

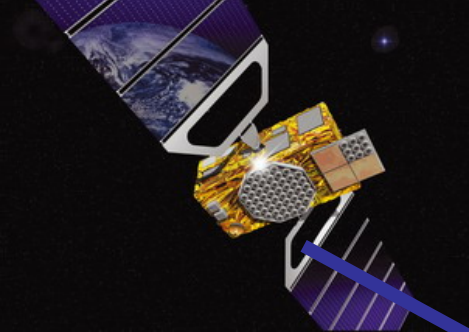
# NeQuick: In-Depth Analysis and New Developments



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Ionosphere

Troposphere



# 1. Introduction

*Why modelling ionosphere for GALILEO SF users?*

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# 2. NeQuick

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# 3. Assessment and tools

*Let's assess NeQuick!*

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*Let's assess NeQuick!*

# 4. Profile analysis

*What are the consequences of developments?*

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*Let's assess NeQuick!*

# 4. Profile analysis

*What are the consequences of developments?*

# 5. Global analysis

*Do they improve the global behaviour?*



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5. Global analysis



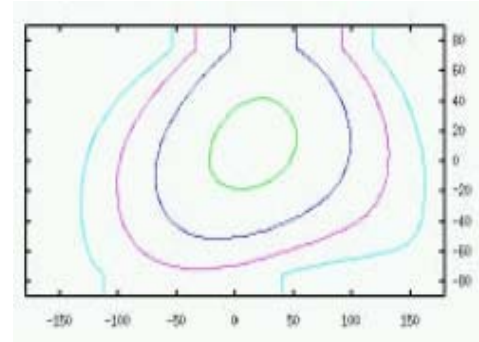
# Ionospheric delay depends on TEC and frequency.

- Ionospheric delay =  $40.3 * \text{TEC} / f^2$
- $f \rightarrow$  need of model  
especially for **single frequency** users
- TEC  $\rightarrow$  1 **TECu** =  $10^{16}$  el.  $\text{m}^{-2} \sim 0.16$  m (L1)

# 1. Introduction

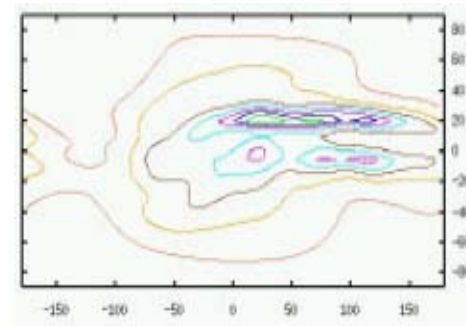
# We want to improve its modelling for GALILEO.

GPS: Klobuchar



vTEC  
and obliquity factor  
→ 50% RMS cor.

GALILEO: NeQuick



sTEC  
→ 70% RMS cor. ?



1. Introduction

2. **NeQuick**

3. Assessment and tools

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## 2. NeQuick

NeQuick is  
an empirical « profiler ».

- **Output** = electron density → integration
- Layer peaks = anchor points  
→ **monthly** median CCIR maps
- **Input** = ionospheric variables such as solar flux

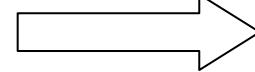
## 2. NeQuick

We will use it  
on a daily basis.

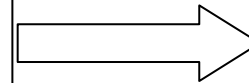
- Monthly flux replaced by **daily** parameter (Az)



Measure  
sTEC



Optimize  
Az



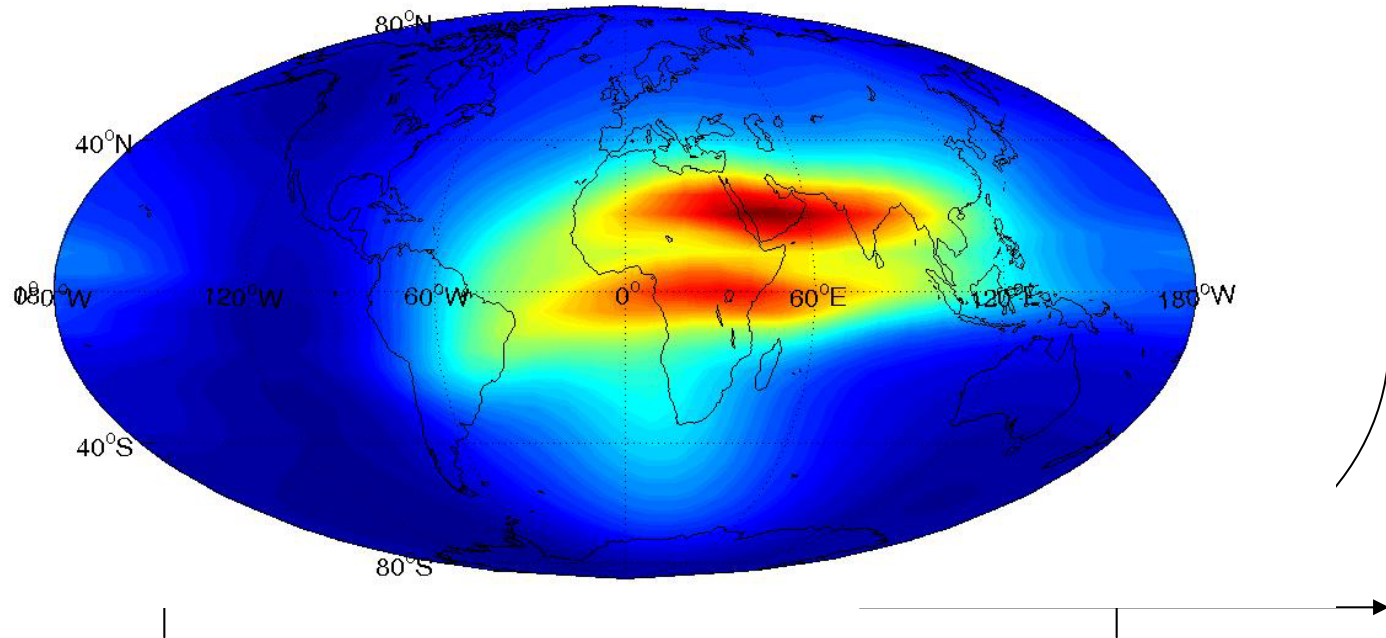
Run  
NeQuick

## 2. NeQuick

We need to investigate some problems.

