPONSE



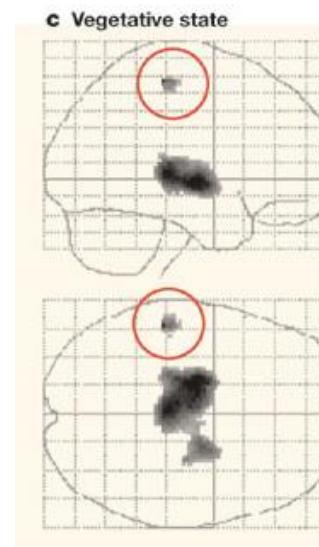
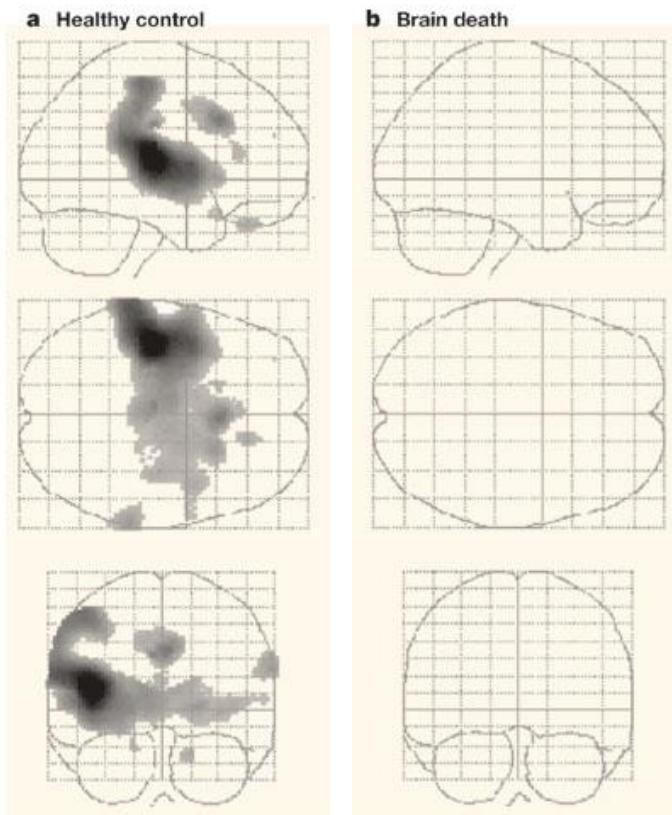
AWAKENING



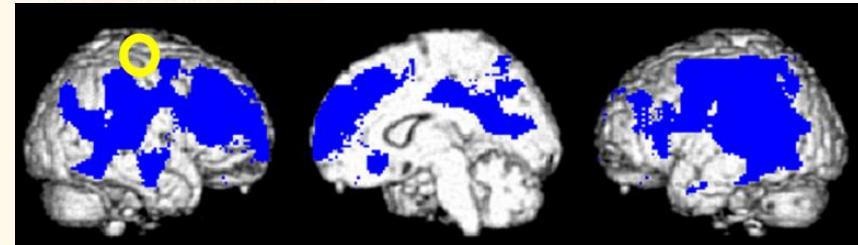
GRIMACING

Douleur : mort cerebrale et VS

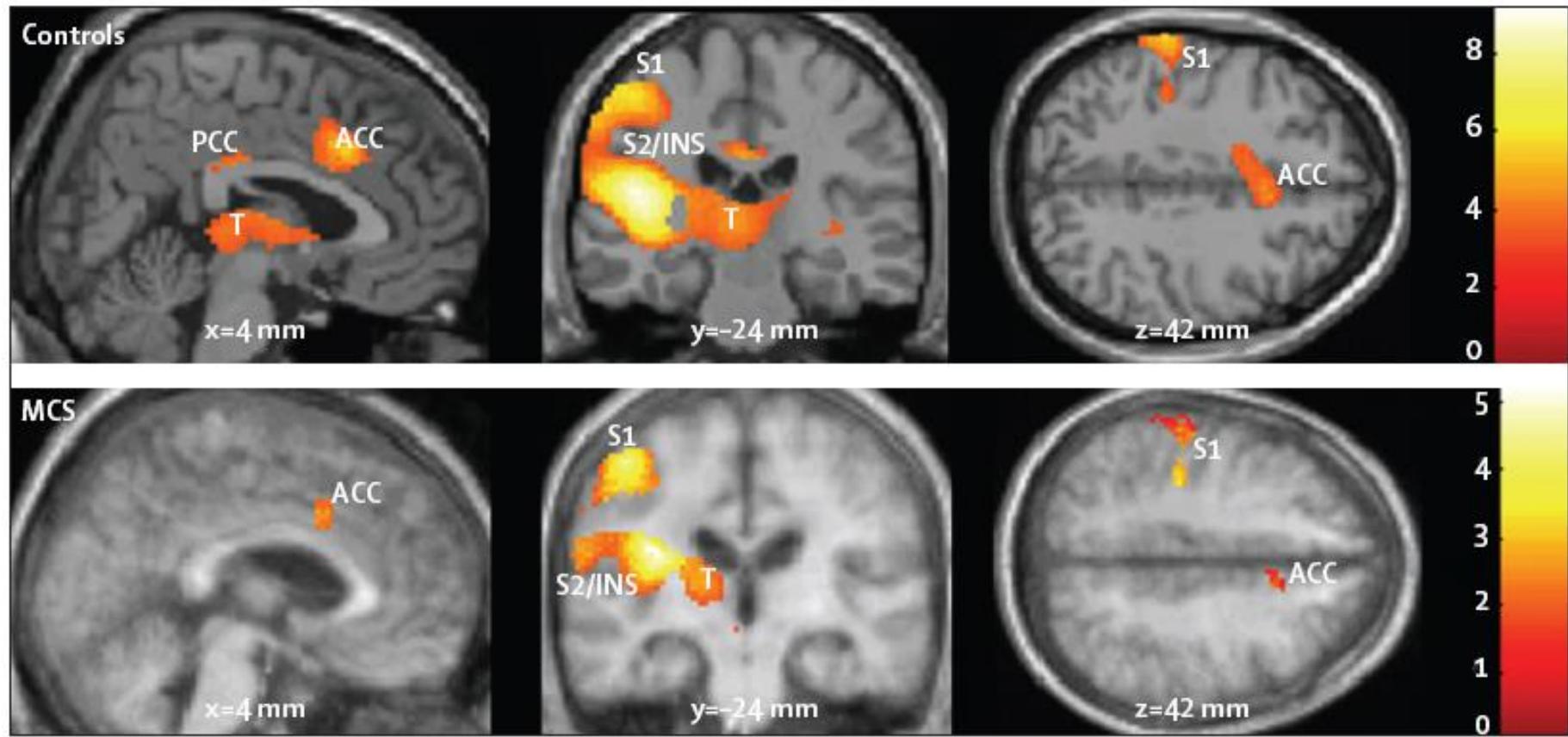
Noxious electrical stimulation



Low level
disconnected
cortical activation



Douleur : MCS



Evaluer la douleur



Nociception Coma Scale - Revised

Motor response

- 3 – Localization to noxious stimulation
- 2 – Flexion withdrawal
- 1 – Abnormal posturing
- 0 – None/flaccid

Verbal response

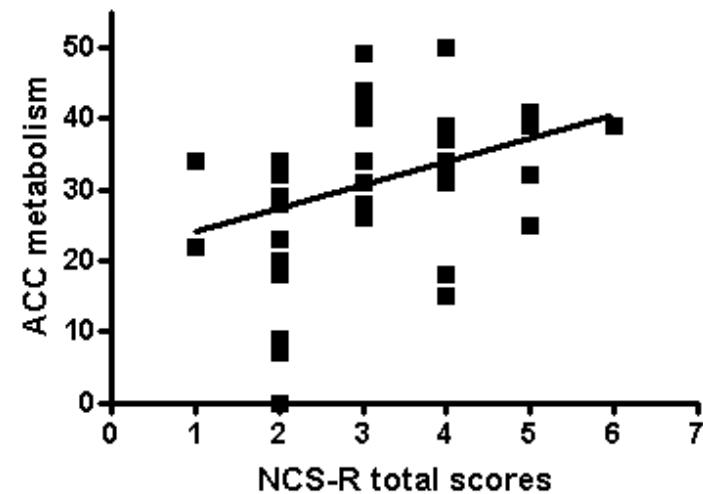
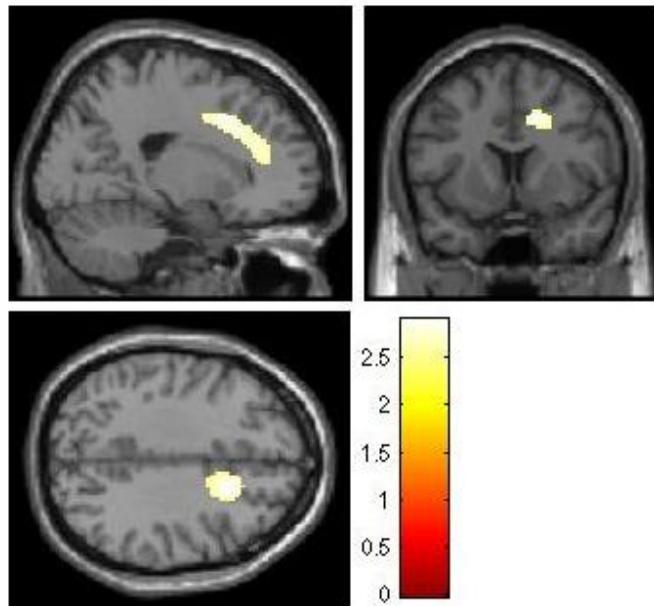
- 3 – Verbalisation (intelligible)
- 2 – Vocalisation
- 1 – Groaning
- 0 – None

Facial expression

- 3 – Cry
- 2 – Grimace
- 1 – Oral reflexive movement/startle response
- 0 – None

Score >3/9
= traitement
antalgique

Evaluer la douleur



Corrélation entre le métabolisme du cortex cingulaire antérieur (ACC – pain matrix) et le score à l'échelle d'évaluation de la douleur (NCS-R)

Spasticité

→ Exagération du réflexe myotatique qui induit une contraction musculaire involontaire lors d'un mouvement ou de manière permanente

Facteurs aggravants: Vitesse d'étirement
Fatigue et stress

Effets secondaires: Rétraction musculaire
Fixation irréductibles
Position vicieuses et douleur

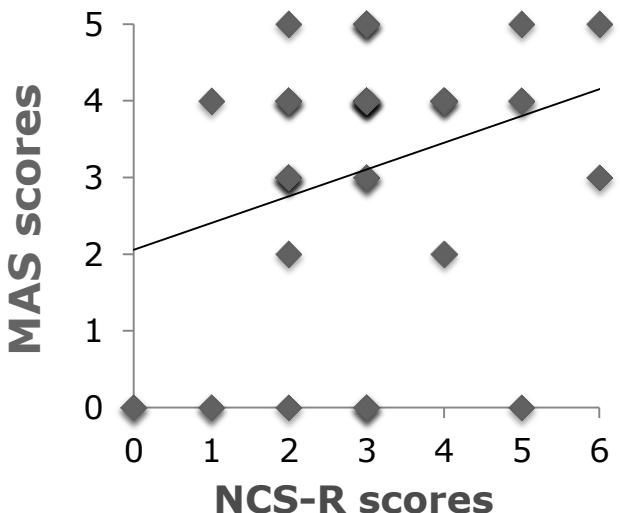
Physiopathologie pas encore entièrement comprise
Pas de guidelines claires pour le traitement



Spasticité

Evaluation de la spasticité* chez VS/UWS & MCS (n=65)

- **89%** (n=58) spastiques
- **60%** (n=39) spasticité sévère
- **Durée depuis l'accident:** corrélation positive avec la spasticité
- **Douleur (Nociception Coma Scale Revised)** : corrélation positive



* Evaluation avec l'échelle d'Ashworth modifiée

Nous entendent-ils?

