

Modeling of a glass mineral wool process in view of Life **Cycle Analysis**

KNAUFINSULATION



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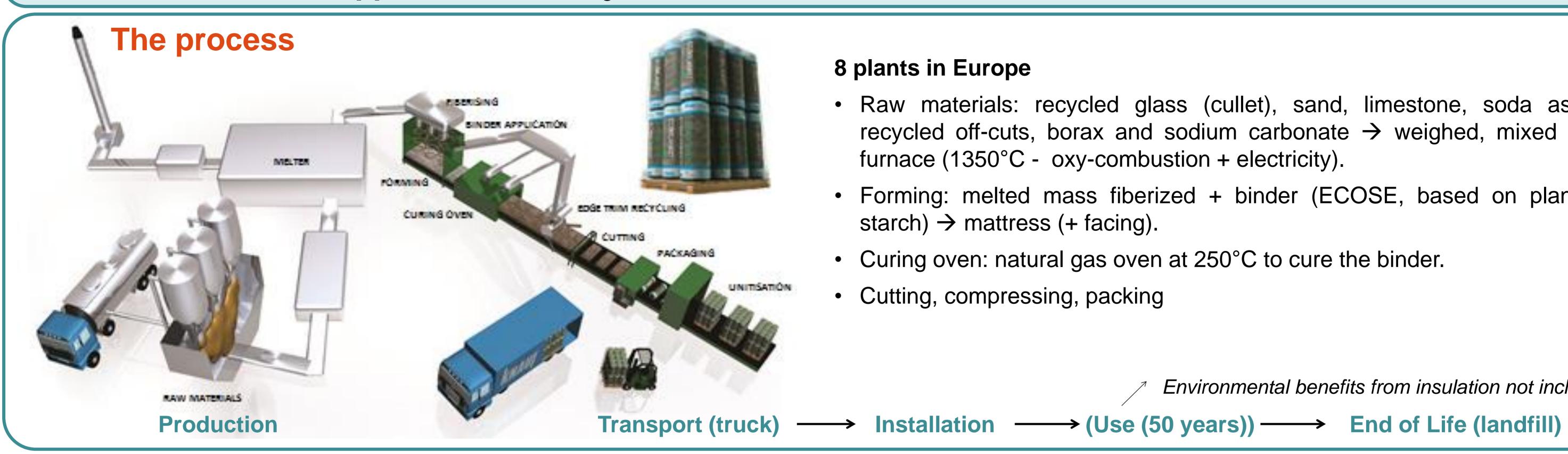
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Introduction

Building sector: Environmental Product Declarations (EPD) -> Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

Knauf Insulation (glass wool producer): LCA -> Several glass wool factories in Europe -> Various products and the same product can be produced in several factories → Generic GaBi model [1] → EPD and Eco-design



