

ITN Marie-Curie GreenHouseMilk Project ,WP-2



Relationship between milk composition estimated from mid-infrared and methane emissions in dairy cows





P.B. Kandel

Animal Science Unit, Gembloux Agro-Bio Tech, University of Liège, Gembloux, Belgium













Outline of Presentation

- Part I Genetic parameters for methane indicators obtained from Mid-infrared spectroscopy (MIR) of milk fatty acids
- Part II Development of calibration equation from direct MIR spectra of milk samples (Belgium + Ireland)
- Part III Genetic parameters for these (obtained from part II) methane indicator traits
- Part IV Publications, conferences, trainings and future plans





Part I

Genetic parameters for methane indicators obtained from MIR of milk fatty acids

P. B. Kandel¹, N. Gengler¹, and H. Soyeurt^{1,2}

Animal Science Unit, Gembloux Agro-Bio Tech, University of Liège, Gembloux, Belgium

²National Fund for Scientific Research, Brussels, Belgium





Introduction

- Methane (CH₄) is the largest contributor to total greenhouse gas emitted by the dairy sector.
- CH₄ is 21 times more potent to CO₂ in greenhouse effect.
- Generally CH₄ is measured by respiration chamber or Sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) method in animals.
- Phenotype gap for direct methane measurement leads to indirect indicators:
 - Milk fatty acids in milk
 - Direct MIR prediction from milk
 - Residual food intake

IPCC (2007), FAO (2010), EU (1998), Johnson (1994), Koch et al. (1963), Chilliard et al. (2009), Dijkstra et al. (2011), Dehareng et al. (2012)





Why genetics

- Genetic selection of animal having low CH₄ emissions
 - ✓ Additive
 - ✓ Permanent

Objectives

- Predictions of CH₄ emissions (indicators)
- Estimation of genetic parameters
- Correlations with other economic traits





MIR CH₄ indicators

Milk samples





FA analysis (gas chromatography)

CH₄ predicted by FA contents (Chilliard et al. 2009 and Dijkstra et al. 2011)





CH₄ predicted by FA contents

Prediction	Equation	R^2	Reference
Methane I g/day	9.97 x (C8:0 to C16:0) - 80	0.88	
Methane2 g/day	-8.72 × C18:0 + 729	0.88	Chilliard
Methane3 g/day	282 x C8:0 + 11	0.81	et al. 2009
Methane4 g/day	16.8 x C16:0 - 77	0.82	
Methane5 g/kg DM, 17.7 kg DM/day	24.6 + 8.74 x C17:0 anteiso – 1.97 x trans-10+11 C18:1 – 9.09 x C18:1 cis-11+ 5.07 x C18:1 cis-13	0.73	Dijkstra et al. 2011

R² represents the relationship between the SF₆ CH₄ data and the predictors





MIR CH₄ indicators

Milk samples

MIR spectra

FA analysis (gas chromatography)

CH₄ predicted by FA contents (Chilliard et al. 2009 and Dijkstra et al. 2011)

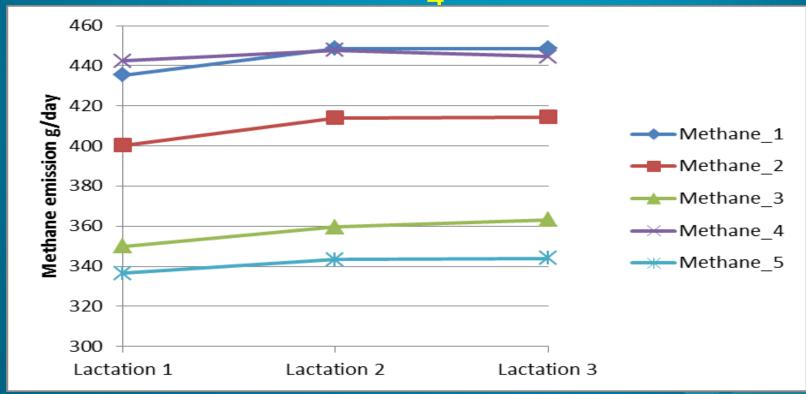
Development of equations for MIR CH₄ indicators

Spectral database (619,272 records from 71,188 Holstein cows in their first three lactations)





Estimated daily CH₄ emission from MIR CH₄ indicators



If we calculate for 365 days, the estimated CH_4 emission is 115 to 162 kg /year from one cow





Model: Single trait random regression test day

 $y=X\beta+Q(Zp+Zu)+e$

y: separate 5 MIR CH₄ indicators and milk traits

β: herd x test day, 24 classes of days in milk, and 3 classes of

age at calving → fixed effects

p: random permanent environmental effects

u: additive genetic effects, e: random residual effect

Q: coefficients of 2nd order Legendre polynomials

X and Z: incidence matrices

Variance components were calculated by REML.