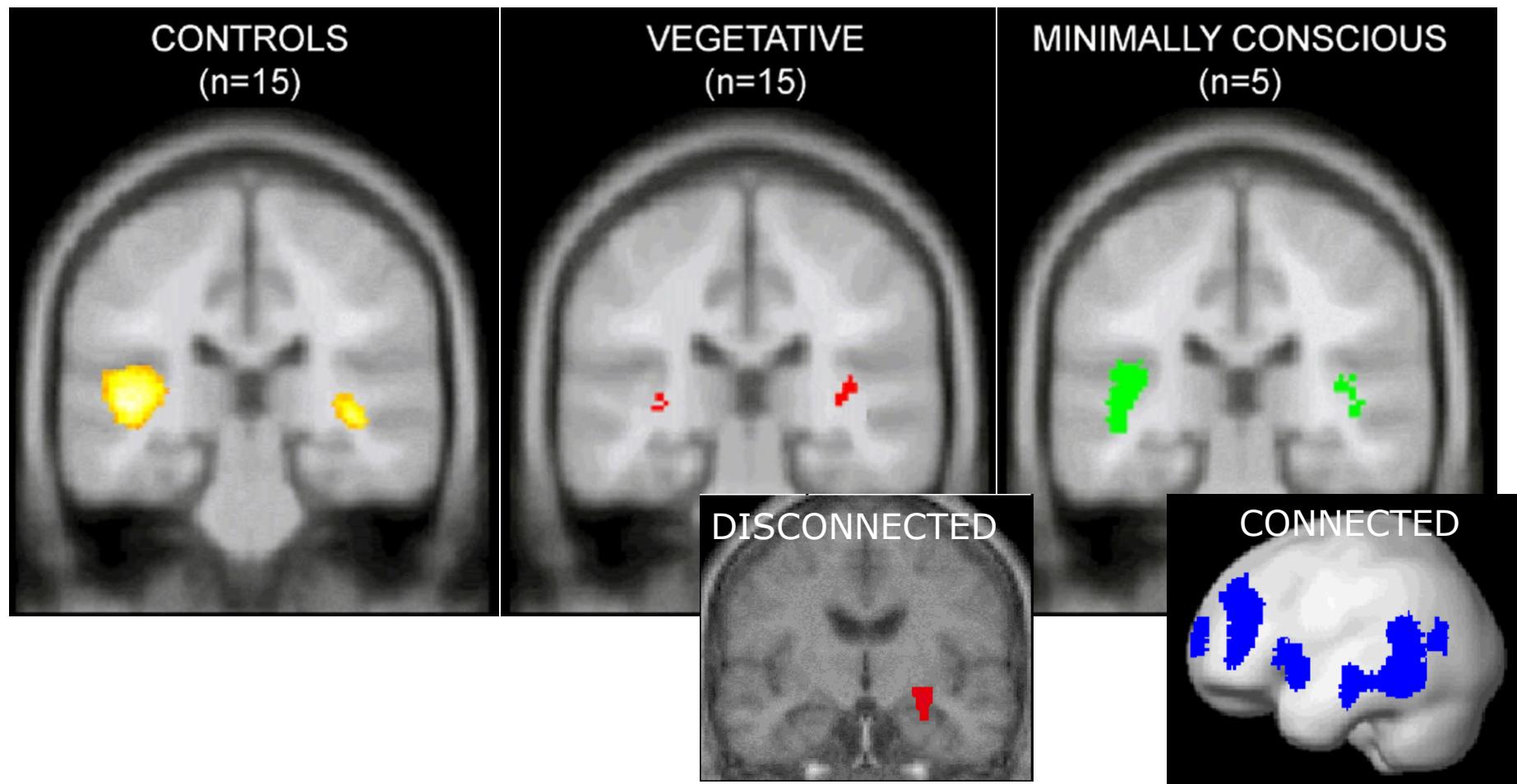


“Parle avec elle” (Hable con Ella)
Pedro Almodóvar

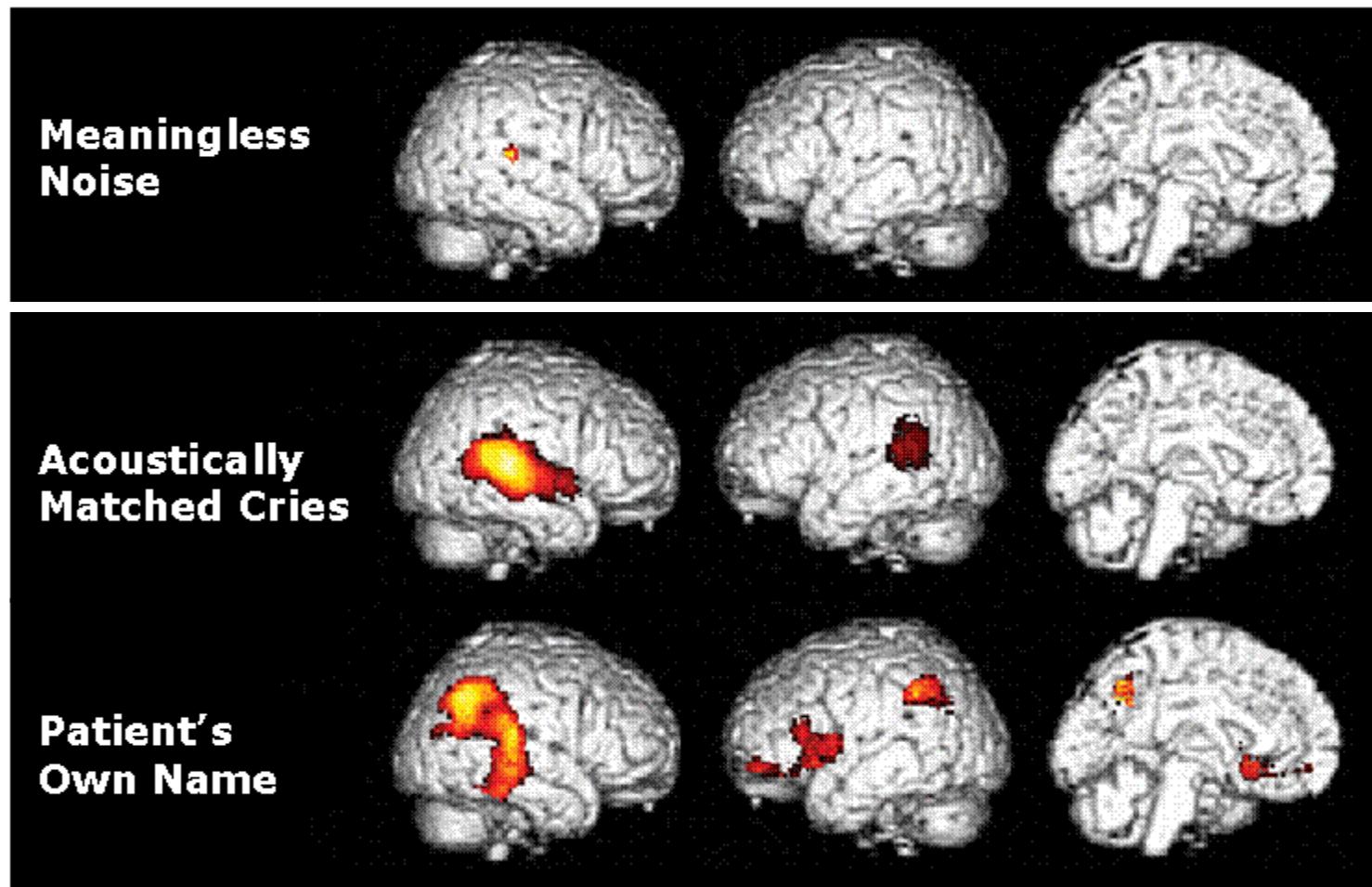
“...a (wo)men’s brain is a mystery...
and even more so in this state.”



Perception auditive



Emotions chez les MCS



Pronostic



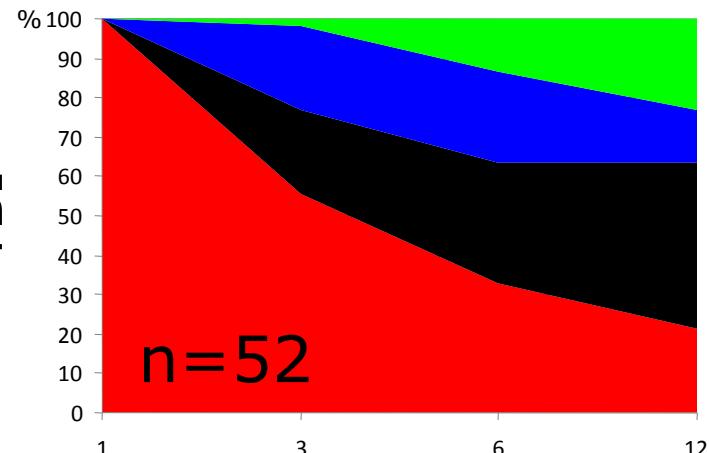
Laureys & Boly
What is it like to be vegetative or minimally conscious?
Curr Opin Neurol 20 (2007) 609-13



