Brussels 2015 - Poster No. P-09-03



Hydro-mechanical simulation in a deep excavation in Boom Clay

P. Y. Hong¹, Y. J. Cui, J. M. Pereira, A. M. Tang, ENPC, France F. Collin, University of Liège, Belgium X.L. Li, ESV EURIDICE GIE, Belgium X. Sillen, ONDRAF/NIRAS, Belgium



Context

Underground Research Facility HADES at Mol:



The PRACLAY Gallery:



2D plane strain modeling

-Fully saturated: $p_{\rm w} = 2.2$ MPa

 $-\sigma_v = 4.5$ MPa, $\sigma_h = 4.04$ MPa

-Coefficient of earth pressure at rest: $K_0 = 0.8$

-All the boundaries are impervious

-Intrinsic permeability: $k_{\rm h} = 2 k_{\rm v}$

Results

-The pore pressure obtained with ACC-2 is quantitatively closer to the in-situ measurements than the results obtained with the MCC and Mohr-Coulomb models, indicating the importance to consider the smooth transition between elasto and plasticity with limited elastic zone of the clay.

Pore pressure near excavation wall using ACC-2 (10mx10 m):



Comparison of the pore pressure along horizontal profile (BC) at the end of the excavation using ACC-2, MCC and Mohr-Coulomb:

Effective stress paths of the element on point B':

2.5 ·



[1] P.Van Marcke, W.Bastiaens. Construction of the PRACLAY Experimental Gallery at the HADES URF. In: Clays in Natural and Engineered Barriers for Radioactive Waste Confinement, Nantes, France, P:7-18, 29 March - 1 April 2010. [2] R. Charlier, R. Chambon, F. Collin, A. Dizier, S. Fauriel, B. François, J. Fokkens, B. Garitte, A. Gens, P. Gerard, et al. Timodaz report: Deliverable d13-simulation of lab and in situ tests. 2010. Study ESV EURIDICE GIE [3] P.Y. Hong. Development and explicit integration of a thermo-mechanical model for saturated clays. PhD Thesis, Universite Paris-Est, France 2013. realised ¹ P. Y. Hong , hongp@cermes.enpc.fr for: ONDRAF/NIRAS