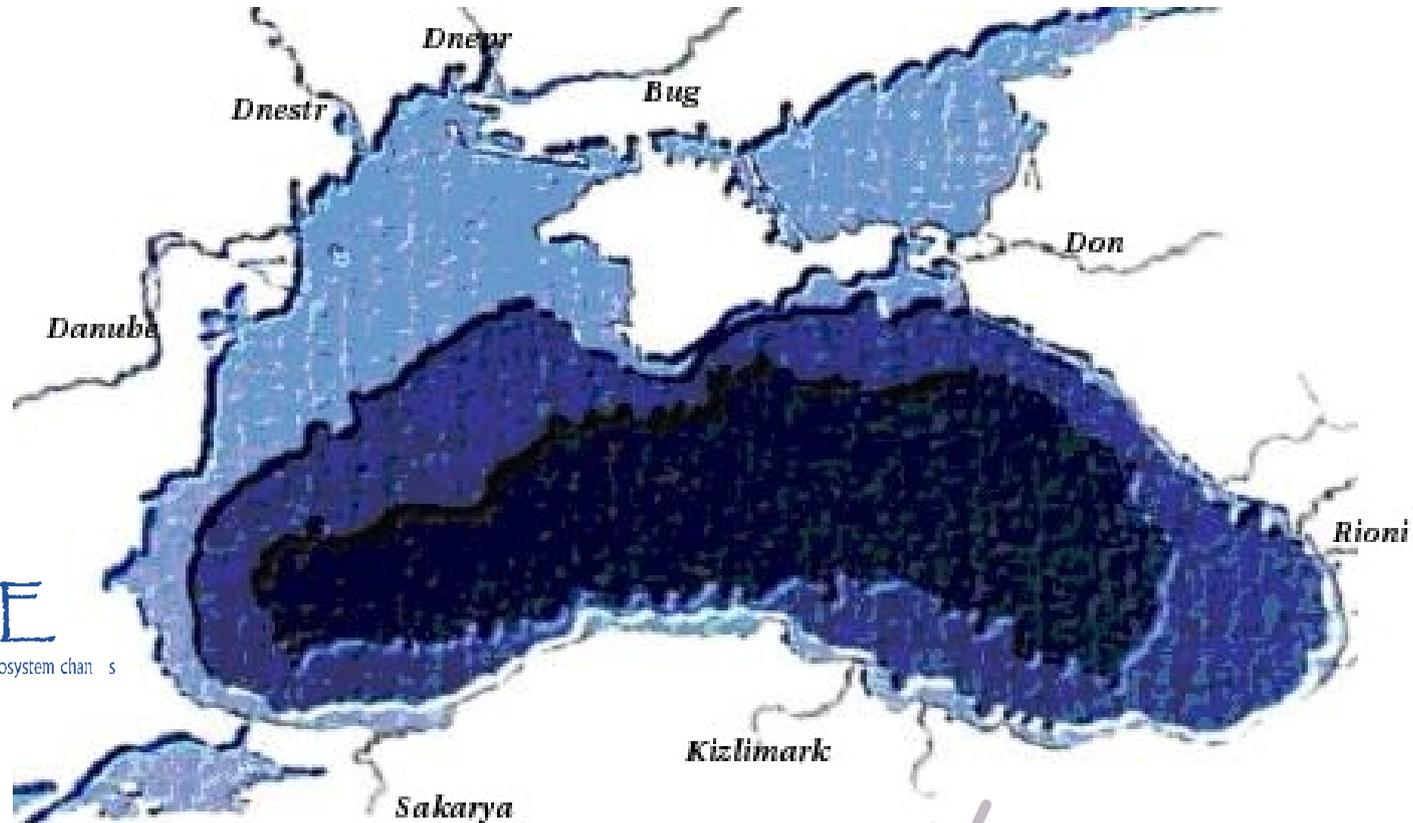
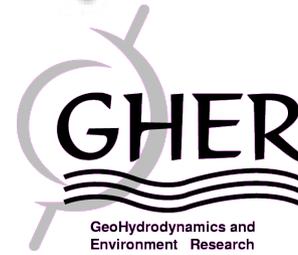


# 3D MODELLING OF THE BLACK SEA NORTH WESTERN SHELF ECOSYSTEM :



Southern European Seas: Assessing and Modelling Ecosystem changes

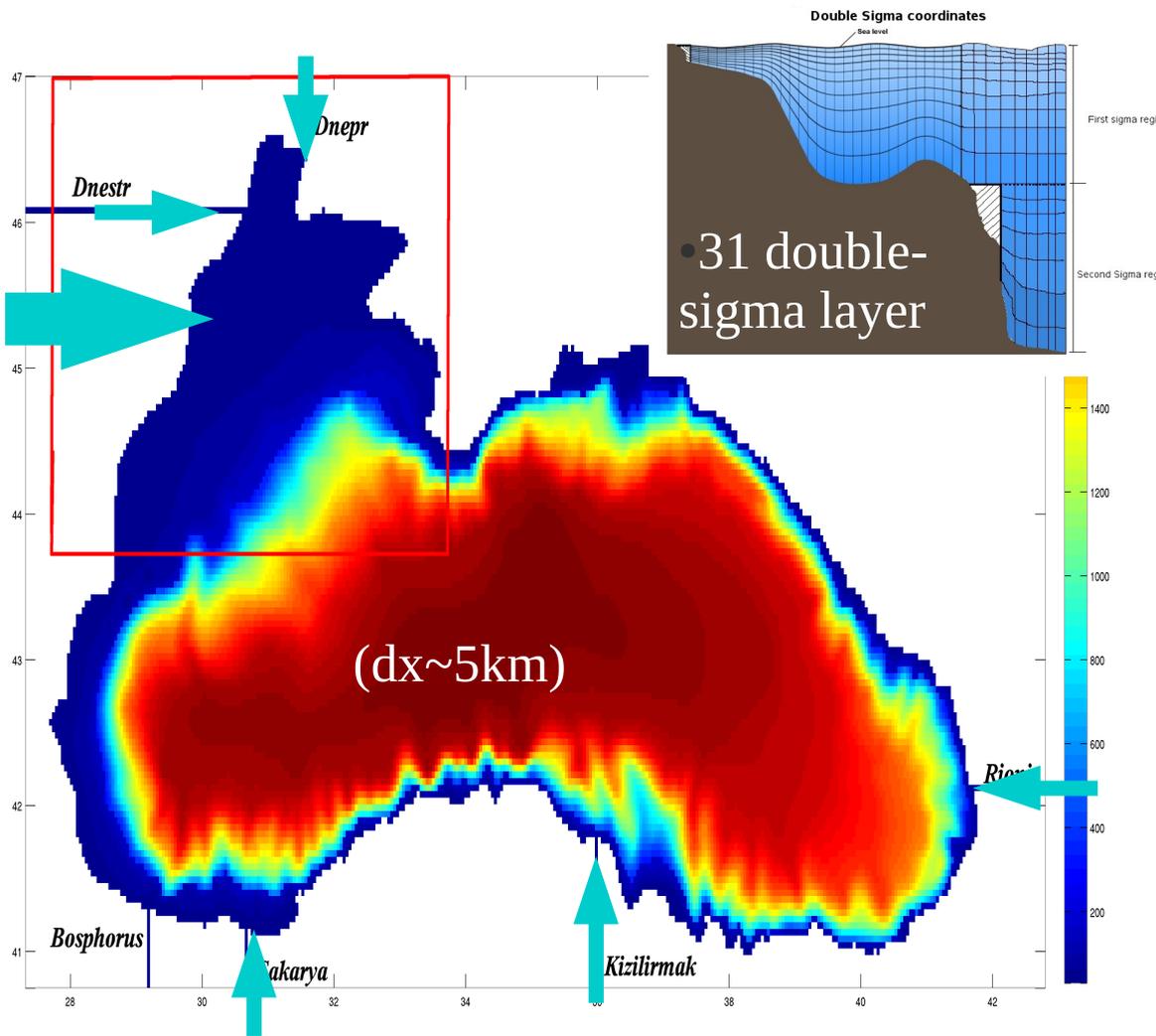
WP 4 - 6



**Capet Arthur**, Grégoire M, Beckers, JM., Joassin P., Naithani J., Borges A.V., Soetaert K., Meysman F.

# The Model

36 States variables



**Physics (5)**  
 Currents, T°, Salinity,  
 Surface elevation, Turbulence

**Oxygen and Dissolved Inorganic Carbon (2)**

**Inorganic nutrients (5)**  
 SiO, NO<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>, "Reducers"

**3 Phytoplankton (6) (free C/N)**  
 Diatoms, Flagellates, Small Flagellates

**Zooplankton (2)**  
 Micro-, Meso-

**Gelatinous zooplankton (2)**  
 Omnivorous, Carnivorous

**Detrital matter (8)**  
 Particulate, Semi-labile and Labile forms  
 Silicious Detritus, Aggregates

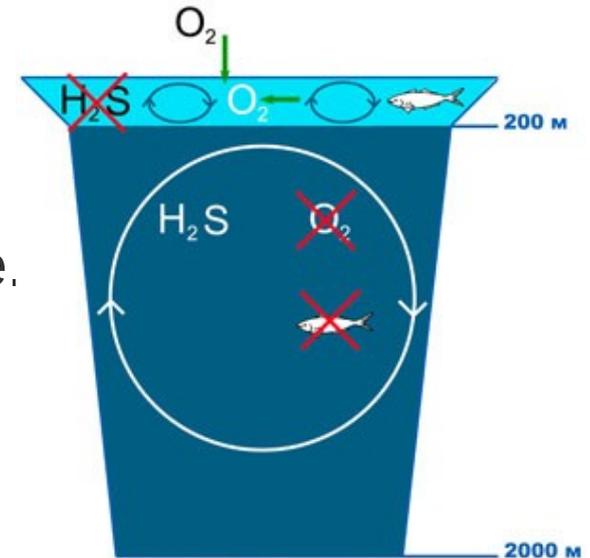
**Bacteria (1)**

Monthly RIVERS  
 fluxes and nutrients flows  
 (from SESAME  
 & A. Cociasu)

6h-atmospheric  
 forcings from ECMWF  
 (1.125°).  
 (from ERA40)

# Model's Specificity

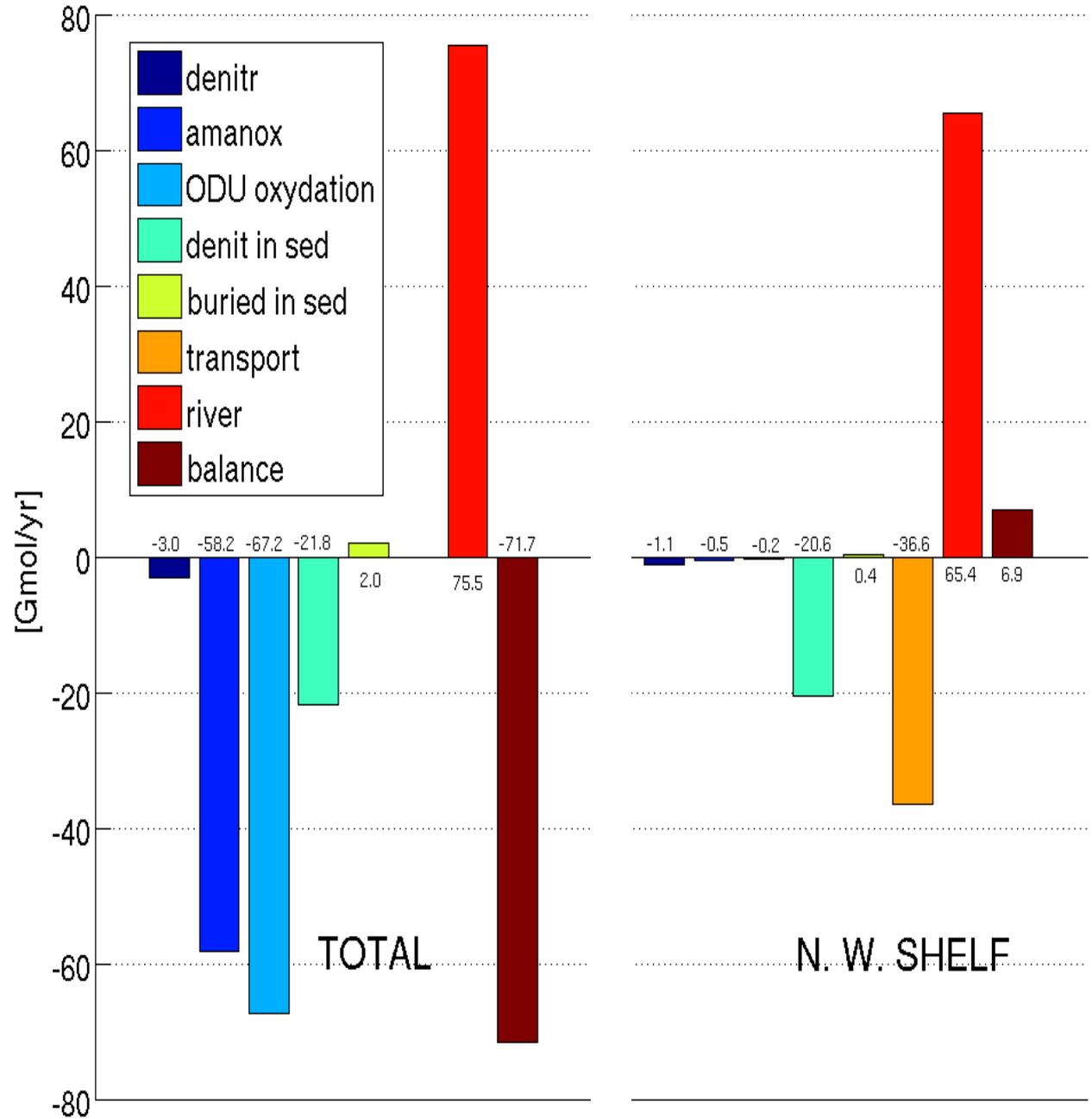
- No data assimilation : Necessity to construct specific Bosphorus representation to ensure conservation of volume and total salt content.
- Anoxic waters : The biological model explicitly includes anoxic chemistry through the use of a variable 'Oxygen demanding Units', as a proxy for reducers acting in the anoxic zone.



