Long term spatial and temporal variability in catches of common spiny lobster *Palinurus elephas* (Fabricius, 1787) in Corsica (NW Mediterranean): fisheries trends, biological trends or both?





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Context and goal of the study

Corsica : a small-scale fishery



1 000 km of coastline Many rocky bottoms

Starget species : *Palinurus elephas*



Context and goal of the study

Corsica : a small-scale fishery

191 small boats





Boat size = 8 meters
Capitaine = owner
1 or 2 fishermen per boat
Duration of a trip = 7 hours
A coastal fishery
...

On the eastern coast Target species : Norway lobster

9 trawlers





Aim of the study

 \clubsuit A decrease since the 1950's

Understand if this decline :

could be linked to overfishing
 or if other biological, ecological or climatic factors could explain this population drop

Contents

Solution Catch and effort reconstruction from 1950 to 2011

♦ Micro-regional analyse from 2004 to 2011

Biological and ecological study for spiny lobster & perspectives





Data source

- Solution Strench Administration
- Srey literature, confidentials reports
- ♥ Published literature
- ♥ Field data





Fishing effort evolution (number of boats)







Evolution of catch



Data source :
✤ Blue: officials statistics
✤ Black: Corsican studies
✤ Orange: reconstruction by Pauly's team



The 1950's





Catch and effort reconstruction from 1950 to 2011

The 1950's



1954 : collapse of catch
1959-60 : 150 t landing
Decrease of trap use
Generalization of nylon mesh fishing nets





The 1960's





№ 1954 : collapse of catch
№ 1959-60 : 150 t landing
№ Abandon of trap
№ Generalization of fishing net in nylon

1965 : 350 t landing...
Follow by a rapid decrease
Same trend since the 1960's





Management strategies

8 marine sanctuarises

Fishing cloture (October to February)

Scandola MPA

Bouches de Bonifacio MPA

Effort limitation (5 km of net)

MLS = 24 cm TL

Prohibition of underwater lobster fishing





Fishery evolution

An obvious decrease of the resource, in spite of management measures increase of fishing effort ?

♥ Number of boats







Fishery evolution

An obvious decrease of the resource, in spite of management measures increase of fishing effort ?





Fishery evolution

An obvious decrease of the resource, in spite of management measures increase of fishing effort ?

♥ Number of boats

♦ Number of nets

Horsepower



Mean horsepower : 3X
 higher in 30 years
 New engines on old vessels

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Fishery evolution

An obvious decrease of the resource, in spite of management measures increase of fishing effort ?

♥ Number of boats ♥ Number of nets ♦ Horsepower ÷ Stechnical and technological improvements



Fishery evolution

An obvious decrease of the resource, in spite of management measures increase of fishing effort ?

Number of boats
 Number of nets
 Horsepower
 Technical and technological improvements
 Fishing gears improvement

A Corsican problem ?
✤ A parallel evolution in Mediterranean Sea
✤ Apparition of nylon nets in Italia, Sardinia, Sicily an Balearic Island in the 1950's
✤ Resource decrease



Fishery evolution



Solution An importante capture decrease since the 1950's, with occasionally high productions

♦ Need for a more detailed view

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Micro-regional analyse from 2004 to 2011

Data collection

On-board monitoring program
4 observers around the island
Data:

× net length
× mesh size
× depth
× soak time
× biological data







Micro-regional analyse from 2004 to 2011

Catch and effort









Micro-regional analyse from 2004 to 2011

Distribution of fishing effort

Important effort in Ajaccio

Smaller size in Ajaccio

However, an important recruitment event in Ajaccio

Necessity to integrate biological, ecological and oceanographical parameters





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Sological and ecological study for spiny lobster & perspectives









Biological and ecological study for spiny lobster & perspectives

Distribution of phyllosoma





Western coast: ⇔ Early stages were catched ⇔ 20-30 meters deep







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Distribution of phyllosoma



Western coast: ⇔ Early stages were catched ⇔ 20-30 meters deep





♥ Failure... we have to persist !





Biological and ecological study for spiny lobster & perspectives Puerulus collectors



2008 to 2011
14 sites
Different substrates & depths



Biological and ecological study for spiny lobster & perspectives Puerulus collectors







Biological and ecological study for spiny lobster & perspectives

Recruitment monitoring

♥ Underwater survey – visual census





♦ Collector trial

♥ We have to continue !





Biological and ecological study for spiny lobster & perspectives

Perspectives

Impact of the lobster fishery
 Importance of oceanographical process and biological, ecological parameters

Carry on fishing monitoring
 Develop biological and ecological research
 Integrate oceanographical data

Larval drift : where do the « corsican » larvae live ?
 Self-recruitement or global recruitement ?