- Modelled TEC **too high** at equator

- (



- Topside?

1. Introduction

2. NeQuick

3. Assessment and tools

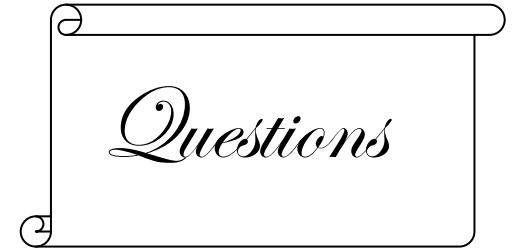
4. Profile analysis

5. Global analysis

### 3. Assessment and tools

We drew a list of questions.

- Understand NeQuick



- Improve physical behaviour



- Effective use



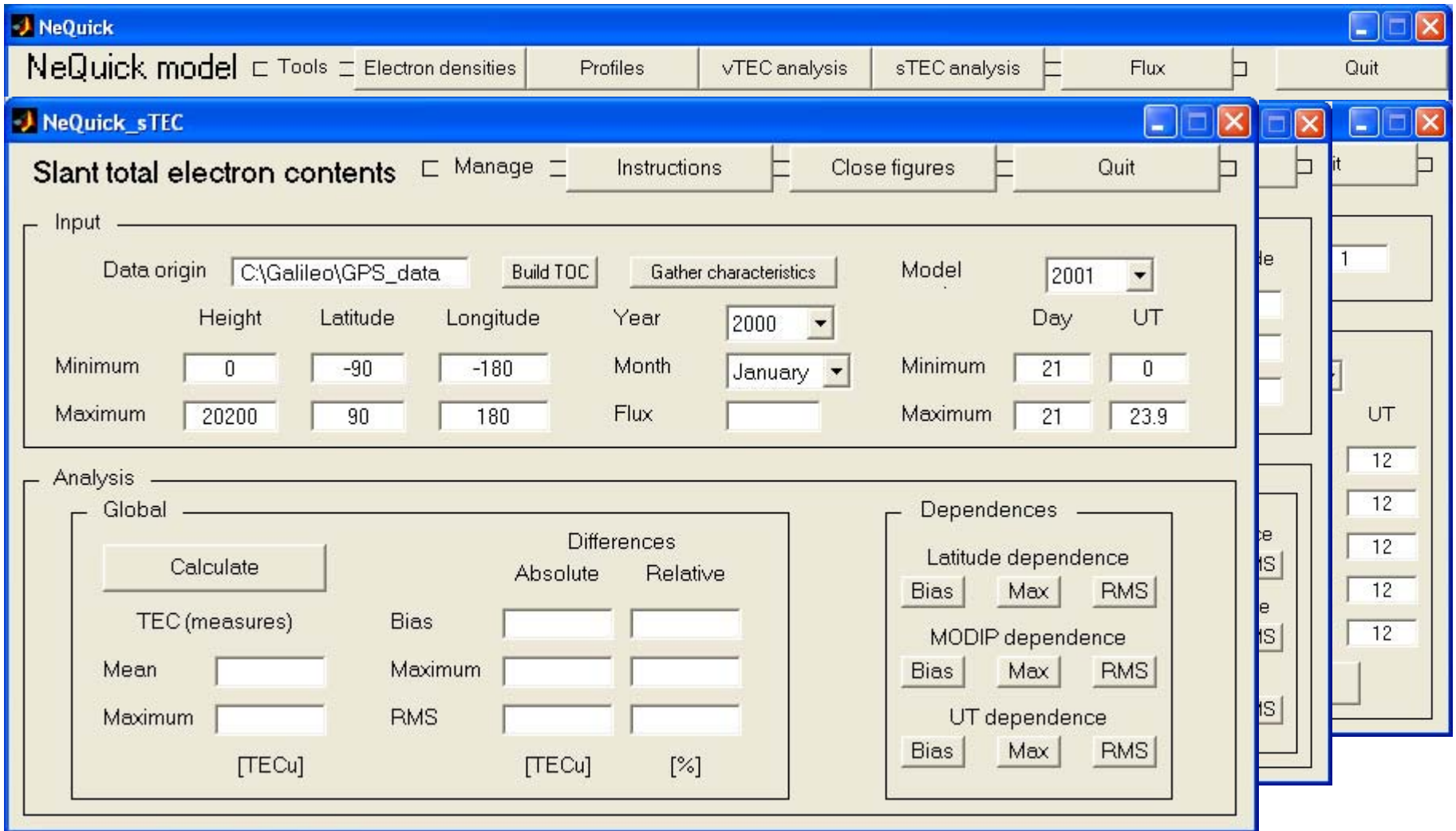
- Implementation





### 3. Assessment and tools

# We built tools to show potential improvements.



1. Introduction

2. NeQuick

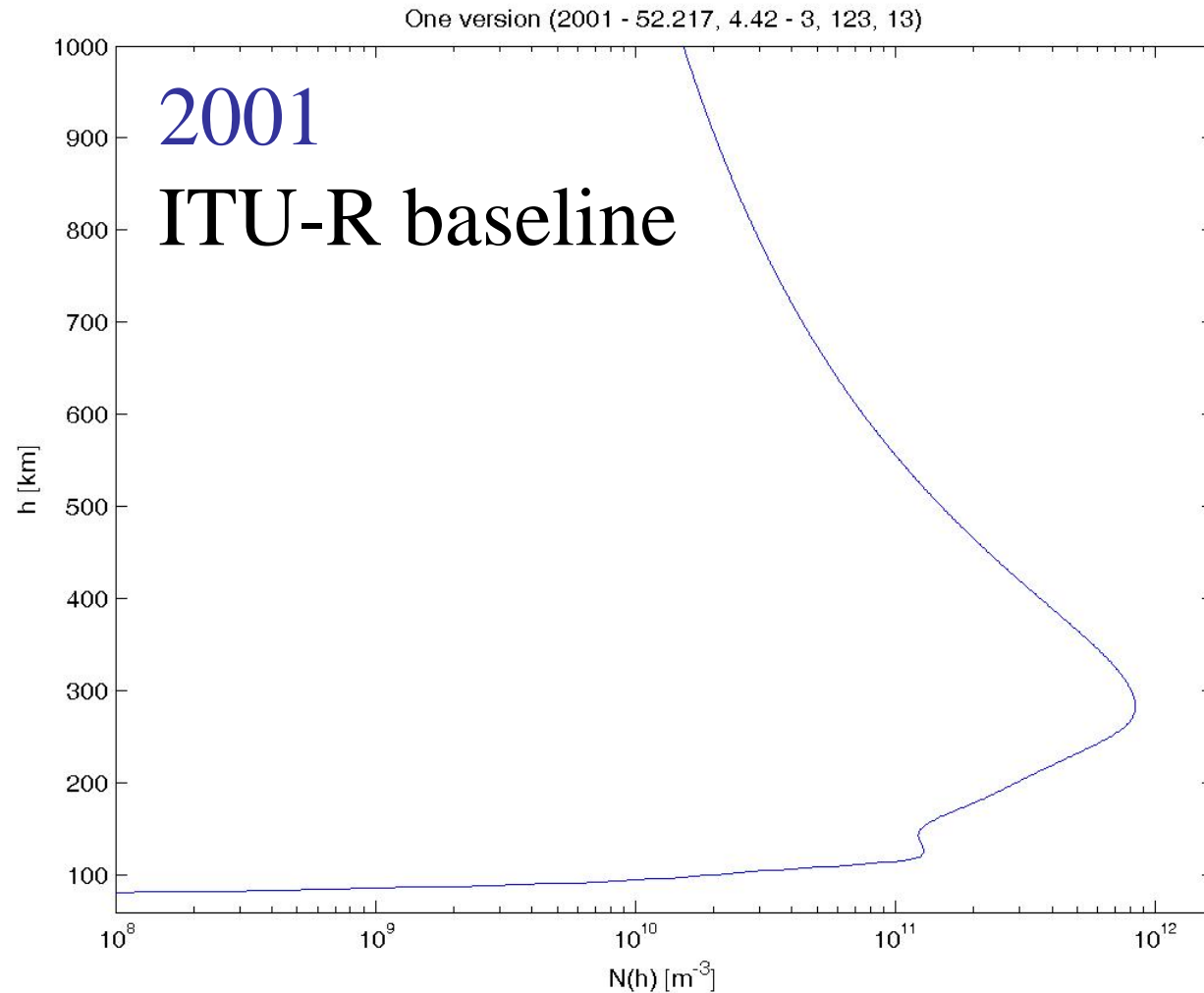