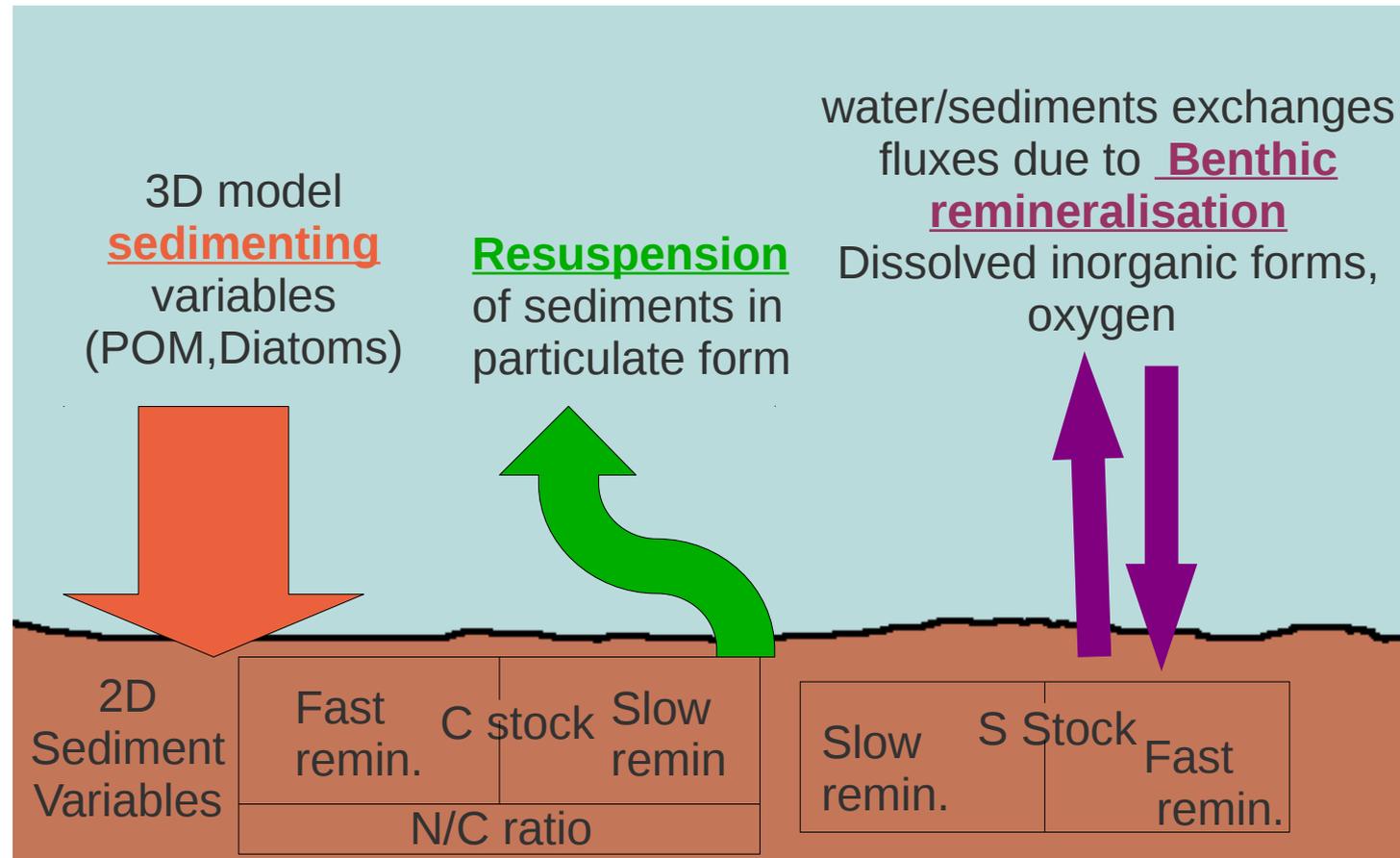
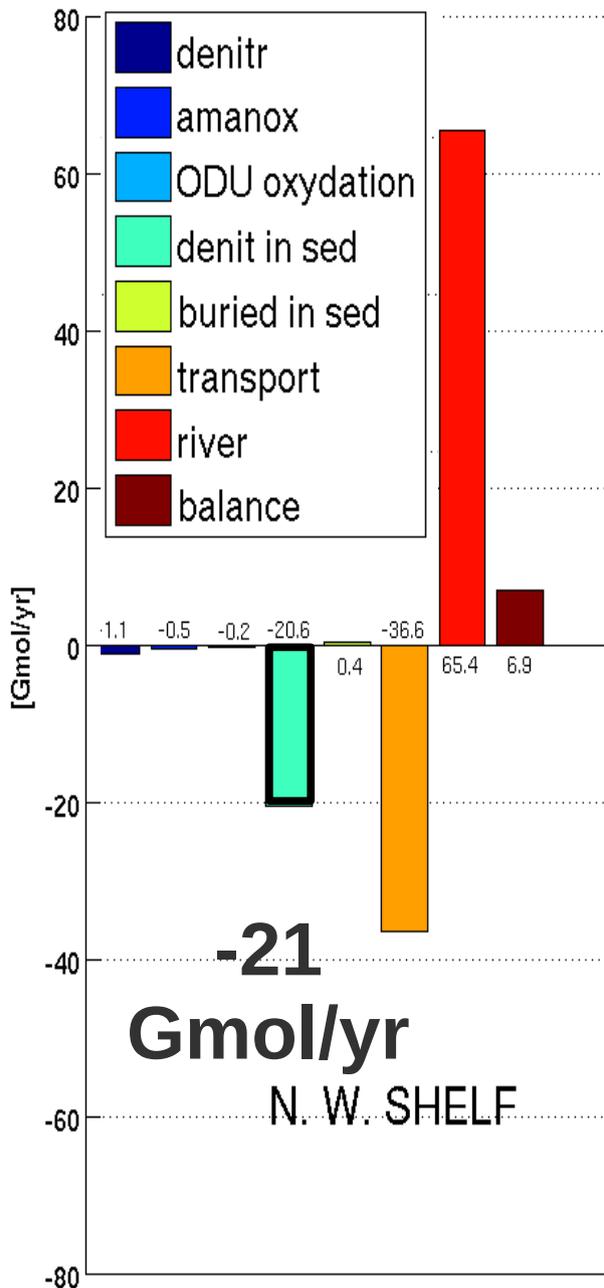
# Nitrogen budget

\* Main process description

\* Interannual variations of those process

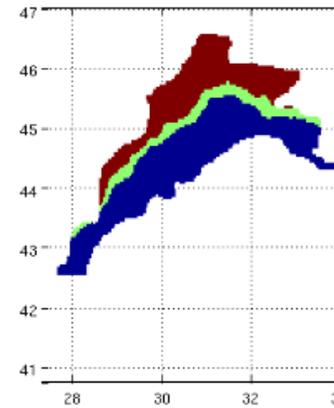
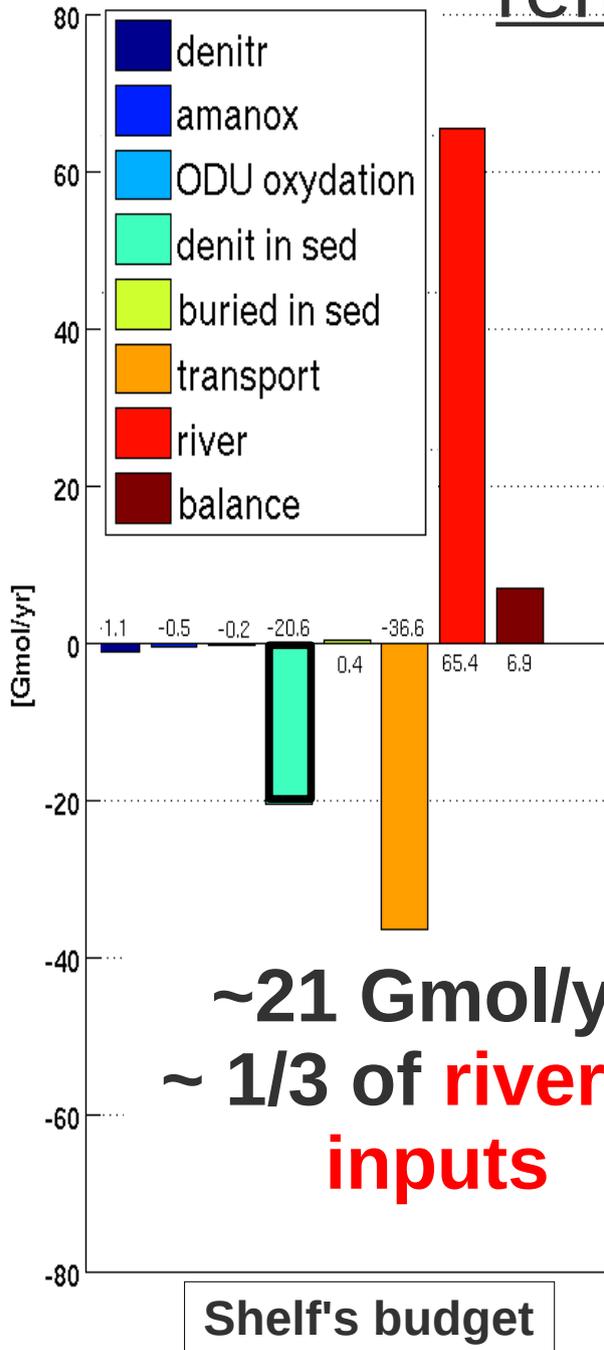


# Shelf's sediments chemistry



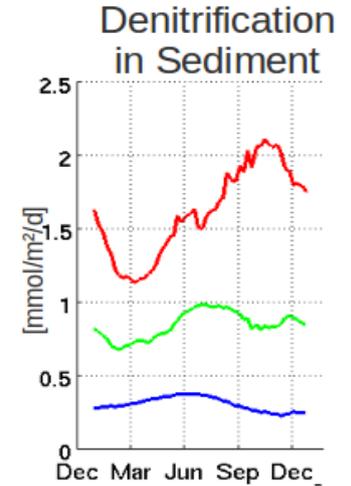
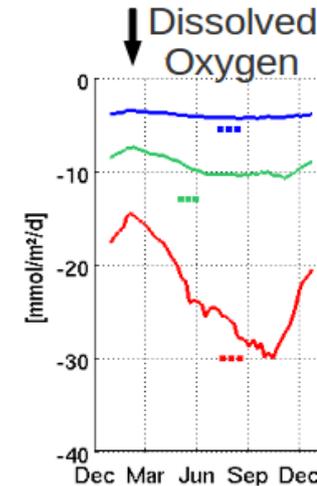
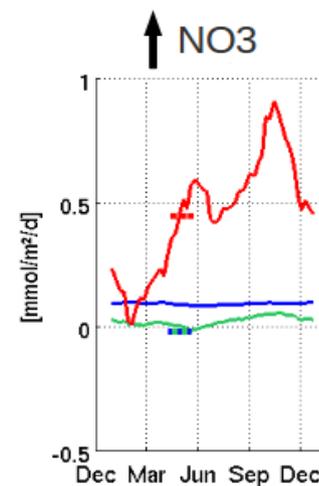
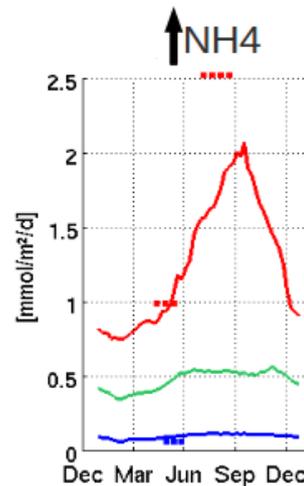
- Sedimentation is driven by an aggregation models (typically ~2/3 m/d).
- Resuspension is the effect of bottom stresses du to bottom currents and (mainly ) waves. [cf. pres. of R. Kandilarov ]
- Remineralization is computed according to stocked quantity of sediments, and bottom concentrations [Soetart, Meysman ]

# Benthic remineralization



Climatological run. 1996 → 2000

The dotted bars indicates value from EROS21 [Wijsman, *Spatial distribution in sediment characteristics and benthic activity on the north-western Black Sea shelf.*, Mar Ecol Prog Ser 39



- Detailed Remineralisation parameterization is essential in terms of budgets.
- If Resuspension is not taken into account up to 80-90% of riverine N is denitrified on the Shelf
- As benthic fluxes are function of stocked sediments and not of bottom fluxes, the slow remineralisation time of refractory component introduce strong hysteresis in the system.