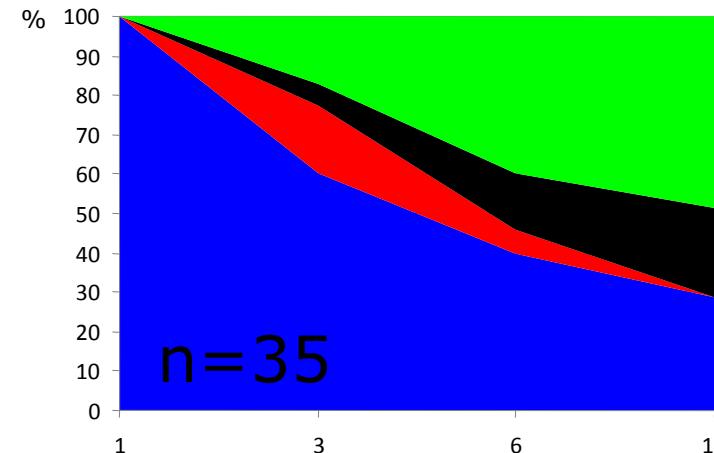
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Pronostic (Projet fédéral belge)

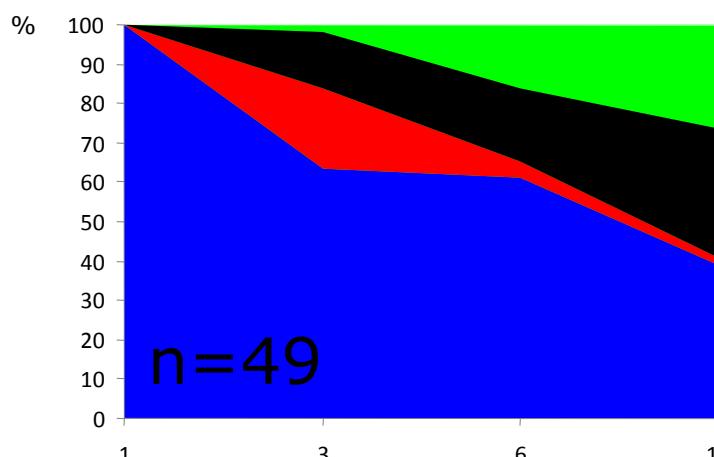
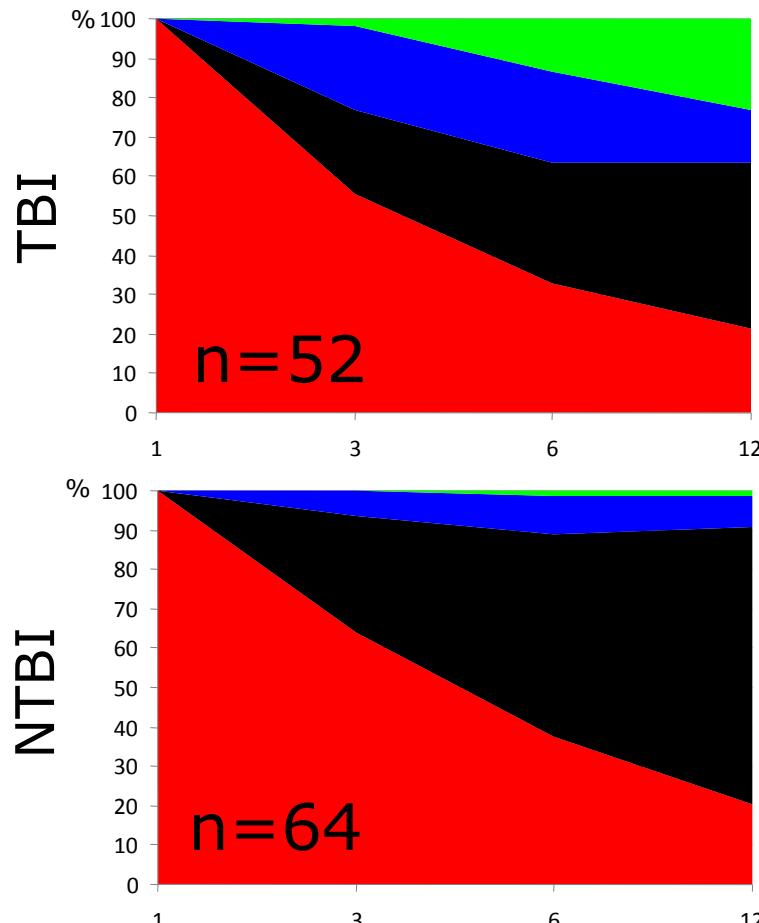
VS/UWS (n=116)



MCS (n=84)

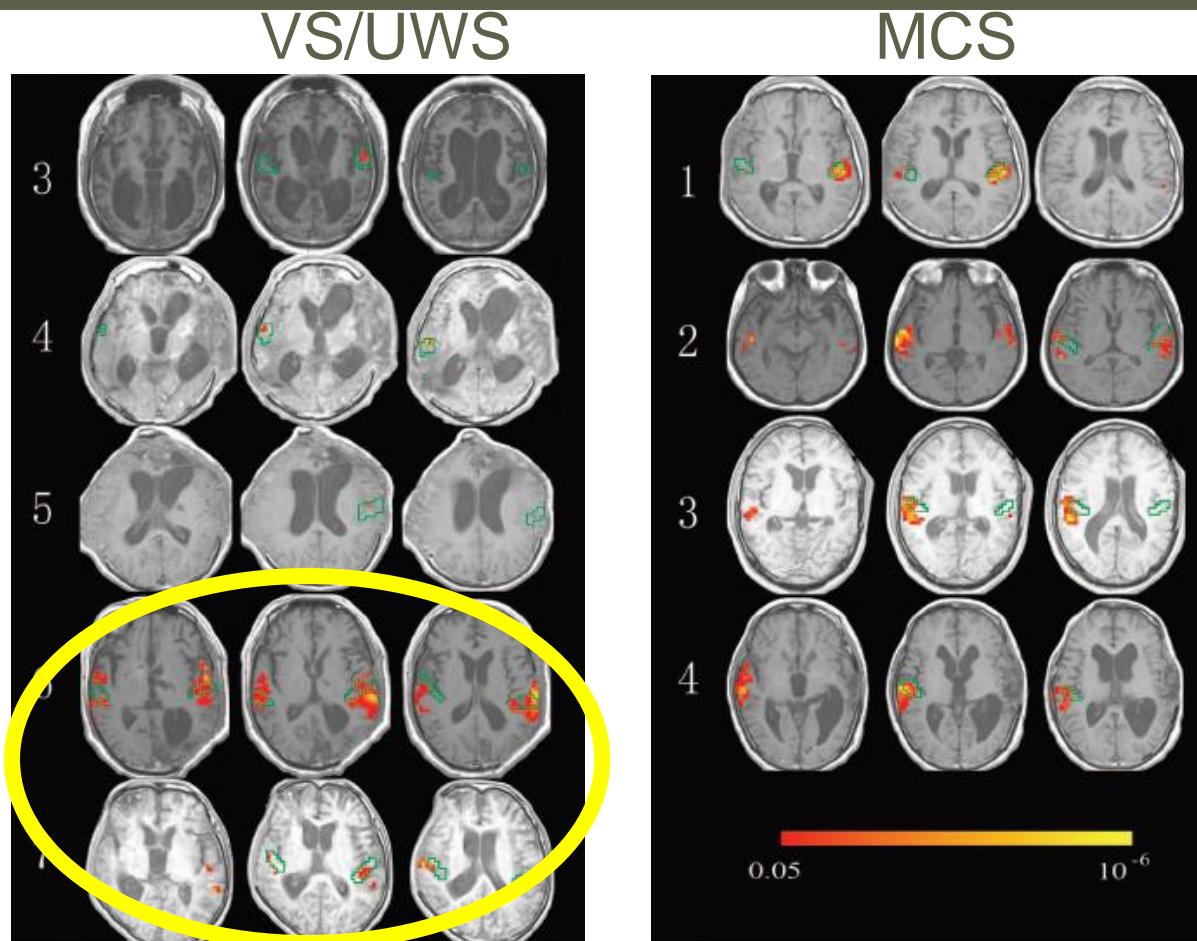


EMERGENCE
MCS
Dead
VS



Valeur pronostique de l'IRMf

Activité
corticale
atypique
→ meilleur
pronostic



Traitements



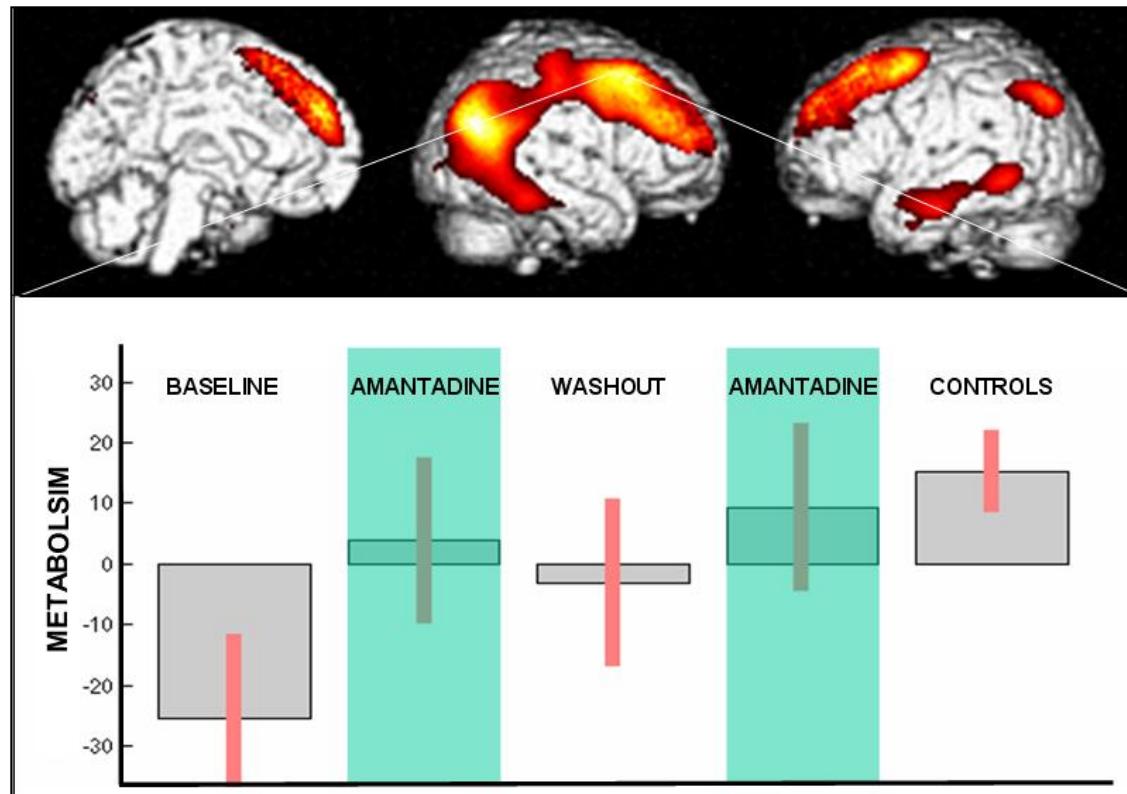
Traitements pharmacologiques

Drugs	Study (first author, year)	Number of patients and etiology	Diagnosis	Placebo control	Reported functional outcome
Dopaminergic agents					
Amantadine	Giacino (2012)	184 TBI	MCS/VS	Yes	Positive
	Schnakers (2008)	1 anoxic	MCS	No	Positive
	Patrick (2006)	10 TBI	Low responsive level	No	No effect
	Hughes (2005)	123 TBI	Coma	NA	No effect
	Saniova (2004)	41 TBI	'Persistent unconsciousness'	NA	Positive
	Meythaler (2002)	35 TBI	MCS	Yes	Positive
Bromocriptine	Brahmi (2004)	4 intoxication	Coma	No	Positive
Levodopa	Matsuda (2003)	3 TBI	VS	No	Positive
Nonbenzodiazepine sedative					
Zolpidem	Cohen (2008)	1 anoxic	Lethargic	No	Positive
	Shames (2008)	1 anoxic	MCS	No	Positive
	Singh (2008)	1 TBI	MCS	No	No effect
	Brefel-Courbon (2007)	1 hypoxic	Akinetic mutism	Yes	Positive
	Clauss (2006)	2 TBI, 1 anoxic	VS	No	Positive
	Clauss (2000)	1 TBI	Semi-comatose	No	Positive
GABA agonist					
Baclofen	Sarà (2007)	1 non-TBI	VS	No	Positive