3. Assessment and tools

**4. Profile analysis**

5. Global analysis

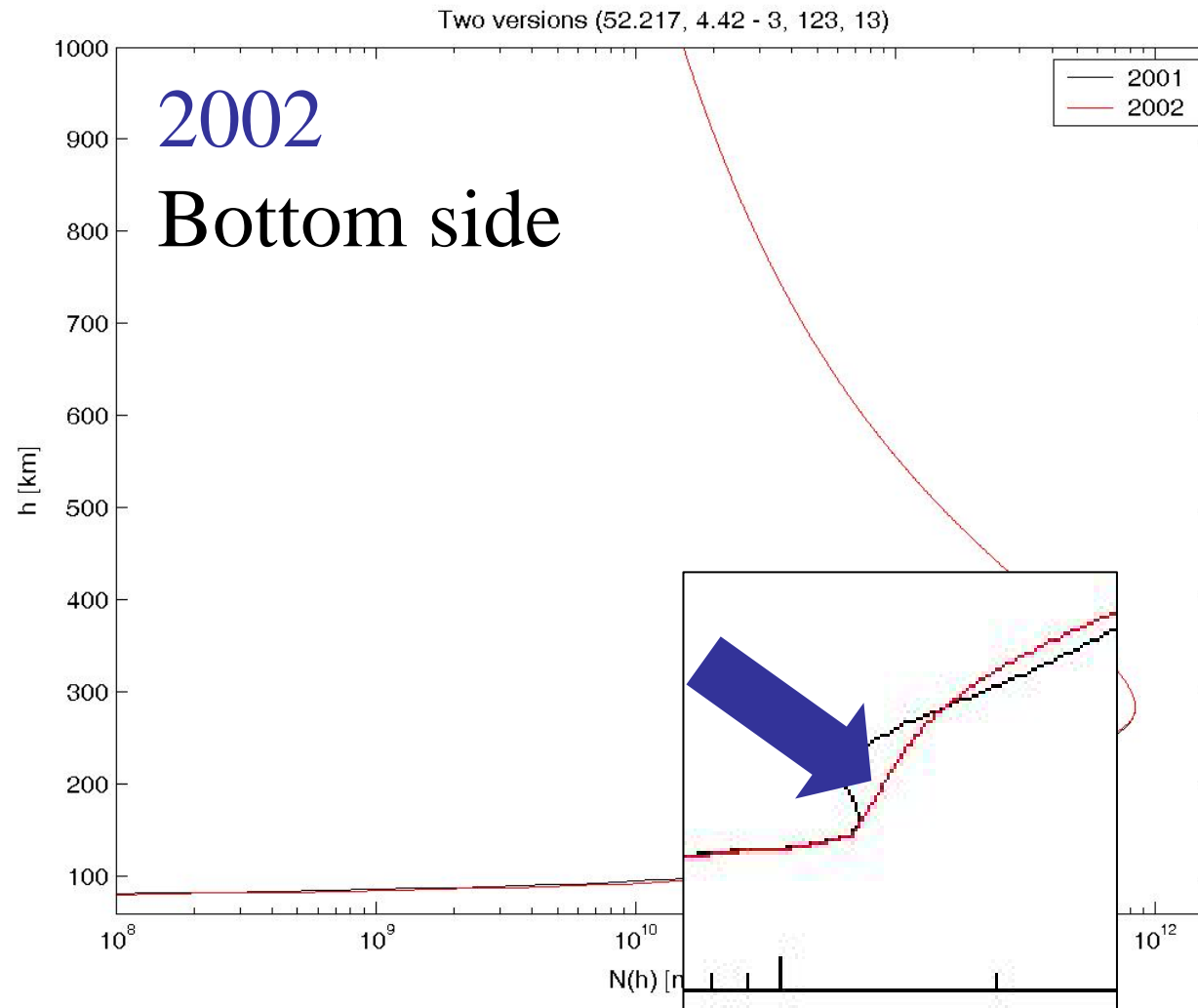
## 4. Profile analysis

# We studied the latest evolutions.



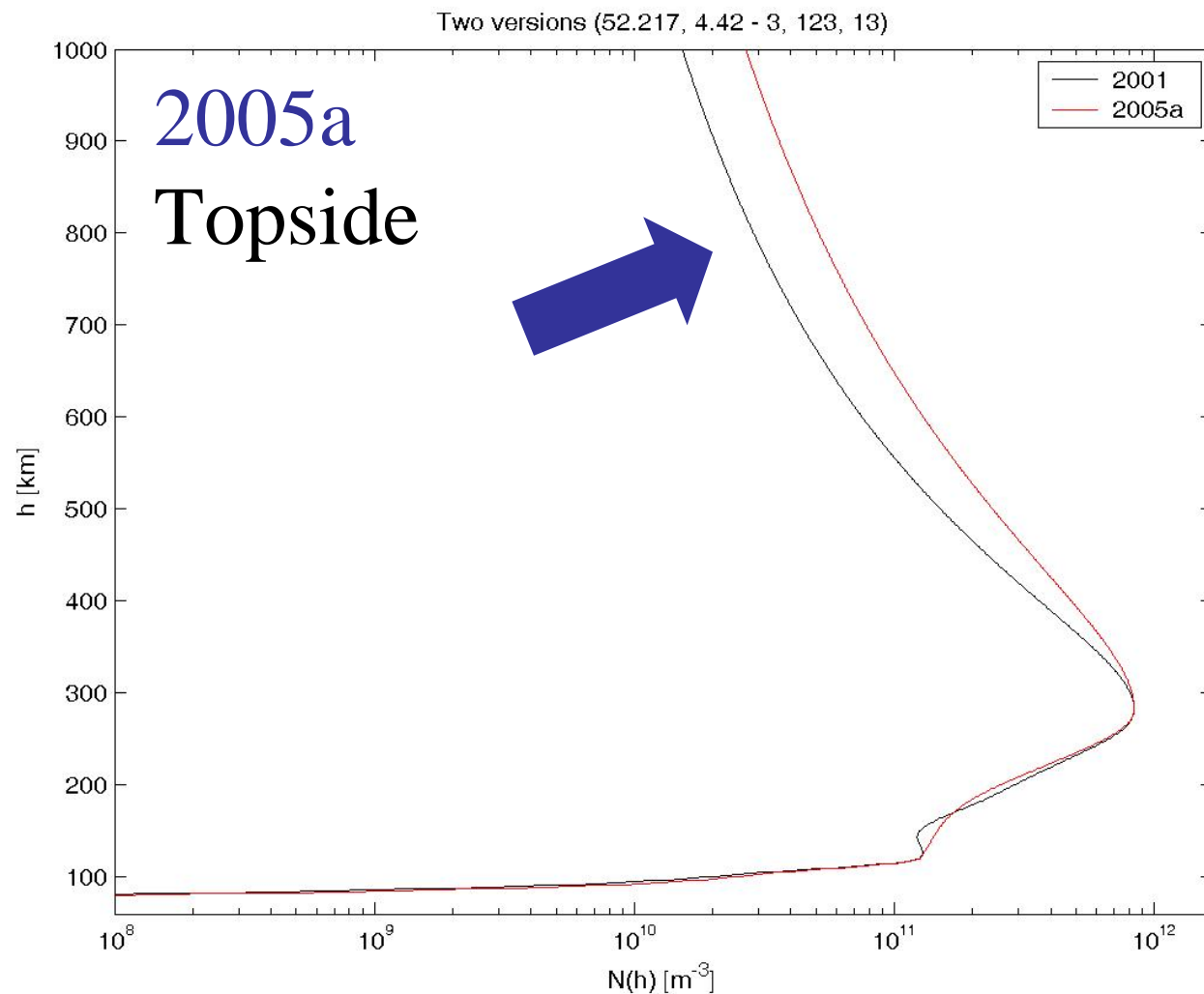
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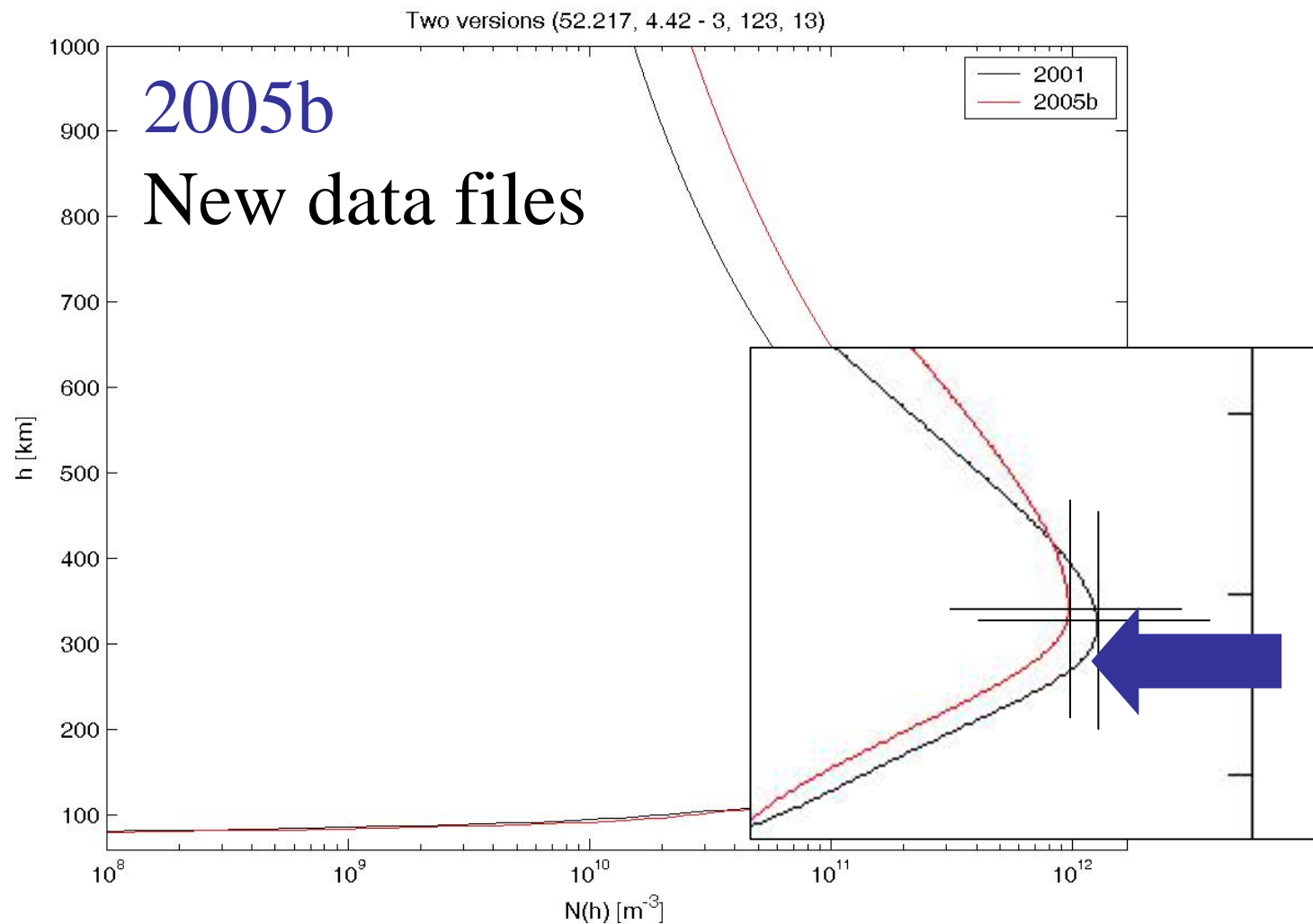