# Fluxes values : Spatial variability

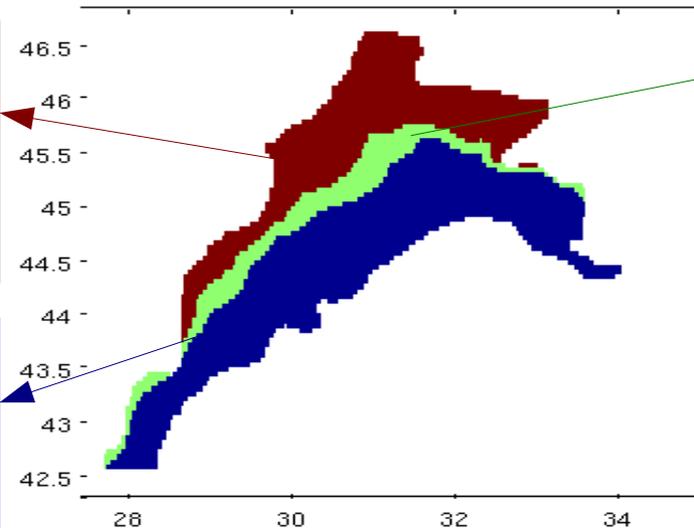
With respect with sedimenting fluxes of PON

## Northern Part (river side)

20 % emitted in nitrate.  
30 % emitted in ammonium  
48.5 % denitrified

## Southern Part (basin side)

4 % emitted in nitrate.  
29 % emitted in ammonium  
62 % denitrified



## Mid Part

12 % emitted in nitrate.  
33 % emitted in ammonium  
53 % denitrified

## Whole Shelf

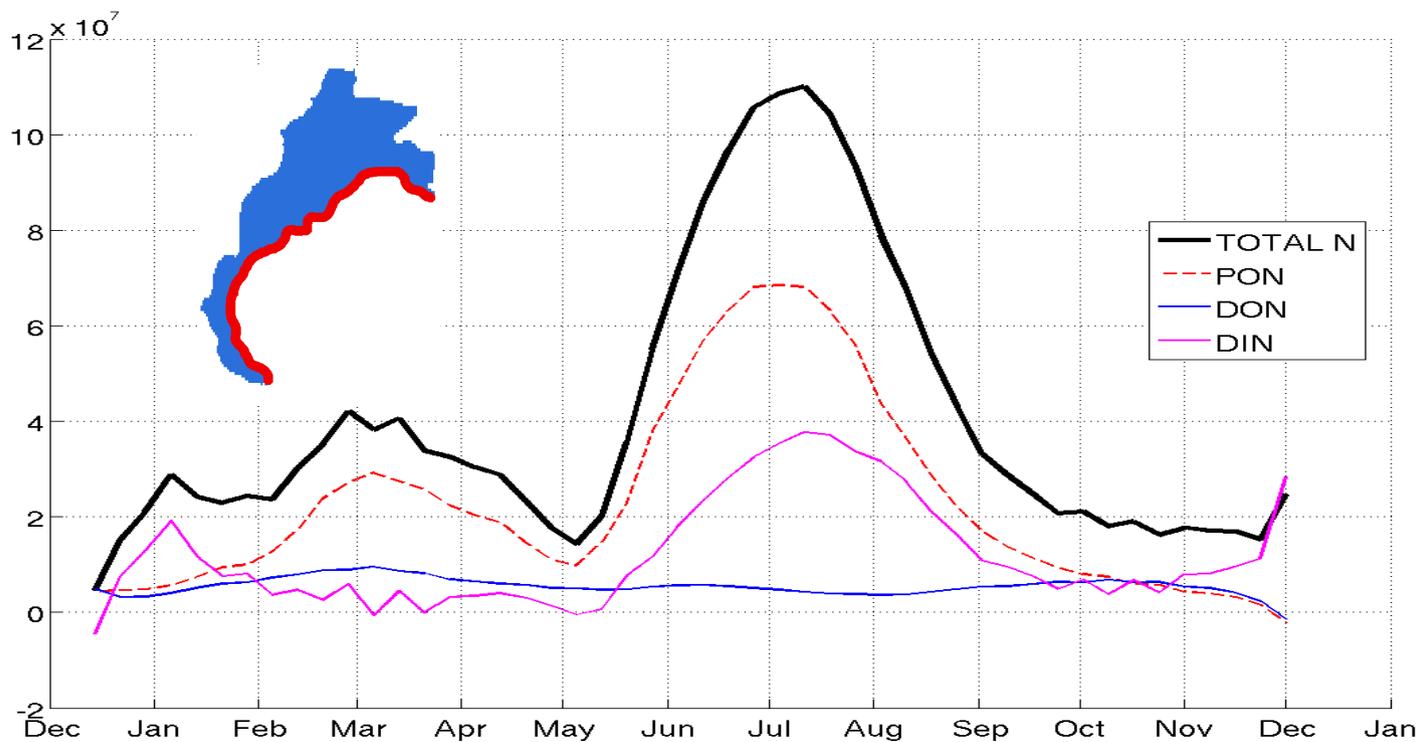
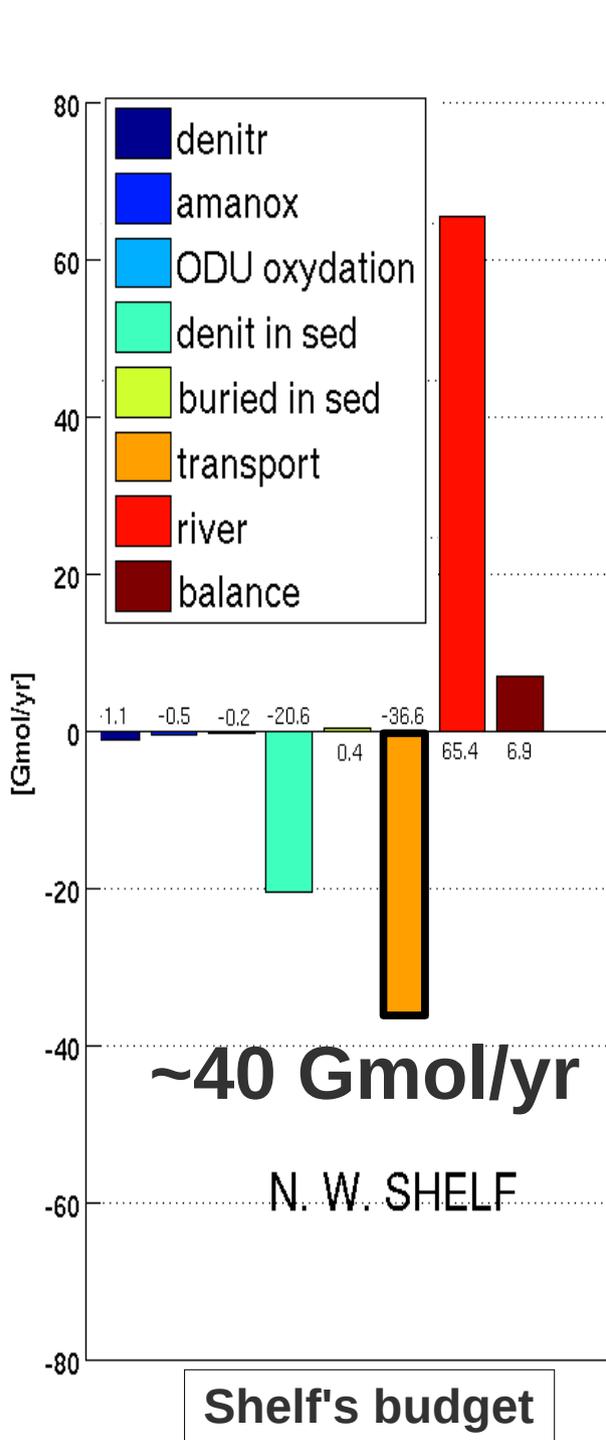
18 % emitted in nitrate.  
28 % emitted in ammonium  
51 % denitrified

Gregoire & Friedrich, 2004, *Nitrogen budget of the northwestern Black Sea shelf inferred from modeling studies and in situ benthic measurements*, Mar Ecol Prog Ser, **270** :

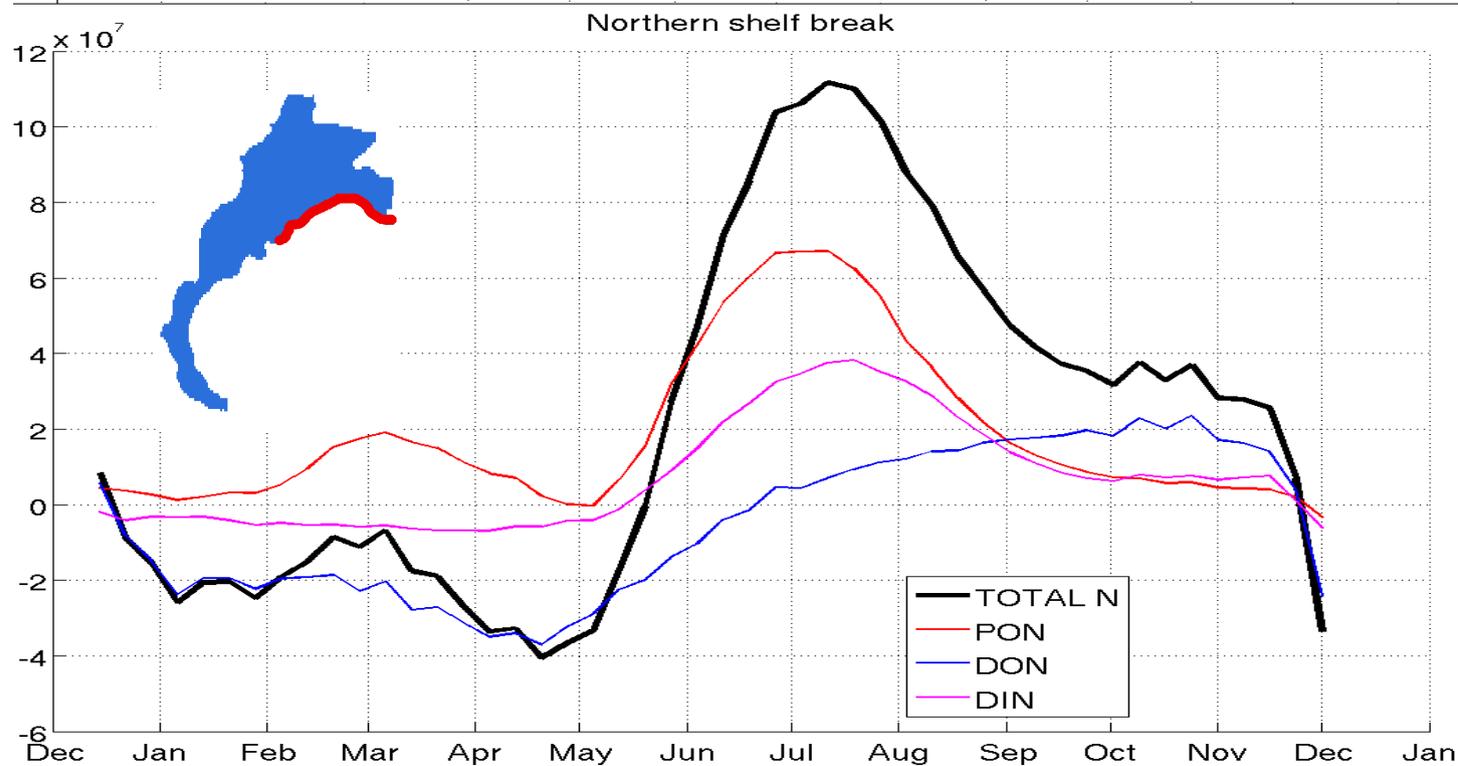
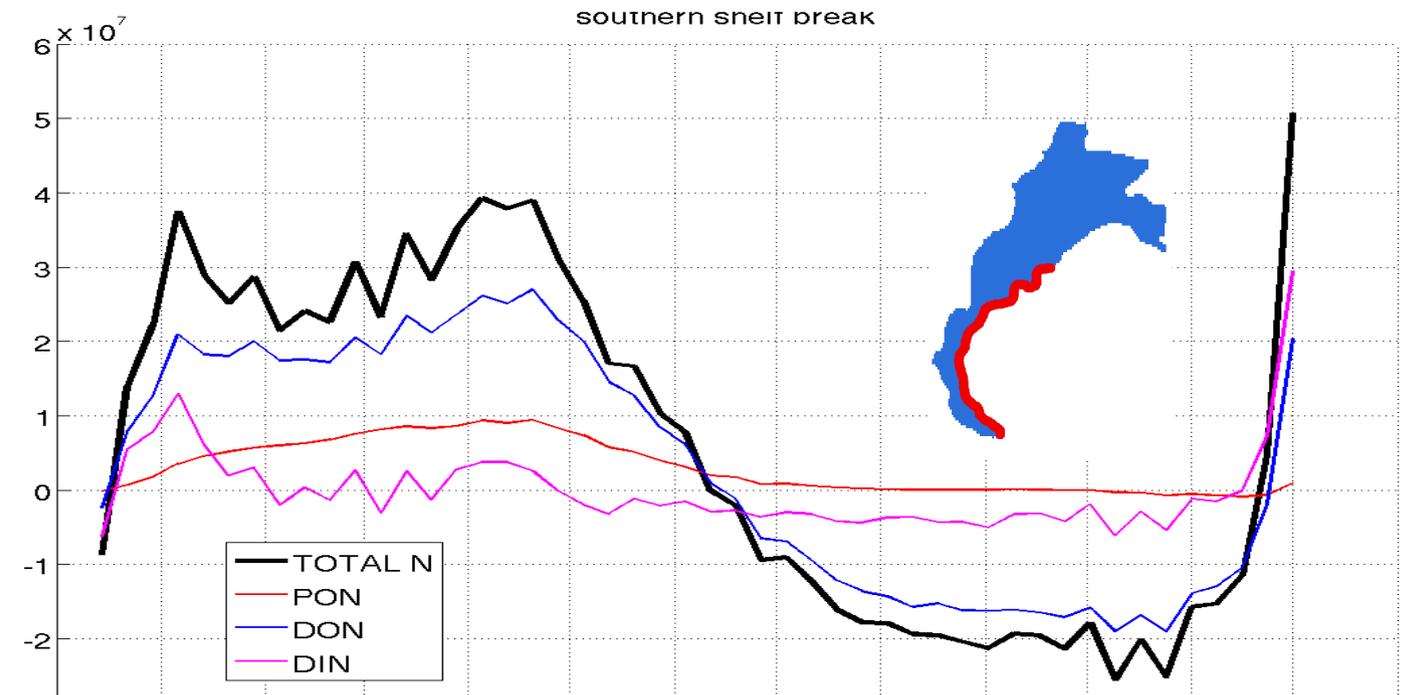
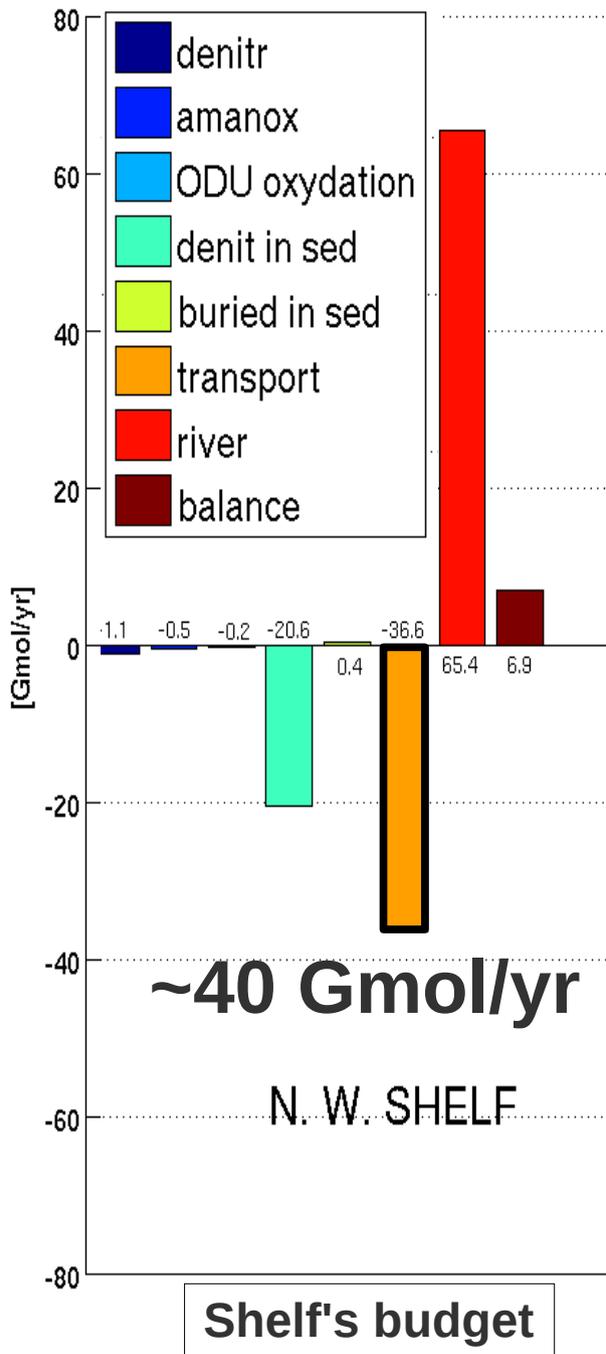
- ~ 5 % in nitrate
- ~37 % in ammonium
- ~51 % is lost by denitrification