Adapted from Demertzi et al, *Expert Rev Neurotherapeutics*, 2008

Amantadine

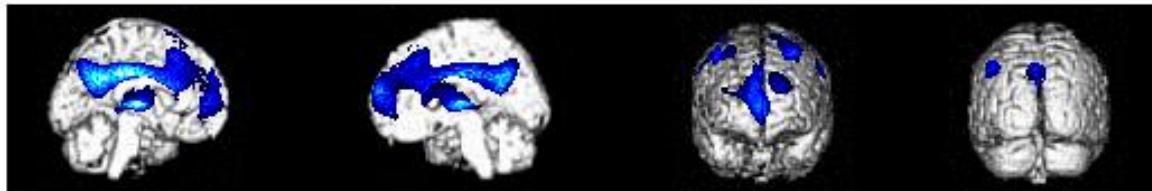
Agent dopaminergique (Parkinson)



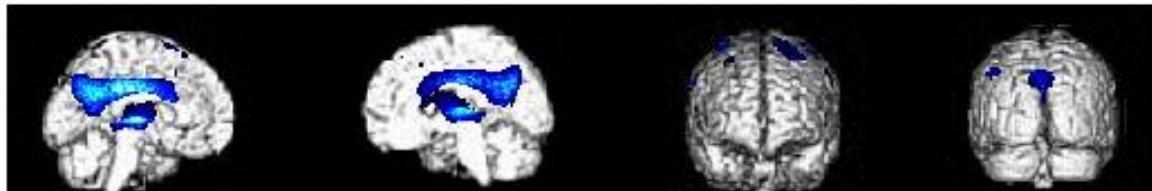
Zolpidem

Agent sédatif (insomnie)

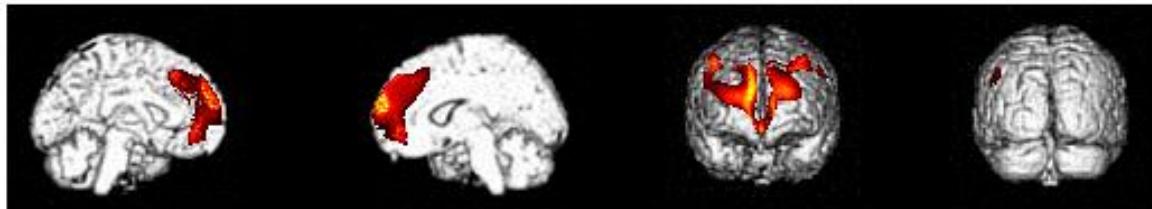
Placebo impaired



Zolpidem impaired



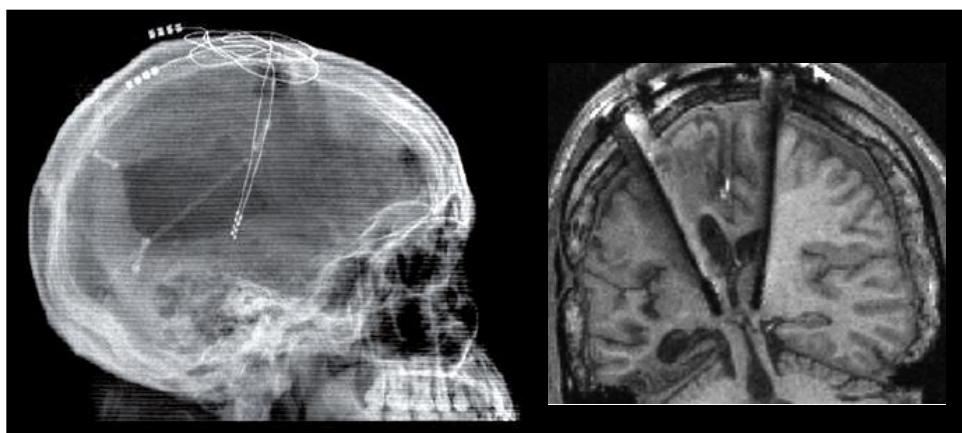
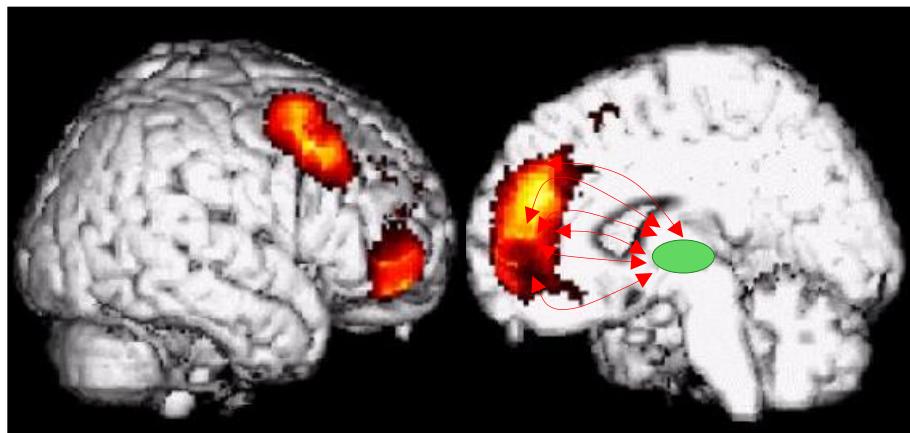
Zolpidem recovered



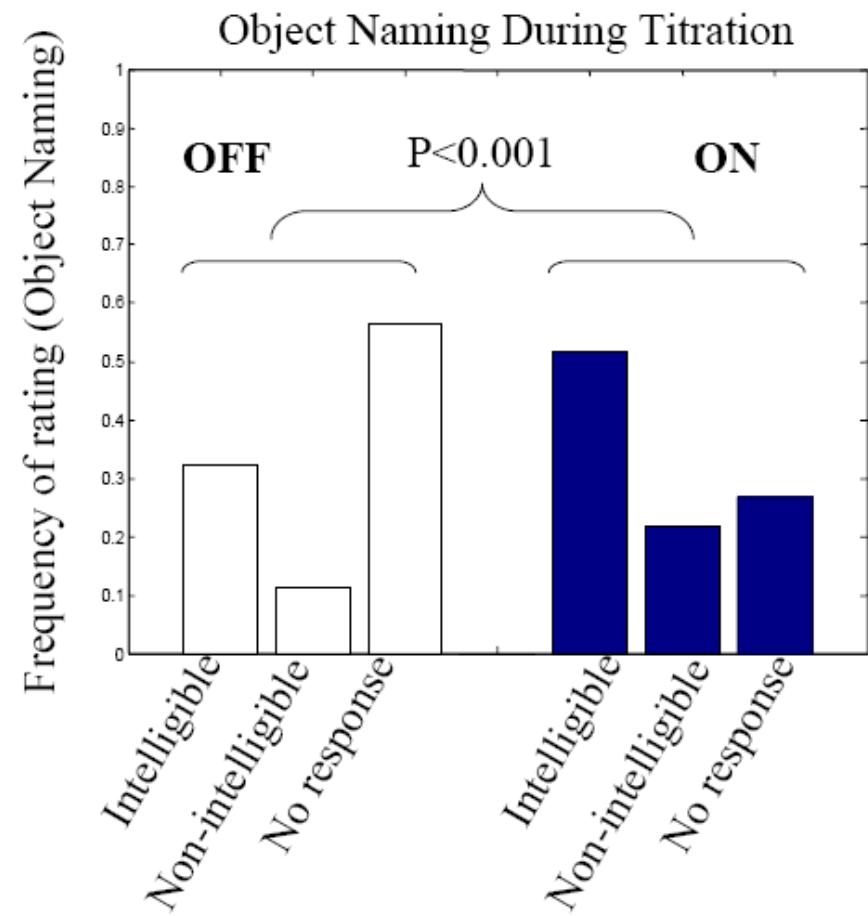
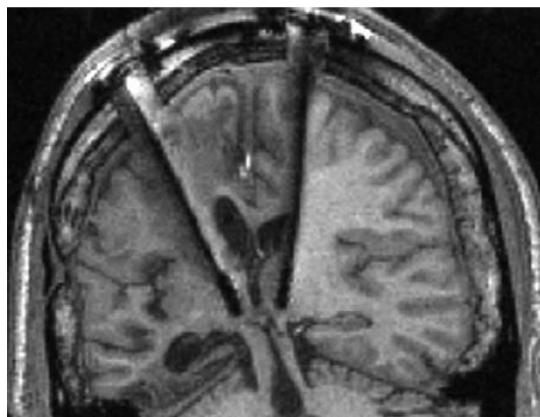
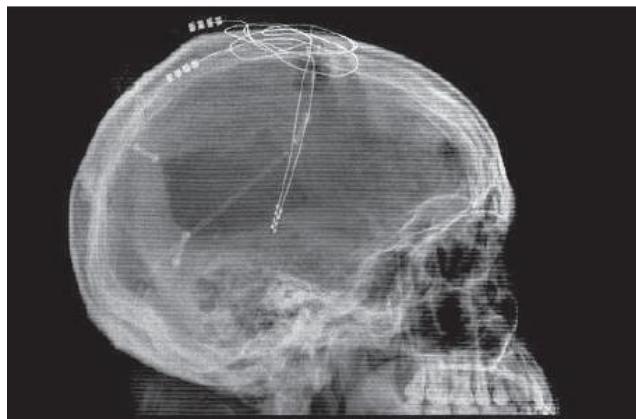
Stimulations cérébrales profondes

Recovery of consciousness =
recovery of thalamo-cortical
(prefrontal) connectivity