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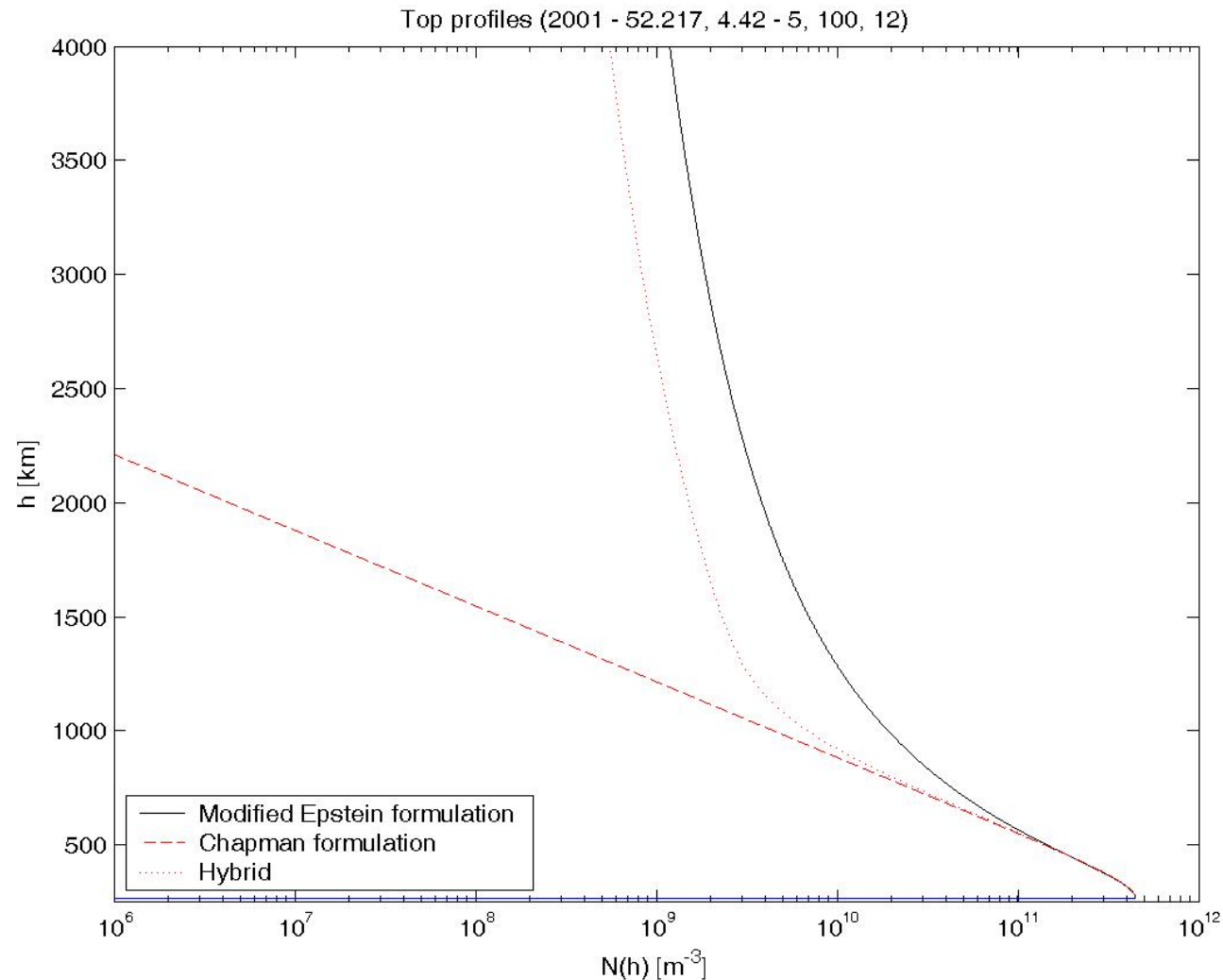
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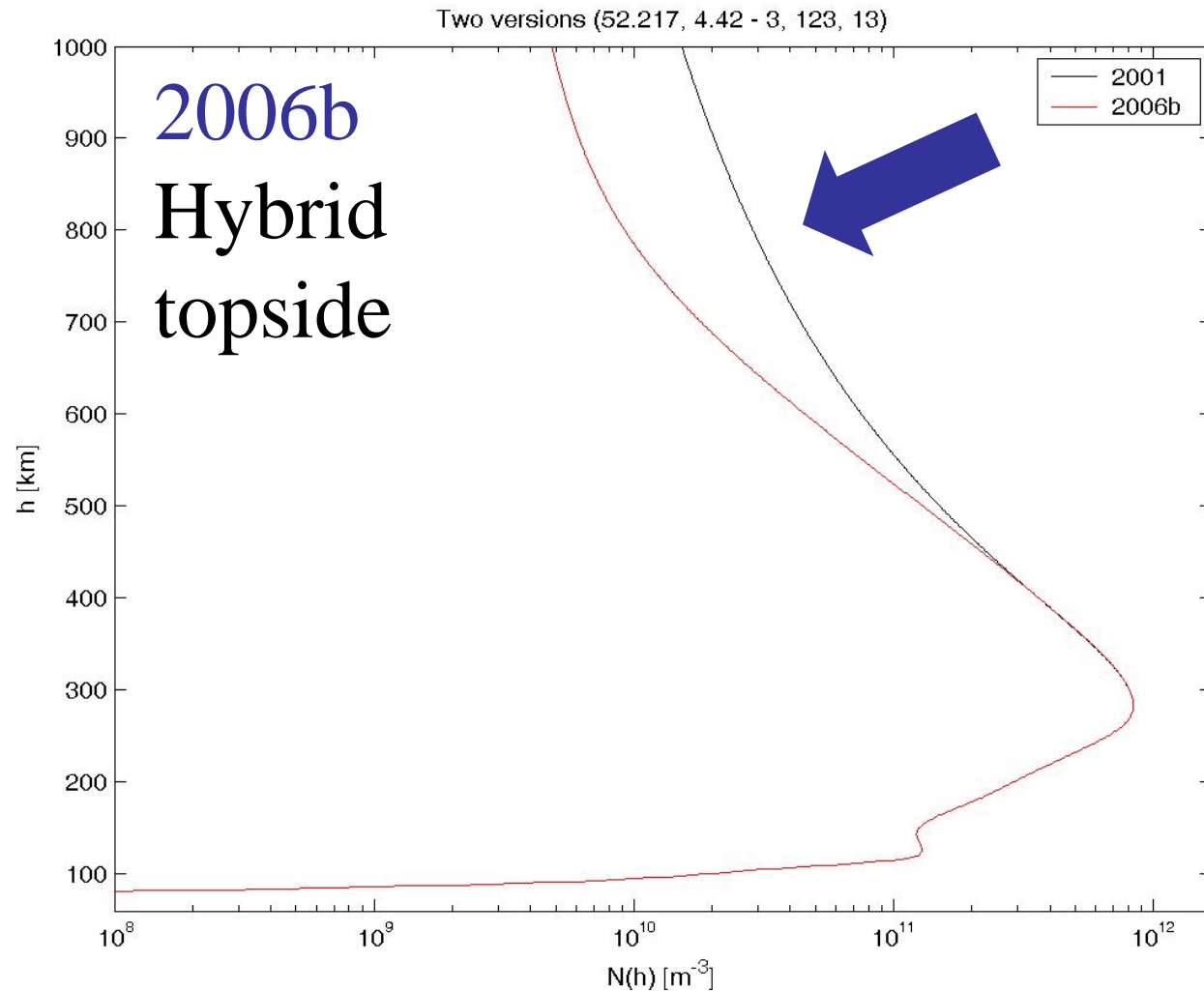
As an example, we proposed a topside modification.