Heritability



Indicators	Averaged daily heritability			
	Lact I	Lact 2	Lact 3	
Methane_I (g/day)	0.34	0.37	0.34	
Methane_2 (g/day)	0.30	0.33	0.30	
Methane_3 (g/day)	0.29	0.39	0.22	
Methane_4 (g/day)	0.35	0.40	0.38	
Methane_5 (g/day)	0.16	0.17	0.14	

- 0.21 (FTIR measurement) Lassen et al., 2012
- 0.35 (IPCC 2006; Gross energy 6%) de Haas et al., 2011
- 0.15 Sheep; direct measurement (Chamber) Vercoe et al., 2011



Phenotypic and Genetic Correlations

Traits	Methane_2	Methane_3	Methane_4	Methane_5	Milk yield	Fat	Protein
						content	content
Methane_I	0.99	0.56	0.88	0.62	-0.05	0.23	0.23
Methane_2		0.57	0.87	0.65	-0.05	0.21	0.25
Methane_3			0.32	0.24	0.25	0.00	0.05
Methane_4				0.65	-0.17	0.29	0.16
Methane_5					-0.15	0.17	0.20
Milk yield						-0.37	-0.36
Fat content							0.50

- +ve phenotypic correlations among
 MIR CH₄ indicator traits
- Low –ve phenotypic correlation with milk production except methane_3
- +ve phenotypic correlations with milk fat and protein contents



Phenotypic and Genetic Correlations

Traits	Methane_I	Methane_2	Methane_3	Methane_4	Methane_5	Milk	Fat
						yield	content
Methane_2	0.98						
Methane_3	0.56	0.61					
Methane_4	0.81	0.76	0.20				
Methane_5	0.69	0.67	0.11	0.73			
Milk yield	-0.19	-0.18	-0.12	-0.11	-0.02		
Fat content	0.54	0.53	0.31	0.43	0.29	-0.50	
Protein content	0.33	0.38	0.18	0.16	0.15	-0.36	0.58

- +ve genetic correlations among MIR
 CH₄ indicator traits
- Low –ve genetic correlation with milk production

+ve phenotypic correlations with milk fat and protein contents





Part II

Development of calibration equation to predict CH₄ from direct MIR spectra of milk samples (Belgium + Ireland)

P. B. Kandel¹, A. Vanlierde², F. Dehareng², E. Froidmont², P. Dardenne², E. Lewis³, F. Buckley³, M. Deighton³, S. McParland³, N. Gengler¹ and H. Soyeurt^{1,4}

¹ Animal Science Unit, Gembloux Agro-Bio Tech, University of Liège, Gembloux, Belgium

²Walloon Agricultural Research Center, Gembloux, Belgium

³Animal & Grassland Research and Innovation Center, Teagasc, Moorepark, Fermoy, Co. Cork, Ireland

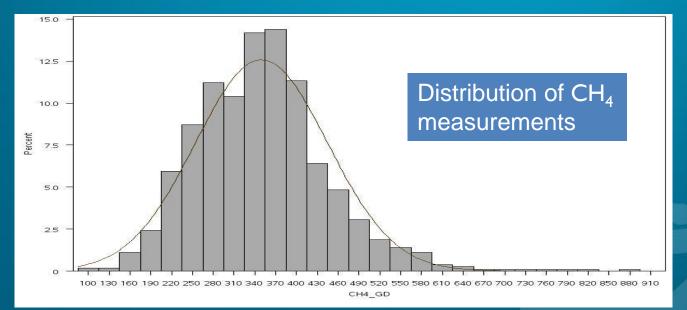
⁴National Fund for Scientific Research, Brussels, Belgium





SF₆ CH₄ measurement (g/day) (TEAGASC, Ireland)

- Total SF6 measurements: 3670 from 348 animals
- Breed: Holstein, Jersey and HxJ
- Measurement period: I-9 days and 2-3 times per year
- From lactation I to lactation 7