Intralaminar nuclei stimulation
induces “recovery” from
minimally responsive state

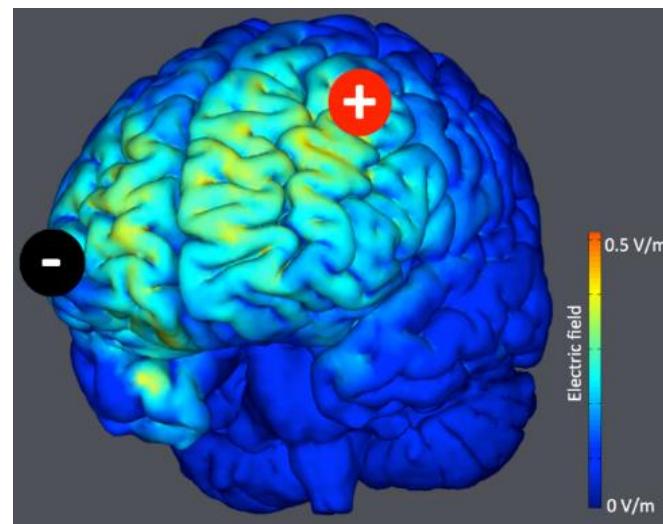
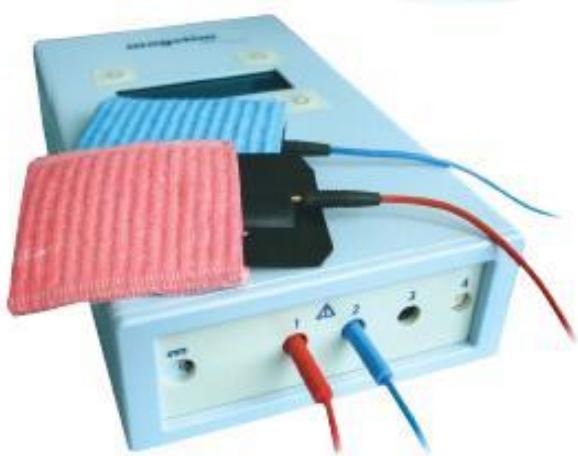


Stimulations cérébrales profondes



Stimulations non-invasives

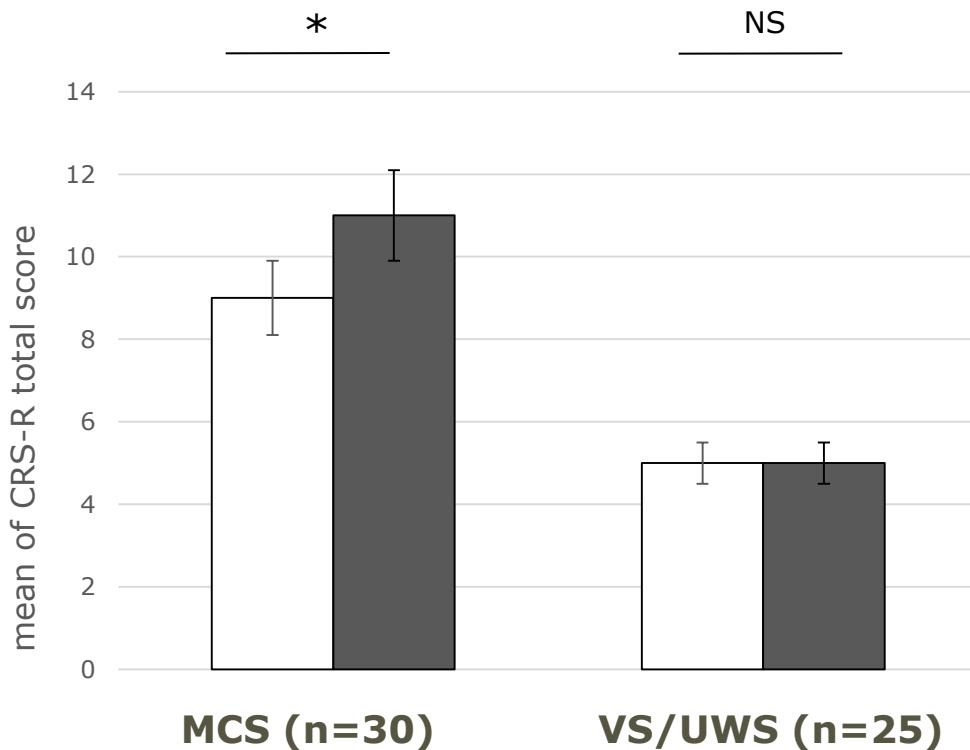
Stimulations transcraniennes à courant continu



Courant continu de 2mA
20minutes sur le cortex préfrontal gauche

Stimulations non-invasives

Stimulations transcraniennes à courant continu



→ 15/55 répondants

- 2 UWS; acute
 - 13 MCS
- 43% of MCS
5>1y post insult

* p<0.001

Stimulations non-invasives

Stimulations transcraniennes à courant continu

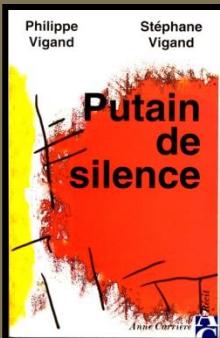
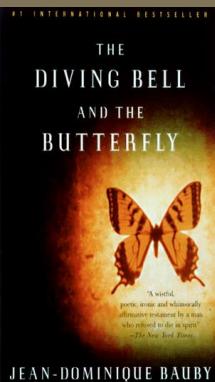
Utilisation d'une cuillère après une stimulation tDCS

Avant

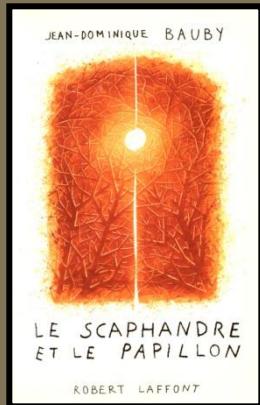
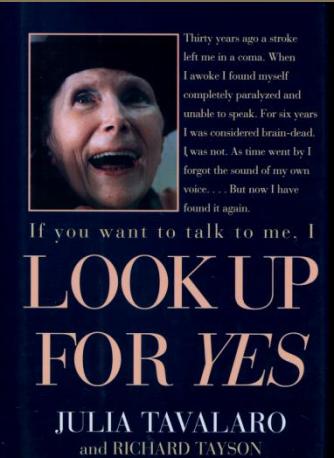


Après

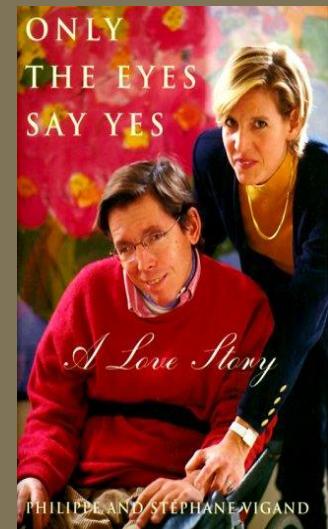




Locked-In Syndrome



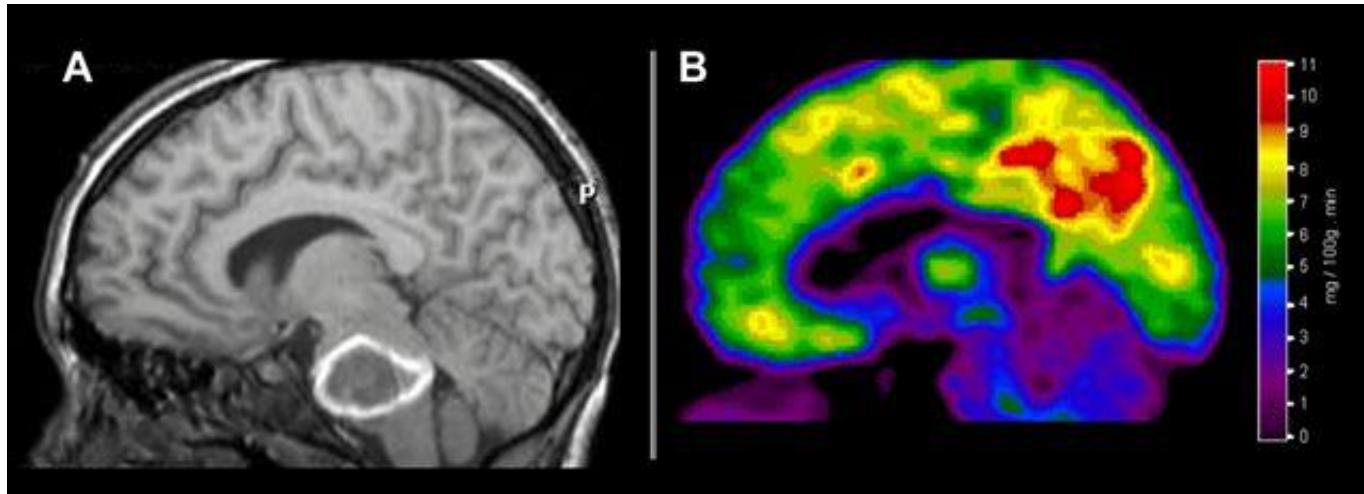
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Locked-in syndrome