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## 4. Profile analysis

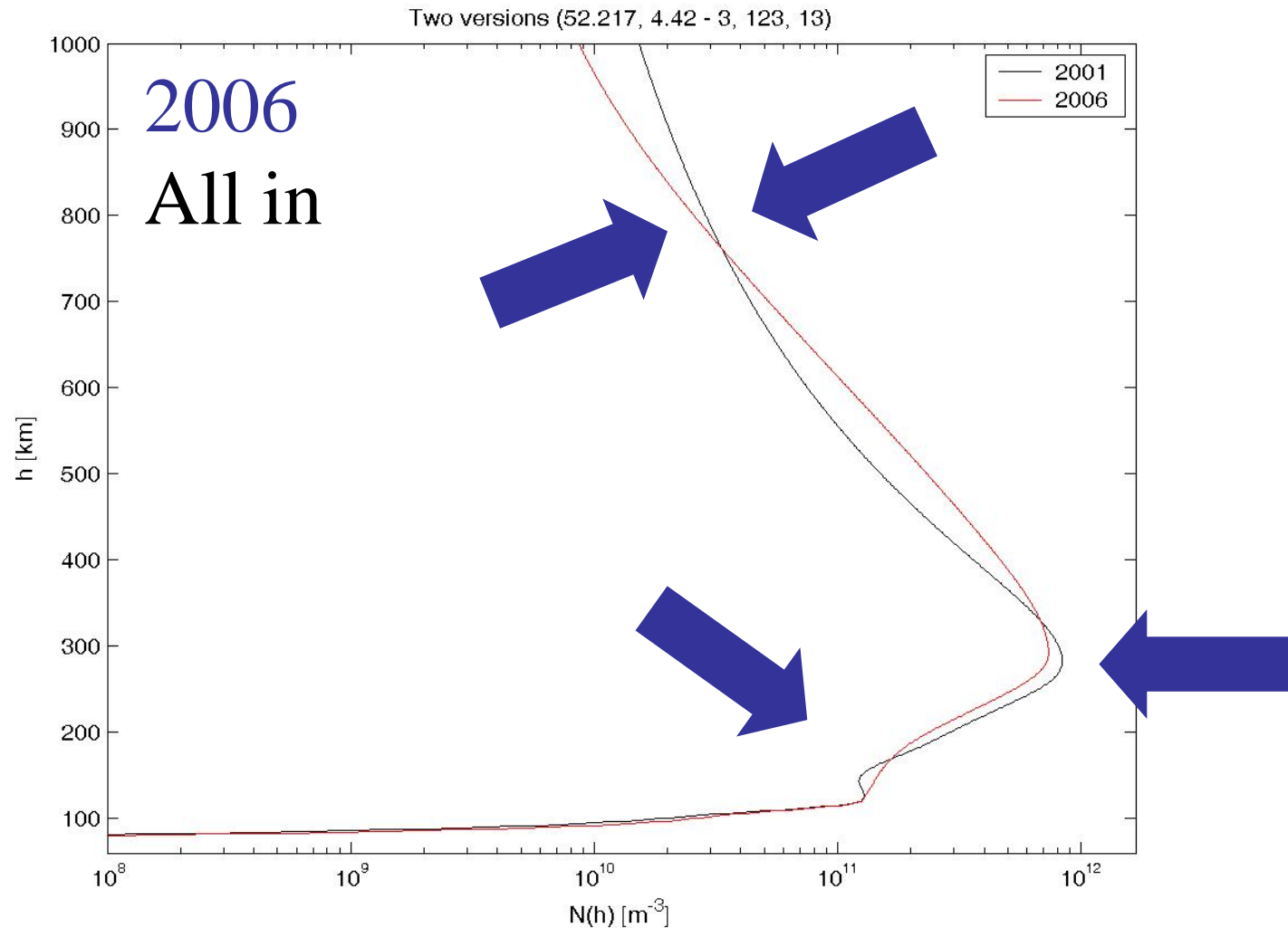
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## 4. Profile analysis