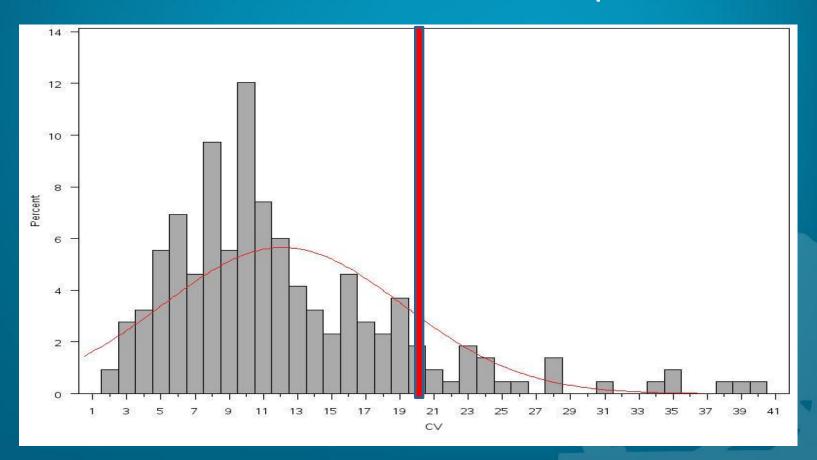






Data cleaning

Measurement period less than 3 days —removed CV more than 20% within measurement period- removed







After cleaning; SF₆ methane measurement (g/day)

Number of SF ₆ measurements	3050
Number of animals	309
CH ₄ /day	383.56
(Mean ±SD)	±94.44

BUT not all had corresponding MIR

	Ireland	Belgium
Number of SF ₆ measurements	285	196
CH ₄ /day	356.99	466.13
(Mean ±SD)	±101.64	±101.87





Calibration for CH₄ equation

- 485 samples from both Belgium and Ireland were available to predict CH₄ directly MIR
- After removing potential outliers in MIR spectra and CH₄
- Final calibration equation

N	425
Mean (Reference value)	394.58 g/day
SD	109.81 g/day
SECV (standard error of cross validation)	54.04 g/day
R ² cv (cross validation coefficient of determination)	75.81
RPD (residual predictive deviation)	2.03





Part III

Genetic parameters for methane indicator traits obtained directly from MIR spectra

P. B. Kandel¹, M-L. Vanrobays¹, A. Vanlierde², F. Dehareng², E. Froidmont², P. Dardenne², S. McParland³, N. Gengler¹ and H. Soyeurt^{1,2}

Animal Science Unit, Gembloux Agro-Bio Tech, University of Liège, Gembloux, Belgium

²Walloon Agricultural Research Center, Gembloux, Belgium

³Animal & Grassland Research and Innovation Center, Teagasc, Moorepark, Fermoy, Co. Cork, Ireland

⁴National Fund for Scientific Research, Brussels, Belgium





Equation applied to Walloon spectral database (Holstein)

Traits	Lactation I	Lactation 2	Lactation 3
	(N=338,917)	(N= 221, 420)	(N=119,107)
CH4/day	547.19	559.79	558.23
	±111.09	±112.34	±114.11
CH4/kg of FPCM	24.25	22.09	20.88
	±8.25	±8.58	±8.53
FPCM (kg/day)	23.98	27.58	29.32
Fat yield (kg/day)	0.93	1.08	1.16
Protein yield (kg/day)	0.79	0.91	0.95

FPCM (Fat protein corrected milk) = Raw milk (kg)* $\{0.337+0.116*fat content (\%)+0.06 protein content (\%)\}$ (FAO, 2010)





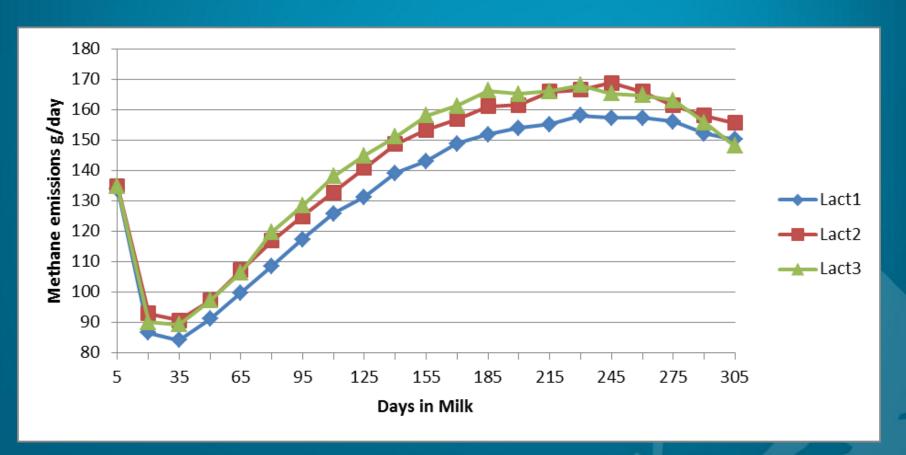
Same Model: Single trait random regression test day