*“ In our estimate, 60% of the PON deposited on the sediment of the Black Sea’s northwestern shelf is lost through denitrification (51 and 65% for respectively the high and low flux areas) “*

# Transport to open sea

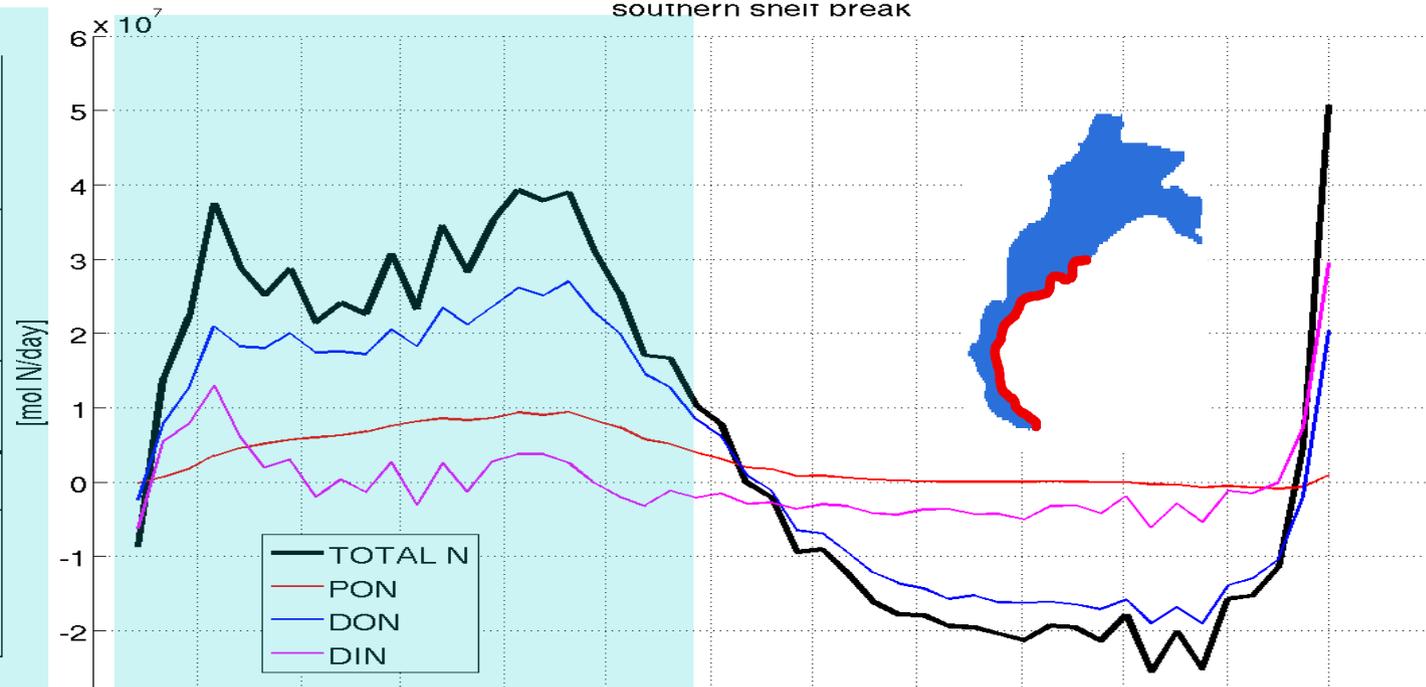
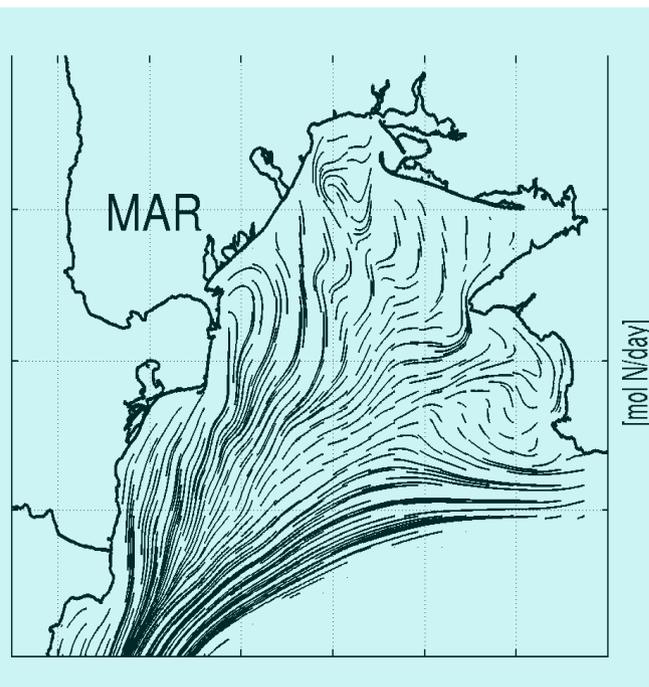