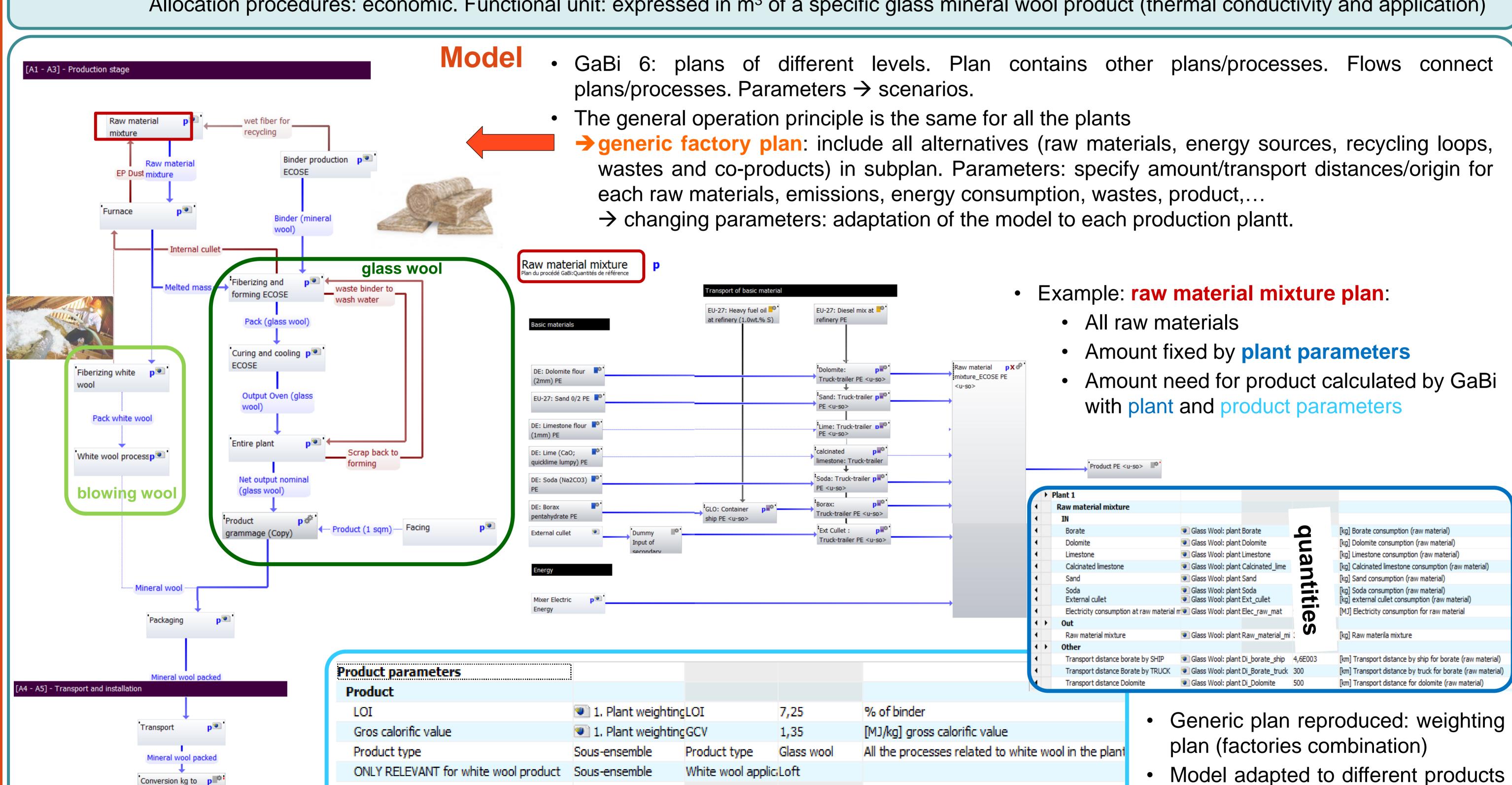
8 plants in Europe

- Raw materials: recycled glass (cullet), sand, limestone, soda ash, recycled off-cuts, borax and sodium carbonate \rightarrow weighed, mixed \rightarrow furnace (1350°C - oxy-combustion + electricity).
- Forming: melted mass fiberized + binder (ECOSE, based on plants) starch) → mattress (+ facing).
- Curing oven: natural gas oven at 250°C to cure the binder.
- Cutting, compressing, packing

Environmental benefits from insulation not included

LCA ISO 14040 [2], 14044 [3] and ILCD handbook [4] = guides. Compliant with EN 15804 [5] (\rightarrow EPD).

Allocation procedures: economic. Functional unit: expressed in m³ of a specific glass mineral wool product (thermal conductivity and application)



Product dimension

Density nominal

Product length

Product width

Nb Piece pallet

Thickness

- **Conclusions and perspectives**
- A generic LCA model (GaBi 6) every glass mineral wool product
- any manufacturing plant, or combination This model
- structured data collection

sqm (GW) <u-so>

Natio: Conversion p

Installation

[C2 - C4] - Transport to end of life and disposal

Mineral wool board

flexible -> EPD and Eco-Design.

Example: 1 m³ of product (density: 24.8 kg/m³ - CML 2011)

1. Plant weighting density_nominal 24,8

1. Plant weighting Nb PC per palle 120

1. Plant weighting Product_length

1. Plant weightingProduct_width

1. Plant weighting Thickness

- **EPD** (fast: only parameters changing
- Eco design:

Results

- Detailed LCA
- changing parameters -> scenarios
- Different plants (comparison)
- Several impact categories (avoid impact transfer)
- Impact categories 1 m³ EoL Transport installation Packaging Facing Production Basic materials Binder GWP

[Kg/m3] of finished product to calculate grammage

mm of finished product to calculate grammage

pc per pallet

(glass wool or blowing wool),

different types (panel/roll,

product parameters

dimensions, etc.

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Bibliographie: 1. LBP, University of Stuttgart, and PE INTERNATIONAL, GaBi 6: Documentation of GaBi6-Datasets for life cycle engineering. 2. ISO 14040: Management environnemental - Analyse du cycle de vie - Principes et cadre, ISO, Editor 2006./ 3. ISO 14044 : Management environnemental - Analyse du cycle de vie - Exigences et lignes directrices, ISO, Editor 2006. 4. Guinee, J., Handbook on life cycle assessment - Operational guide to the ISO standards. International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment, 2001. 6(5): p. 255-255. 5. EN 15804: 2012-04: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products.