Université de Liège

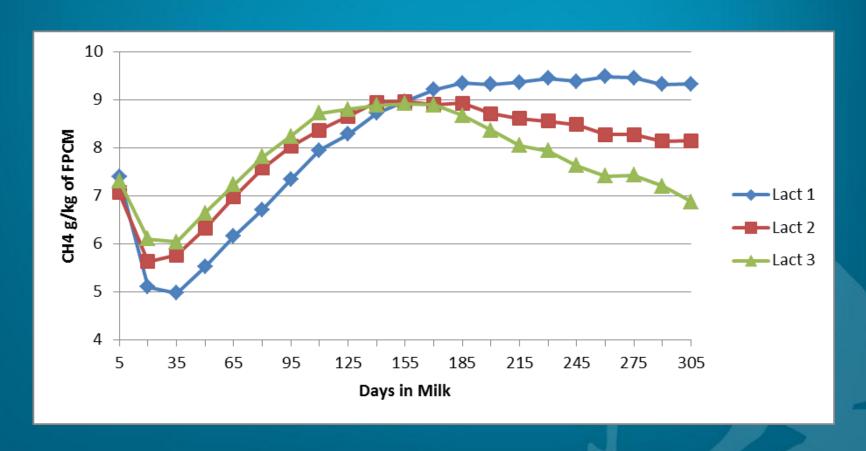
MIR CH₄ (g/day)in different stage of Lactation





Université de Liège

MIR CH₄ (g/kg of FPCM) in different stage of Lactation







Heritability

Indicators	Averaged daily heritability			
	Lact I	Lact 2	Lact 3	
CH ₄ (g/day)	0.08	0.09	80.0	
1 (0 //	±0.005	±0.005	±0.006	
CH ₄ g/kg of FPCM	0.14	0.11	0.13	
1 0 0	±0.007	±0.008	±0.011	





Phenotypic and Genetic Correlations

Traits	CH ₄ (g/day)	CH ₄ (g/kg FPCM)	FPCM	Fat yield	Protein yield
CH ₄ (g/day)		0.45	-0.04	0.14	-0.02
CH ₄ (g/kg FPCM)			-0.77	-0.59	-0.70
FPCM				0.88	0.93
Fat yield					0.71
Protein yield					

- Almost no phenotypic correlation between CH₄ g/day with production traits
- High –ve phenotypic correlation between CH₄ g/kg
 FPCM with milk production traits





Phenotypic and Genetic Correlations

Traits	CH₄(g/day)	CH ₄ (g/kg FPCM)	FPCM	Fat yield	Protein yield
CH ₄ (g/day)					
CH ₄ (g/kg FPCM)	0.57				
FPCM	0.04	-0.73			
Fat yield	0.07	-0.66	0.95		
Protein yield	0.05	-0.69	0.94	0.81	

- Very low genotypic correlation between CH₄ g/day with production traits
- High –ve genetic correlation between CH₄ g/kg FPCM with milk production traits





Conclusions

- Possible predictions of MIR CH₄ indicators
- CH₄ emissions has genetic components
- Genetic variability of CH₄ production seems to exist





Part IV

Publications, conferences, trainings and future plan





Publications



- Kandel P.B., H. Soyeurt and N. Gengler. 2012. Estimation of genetic parameters for methane indicator traits based on milk fatty acids in dual purpose Belgian blue cattle. <u>Communications in Agricultural and Applied Biological Sciences</u>. Vol 77, Page 21-5. PMID: 22558750.
- 2. Kandel P. B., N. Gengler and H. Soyeurt. 2012. Genetic parameters for mid-infrared methane indicators based on milk fatty acids in dairy cows. Submitted to Journal of Applied Animal Research.
- 3. Kandel P. B., H. Soyeurt and N. Gengler. 2012. Genetic parameters for methane indicator traits based on milk fatty acids in Dual Purpose Belgian Blue cattle (Poster). http://hdl.handle.net/2268/125415
- 4. Kandel P. B., A. Vanlierde, F. Dehareng, E. Froidmont, N. Gengler, and H. Soyeurt (2012). Genetic parameters for methane indicator traits based on milk fatty acids in cows. J. Dairy Sci. Vol. 95, Suppl. 2:683-684 (Conference proceeding).
- 5. Vanrobays M.-L., A. Vanlierde, P. B. Kandel, E. Froidmont, F. Dehareng, H. Soyeurt, N. Gengler. 2012. Relationships between methane emissions of dairy cattle and farm management (Poster). http://orbi.ulg.ac.be/handle/2268/114530.
- 6. Soyeurt, H., A. Vanlierde, F. Dehareng, E. Froidmont, J.A. Fernández Pierna, C. Grelet, C. Bertozzi, P. B. Kandel, N. Gengler and P. Dardenne. 2012. Individual methane indicators easily recorded for dairy cattle. Submitted Journal of Dairy Science.