# Transport to open sea

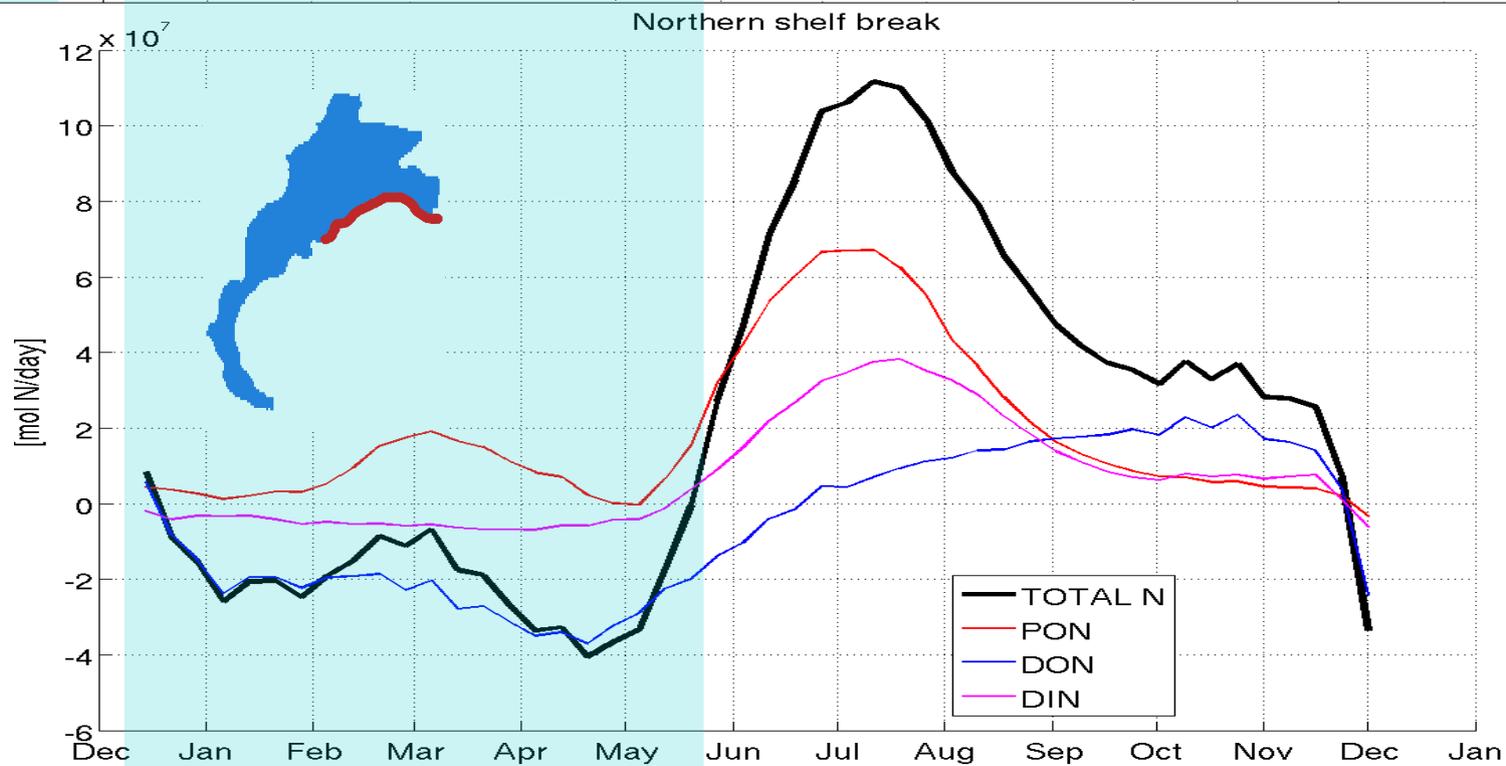


# Transport to open sea

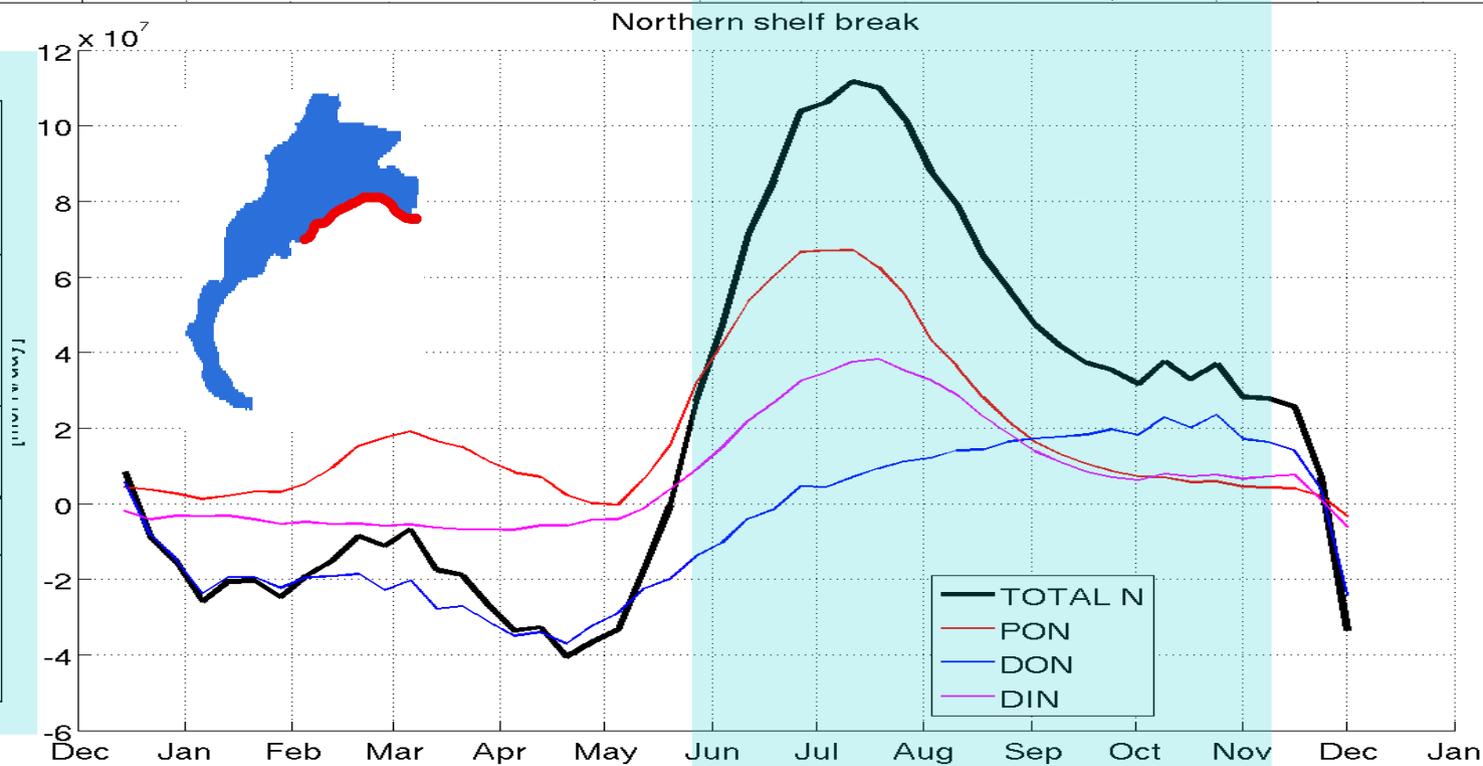
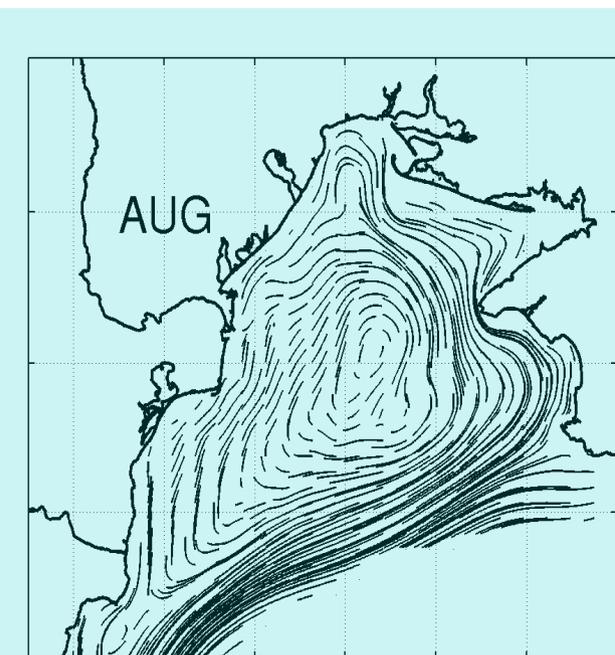
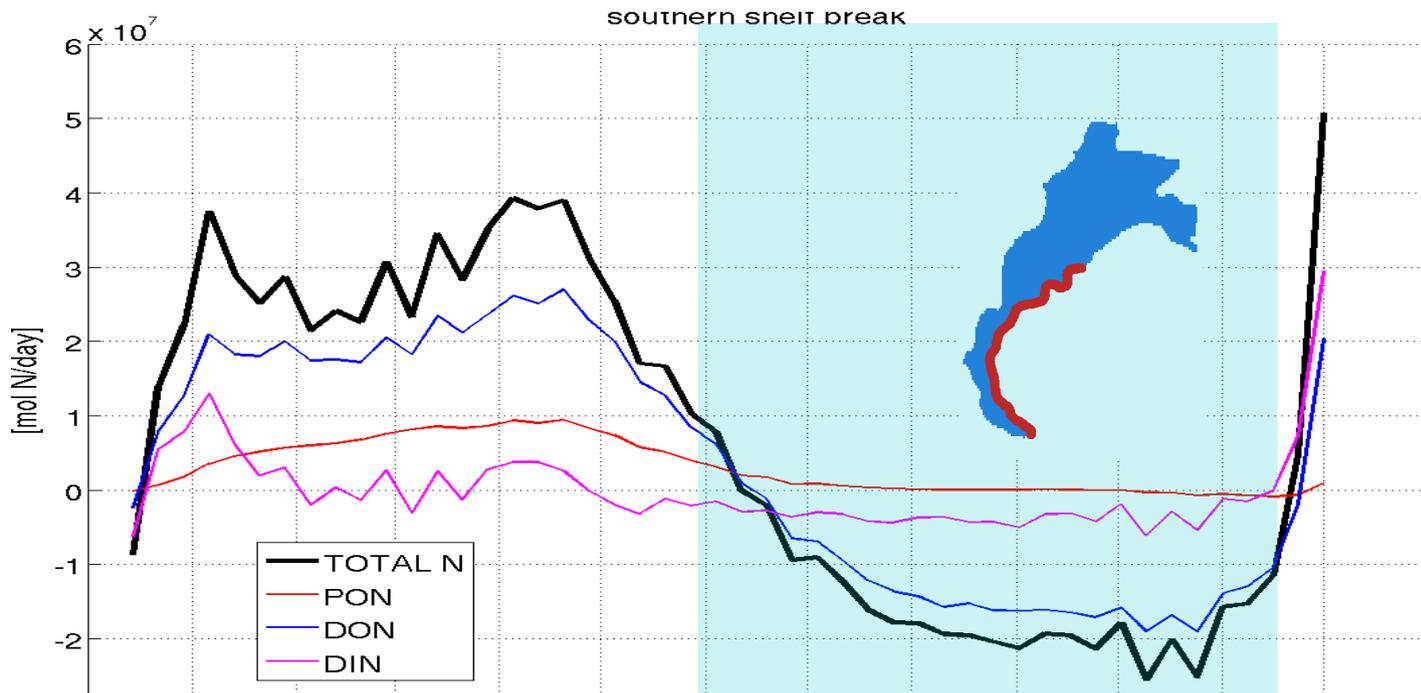
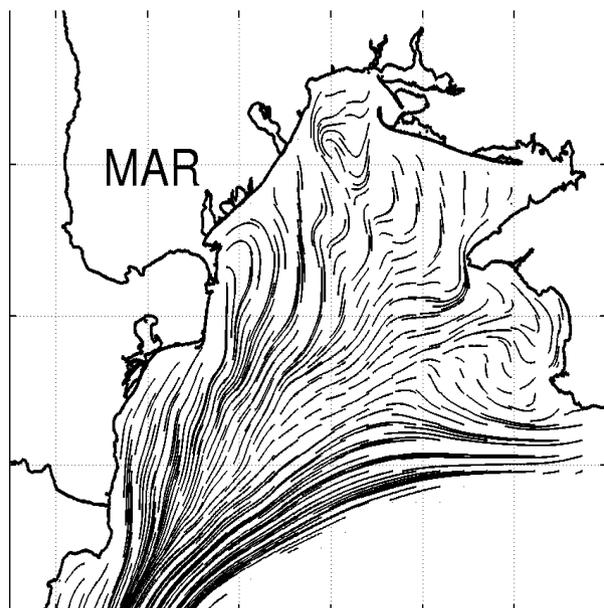
southern shelf break



Northern shelf break

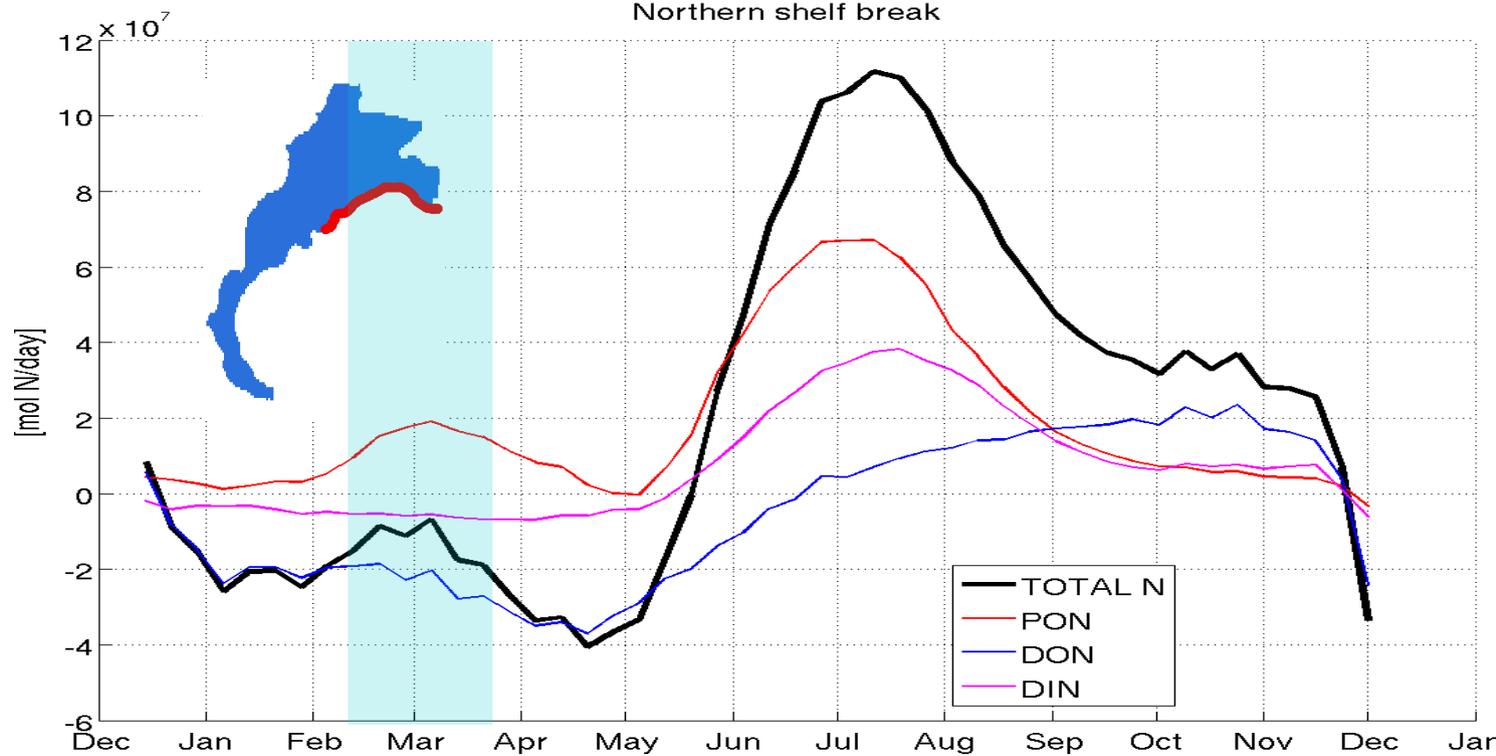
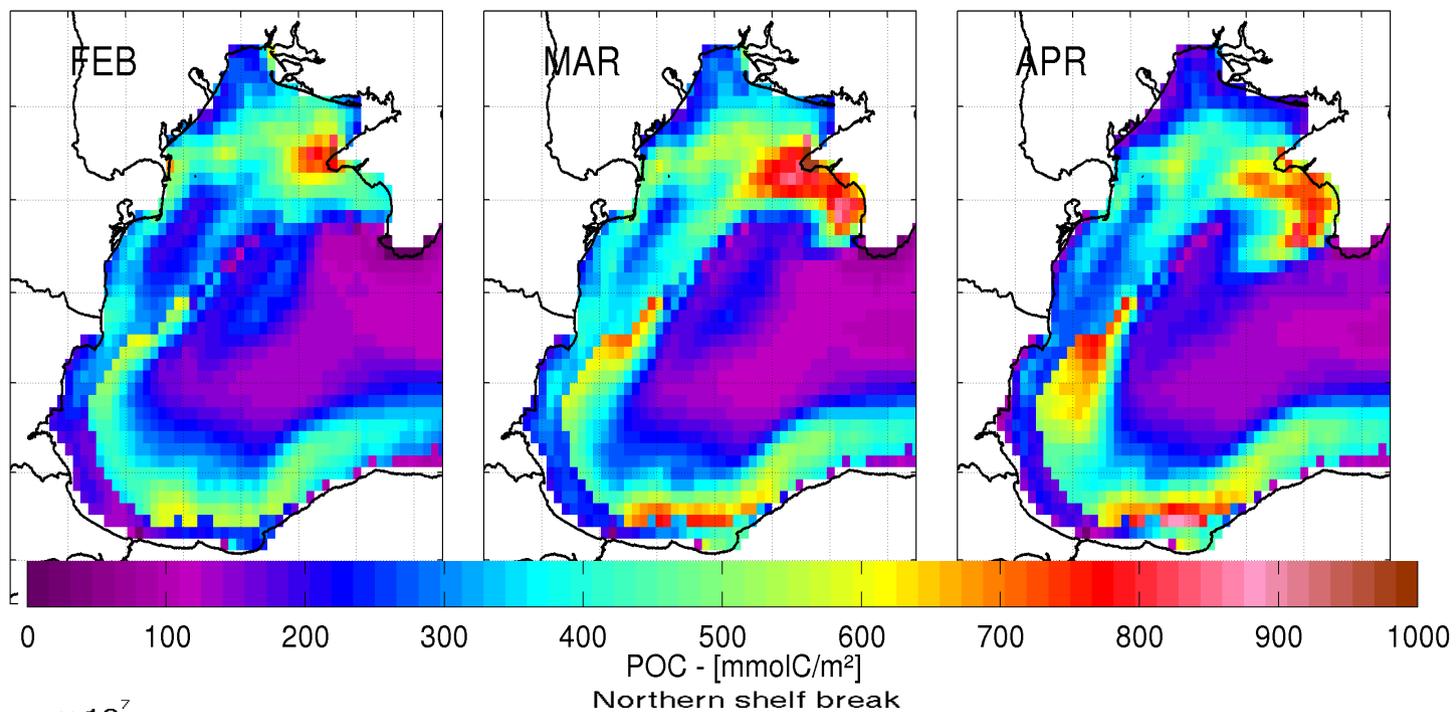