As an example, we proposed a topside modification.



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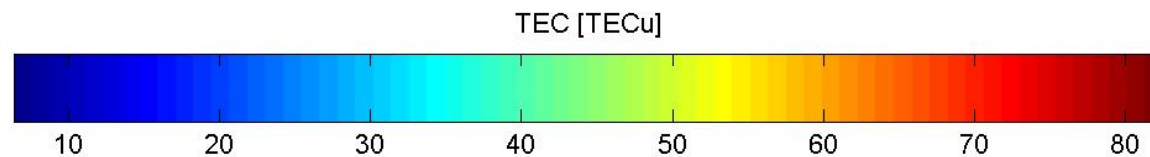
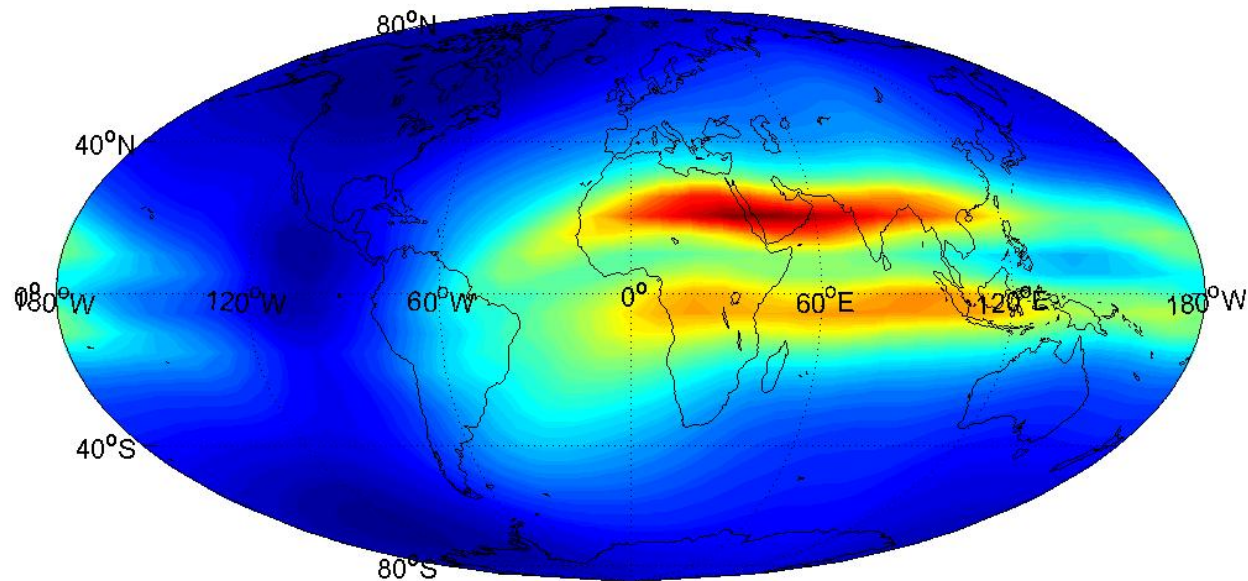
4. Profile analysis

5. Global analysis

## 5. Global analysis

We analysed the global evolution on vTEC maps.