Exchange & Visits (Exchange must be within the GHM network)

Partner	Description	Period	Outcome
TEAGSAC, Ireland	Research, Report, Publication	Apr 2012 to Aug 2012	 Compilation of performance data from herds with SF₆ CH₄ measures Calibration of Prediction model and addition to Walloon calibration model Study the phenotypic and genetic variability of CH4 indicators predicted by MIR on Irish Data





Visited Conferences and Meetings

DESCRIPTION	DATE	TOPIC OF PRESENTATION	OUTCOME
GreenHouseMilk Network meeting, Paris, France	01/12/2011- 02/12/2011	Estimation of methane and its variation across different breeds of cattle predicted from milk fatty acids	·
17 th Phd Symposium on Applied Biological Sciences, Leuven, Belgium	10/02/2012	Estimation of genetic parameters for methane indicator traits based on milk fatty acids in Dual Purpose Belgian Blue cattle	
GreenHouseMilk ESR Network meeting, SAC, Edinburgh, UK	13/02/2012 - 14/02/2012	Genetic parameters for methane indicator traits based on milk fatty acids in cows	Presentation of research; planning of exchange and training
British Society of Animal Science , Annual Meeting University of Nottingham, UK	23/04/2012- 26/04/2012	Participant	Symposium for Graduate students, funding applications writing, Learned soft skills
ICAR and Interbull meeting, Cork, Ireland	31/05/2012	Participated on Foss: Milk Analysis Workshop	Meeting with industry people, to calibrate traits on Foss machine
International Conference on Quantitative Genetics, Edinburgh, UK	17/06/2012- 22/06/2012	Estimation of genetic parameters for methane indicator traits based on milk fatty acids in Dual Purpose Belgian Blue cattle	
Joint Annual Meeting, American Dairy Science Association, Phoenix AZ, USA	15/7/2012- 19/7/2012	Genetic parameters for methane indicator traits based on milk fatty acids in cows	Oral Presentation
Irish Cattle Breeding Federation, Dairy and Beef Industry Consultation Meeting Portlaoise, Ireland	25/7/2012	Consultation with industry people about their thinking and readiness to adopt greenhouse gas mitigation breeding objective on their breeding program	Open discussion and networking





Participated (International) courses

UNIVERSITY/	DATE	TOPIC OF COURSE	OUTCOME
INSTITUTE			
Wageningen	17/11/2011	Nutrition and fat metabolism in	Effect of fat supplement in
University, The		dairy cattle	Poly Unsaturated fatty acids
Netherlands			Interaction with Dairy
			industry people
University	Oct-Nov	Training for users of computing	Linux operations
Catholique Louvain,	2011	devices and mass storage	High memory computing
Belgium			
Aarhus University,	05/12/2011-	Dairy cow lactations, profiles,	Lactation profile , energy
Denmark	09/12/2011	nutrient allocation and energy	use and genetic basis of
		balances	negative energy balance
Walloon Agricultural	27/02/2012-	Training on infrared	Sampling and analysis skill
research Center,	02/03/2012	spectroscopy and chemo	of infrared spectroscopy,
Belgium		metrics	Calibration procedure
INRA-Agro Paris-	07/02/2013-	"How I Learned to Stop	(proposed)
Tech, France	12/02/2013	Worrying (about the math) and	
		Love Modelling"	





Collaboration map within GHM

Secondment

TEAGASC, Moorepark, Ireland (Apr-Aug 2012)

Projects

 Sharing real methane data (across whole lactation): Purna <-> Yvette (Wageningen)

Writing

 Literature reviews with a small group of students e.g. genetics (Marcin, Purna, Karolina)





Plan

Validation

 Validation of Scottish data of CH₄ measurements (Collaboration map)

Genetic Parameter

- Multi-trait Model
- Economic index with other traits of Walloon breeding scheme
- Luxembourg Data
- Ireland data





Plan

Publications

- Genetic Parameter of Direct MIR predicted methane
- Genetic correlations with other economic and functional traits

Conferences

- GGAA 2013
- One international conference; EAAP or ADSA or AAABG 2013





Acknowledgements

Supervisors/Collaborators

- Hélène Soyeurt
- Nicolas Gengler
- Marie-Laure Vanrobays
- Amélie Vanlierde
- Fréderic Dehareng
- Eric Froidmont
- Pierre Dardenne
- Eva Lewis
- Frank Buckley
- Mathew Deighton
- Sinead McParland
- Donagh Berry

















cra-w