

## THE DISSOCIATIVE IONIZATION OF C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. THE H-C<sub>2</sub>H BINDING ENERGY.

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The dissociative ionization of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>D<sub>2</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>HD has been investigated by electroionization mass spectrometry and ion translational energy spectroscopy. The proton (deuteron) and (deuterated) ethynyl ion-producing channels have been studied in detail. The results provide the data needed for an evaluation of the H-C<sub>2</sub>H binding energy.

The translational energy distribution of H<sup>+</sup> and D<sup>+</sup>, recorded between 22-100 eV impinging electron energy, shows a purely thermal peak and structures at about 0.2 eV and 1.2 eV ion energy. Above 40 eV electron energy the distribution is spread up to 10 eV ion energy. The C<sub>2</sub>H<sup>+</sup> (C<sub>2</sub>D<sup>+</sup>) ions carry less than 10 meV translational energy.

Several appearance energies are observed in the first differentiated ionization efficiency curves of H<sup>+</sup> (D<sup>+</sup>). The lowest onset is measured at  $18.9 \pm 0.2$  eV for zero kinetic energy protons. This onset energy is assigned to the process  $C_2H_2 + e^- \rightarrow C_2H(X^2\Sigma^+, v=0) + H^+(^1S_g) + 2e^-$ . This process involves a predissociation mechanism of the C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> (B<sup>2</sup>Σ<sub>u</sub><sup>+</sup>) by the C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> (A<sup>2</sup>A<sub>g</sub>) state. At higher energies, electronic excited states of the ethynyl radical are involved. The dissociation process  $C_2H_2 + e^- \rightarrow C_2H^+(X^3\Pi) + H^+(^1S_g) + 3e^-$  is assigned to the onset at  $34.2 \pm 0.4$  eV. This investigation provided a binding energy  $D(H-C_2H) = 5.33 \pm 0.23$  eV. This value will be discussed in detail at the meeting.

The lowest onset measured for C<sub>2</sub>H<sup>+</sup> is at  $17.30 \pm 0.08$  eV, in very good agreement with most of the previously reported results obtained by electron impact and photo-ionization experiments. This onset is ascribed to,  $C_2H_2 + e^- \rightarrow C_2H^+(X^3\Pi) + H(^2S_g) + 2e^-$ . The evaluation of D(H-C<sub>2</sub>H) through this reaction path is less appropriate. The upper limit of 10 meV on the translational energy carried by C<sub>2</sub>H<sup>+</sup> implies 0.26 eV uncertainty on the total energy balance of the above mentioned reaction.