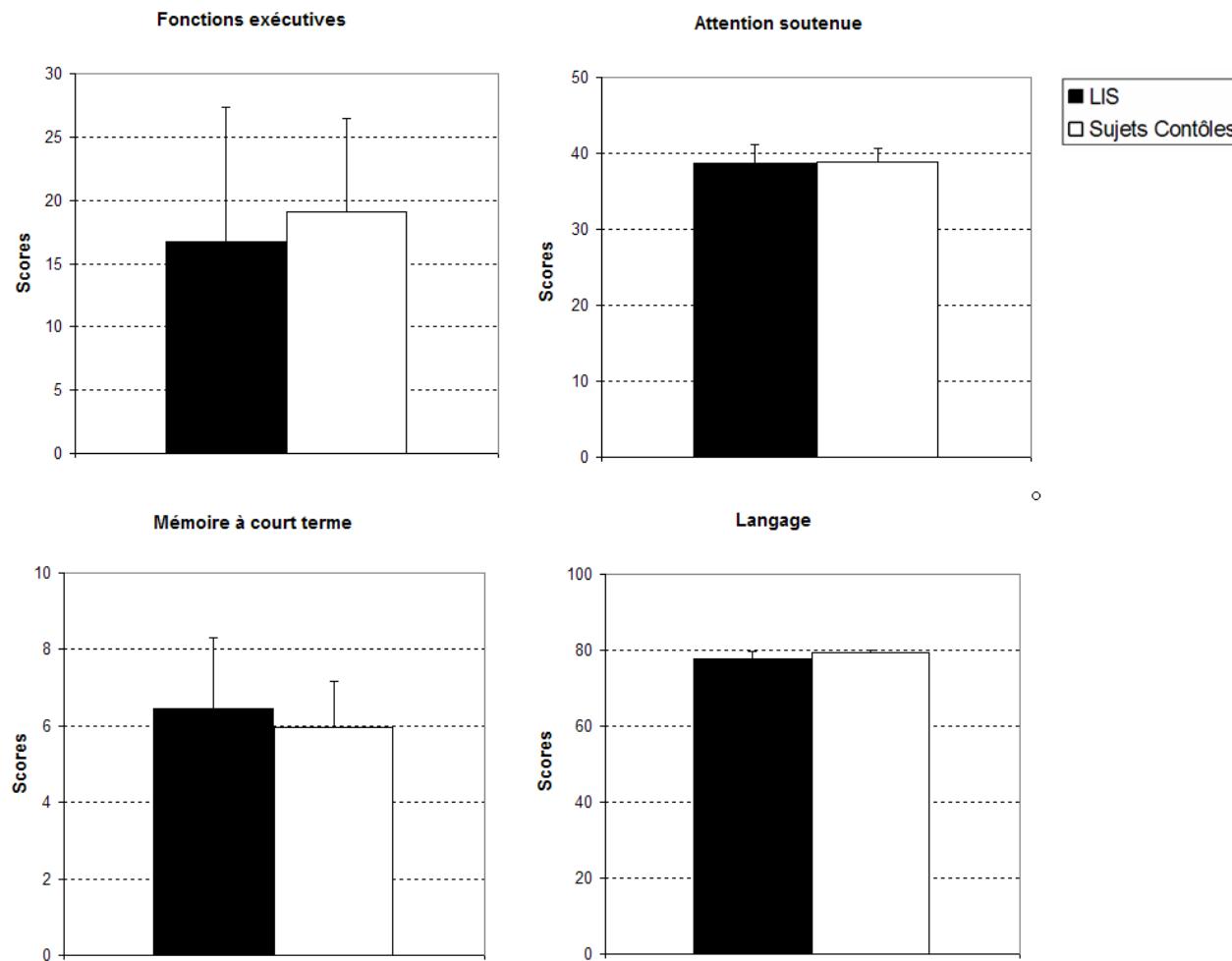


LIS - diagnostique



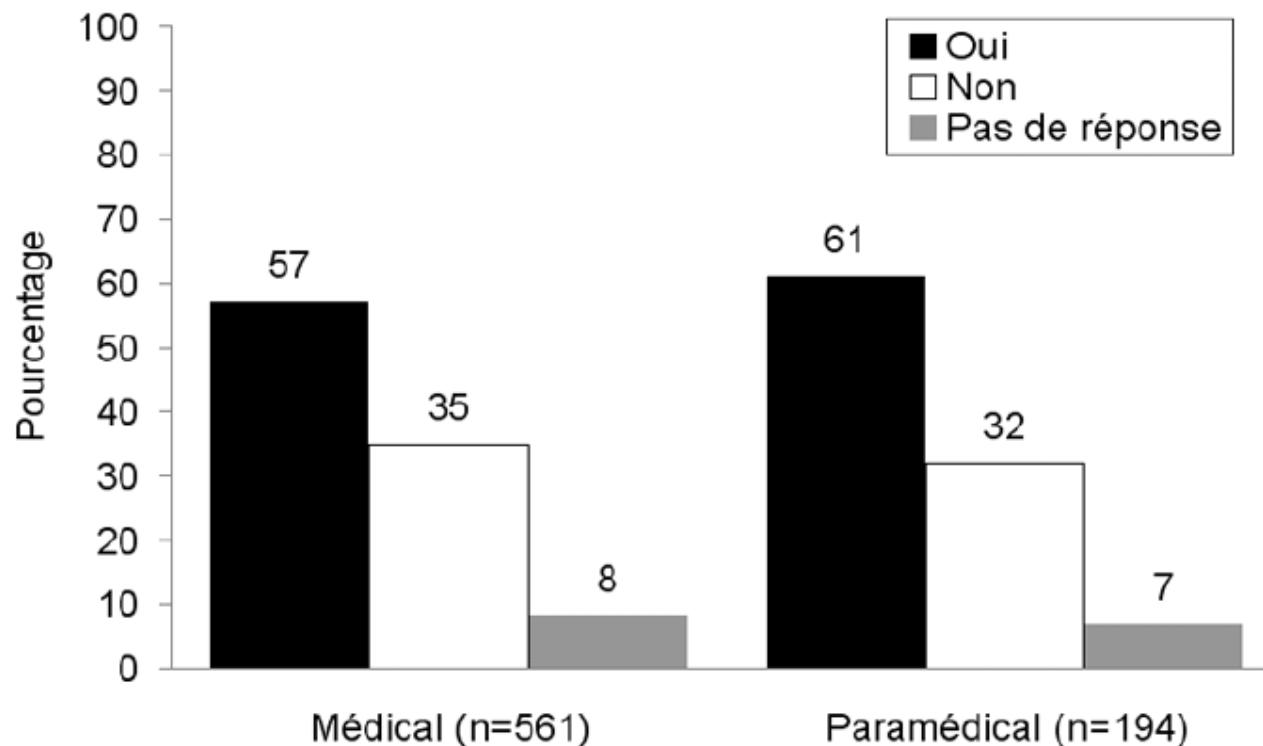
Person who gave the LIS diagnosis	Number of patients (n=84) (%)
Medical doctor	52 (62%)
Family member	28 (33%)
Other	4 (5%)

Fonctions cognitives



Qualité de vie & LIS

Être "locked in" est pire qu'être en état végétatif
ou en état de conscience minimale



Qualité de vie & LIS

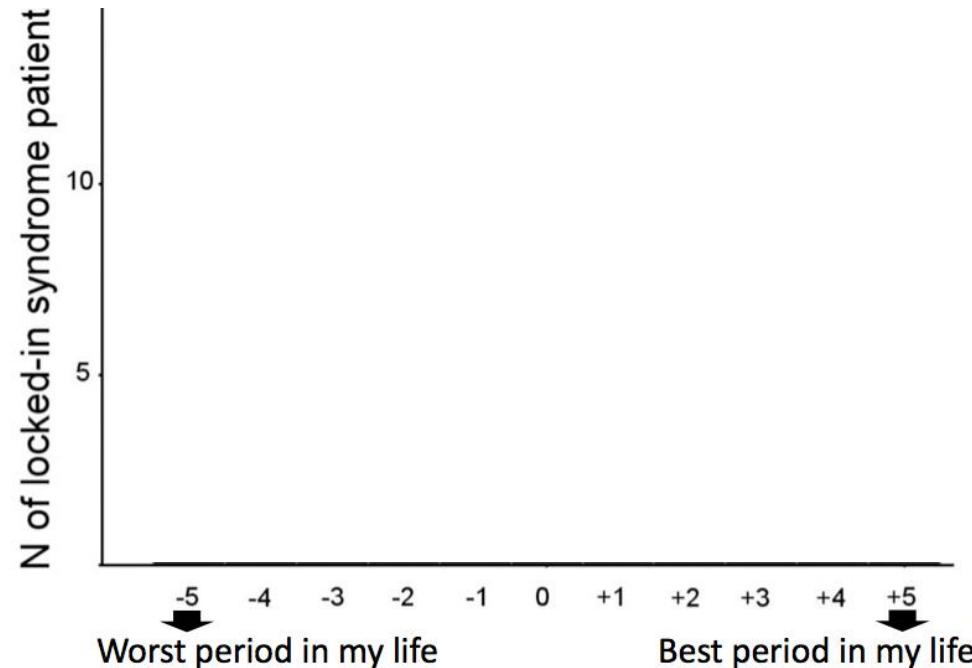
Open Access

Research



A survey on self-assessed well-being in a cohort of chronic locked-in syndrome patients: happy majority, miserable minority

Marie-Aurélie Bruno,¹ Jan L Bernheim,² Didier Ledoux,¹ Frédéric Pellas,³
Athena Demertzi,¹ Steven Laureys¹



Qualité de vie & LIS

Open Access

Research

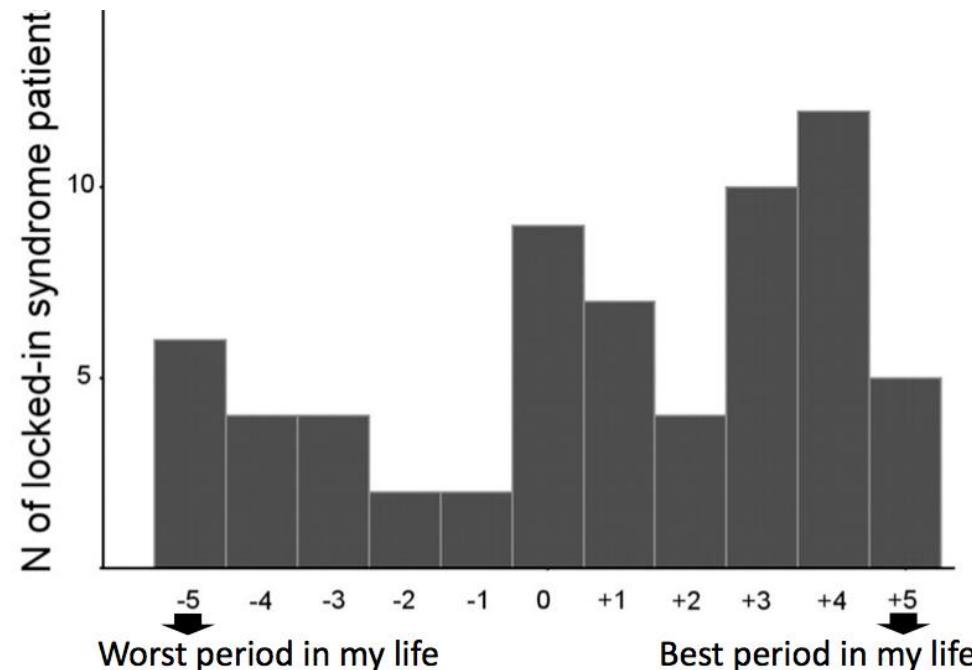


A survey on self-assessed well-being in a cohort of chronic locked-in syndrome patients: happy majority, miserable minority