2001

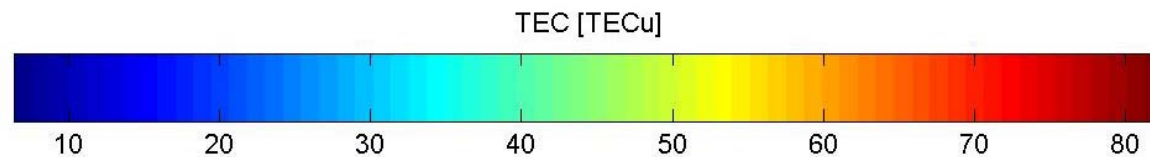
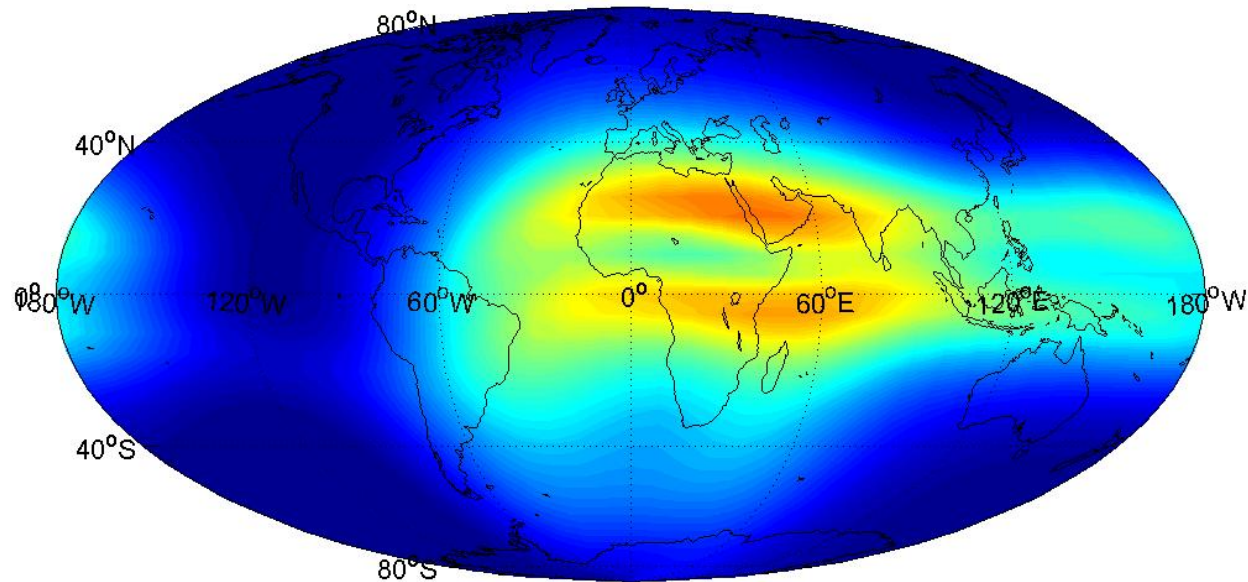


Max  
= 82

## 5. Global analysis

We analysed the global evolution on vTEC maps.

2005b

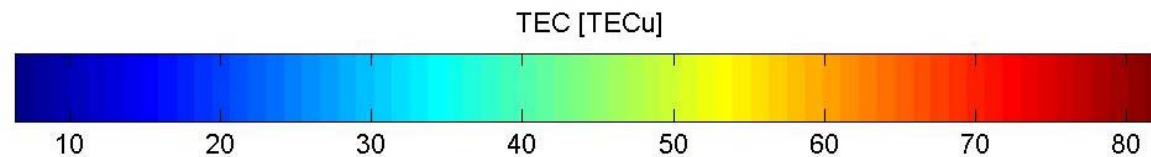
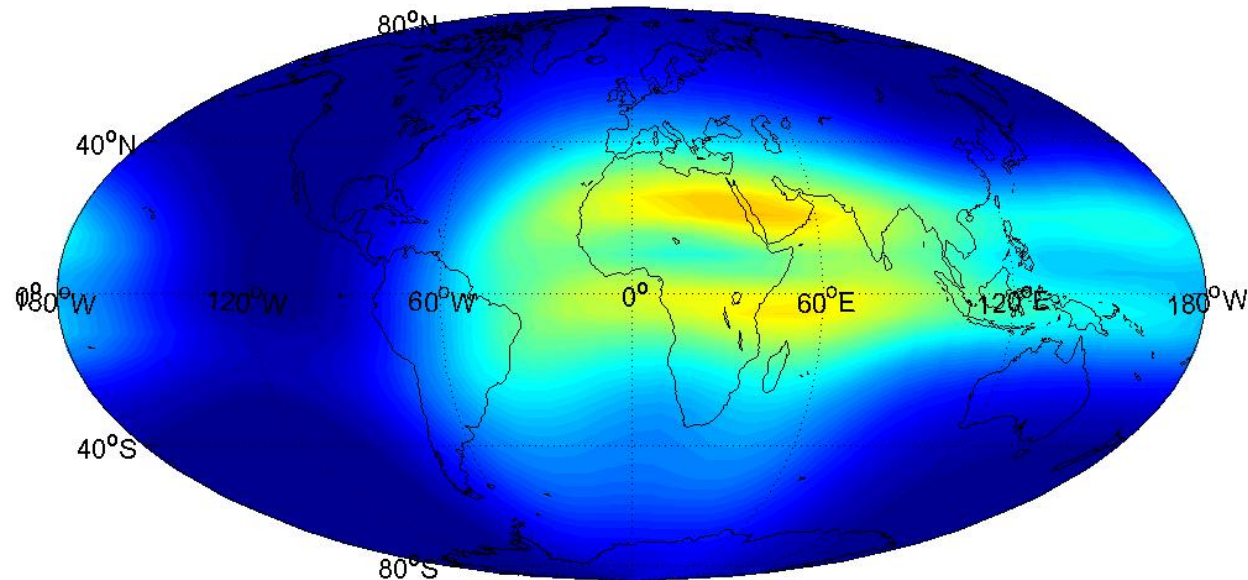


Max  
= 65

## 5. Global analysis

We analysed the global evolution on vTEC maps.

2006



Max  
= 58

## 5. Global analysis

We compared measured and modelled sTEC values.

$\langle \text{sTEC}_{\text{meas}} \rangle$ = 31 TECu	Bias (TECu)	RMS (TECu)
2001	-1.58	8.24
2005b	2.88	9.80
2006	0.25	10.00



# We have now a complete basis...

- Integrated evolution **understanding**
- Potential **improvements** list
- Test **tools**
- First **results**

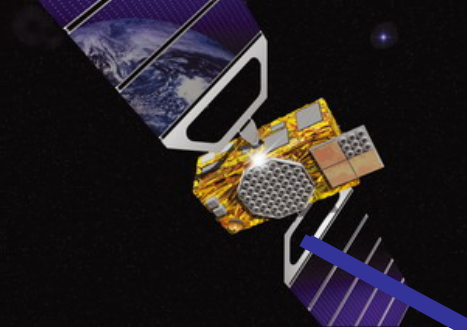
... to be continued...

- Broader **physical** behaviour analysis
  - **Topside**
- **Az** calculation method
  - **Effective** use analysis
- **Implementation**



... through a PhD thesis!

- PhD thesis at ULg - Geomatics
- Work with René Warnant's team  
at Royal Meteorological Institute (Brussels)
- Contacts:
  - ESA/ESTEC
  - model conceptors (ARPL – Trieste)



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