# Transport to open sea

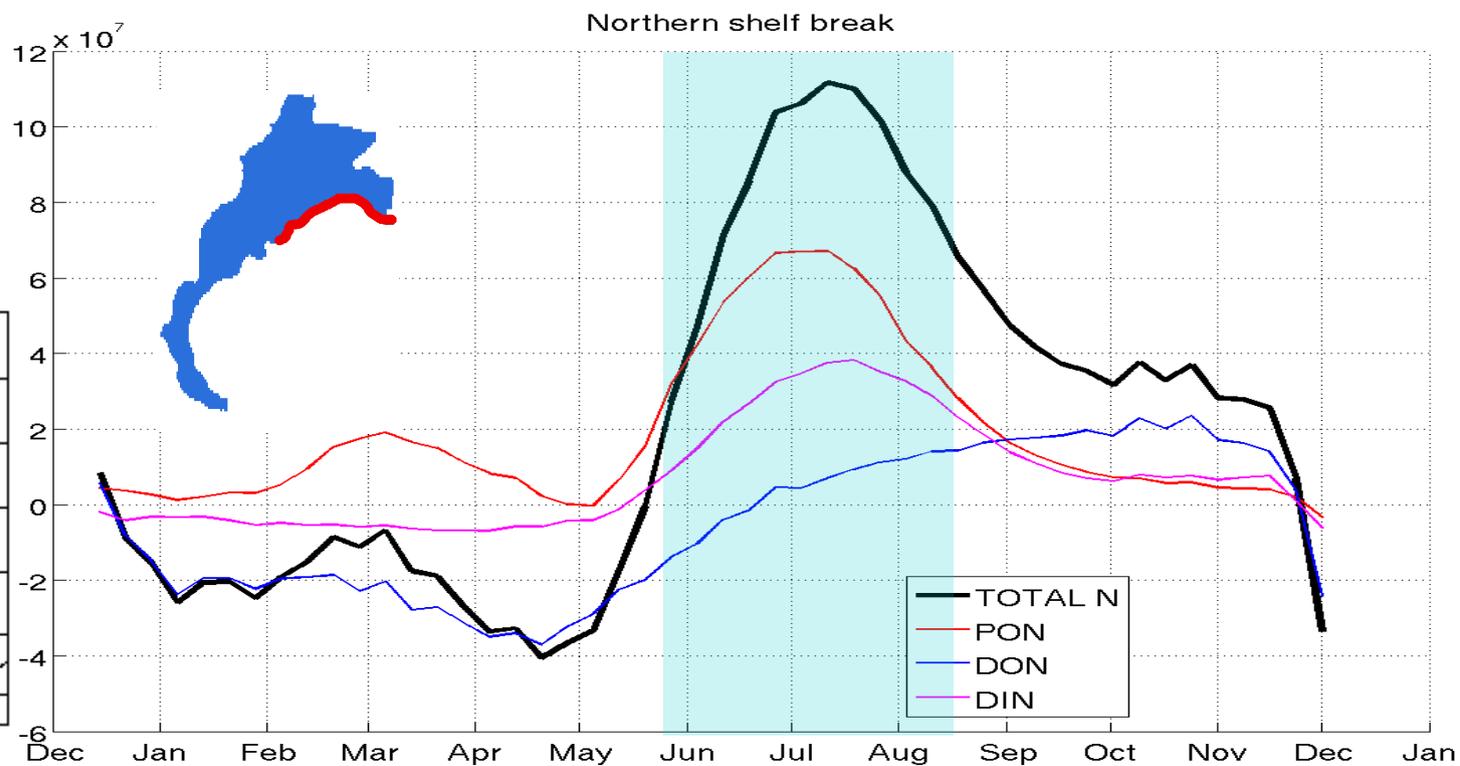
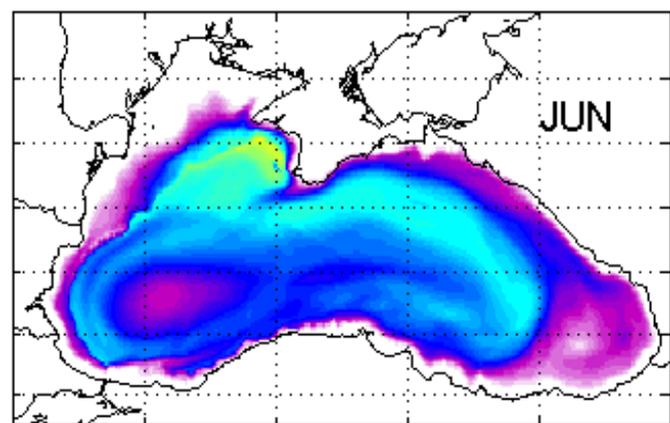
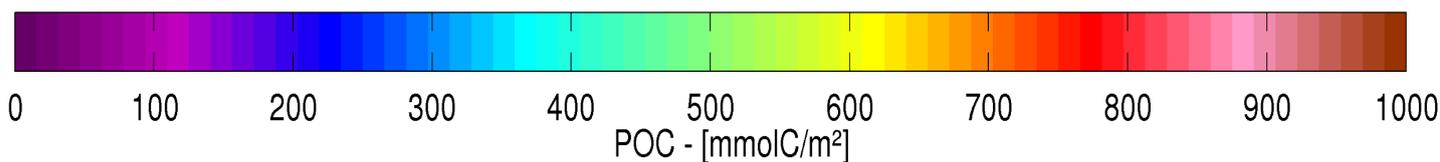
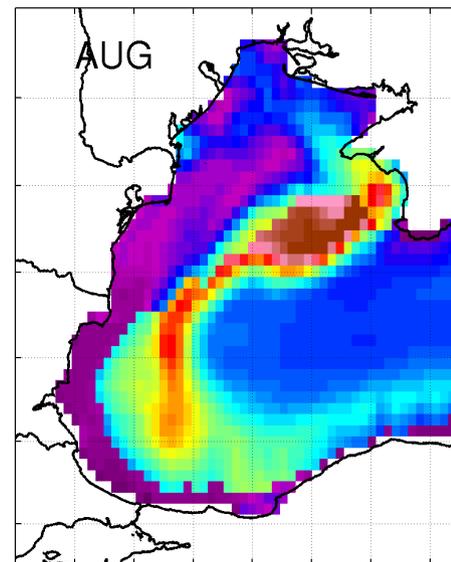
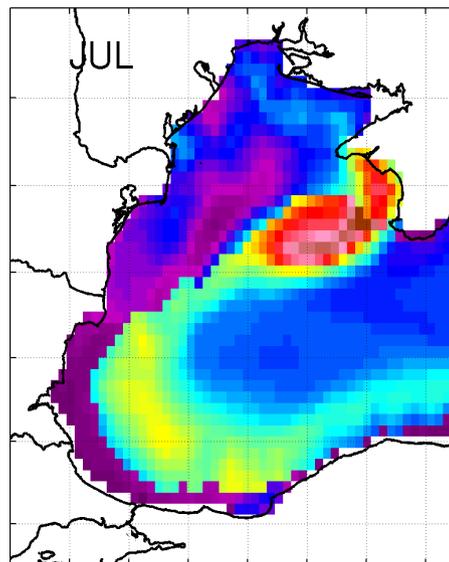
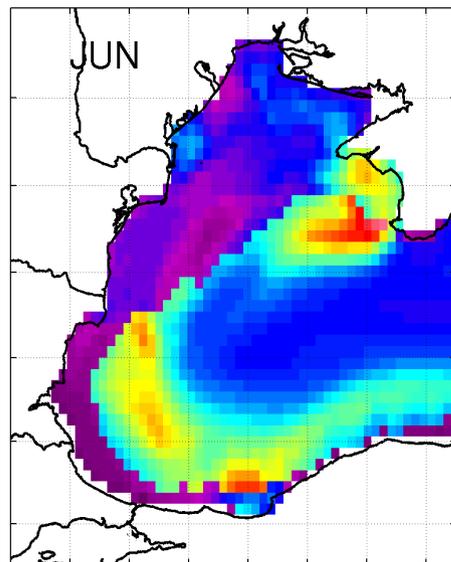
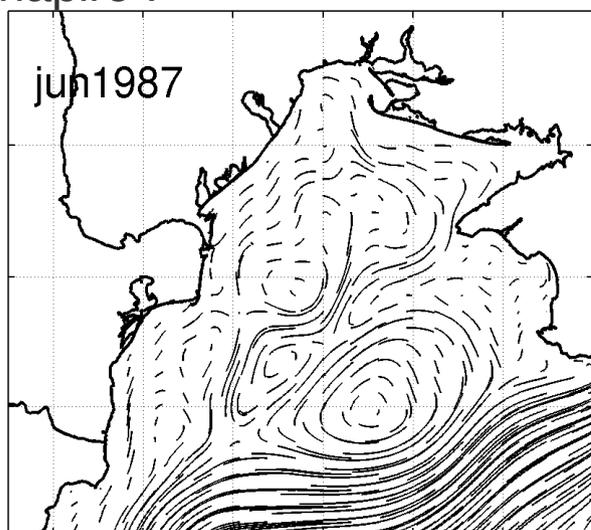


## CIL dynamics impact on Shelf – open sea export :

- Entrainment of resuspended material during formation phase.



Summer export is mainly achieved by the medium of an anticyclonic recurrent gyre forming South West of Crimean Coast, which anatomy will be detailed this afternoon by G. Shapiro .



# Nitrogen destruction in the suboxic layers

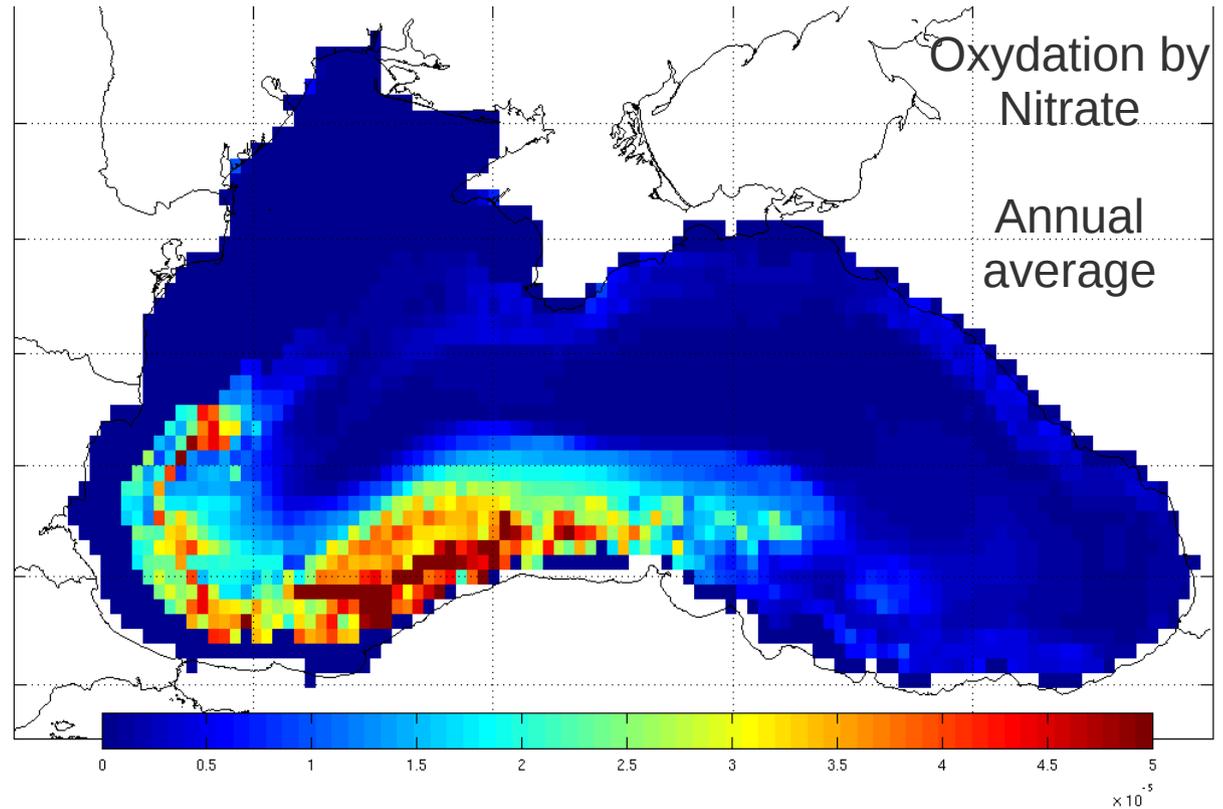
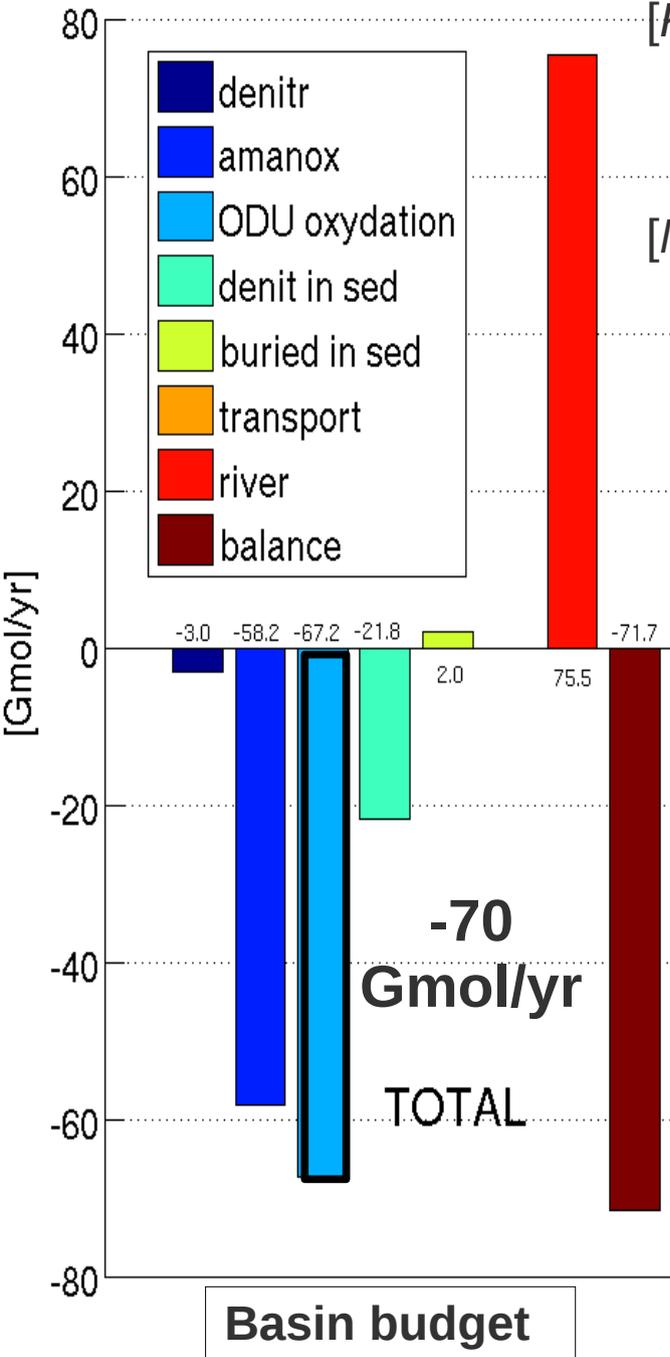
[Konovalov, 2006, Deep-Sea Research II]

~ 40 Gmol/yr for oxydation by Sulfide and manganese  
 ~ 30 Gmol/yr for ANAMOX

[McCarthy, 2007, Estuarine, Coastal and Shelf science]