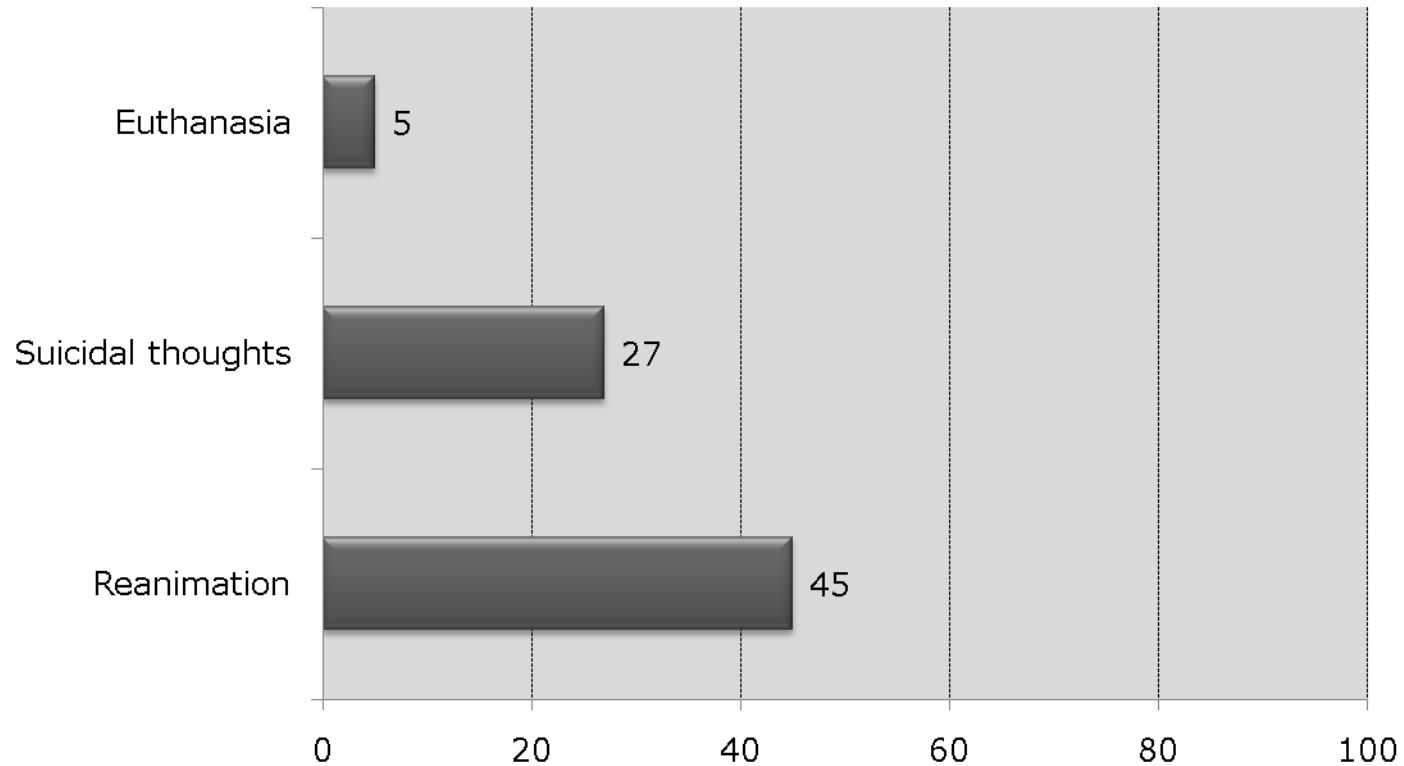
Marie-Aurélie Bruno,¹ Jan L Bernheim,² Didier Ledoux,¹ Frédéric Pellas,³
Athena Demertzi,¹ Steven Laureys¹



No ≠
between LIS
and controls



Qualité de vie & LIS



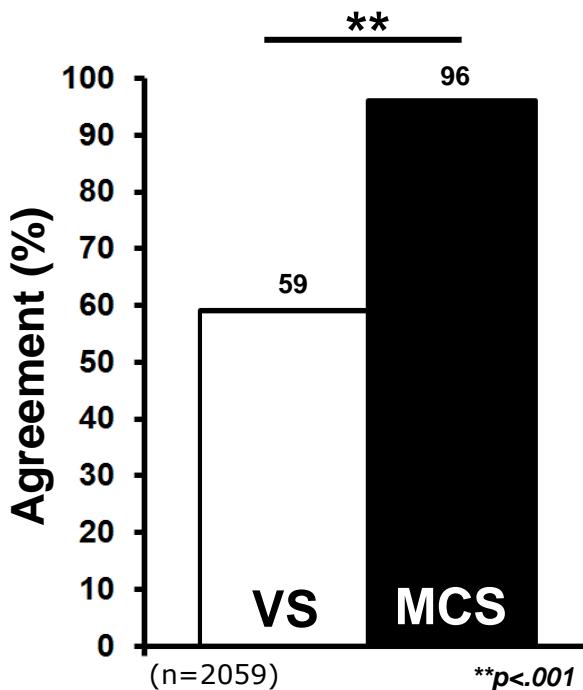
Questions éthiques



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Prise en charge de la douleur

Pensez vous que les patients en ...
ressentent la douleur?



Question Predictors	Odds Ratio	95% Confidence Interval	p value
Do you think VS patients feel pain?			
Age	1.01	1.00 - 1.02	.050
Women	1.25	.99 - 1.58	.060
Northern Europe	1.00		
Central Europe	.81	.58 - 1.14	.240
Southern Europe	1.10	.76 - 1.60	.600
Paramedical professionals	1.56	1.20 - 2.00	<.001
Religious respondents	1.37	1.10 - 1.70	.004
Do you think MCS patients feel pain?			
Women	2.38	1.33 - 4.26	.003
Religious respondents	1.83	1.05 - 3.18	.031

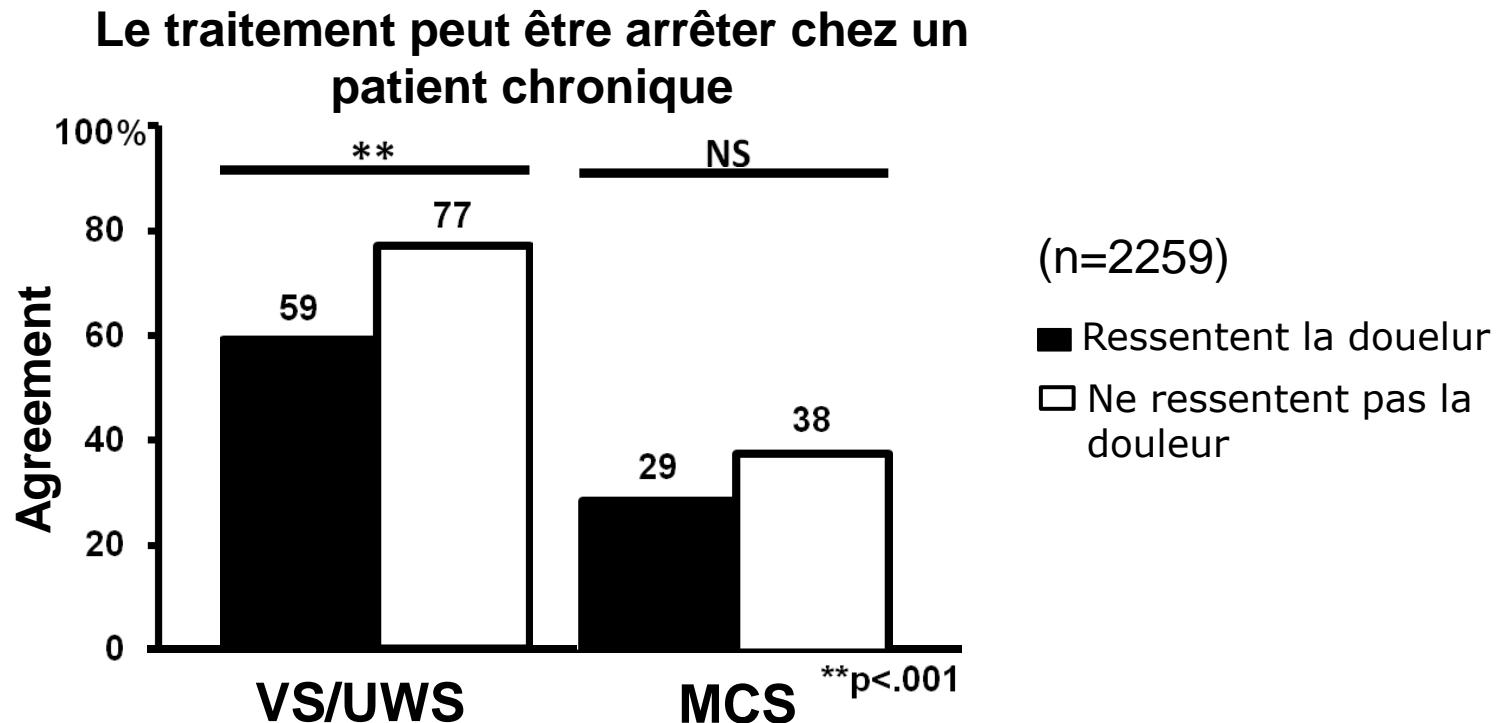
Predicted response: "agreement"

Douleur et fin de vie

Pain Perception in Disorders of Consciousness: Neuroscience,
Clinical Care, and Ethics in Dialogue

A. Demertzi • E. Racine • M-A. Bruno • D. Ledoux • O. Gosseries •
A. Vanhaudenhuyse • M. Thonnard • A. Soddu • G. Moonen • S. Laureys