~ 52 Gmol/yr for ANAMOX

Mainly resulting from Shelf's export entrained by the Bosphorus plume



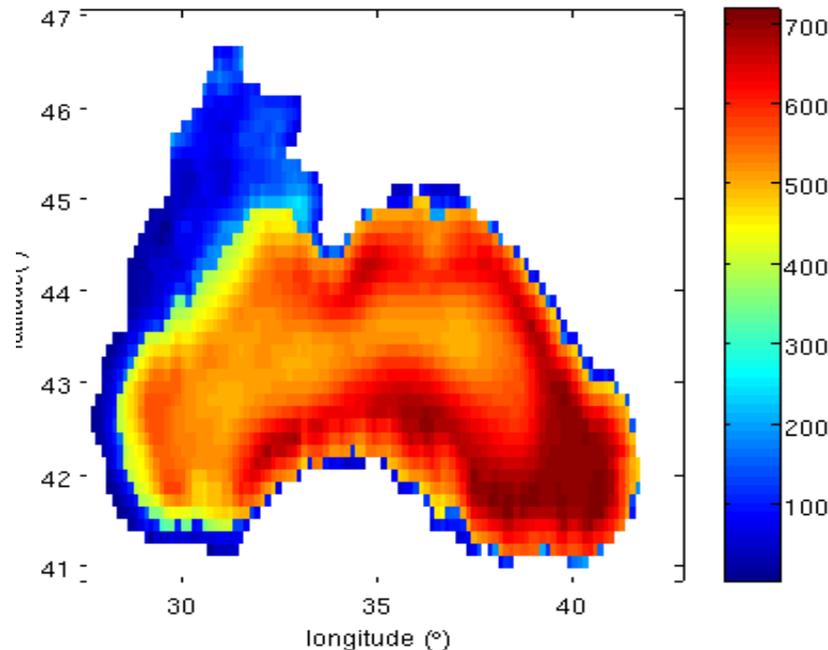
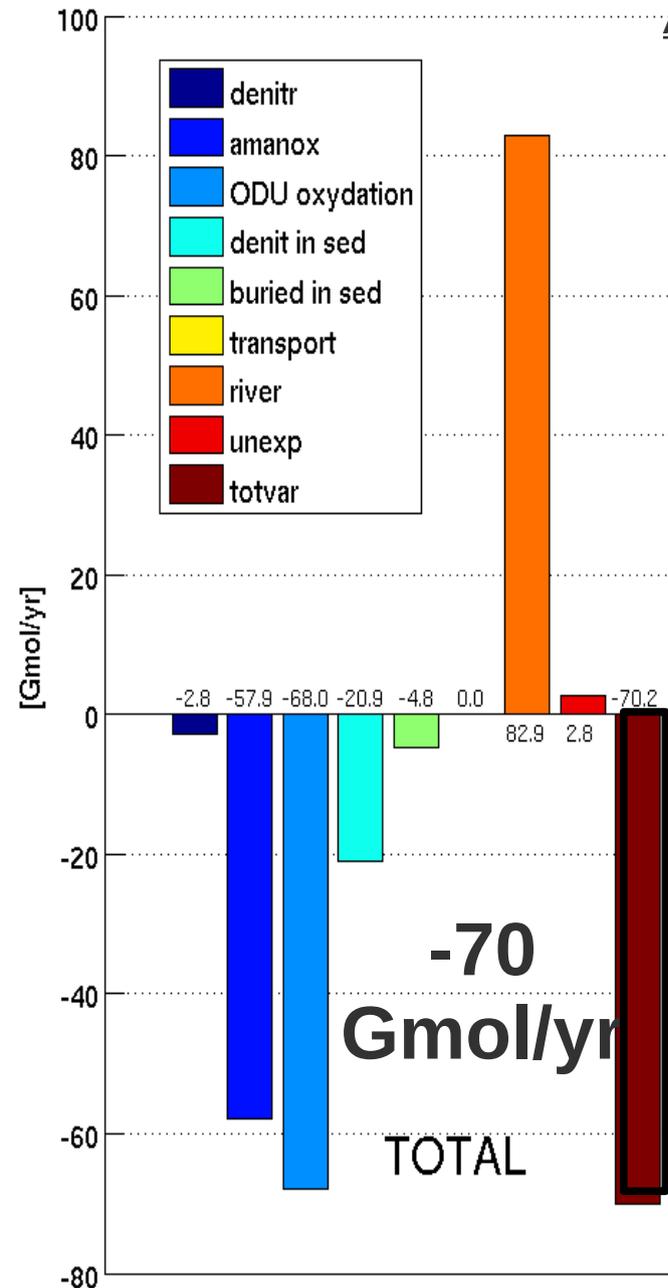
# Missing Part

Atmospheric Wet/Dry deposit. (not taken into account in SESAME).

- Bear strong anthropogenic signal and consequent spatio-temporal variability
- Estimation reviewed in [McCarthy,2007, *Estuarine, Coastal and Shelf science*] gives 13±4 GmolN/yr, with 60% of NH4

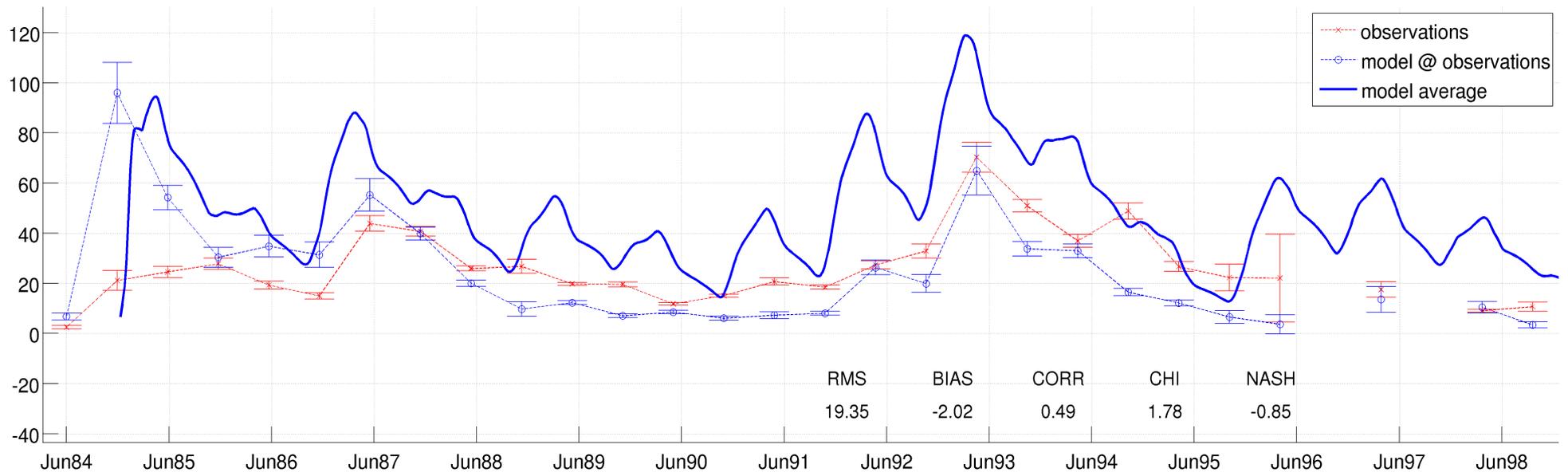
Nitrogen Fixation. (not taken into account in this model).

- Estimation reviewed in [McCarthy,2007, *Estuarine, Coastal and Shelf science*] gives 33 GmolN/yr.
- [Fuchsman,2008, *Marine Chemistry*] measures rates twice higher than McCarthy.



Vertical integration of excess N<sub>2</sub> from denitrification following Bosphorus plume

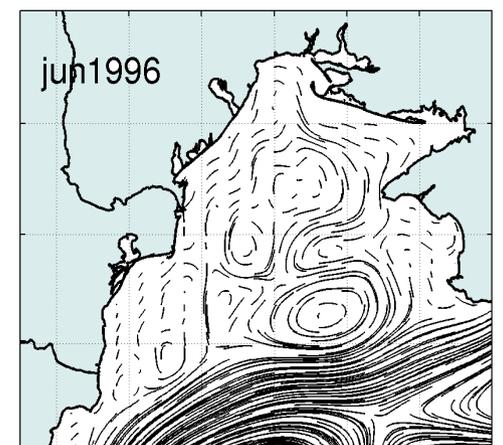
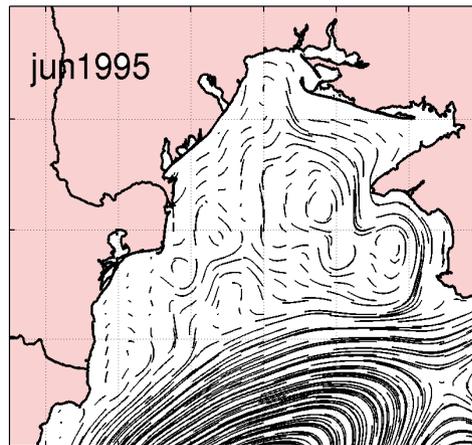
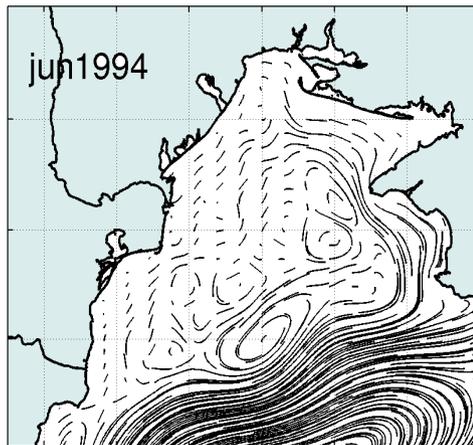
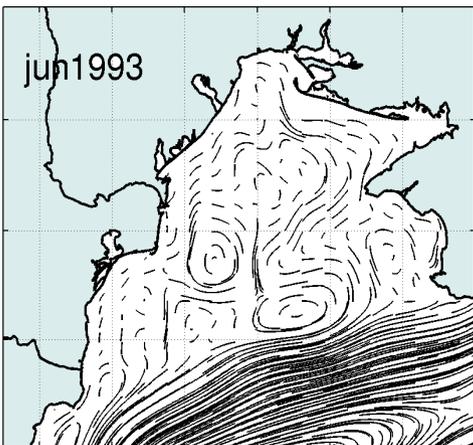
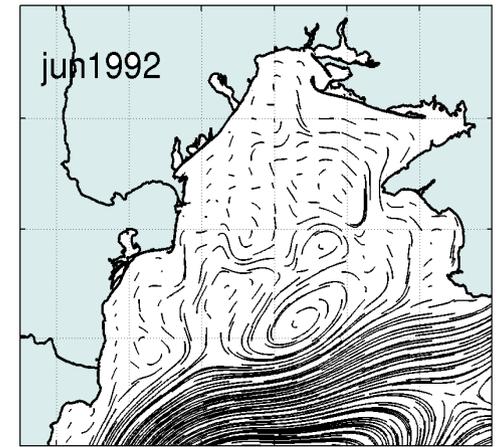
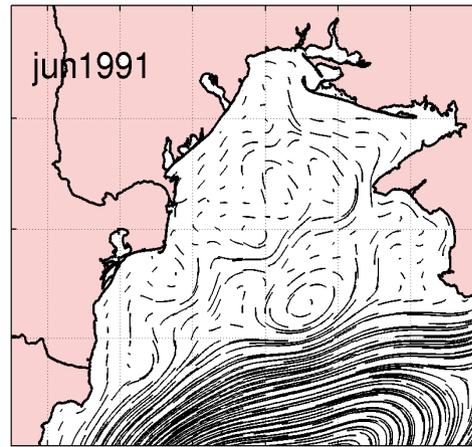
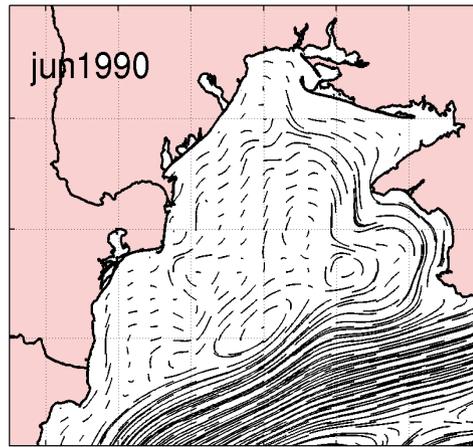
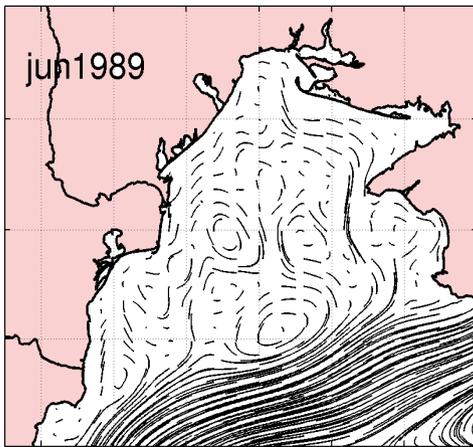
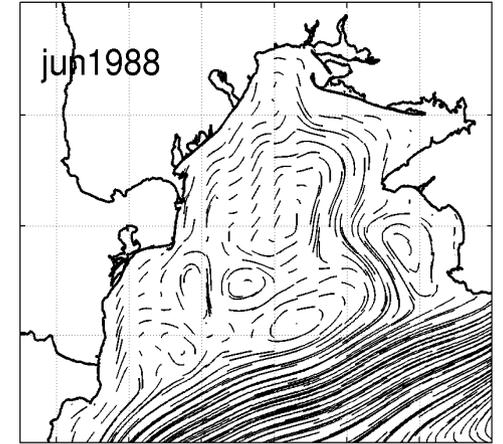
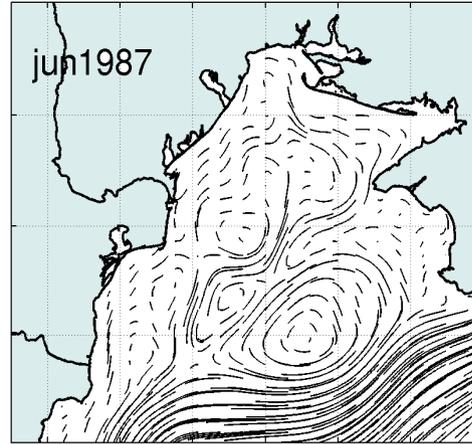
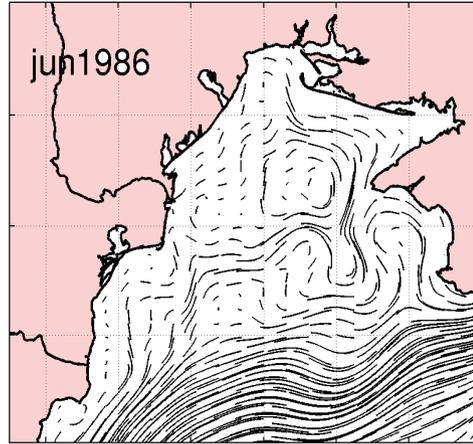
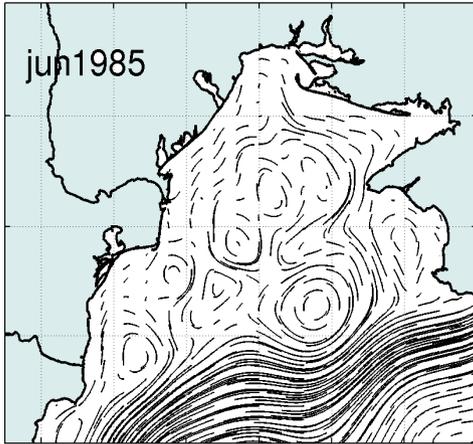
CIL cold content : Basin