European
Neurological Society

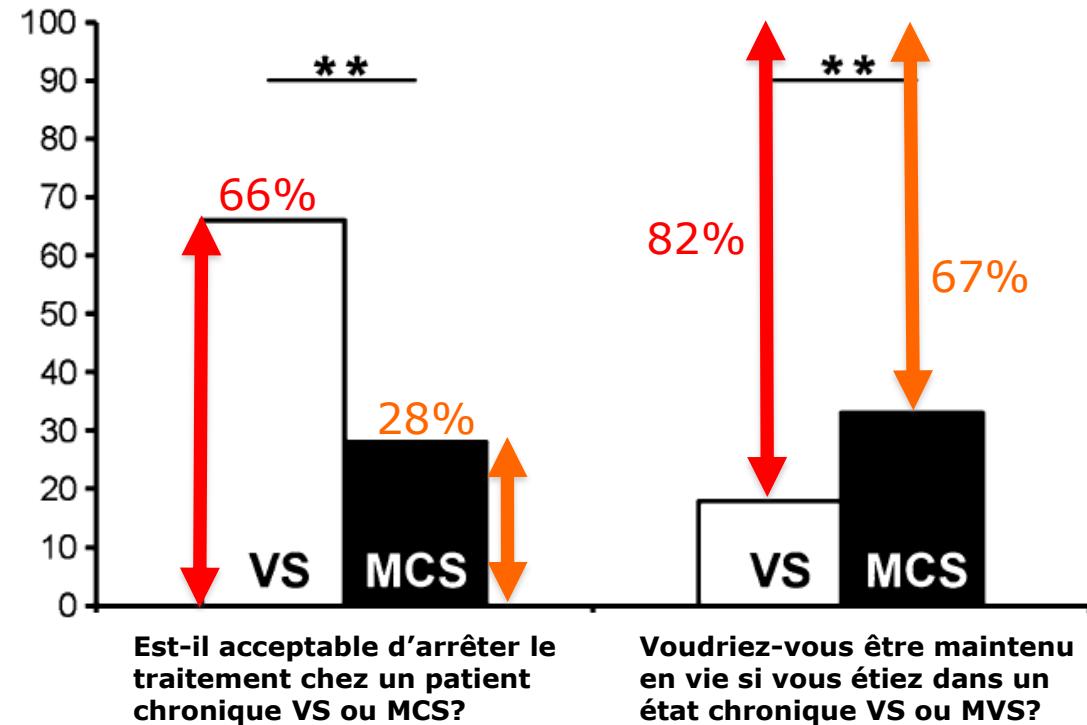


Décision de fin de vie

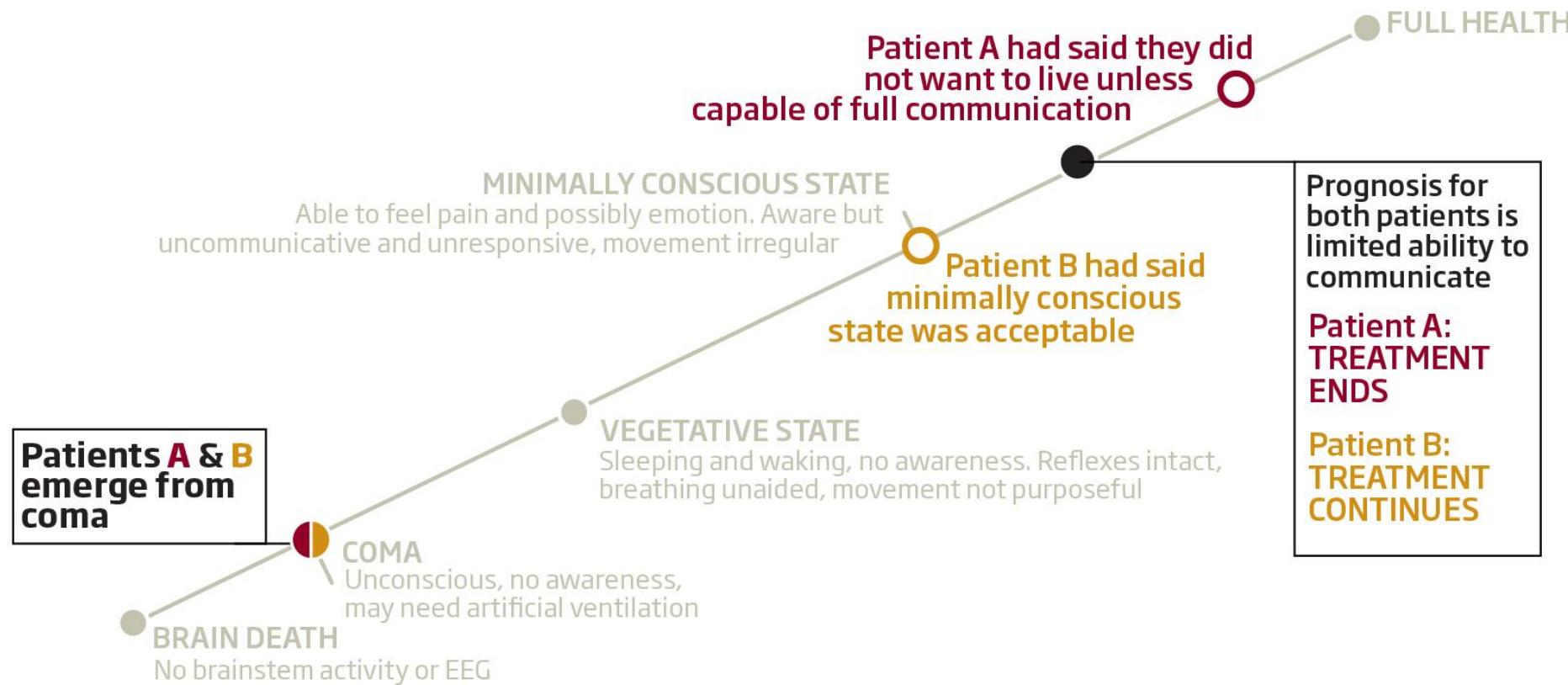
Attitudes towards end-of-life issues in disorders of consciousness: a European survey

A. Demertzi · D. Ledoux · M.-A. Bruno ·
A. Vanhaudenhuyse · O. Gosseries · A. Soddu ·
C. Schnakers · G. Moonen · S. Laureys

2,475 professionnels médicaux



Identifier un proxy



Conclusion



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Translational research

Corrélates neuronaux de la conscience

≈ connectivité au sein d'un réseau frontopariétal

Echelles cliniques

CRS-R, NCS-R

Outils paracliniques

fMRI, PET-scan, EEG, BCIs

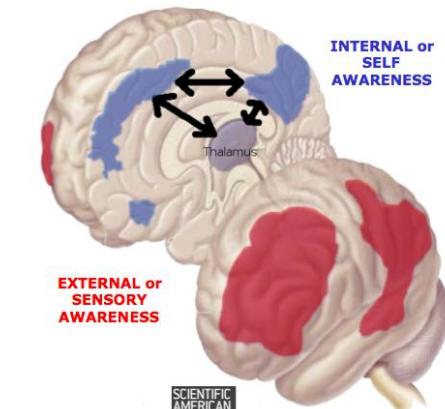
Traitements

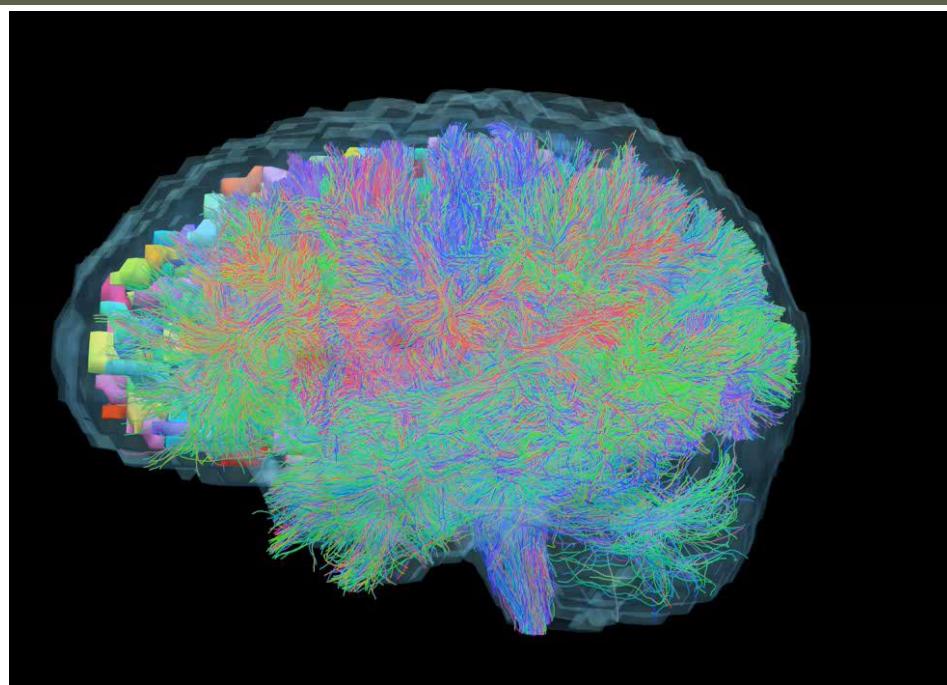
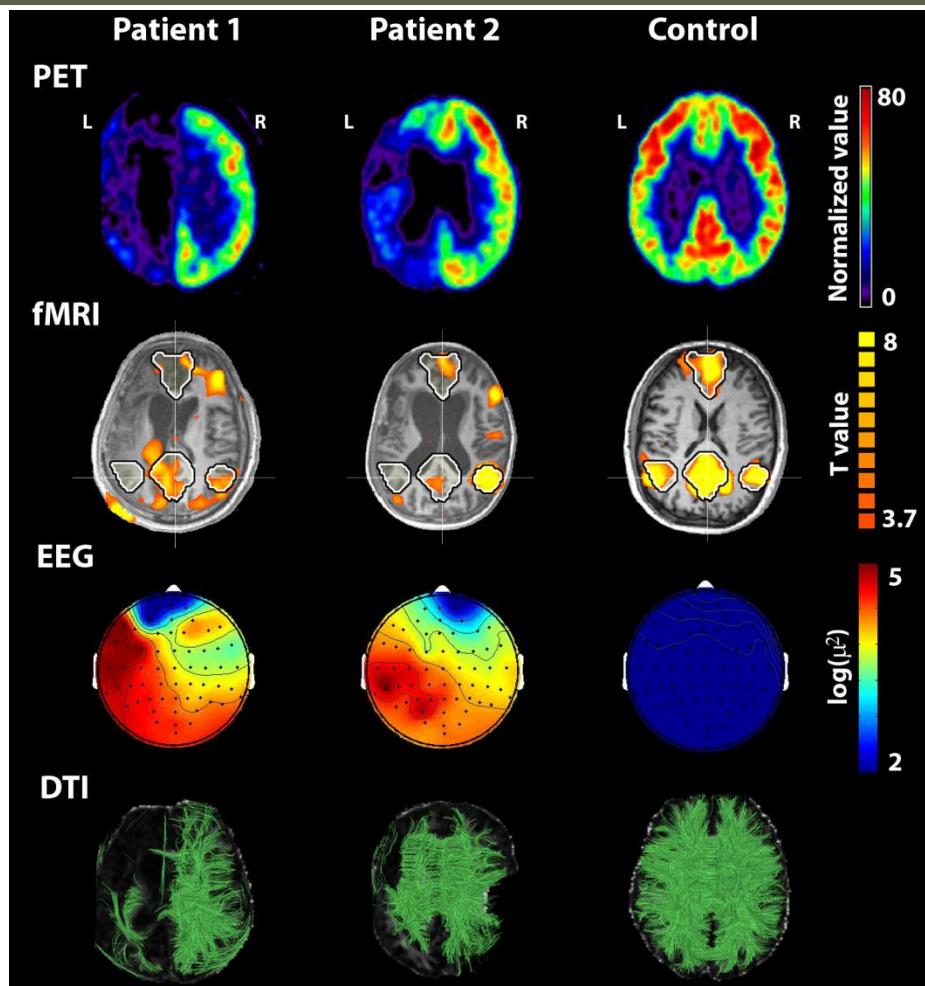
douleur / pharmaco / DBS / tDCS

Questions éthiques

EMG, ERP or fMRI
might reveal subclinical
command-following

EEG (brain-computer
interfaces) or real-time fMRI
might enable communication
that is not dependent
on motor pathways





THANK YOU!



New knowledge, new nosology