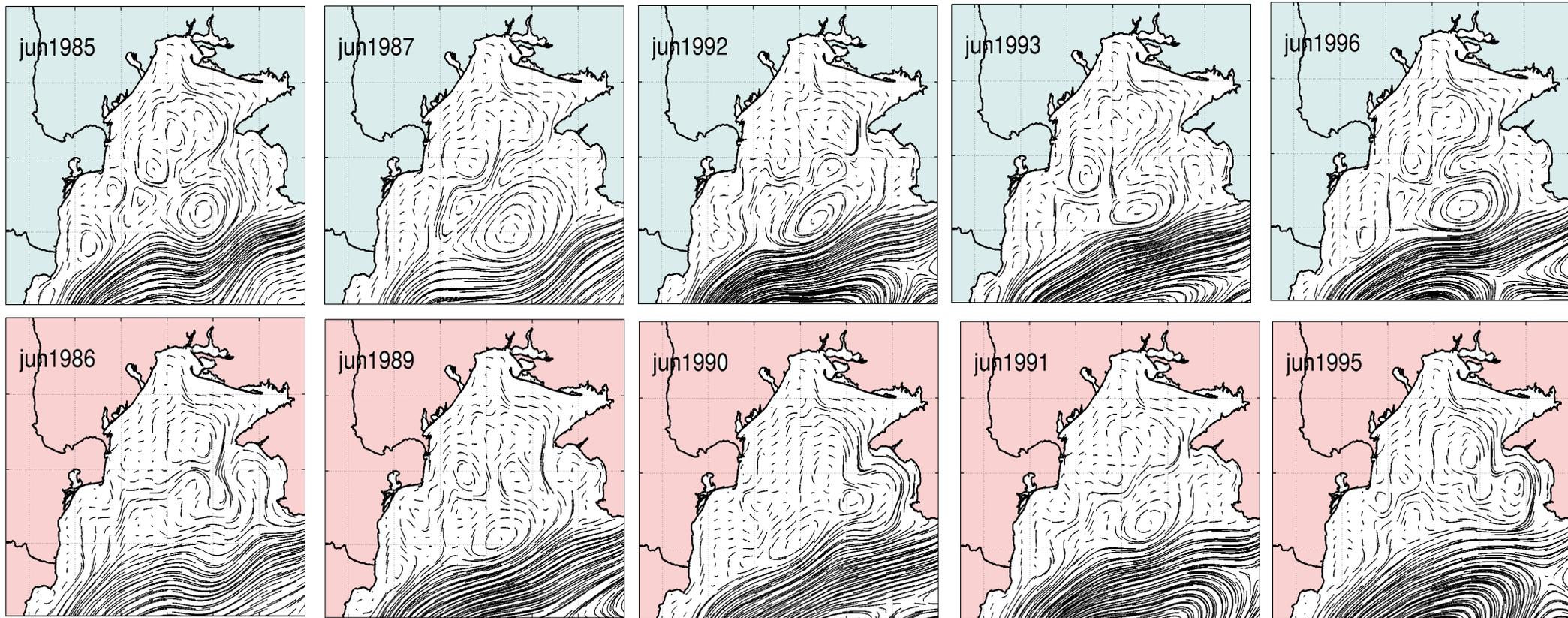
# June circulation and Cil interannual anomaly

Strong CIL year

weak CIL year



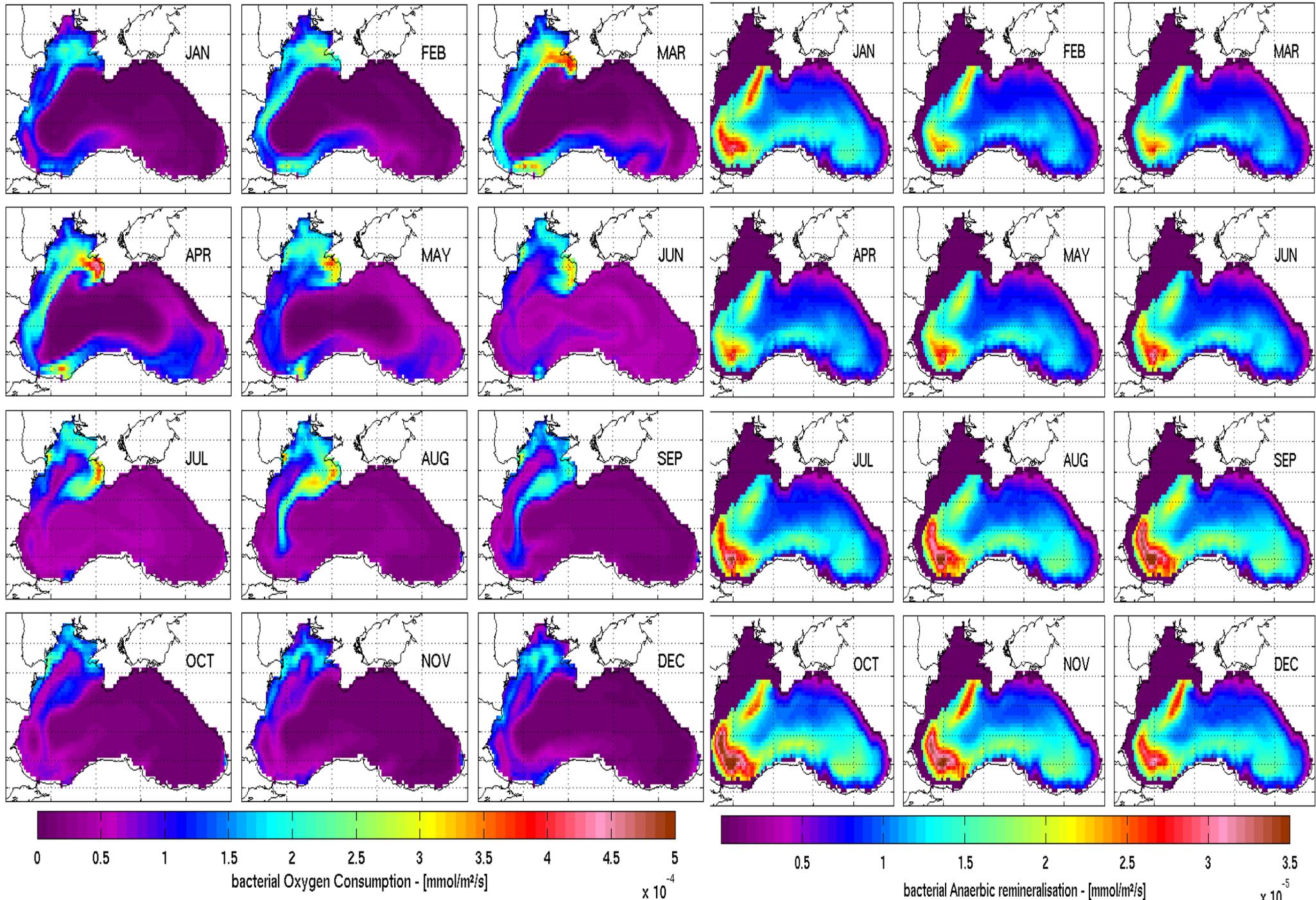
# June circulation and Cil interannual anomaly

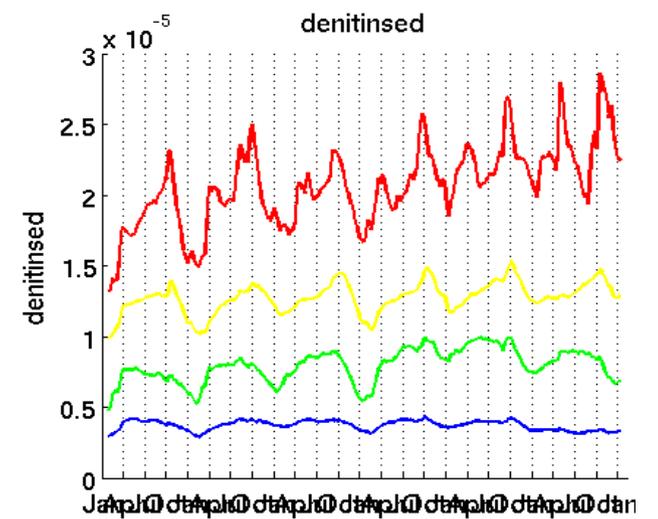
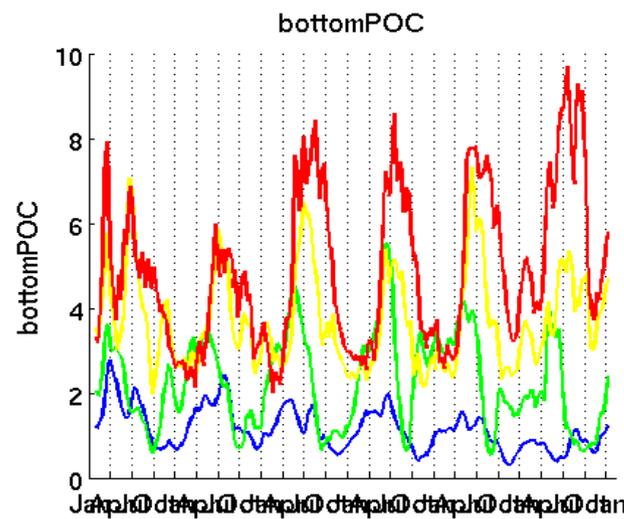
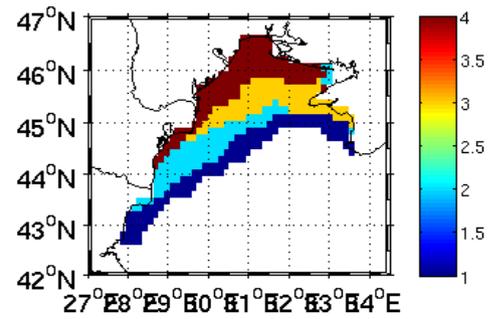
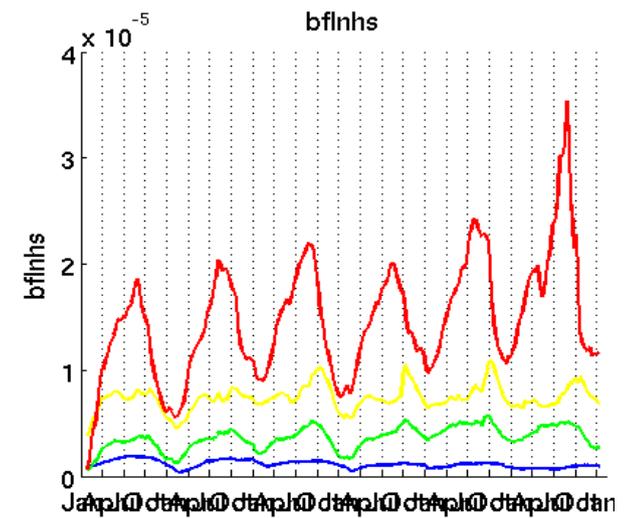
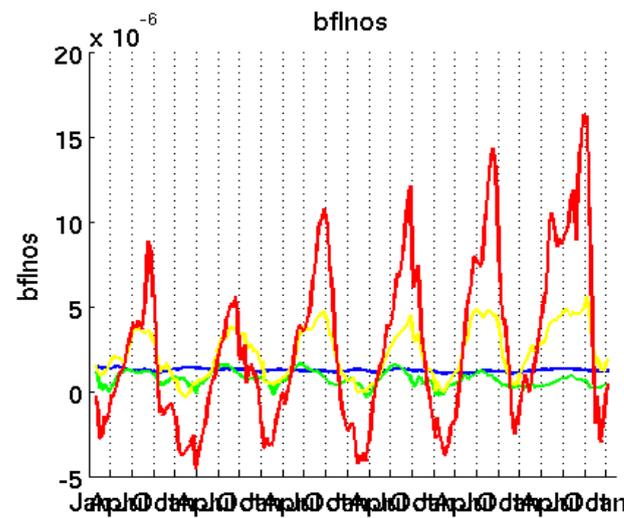
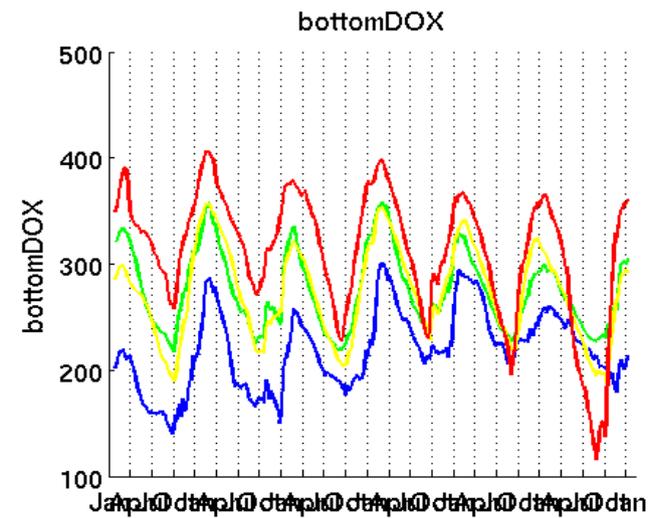


More marked june gyres in intense CIL years, could be the link with important export.  
Furthermore, the vertical stratification at the basis of the CIL will impact on material subduction, and the share between lateral and vertical export of shelf's material and nutrients

(je peux montrer de la rem anoxique intense par les bactéries en sept qd la CIL s'en va .. à cet endroit où ça coule ... mais pas pour ces années là ...et pas en interannuel .. .. ou es profils avec coexistence de POC et de CIL

Activité bact .. oxique et anoxique .. malheureusement ps de diag en interannuel ....  
Et influence sur les profils verticaux de DOX ou quoi .. pas évident à souligner ...





Je compte encore faire comme on avait it pour les regions sur le séduiment du shelf ..  
 des régions (celle-ci) basée sur le tout .. puis evolutions des régions interannuel ..  
 HIC : comme les années réelles sont plus fortes que les clim pour les vagues  
 (extremas quasi doubles) on a une resuspension bcp plus intense .. j'ai du borner le  
 bottmstrss pour pas que ça pet e.. le probleme est que à parti des ICS clim ça donne le  
 temps d'équilibracion que tu connais ..

